

Supplementary information

Silver nanoparticles-containing dual-function hydrogels based on a guar gum-sodium borohydride system

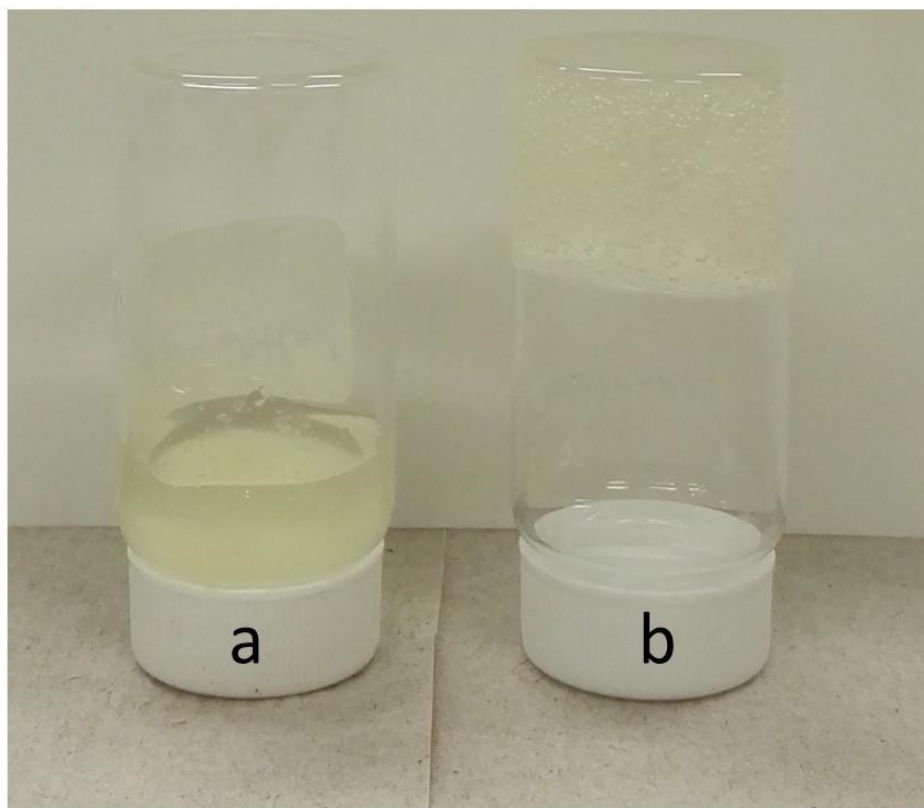
Lei Dai,¹ Ben Nadeau,¹ Xingye An,¹ Dong Cheng,¹ Zhu Long,² & Yonghao Ni*¹

1. Department of Chemical Engineering, University of New Brunswick, Fredericton, NB E3B 5A3, Canada

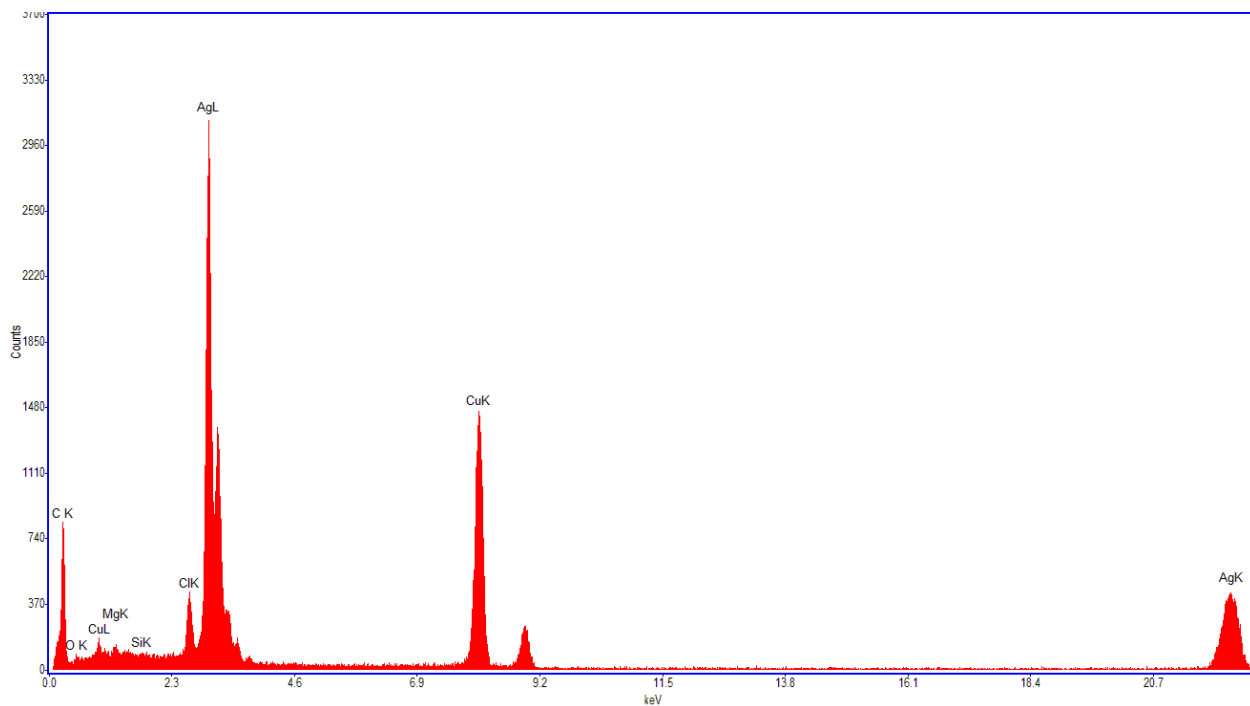
2. Key Laboratory of Eco-textiles, Ministry of Education, Jiangnan University, Wuxi 214122, China

Correspondence and requests for materials should be addressed to Y. N. (e-mail: yonghao@unb.ca)

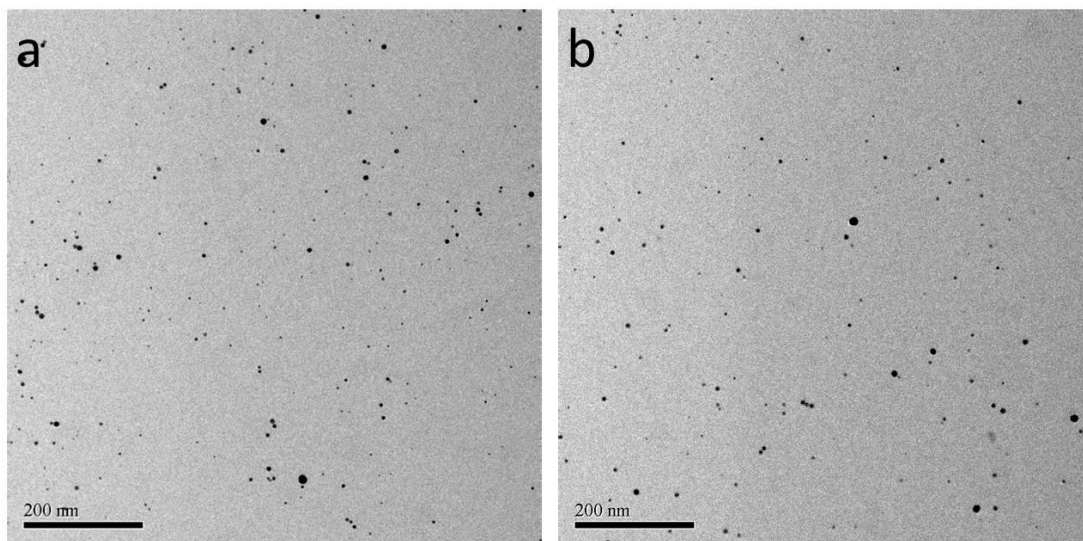
Supplementary Figures



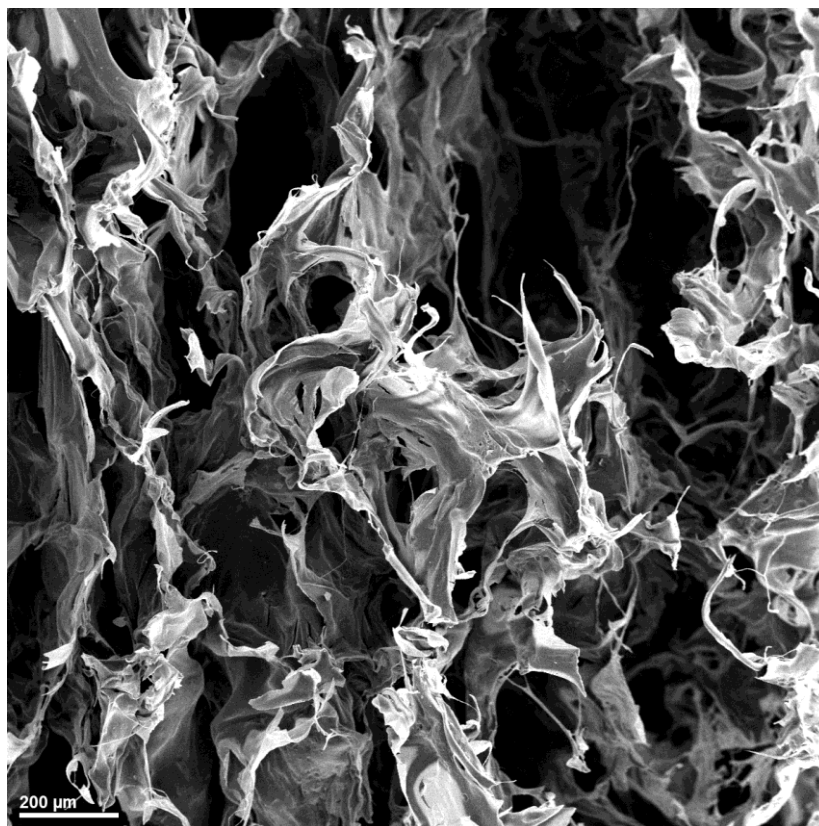
Supplementary Figure S1. Experimental in demonstrating the role of NaBO_2 for the formation of GG hydrogels. **(a)** The GG solution ($\text{pH} = 13.0 \pm 0.1$) was mixed with NaBH_4 aq. ($\text{pH} = 13.0 \pm 0.1$), under the conditions, no NaBO_2 was formed, thus no gelation occurred. **(b)** the GG solution was mixed with fresh prepared NaBH_4 aq. ($\text{pH} = 9.6 \pm 0.1$), under the conditions, NaBO_2 was formed due to hydrolysis, thus gelation occurred.



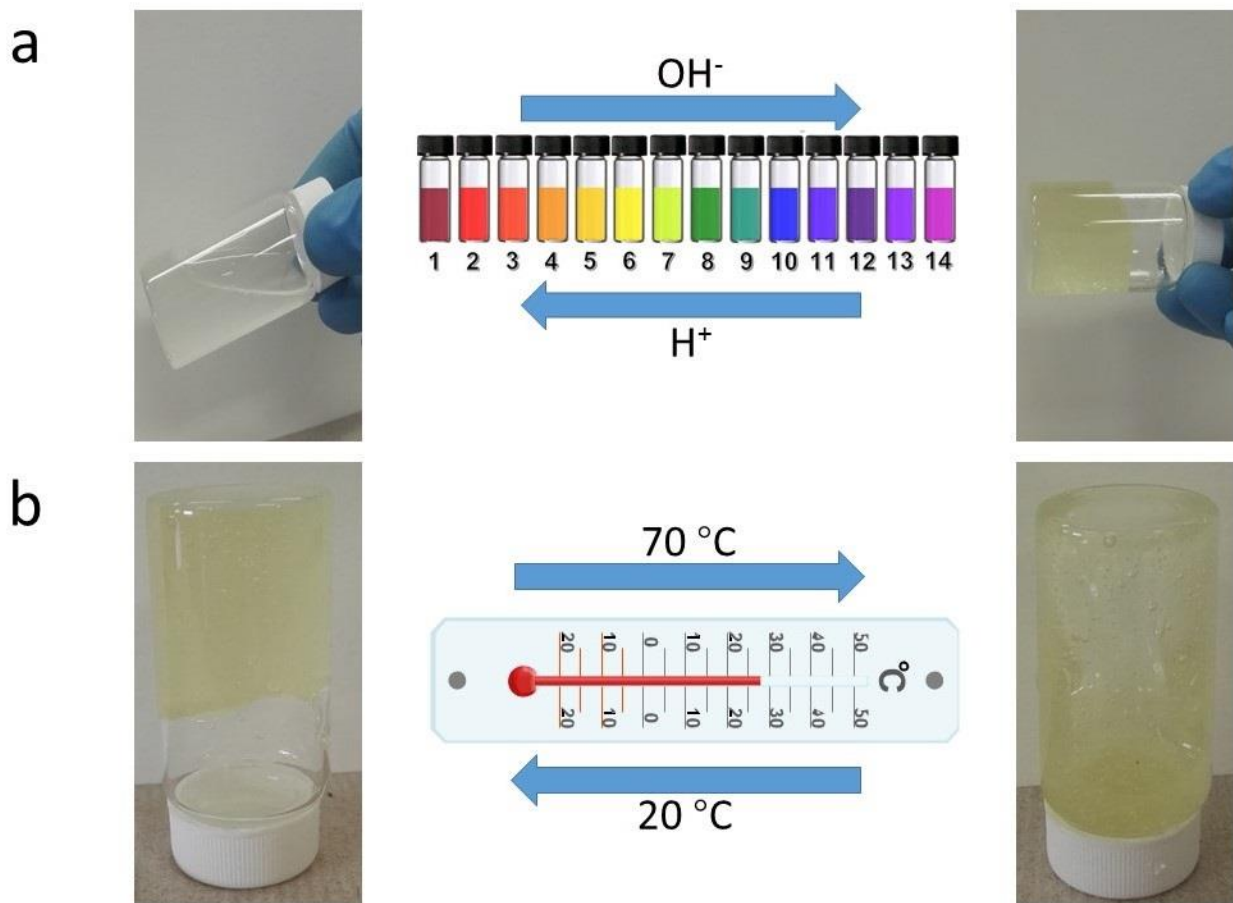
Supplementary Figure S2. EDX analysis of the AgNPs/GG hydrogels, providing the direct evidence for the generation of AgNPs.



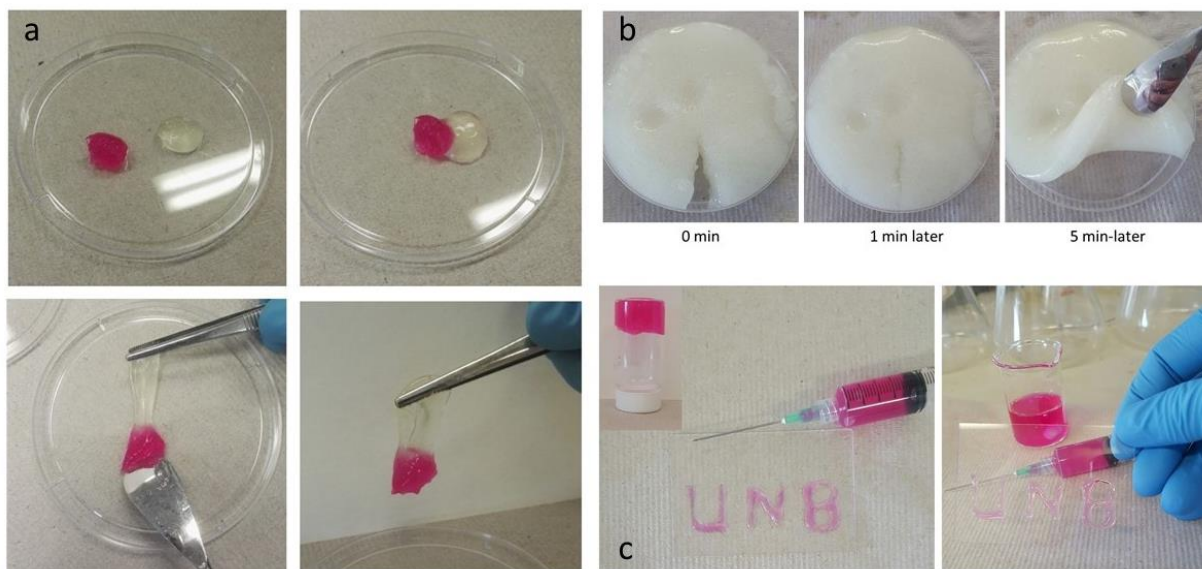
Supplementary Figure S3. TEM pictures of AgNPs in GG-based hydrogels. **(a)** Freshly prepared sample. **(b)** The sample stored for two weeks (it showed that the AgNPs were stable in the hydrogel).



Supplementary Figure S4. SEM picture of cross-section of dried AgNPs/GG hydrogels, showing the porous structure of the hydrogels.



Supplementary Figure S5. Multi-stimuli responsive properties of GG-based hydrogels. **(a)** pH responsive performance of GG hydrogels (the sol-gel switch can be realized by pH changes). **(b)** Thermal responsive performance of GG hydrogels (the sol-gel switch can be realized by temperature changes).



Supplementary Figure S6. Self-healing and injectable properties of GG-based hydrogels. **(a)** Two pieces of hydrogels (one of which was dyed to red to show the healing between the two) merged to a homogeneous one. **(b)** The hydrogel recovered from the cutting wound. **(c)** Hydrogels were injected by a syringe onto a glass slide (the hydrogels for injectable testing were prepared using 0.5% (w/v) GG solution).

Supplementary Video 1. Preparation of AgNPs/GG hydrogels using freshly prepared NaBH_4

Supplementary Video 2. Preparation of GG hydrogels using freshly prepared NaBH_4

Supplementary Video 3. Preparation of GG hydrogels using fully hydrolyzed NaBH_4

Supplementary Video 4. Self-healing properties of GG hydrogels