

## Supporting Information

Lumiquinone A, an  $\alpha$ -Aminomalonate-Derived Aminobenzoquinone from *Photorhabdus luminescens*

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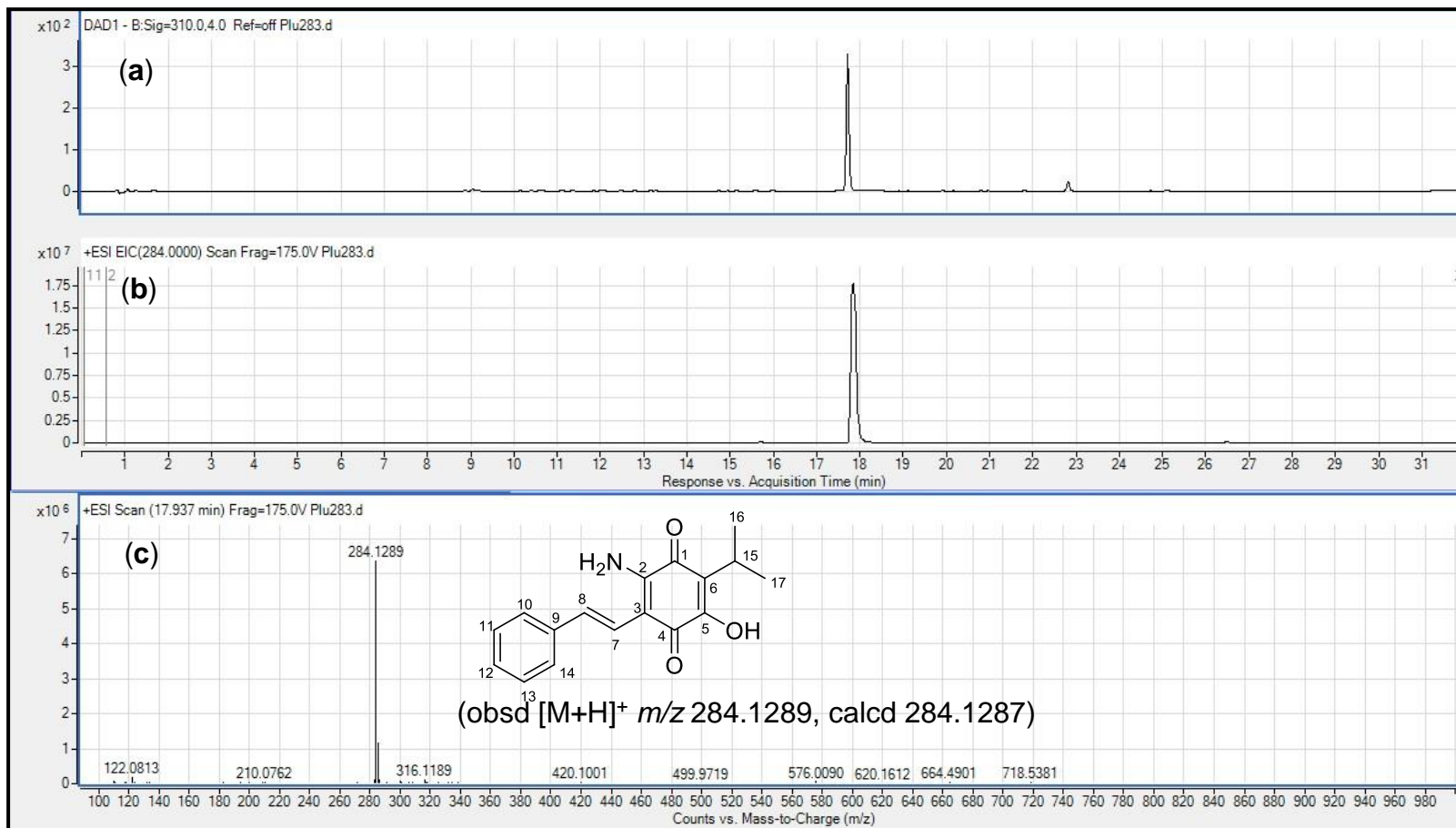
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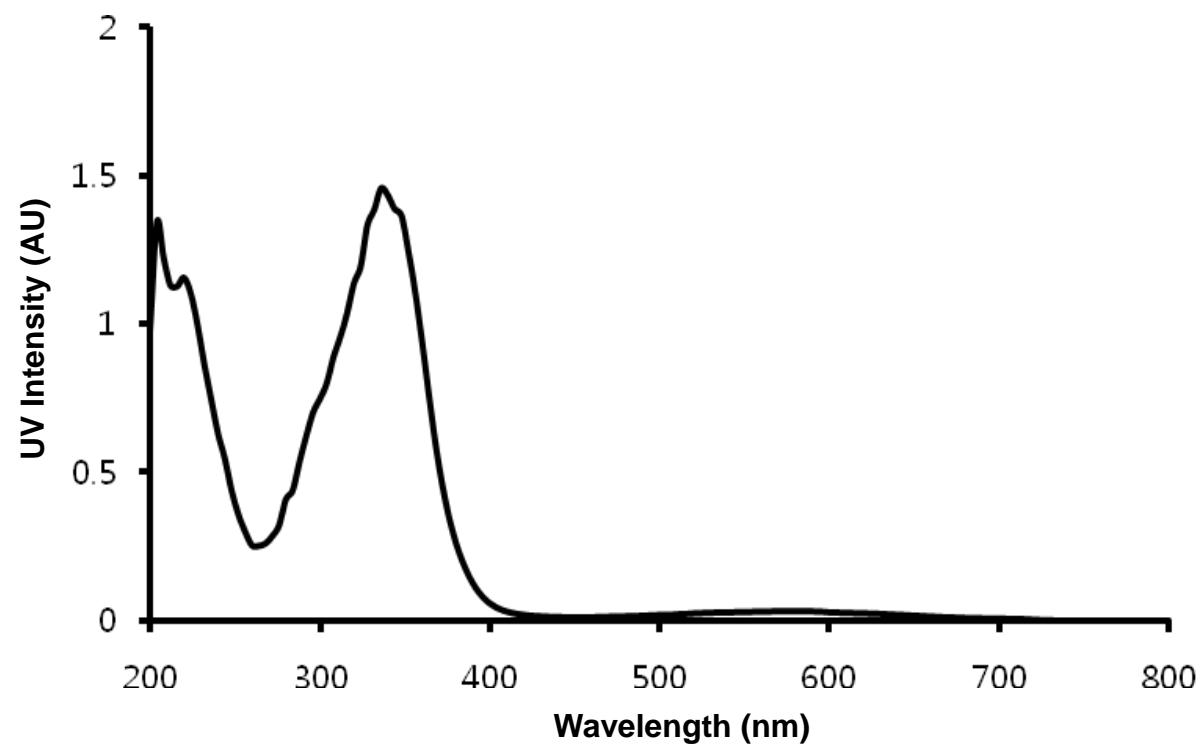
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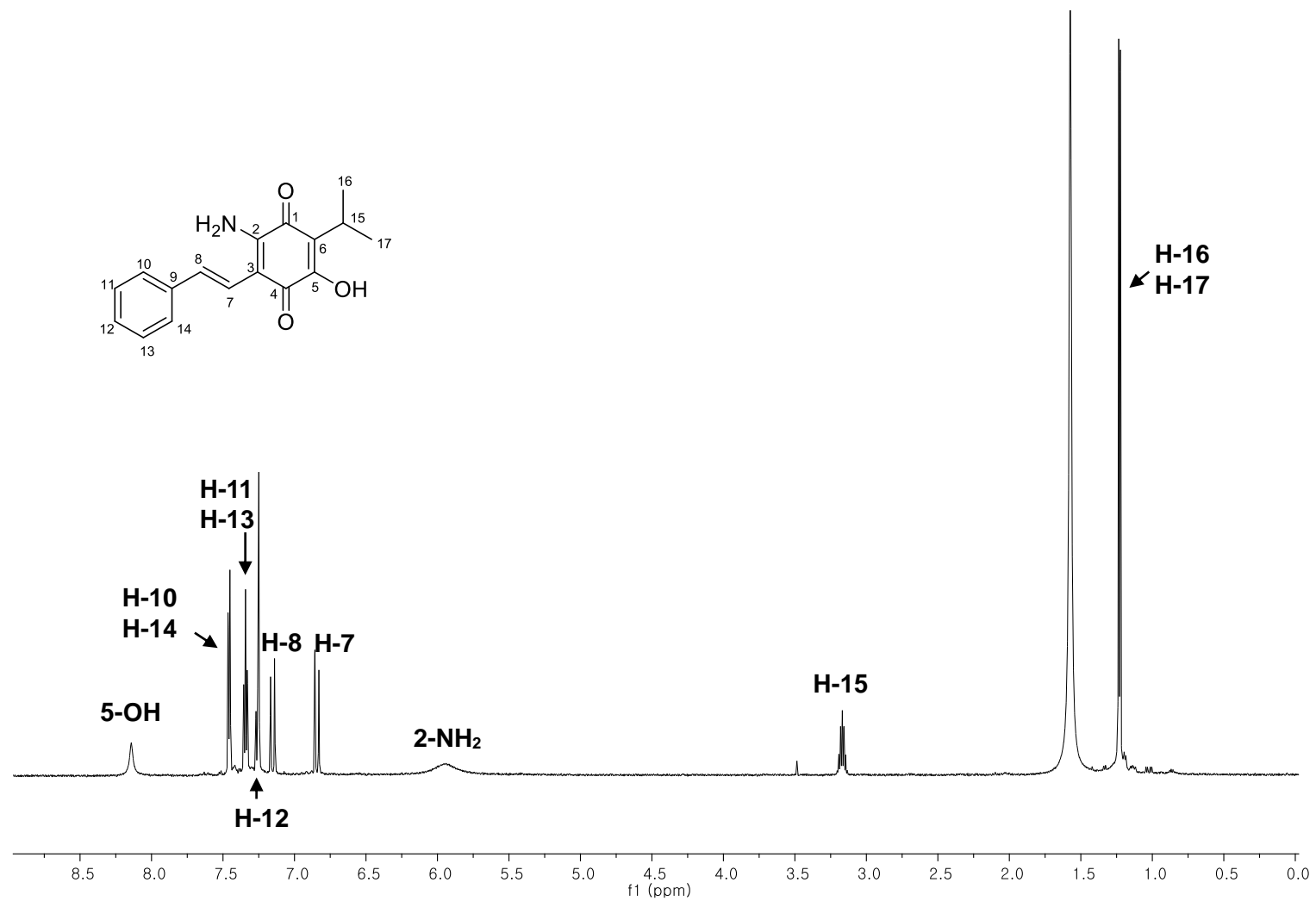
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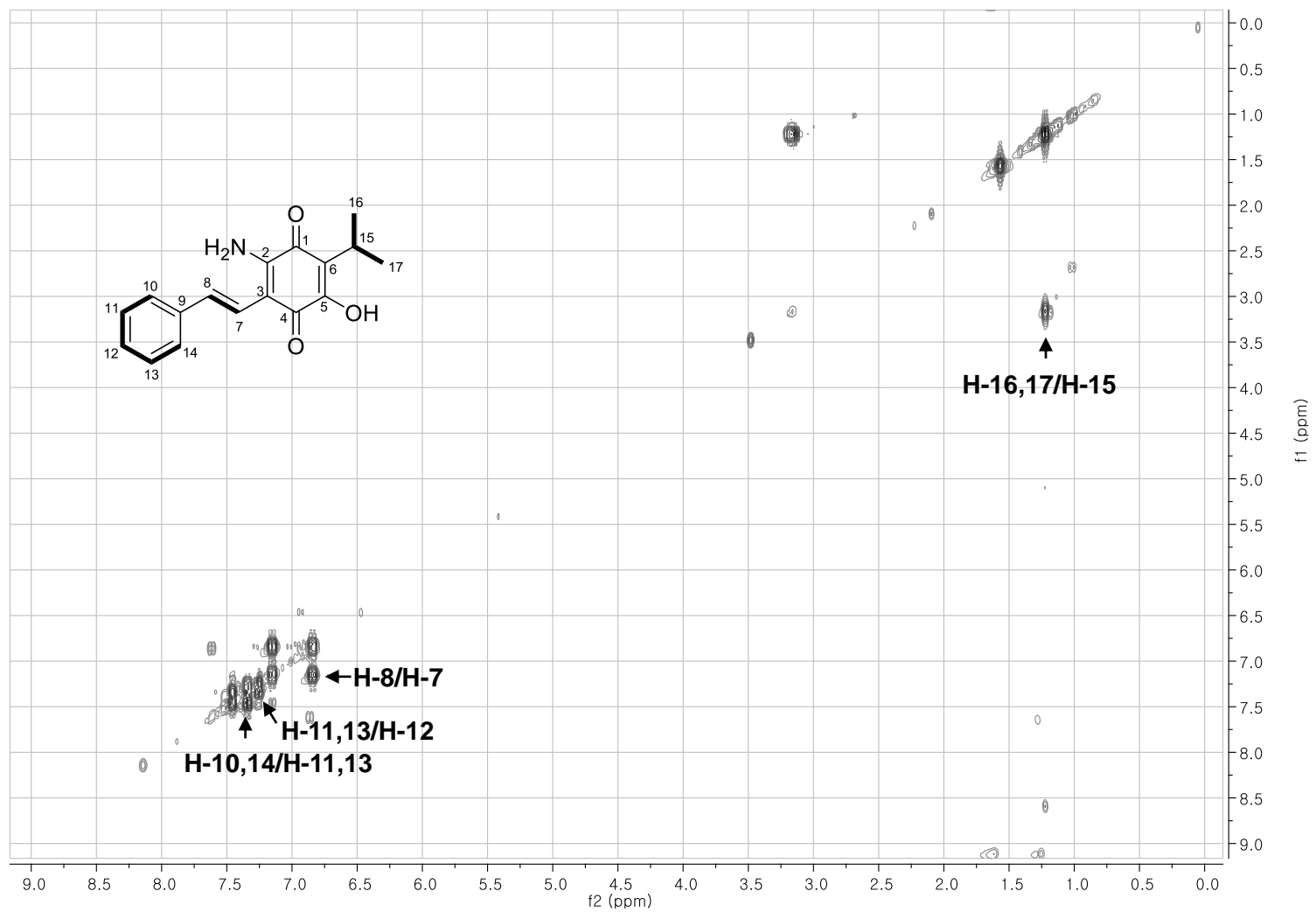
**Figure S1.** HR-ESI-Q-TOF-MS spectral data of compound 1 (a) HPLC chromatogram of 1 detected by UV 310 nm (b) Extracted ion chromatogram of  $m/z$  284 for compound 1 (c) MS profiles of compound 1



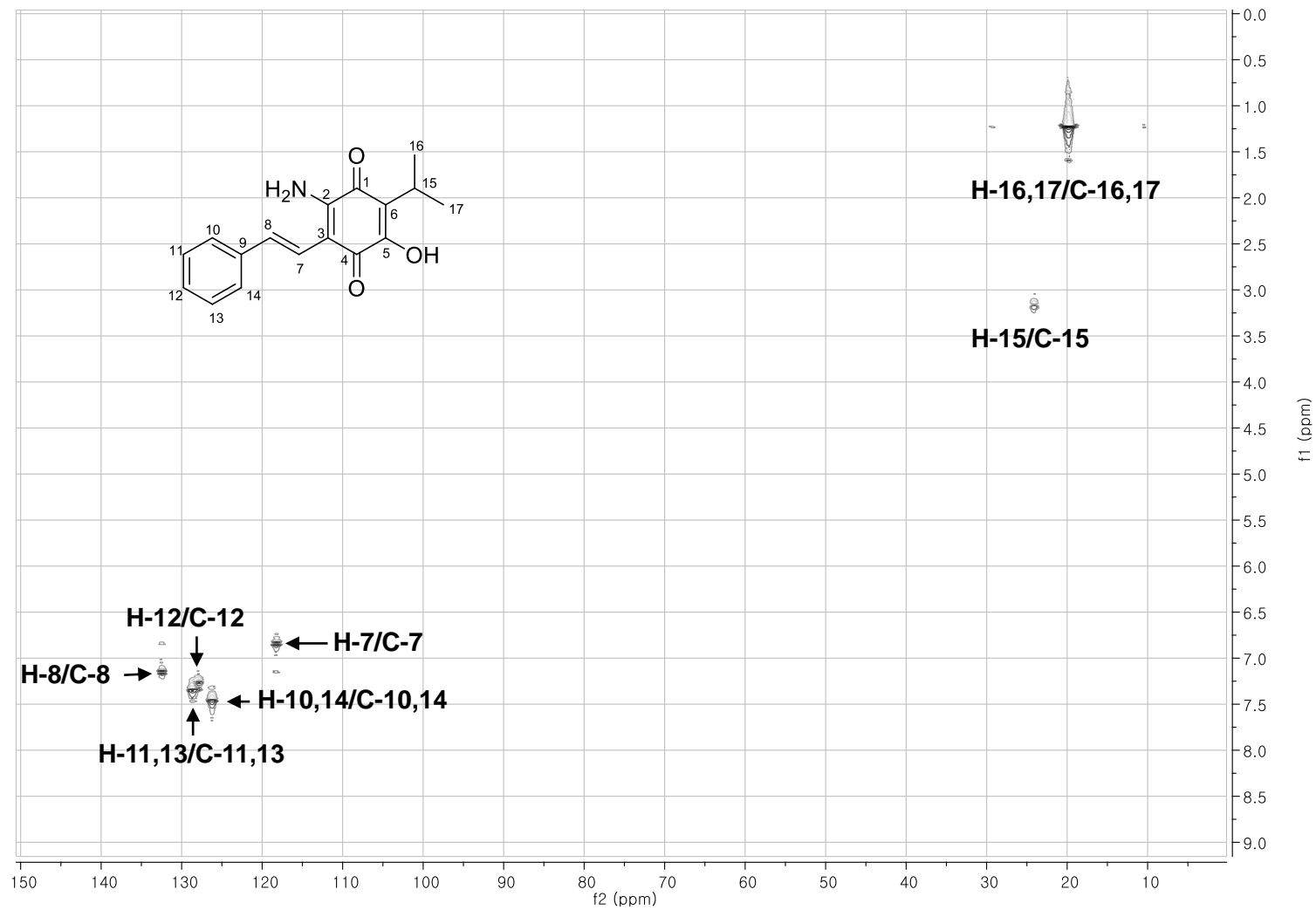
**Figure S2.** UV spectral data of compound 1 ( $1.5 \times 10^4$  M in methanol)



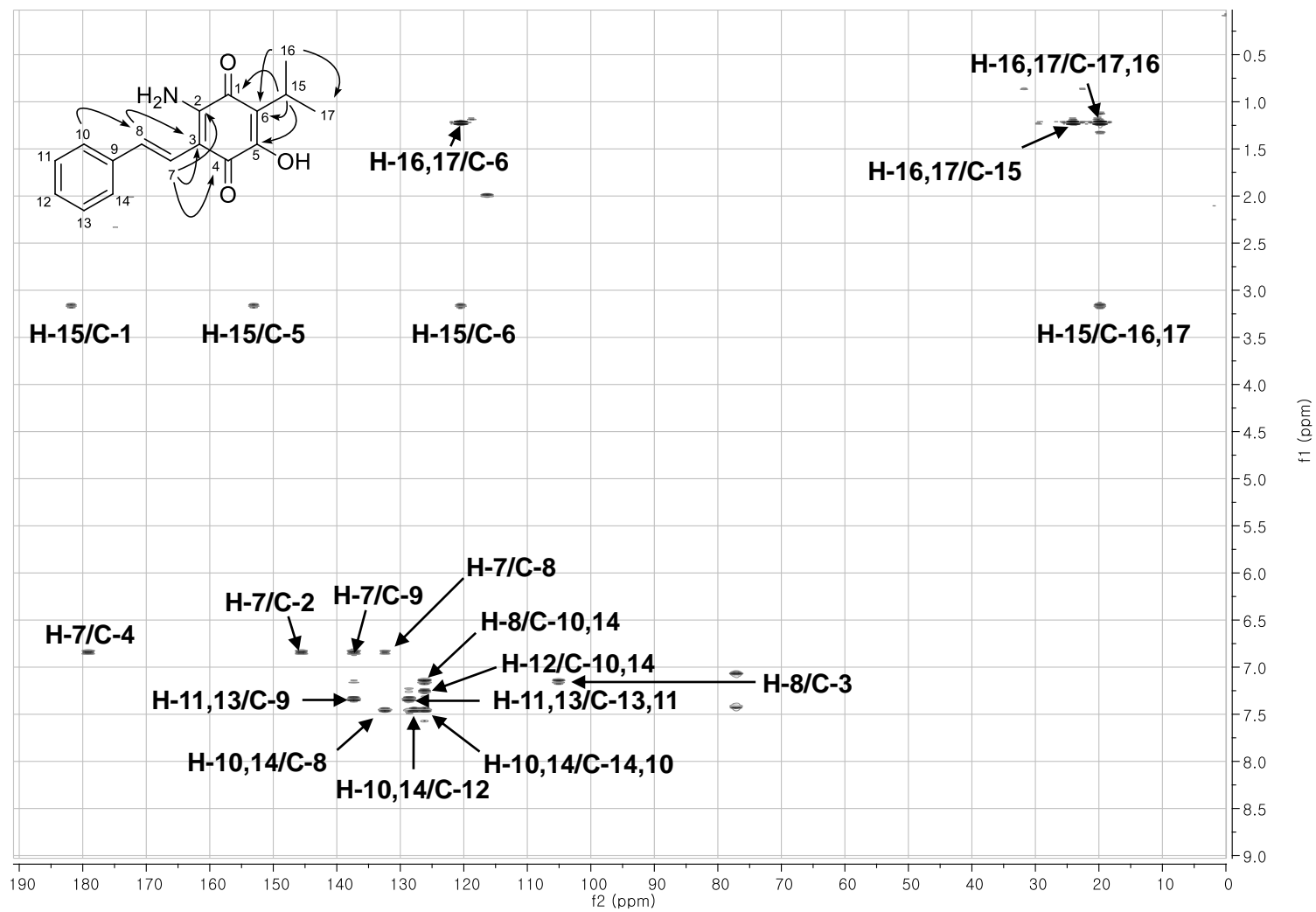
**Figure S3.** <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectral data of compound 1 in chloroform-*d*<sub>1</sub>



**Figure S4.** COSY NMR spectral data of compound **1** in chloroform- $d_1$

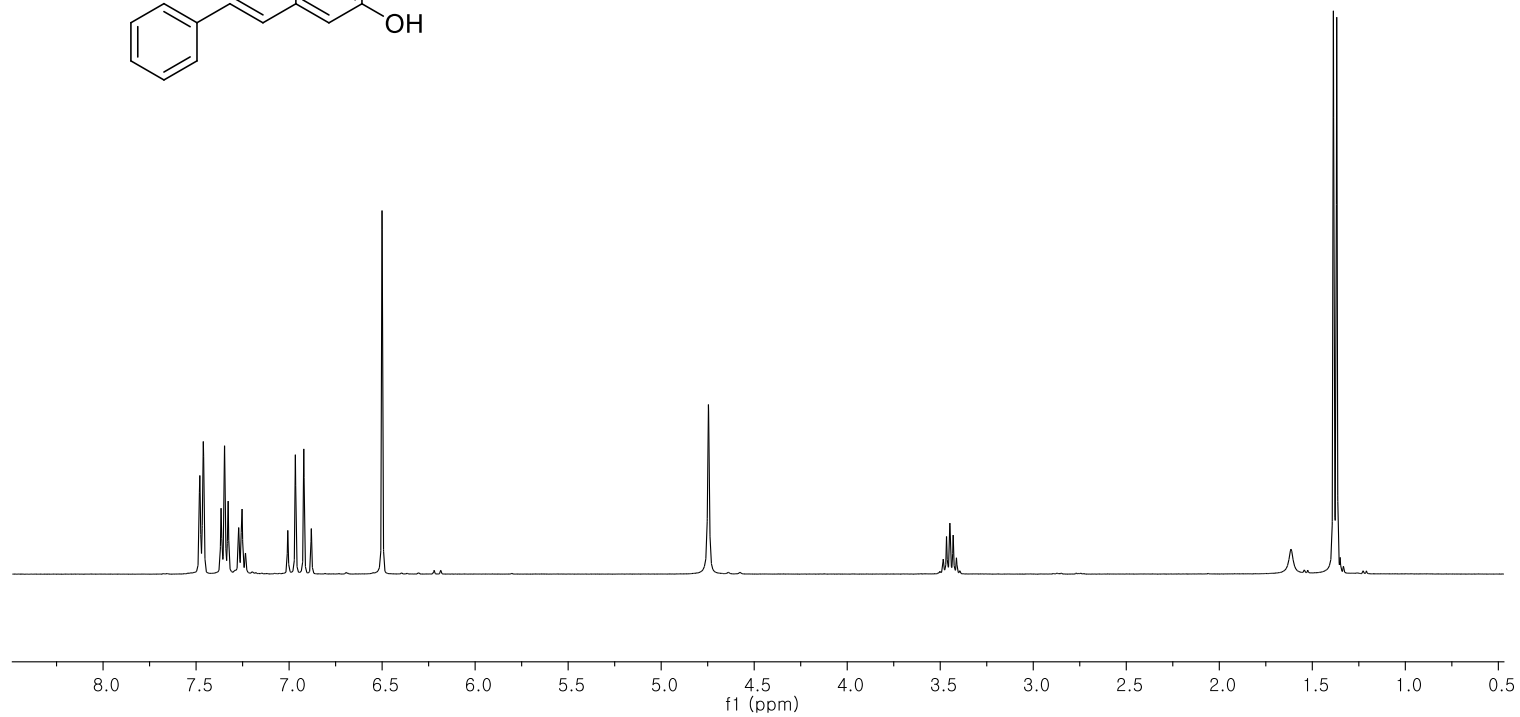
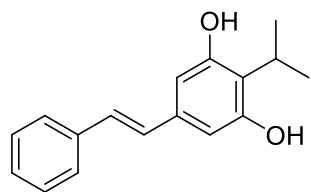


**Figure S5.** HSQC NMR spectral data of compound **1** in chloroform-*d*<sub>1</sub>

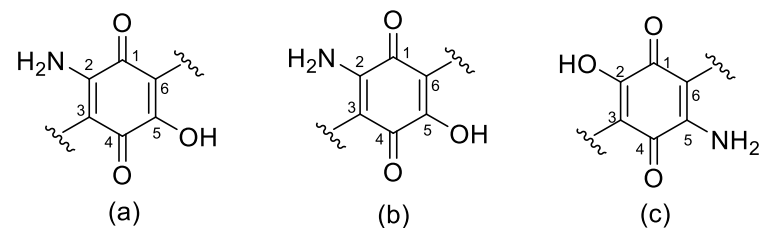


**Figure S6.** HMBC NMR spectral data of compound **1** in chloroform- $d_1$



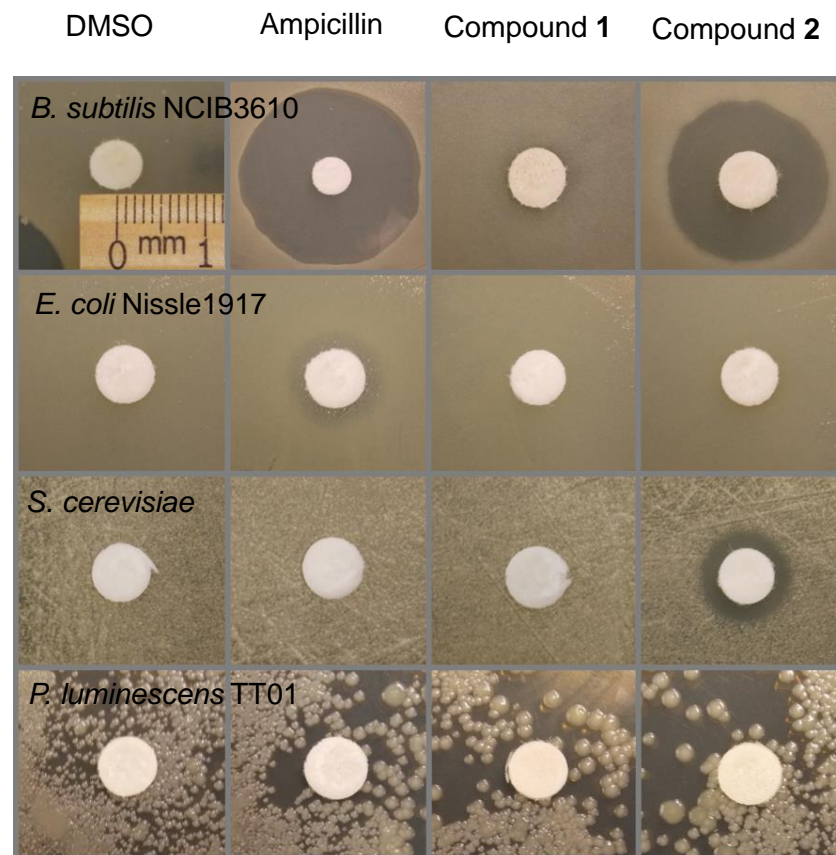


**Figure S7.**  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectral data of compound 2 in chloroform- $d_1$

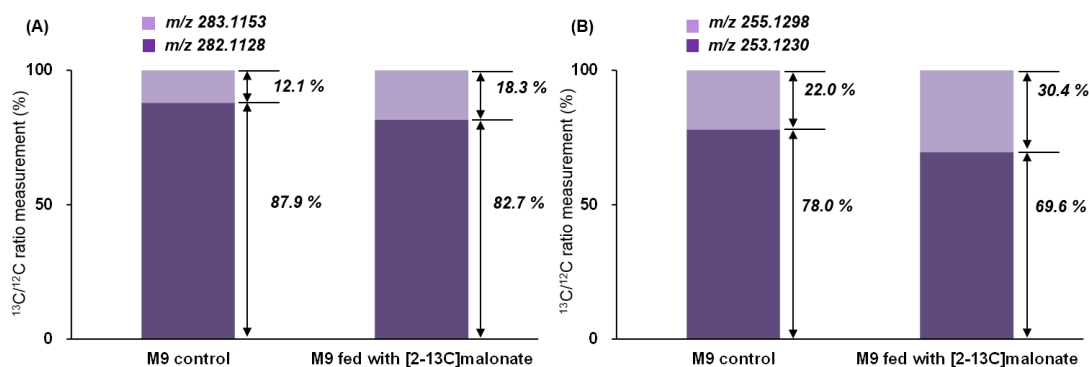


Position	(a)	(b)	(c)
1	181.8	182.5	179.3
2	145.6	146.6	153.5
3	105.1	103.4	110.5
4	179.1	179.8	183.3
5	153.1	153.4	146.0
6	120.5	118.5	111.1

**Figure S8.**  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR chemical shift comparisons of heterosubstituted-1,4-benzoquinone core with those of literature values (a) carbon chemical shift of 2-amino-5-hydroxy-1,4-benzoquinone core of lumiquinone A (**1**) (b) carbon chemical shift of 2-amino-5-hydroxy-1,4-benzoquinone core described in the literature (c) carbon chemical shifts of 2-hydroxy-5-amino-1,4-benzoquinone core described in the literature (See reference 17)



**Figure S9.** Paper disk test assay for antimicrobial activities of compounds **1** and **2**



**Figure 10.** The incorporation of [2-<sup>13</sup>C]malonate into compounds **1** (A) and **2** (B). The observed  $m/z$  282.1128 and  $m/z$  253.1230 peaks correspond to deprotonated molecular ions of **1** and **2** in the negative ion mode, respectively. The <sup>13</sup>C peak integration ratio measured by the [2-<sup>13</sup>C]malonate feeding experiment showed a 6.2 percent increase for the singly labeled compound **1** (A) and a 8.4 percent increase for the doubly labeled compound **2** (B) when compared with non-labeled control. The percentage was determined by integration values of extracted peaks within 5 ppm mass error.

#### Feeding experiment with [2-<sup>13</sup>C]malonate in *Photorhabdus luminescens* TT01

[2-<sup>13</sup>C]malonate was purchased from Sigma-Aldrich. *Photorhabdus luminescens* TT01 was grown on 5 mL M9 minimal media supplemented with casamino acids (5 g/L) at 30 °C until OD<sub>600</sub> was between 0.5-0.6. [2-<sup>13</sup>C]malonate (100 mM final concentration) adjusted to pH 7.0 was then fed to the culture broth and cultivated at 30 °C in a shaking incubator (250 rpm). After 72 h, the whole culture broth was extracted with ethyl acetate (2 × 5 mL) and dried under reduced pressure. The crude extracts were analyzed by high-resolution ESI-Q-TOF-MS instrument (Column; Phenomenex kinetics C<sub>18</sub> column, 250 × 4.6 mm, 5 μm, Flow rate; 0.3 mL/min, method; 60 min gradient elution from 10% aqueous acetonitrile to 100% acetonitrile).