

Supplementary Figure 1 Induction of DA neurons by the SFEBq method. (a-e) Gene expression analysis for pluripotent (*Oct-4*; a), floor plate (*Corin*; b), DA progenitor (*Lmx1a* and *Nurr1*; c,d) and DA neuron (*Th*; e) markers by quantitative RT-PCR (n = 4). (f) Temporal protein expression of CORIN and LMX1A::GFP (n = 3). Error bars indicate s.e.m. (g) Immunofluorescence image of LMX1A KI mouse ESCs for DAPI (blue), LMX1A::GFP (green), CORIN (red) and NURR1 (white) on day 9. Scale bar, 50 µm.



**Supplementary Figure 2 Purification of DA progenitors by co-expression of CORIN and LMX1A::GFP. (a-t)** Immunofluorescence images of sorted cells on day 9 for DAPI (blue), LMX1A::GFP (green), CORIN (red) and FOXA2 (white). Scale bars, 50 μm.



Supplementary Figure 3 Gene expression analysis of FACS-purified cells. Gene expression analysis of the sorted cells for forebrain (*Six3*; **a**), hindbrain (*Gbx2*; **b**), floor plate (*Corin*; **c**) and DA progenitor (*Lmx1a* and *Nurr1*; **d,e**) markers on day 9 by quantitative RT-PCR (n = 4). Asterisks indicate statistical significance as determined by a one-way ANOVA with Bonferroni's multiple comparison test; \*, P < 0.05, \*\*, P < 0.01 and \*\*\*, P < 0.001. Error bars indicate s.e.m.



**Supplementary Figure 4 CORIN and ALCAM expression in developing mouse brain.** (a-d) Immunohistochemical images of E11.5 fetal mouse brain for CORIN (green), ALCAM (green), LMX1A (red) and DAPI (blue) in the coronal section (a,c) and in the sagittal section (b,d). Insets indicate magnified images of CORIN<sup>+</sup> or ALCAM<sup>+</sup> cells. Scale bars, 100 μm.



Supplementary Figure 5 Purification of mDA progenitors from fetal mouse VM using LRTM1. (a,b) Immunofluorescence images of E11.5 fetal mouse VM-derived unsorted cells (a) and LRTM1<sup>+</sup> cells (b) for FOXA2 (green), LMX1A (red) and DAPI (blue). (c) Quantification of FOXA2<sup>+</sup>LMX1A<sup>+</sup> cells in unsorted cells vs. LRTM1<sup>+</sup> cells (n = 4). Asterisks indicate statistical significance as determined by student's *t*-test; \*\*\*, *P* < 0.001. Scale bars, 50 µm. Error bars indicate s.e.m.



Supplementary Figure 6 Purification of mDA progenitors from mouse iPSCs using LRTM1. (a) Gene expression analysis of mouse ESC lines (LMX1A::GFP, EB5, G4-2) and iPSC line (440A3) for Lrtm1 by quantitative RT-PCR. (b,c) Immunofluorescence images of spheres derived from unsorted cells and LRTM1<sup>+</sup> cells for FOXA2 (green), LMX1A (red) and DAPI (blue) on day 9. Scale bars 100  $\mu$ m. (d) Quantification of FOXA2<sup>+</sup>LMX1A<sup>+</sup> cells in unsorted cells (*n* = 6) versus LRTM1<sup>+</sup> cells (*n* = 5). Asterisks indicate statistical significance as determined by student's *t*-test, \*\*\*, P < 0.001. Error bars indicate s.e.m. (e) Immunohistochemical image of mouse iPSC-derived LRTM1<sup>+</sup> graft for TH (green) (*n* = 3). Scale bars, 2 mm.



Supplementary Figure 7 Induction of DA neurons from human ESCs by adhesive culture. (a-e) Gene expression analysis for pluripotent (*OCT-4*; a), floor plate (*FOXA2*; b), DA progenitor (*LMX1A* and *NURR1*; c,d) and DA neuron (*TH*; e) markers by quantitative RT-PCR (n = 4). (f) LRTM1 mRNA expression showed a peak at 14 days after differentiation (n = 3). Error bars indicate s.e.m.



**Supplementary Figure 8 In vivo survival of FACS sorted human iPSCs.** TH-DAB staining of the sequential brain slices transplanted with unsorted cells, LRTM1<sup>+</sup> cells and LRTM1<sup>-</sup> cells at 12 weeks after transplantation. The outline indicates grafts from unsorted cells and LRTM1<sup>-</sup> cells. Red squares indicate magnified images of the grafts. Scale bars, 100 μm.



Supplementary Figure 9 Donor-derived DA progenitors and astrocytes in the graft

at 12 weeks after transplantation. (a) Immunohistochemical images of the graft derived from unsorted cells, LRTM1<sup>+</sup> cells and LRTM1<sup>-</sup> cells for FOXA2 (green), HNA (green), KI67 (red), GFAP (red) and DAPI (blue) at 12 weeks. Scale bar, 25  $\mu$ m. (b) Quantification of FOXA2<sup>+</sup> cells per KI67<sup>+</sup> cells and GFAP<sup>+</sup> cells per HNA<sup>+</sup> surviving human cells in unsorted cells (n = 7) vs. LRTM1<sup>+</sup> cells (n = 12) vs. LRTM1<sup>-</sup> cells (n = 5). Asterisks indicate statistical significances as determined by a one-way ANOVA with Bonferroni's multiple comparison test; \*, P < 0.05, and \*\*\*, P < 0.001. Error bars indicate s.e.m.



Supplementary Figure 10 In vivo study of human iPSC-derived DA neurons. (a) Immunohistochemical images of the graft derived from unsorted cells and LRTM1<sup>+</sup> cells for SC-121 (green) and TH (red) at 16 weeks. Scale bar, 100  $\mu$ m. (b) Correlation between the TH<sup>+</sup> cell number and the recovery rate (pre- vs. 16 weeks post-transplantation) in a methamphetamine-induced rotational analysis. control: *n* = 8; LRTM1<sup>+</sup> cells: *n* = 7; unsorted cells: *n* = 7.

Gene name	Types of primer	Forward primer	Reverse primer	
mCorin	S	GAGGCTGCAAAAGAAGGATG	TGTACAAGGGCAGGGAAAAG	
	Q	CCCTTCTGTGCTCCAAGCAAGACTG	AGAGCACTGCCACGGCCACC	
mGapdh	S	GCAGTGGCAAAGTGGAGATT	ATGTAGGCCATGAGGTCCAC	
	Q	CCGCCTGGAGAAACCTGCCAAGT	GGGAGTTGCTGTTGAAGTCGCAGG	
mLrtm1	S	ACCCTTGGATTTGTGACTGC	CCTTGGTACTGGGCTGTGAT	
	Q	TGTTGAATGAGGGTTTGTGCT	TCCACGGAGTTTGATGATGG	
mAnxa2	Q	CATTCTACACCCCCAAGTGC	CAGCTTTCGGAAGTCTCCAG	
mFolr1	Q	GGCCCTGAGGACAATTTACA	CCCAGAGCAGCACTAAGGAC	
mOtx2	Q	CTCGACGTTCTGGAAGCTCT	CTGGGTGGAAAGAGAAGCTG	
mTacr1	Q	GTGCAACCTACCTGGCAAAT	TGACCTTGTACACGCTGCTC	
mTm4sf1	Q	GCTGCGGCTACGAAAACTAC	GCCTCCAAGCATTCCATTTA	
mGbx2	Q	GCAAGGGAAAGACGAGTCAAA	GGCAAATTGTCATCTGAGCTGTA	
mLmx1a	Q	GTCCCAGAACCATCCTGACC	GGAACCACACCTGAACCACA	
mNestin	Q	CAGCAACTGGCACACCTCAA	GCCAAGAGAAGCCTGGGAAC	
mNurr1	Q	GGCTCCCTTCACAACTTCCA	AGAGTGACAGGCGGGAGACA	
mOct3/4	Q	AGATCACTCACATCGCCAATC	GGAAAGGTGTCCCTGTAGCC	
mPax7	Q	GTGGAATCAGAACCCGACCTC	GTAGTGGGTCCTCTCGAAGGC	
mSix3	Q	CCGGAAGAGTTGTCCATGTTC	CGACTCGTGTTTGTTGATGGC	
mTh	Q	CAGTGCCAGAGAGGACAAGG	AGGTCCAGGTCAGGGTCAAA	
hFOXA2	Q	TTCAGGCCCGGCTAACTCT	AGTCTCGACCCCCACTTGCT	
hGAPDH	Q	ATGGGGAAGGTGAAGGTCG	TAAAAGCAGCCCTGGTGACC	

Supplementary Table 1 Lists of primers for semi-quantitative RT-PCR (S) and quantitative RT-PCR (Q).

		1	
hLMX1A	Q	TGCCTGGAGACCACATGCA	TCGCTATCCAGGTCATGGAAA
hLRTM1	Q	ATTGCCACTTGCTCGGTCTT	TCCTTTCCCTTCCAGGTGTCT
hNURR1	Q	CGAAACCGAAGAGCCCACAGGA	GGTCATAGCCGGGTTGGAGTCG
hOCT3/4	Q	AGACCATCTGCCGCTTTGAG	GCAAGGGCCGCAGCTT
hTH	Q	GCAGTTCTCGCAGGACATTG	CGGCACCATAGGCCTTCA

Protein	Species	Company	Dilution
ALCAM	Goat	R&D Systems	1:200
CALBINDIN	Mouse	Swant Swiss Antibodies	1:1,000
CORIN	Mouse	Donated by the KAN laboratory	1:200
DAT	Rat	Abcam	1:200
FOXA2	Goat	R&D Systems	1:500
GFP	Rabbit	MBL Co., LTD.	1:1,000
GIRK2	Rabbit	Alomone Labs	1:200
Ki67	Rabbit	Novocastra	1:1,000
LMX1A	Hamster	Donated by the KAN laboratory	1:200
Lrtm1	Rat	Donated by the KAN laboratory	1:20
HNA	Mouse	Merck Millipore	1:1,000
NURR1	Rabbit	Santa Cruz Biotechnology, Inc.	1:200
NURR1	Rat	Donated by the KAN laboratory	1:1,000
PAX6	Mouse	BD Biosciences	1:200
PITX3	Rabbit	Merck Millipore	1:200
SOX1	Goat	R&D Systems	1:100
STEM121	Mouse	StemCells, Inc.	1:1,000
тн	Rabbit	Merck Millipore	1:1,000
тн	Sheep	Merck Millipore	1:1,000
TUJ1 (also known as Tubb3)	Mouse	Covance	1:2,000