

Supplementary Figure 1. Flx does not affect actin ring formation in primary osteoclast cultures (OCs). OCs treated for 6 days with vehicle or Flx. (a) Staining of actin-ring with phalloidin-rodamine (red) and nuclei with DAPI (blue). Left panels show magnification of the boxed areas (n = 10 images per condition). Scale bar: 100 µm. (b) Gene expression of markers of osteoclast actin ring formation (n = 6). *Vcn, Vinculin. Tln, Talin. Pxn, Paxillin. Itgb1, Integrin* β 1.



Supplementary Figure 2. Flx affects osteoclastogenesis in a 5HTT- independent manner. (a) TRAP activity in primary osteoclast cultures derived from $Tph1^{-/-}$ mice (n = 4). (b) Slc6a4 expression in brain and primary osteoclast cultures (OCs) of $Slc6a4^{-/-}$ samples compared to wt (BS wt n = 7, $Slc6a4^{-/-} n = 11$; Hypo n = 9; OCs: n = 9). BS, brainstem. Hypo, hypothalamus. OCs, primary osteoclasts. Slc6a4, gene encoding 5HTT. (c) CRE recombination of primary osteoclast cultures derived from $Creb^{fl/fl}$ mice measured as Creb expression. (empty n = 8, CRE n = 6). Values are mean \pm SEM. To veh (*) or wt (f) * $P \le 0.05$, ** $P \le 0.01$, ***/^{fff} $P \le 0.001$ using Student's test.



Supplementary Figure 3. Flx does not affect differentiation or function of primary osteoblast cultures. Gene expression (n = 9). Col1a1, Type 1 Collagen alpha 1. Ocn, Osteocalcin. The OPG/Rankl ratio, an indicator of osteoblast-driven osteoclast differentiation, is shown on the right. Values are mean ± SEM.



Supplementary Figure 4. Brain serotonin-dependent increase in RANKL can rescue the impairment in osteoclastogenesis caused by Flx. NFkB p65 subcellular localization analysis by immunocytochemistry in osteoclast-like RAW264.7 cultures. Staining with AF-548 phalloidine (red), NF κ B p65 (green) and nuclei with DAPI (blue) (n = 10 images per condition). RL, RANKL. Scale bar: 100 µm.



Supplementary Figure 5. Gene expression of *Htr21a*, *2a* and *2c* hypothalamic serotonin receptors in neuron-like Neuro2A cell line (n = 5). Values are mean \pm SEM.



Supplementary Figure 6. Marble burying behavioral test. (**a**, **b**) WT females treated for 3 weeks (**a**) or 6 weeks (**b**) (n = 13). (**c**) $Tph2^{-/-}$ females treated for 6 weeks (n = 5). (**d**) $Slc6a4^{-/-}$ females treated for 3 weeks (n = 7). (**e**) WT males treated for 6 weeks (n = 10). Values are mean \pm SEM. To veh **** $P \le 0.0001$ using Student's test.