1) What is your gender?	$_0$ Male $_1$ Female
2) Please indicate which of the following best describes you: If you are a trainee, please skip # 3 – 5 and go to # 6.	Gastroenterology trainee 1 Surgical trainee 2 General Internist 3 Gastroenterologist 4 Surgeon 5 General Practitioner 6 Other healthcare professional Specify
3) How many years have you been in practice?	□ ₀ < 5 years
5) now many years have you been in practice.	$1 ext{5 to 10 years}$ $1 ext{2 11 to 20 years}$ $1 ext{3} ext{20 years}$
4) What type of practice setting do you work in (>50%)?	\bigcirc_0 clinical, community hospital \bigcirc_1 private outpatient clinic \bigcirc_2 clinical, academic hospital \bigcirc_3 research, academic hospital
5) What type of practice do you have?	Gastroenterology focus Gastroenterology/Hepatology Hepatobilary focus General Medicine General Surgery Family practice Gother: specify
6) Approximately what is the population of the town/city that you practice in?	
7) What percentage of your patients have IBD?	

8) How many IBD patients do you see each year?	$ \begin{array}{c} _{0} 0 - 9 \\ _{1} 10 - 50 \\ _{2} 51 - 100 \\ _{3} 100 - 150 \\ _{4} > 150 \end{array} $
9) How many pregnant IBD patients have you managed in the p	past year?
10) How do you feel about your IBD knowledge in general?	☐ Inadequate ☐ Enough to get by ☐ Very good
11) Do you feel comfortable managing pregnant IBD patients?	☐ 1 Not comfortable at all ☐ 2 Not comfortable ☐ 3 Somewhat ☐ 4 Fairly comfortable ☐ 5 Very comfortable
12) With a female IBD patient of reproductive age, do you routi planning?	inely bring up the topic of family output If the second in the second
13) What percentage of your female IBD patients of reproductive trying to become pregnant?	ve age inform you when they are $ _{0} < 10\% $ $ _{1} 10-24\% $ $ _{2} 25 - 50\% $ $ _{3} > 50\% $
14) With a female IBD patient of reproductive age who has bee 1 year, would you refer to a fertility specialist or gynaec	• •
15) What percentage of your female IBD patients in your practi	ce inform you when they are pregnant?
16) Do you routinely refer your pregnant IBD patients to an obs	stetrician? No Yes

17) Please indicate if you would stop the medication, continue the medication, or are unsure, if your patient informed you she was **trying to conceive**, **or that she was pregnant.**

Medication	STOP	CONTINUE unchanged	CONTINUE at an adjusted dose or frequency	UNSURE
Sulfasalazine				
Mesalamine (oral)				
Mesalamine (topical)				
Prednisone (oral)				
Prednisone (topical)				
Budesonide/Entocort (oral)				
Budesonide/Entocort (topical)				
Azathioprine/6-MP				
Ciprofloxacin				
Metronidazole				
Methotrexate				
Biologics (Infliximab)				
Biologics (Adalimumab)				

18) Please indicate if you would stop the medication, continue the medication, or are unsure, if your patient informed you she was **breastfeeding.**

Medication	STOP	CONTINUE	CONTINUE at an	UNSURE
		unchanged	adjusted dose or	
			frequency	
Sulfasalazine				
Mesalamine (oral)				
Mesalamine (topical)				
Prednisone (oral)				
Prednisone (topical)				
Budesonide/Entocort (oral)				
Budesonide/Entocort (topical)				
Azathioprine/6-MP				
Ciprofloxacin				
Metronidazole				
Methotrexate				
Biologics (Infliximab)				
Biologics (Adalimumab)				

Reclassification of responses for statistical analyses

- Question 2) In classifying training status, any responses other than "Gastroenterologist" or "General Practitioner" were combined into a single category "Other specialists" (there were only general internists and surgeons).
- Question 4) Type of practice setting was collapsed so that "clinical, community hospital" and
 "private outpatient clinic" were combined as "community", and "clinical, academic hospital and
 "research, academic hospital" were combined "academic".
- Question 6) Population of city was collapsed so that any response to population up to 99,999 was combined into "0 to 99,999", while "100,000 to 499,999" and ">500,000" remained the same.
- Question 7) The number of pregnant IBD patients managed in the past year was collapsed so that
 "10 20" and ">20" were grouped into "11 or more".
- Question 11) Regarding degree of comfort managing pregnant IBD patients, "not comfortable at all"
 and "not comfortable" were grouped as "not comfortable", and "fairly comfortable" and "very
 comfortable" were grouped as "comfortable".
- Question 17) and 18) Regarding medication use during pregnancy and breast feeding, responses of "continue" and "continue adjusted" were analyzed together as "continue"