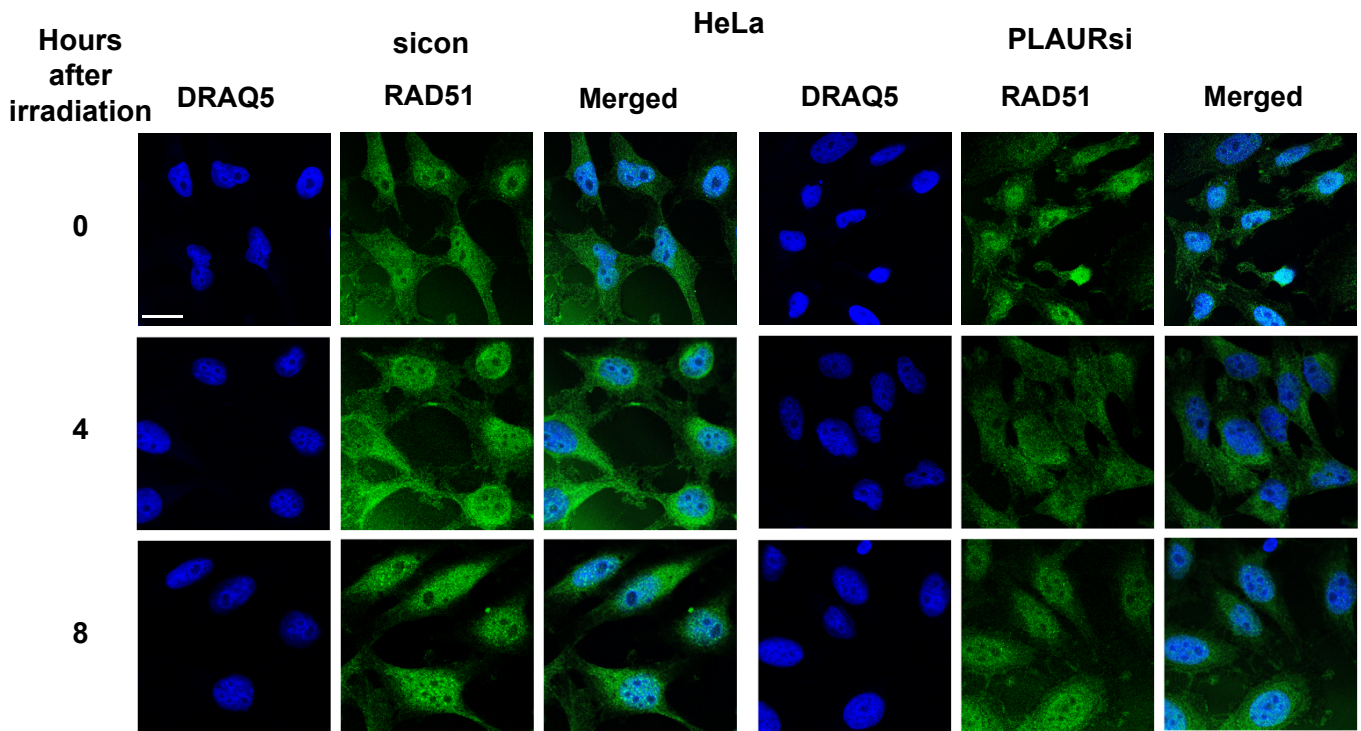
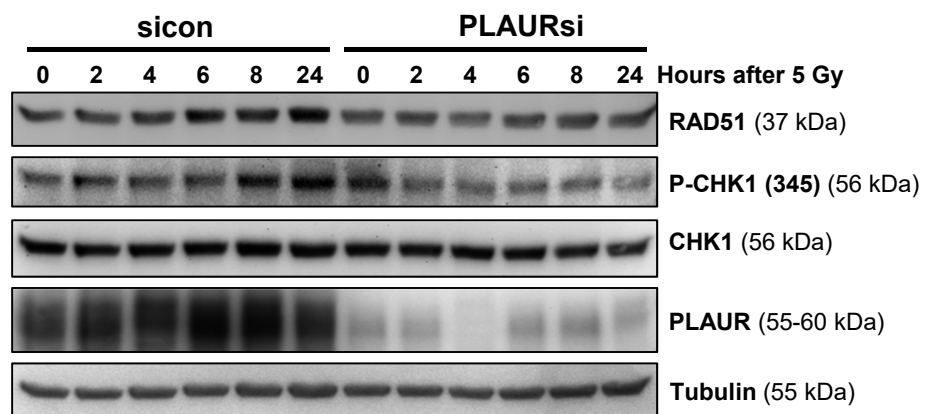


**Supplementary Figure S1: A.** sicon and PLAURsi, MDA-MB-231 cells were treated with radiation of 9 Gy and lysates were made at indicated time points. Western blotting was performed to check for the expression of RAD51 and KU80. **B.** MDA-MB-231 cells silenced for PLAUR were irradiated at 9 Gy, fixed after 4, 8 h and nuclear translocation and foci formation of RAD51 was detected by immunofluorescence (scale bar - 20  $\mu$ m).

A

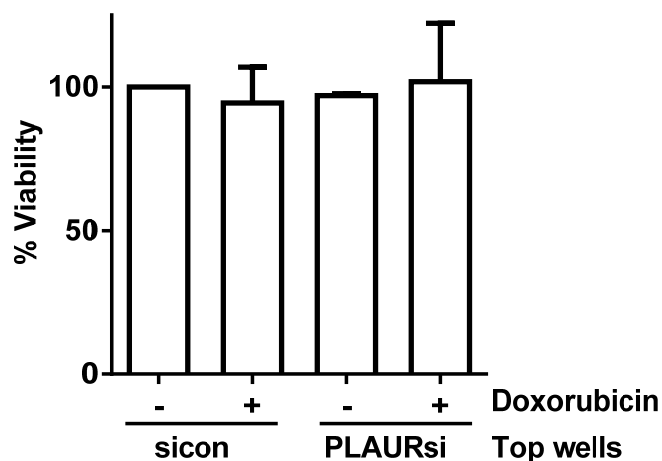


B

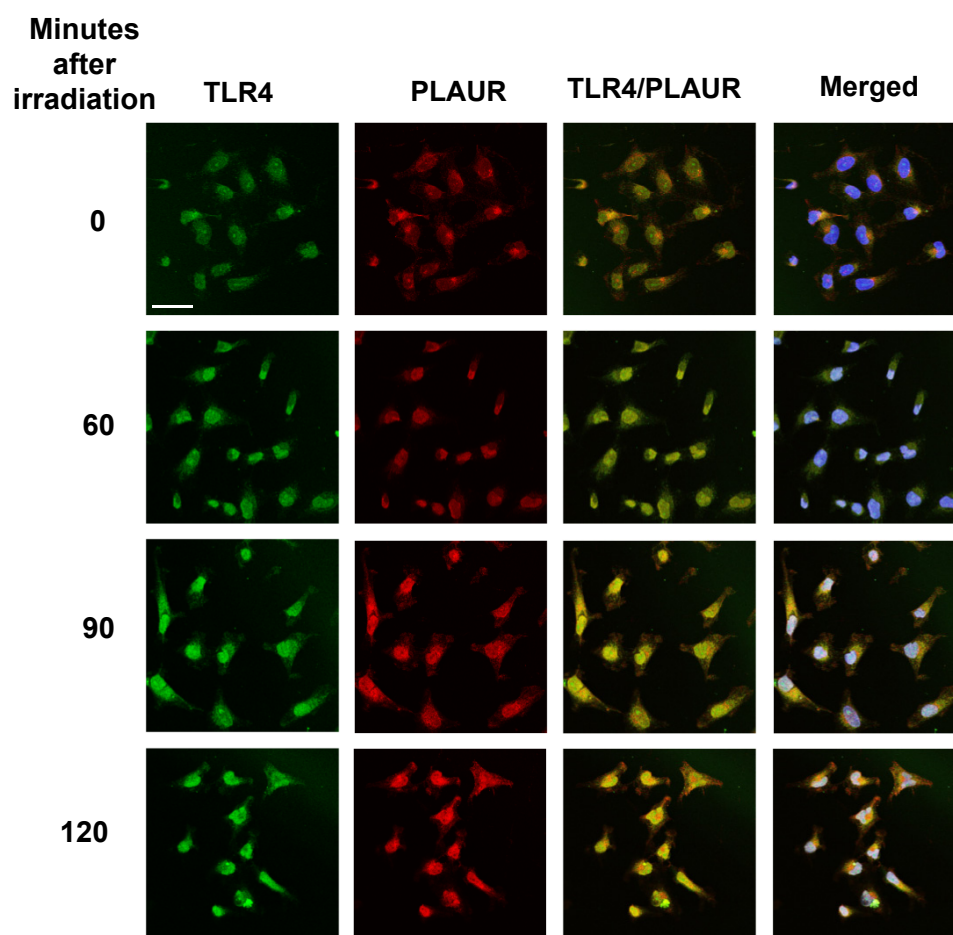


**Supplementary Figure S2: A.** HELA cells silenced for PLAUR were irradiated at 9 Gy, fixed after 4, 8 h and nuclear translocation and foci formation of RAD51 was detected by immunofluorescence (scale bar - 20  $\mu$ m). **B.** MDA-MB-231 cells silenced for PLAUR were synchronized by double thymidine block and treated with radiation of 5 Gy, lysates were made at indicated time points. Western blotting was performed for the expression of RAD51, P-CHK1 and CHK1.

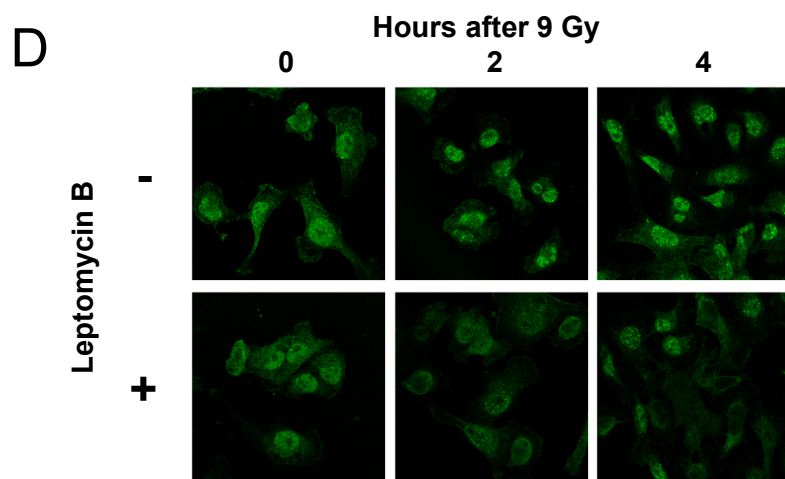
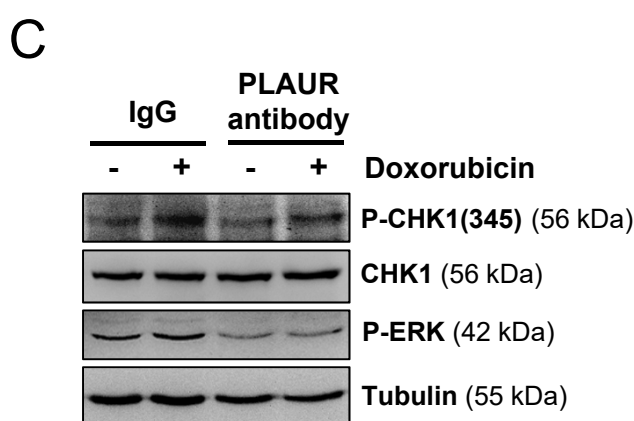
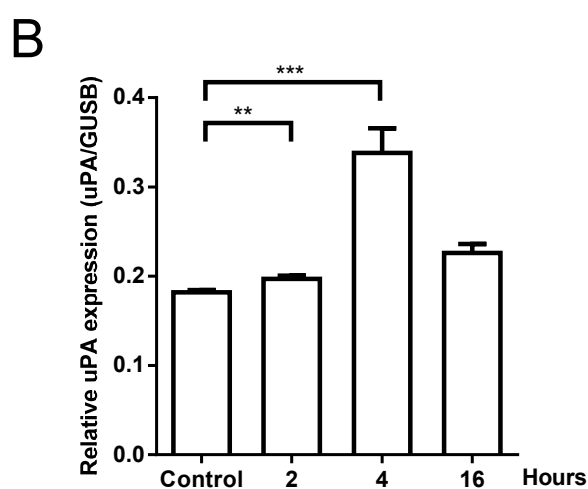
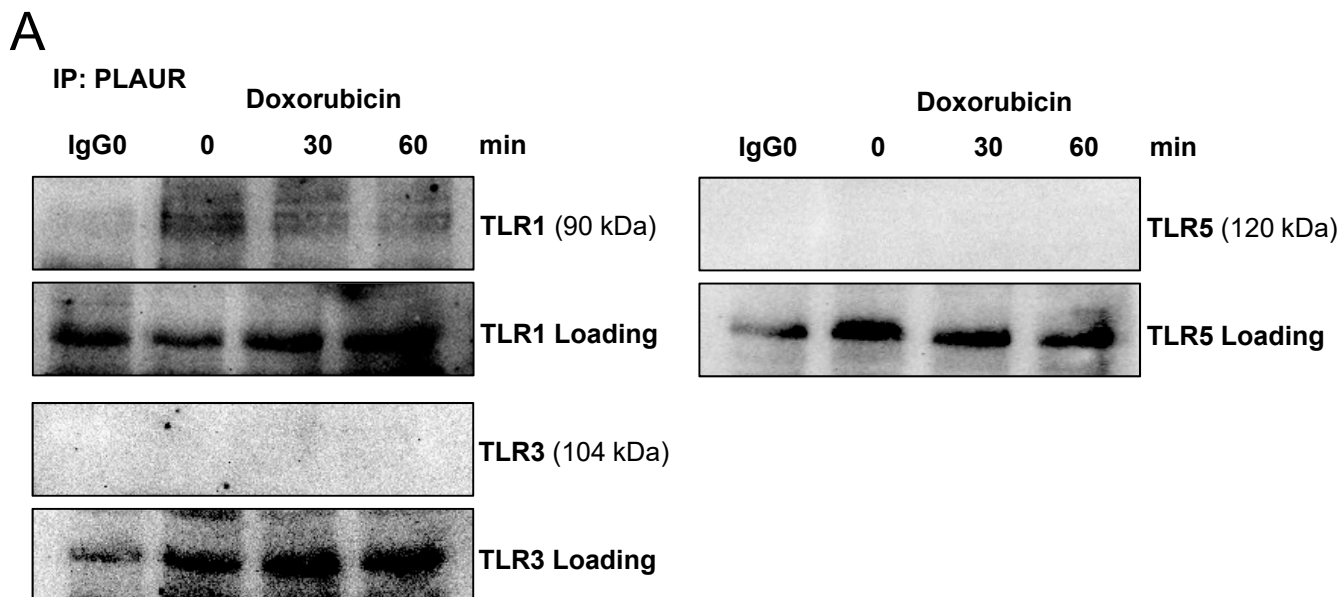
A



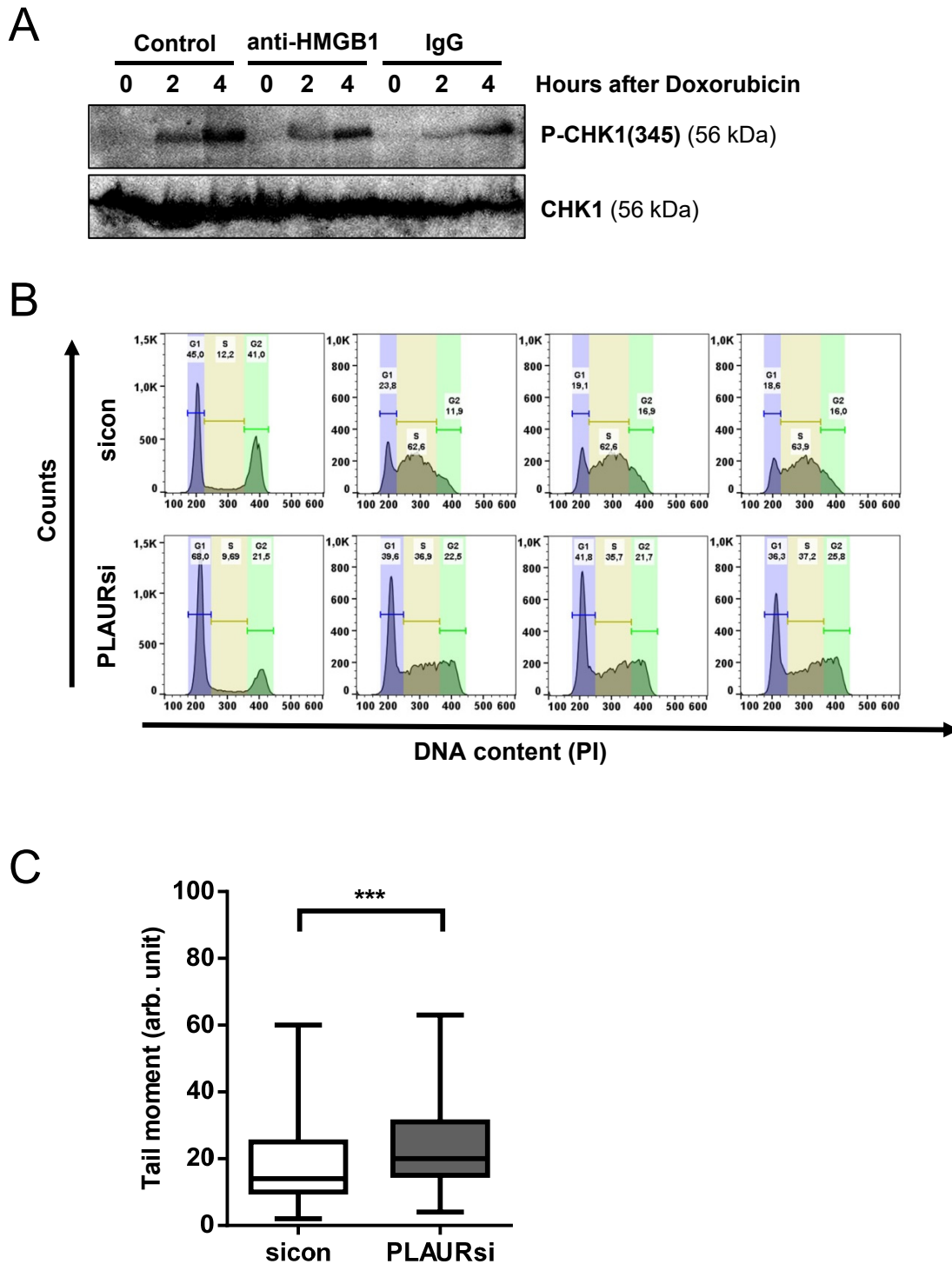
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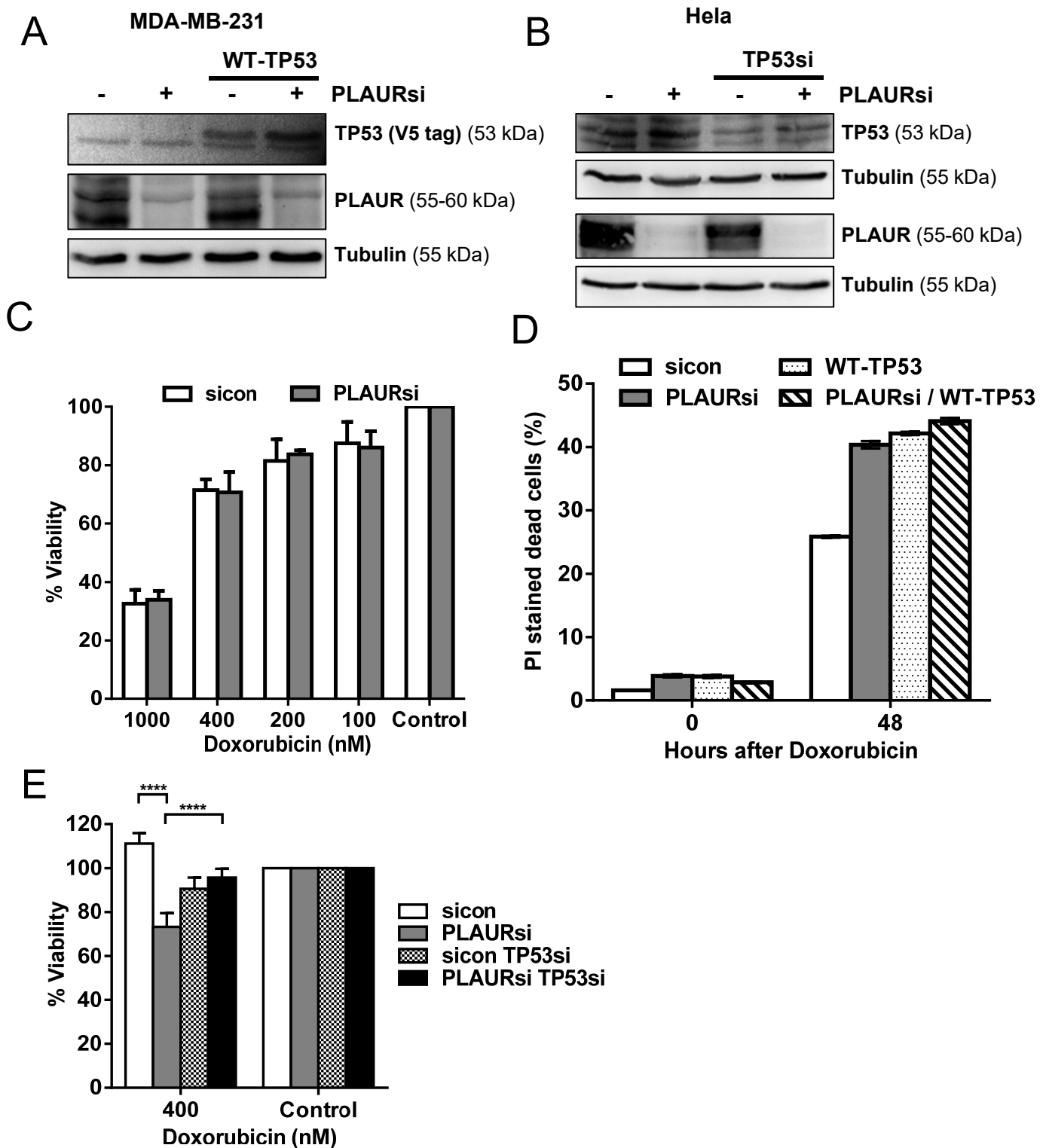
**Supplementary Figure S3:** **A.** sicon and PLAURsi HeLa cells were co-cultured using transwell plates, cells in the inserts were treated with doxorubicin ( $2 \mu\text{M}$ ) for 1 h, and then placed in co-culture with untreated cells. Graph represents the viability of cells in the bottom well assessed after 6 days using CCK-8 (data are represented as mean  $\pm$  SD). **B.** HeLa cells irradiated at 9 Gy were fixed after 60, 90, 120 min and immunofluorescence was performed to detect co-localization of PLAUR and TLR4 (scale bar -  $40 \mu\text{m}$ ).



**Supplementary Figure S4:** **A.** Immunoprecipitation of PLAUR from Doxorubicin treated HeLa cells, followed by western blotting for detection of interacting TLR1, TLR3 and TLR5 proteins. **B.** Quantitative real time PCR for detection of mRNA levels of uPA in doxorubicin treated HeLa cells (data are represented as mean +/- SD). **C.** PLAUR blocking antibodies were used to inhibit binding of PLAUR to PLAUR, cells were treated with Doxorubicin and western blotting was performed to detect P-CHK1 and P-ERK. **D.** MDA-MB-231 cells were pre-treated with Leptomycin-B to block nuclear export, DNA damage was then induced by radiation of 9 Gy. Cells were fixed and RAD51 was detected by immunofluorescence. Scale bar - 20  $\mu$ m.



**Supplementary Figure S5: A.** Neutralizing HMGB1 antibodies were used to block its binding to TLR4, HeLa cells were treated with Doxorubicin as indicated and P-CHK1 was detected by western blotting **B.** Cell cycle analysis of MDA-MB-231 synchronized by double thymidine block and treated with doxorubicin (2  $\mu$ M) for 1 h, cells were fixed at the indicated timepoints, stained with PI and analyzed by FACS. **C.** Comet assay indicating the DNA repair efficiency in sicon and PLAURsi cells treated with doxorubicin. (data are represented as mean  $\pm$  SD).



**Supplementary Figure S6: A and B.** Western blots showing expression of WT-TP53 in MDA-MB-231 (A) and silencing of TP53 in HeLa cells (B), lentiviral constructs were used to express or silence TP53. **C.** MDA-MB-231 silenced for PLAUR were treated with the indicated concentrations of doxorubicin for 1 h, cell viability was measured using CCK-8 kit 6 days after treatment. **D.** sicon and PLAURsi MDA-MB-231 cells were transduced with lentiviral constructs to express WT-TP53, and treated overnight with doxorubicin (2  $\mu$ M), after 48 h cells were stained with PI and acquired by FACS to detect the number of dead cells. **E.** sicon and PLAURsi HeLa cells were transduced with lentiviral constructs to downregulate TP53, and then treated with 400 nM of doxorubicin for 1 h. Cell viability was measured using CCK-8 kit 6 days after treatment. All data are represented as mean  $\pm$  SD.