HvNramp5 mediates uptake of cadmium and manganese, but not iron in barley

Dezhi Wu, Naoki Yamaji, Miki Yamane, Miho Kashino, Kazuhiro Sato and Jian Feng Ma* Institute of Plant Science and Resources, Okayama University, Chuo 2-20-1, Kurashiki 710-0046, Japan

*Corresponding author E-mail: maj@rib.okayama-u.ac.jp

Supplemental Data

Supplemental Figure S1. Sequence, gene and protein structure, and phylogenetic analysis of *HvNramp5*.

Supplemental Figure S2. Gene expression level in the roots of *HvNramp5* RNAi lines and WTs. **Supplemental Figure S3.** Concentration of Cu and Zn in the *HvNramp5* RNAi lines at different Mn concentrations.

Supplemental Figure S4. Phenotypic analysis of *HvNramp5* RNAi lines at different Cd concentrations.

Supplemental Figure S5. Phenotypic analysis of *HvNramp5* RNAi lines at different Fe concentrations.

The full-length cDNA (1638 bp):

CCCGCGGCCGCGCAAGATGCGCAGGGTGAGAAGAAGTTTGGAGACGGCGATGAGACG TTCGTCAAGGAGCCGGCATGGAAGCGGTTCCTCTCCCATGTTGGACCAGGGTTCATGGT GTCCCTCGCCTACCTGGATCCTGGCAACTTGGAGACGGACCTGCAAGCCGGAGCCAAT CACAGATATGAGCTCCTCTGGGTGATTCTGATTGGCCTCATCTTCGCGCTGATCATACA GTCGCTAGCAGCGAACCTTGGCGTGGTTACGGGAAAGCATCTCGCCGAGATATGCAAG AGCGAGTATCCGAAGCCCGTGATGATCTGCCTCTGGCTTCTCGCGGAGGTGGCGGTGAT CGCCGCCGATATCCCGGAAGTGATCGGGACGGCCTTCGCTTTCTACCTCTTGTTCCGCA TCCCGGTGTGGATCGGGGTTCTAATCACCGGCTCCAGCACGCTCCTCCTCCTCGGCCTG CAAAGATACGGGGTGCGGAAGCTGGAGTTCCTCATCTCAATGCTCGTCTTCGTCATGGC GGCGTGCTTCTTCGGGGGAGCTGAGCATAGTGAAGCCTCCGGCGAAGGAGGTCCTGAAA GGGCTGTTCATTCCCAAGCTCAAGGGAAATGGCGCCACCGCAGACGCCATTGCCCTCC TTGGAGCTCTAGTTATGCCTCACAACCTGTTCTTGCATTCGGCGTTGGTGCTGTCCAGA AAGACGCCGTCGTCGGTAAGAGGAATCAAGGACGCTTGCAGGTTCTTCCTCTACGAGA GCGGATTCGCGCTGTTCGTGGCGCTGCTCATCAACATCGCCGTCGTCTCCGTGTCCGGG ACTGTCTGCTTCGGGGGAAAACCTCTCGGCGGAGGACATCGACAAATGCAGTGACCTCA GCCTGGACAACTCCTCGTTCCTGCTCAAGAACGTGCTGGGCAGGTCGAGCTCGATCGTG TACGGGGTGGCGCTGTTGGCGTCAGGGCAGAGCTCGACCATCACCGGCACATACGCCG GCCAGTACATCATGCAGGGGTTCTTGGACATCAAGATGAAGACGTGGCTGAGGAACCT GATGACGCGCTGCATCGCCATTGCGCCCAGCCTAGTCGTCTCCATCATCGGCGGGGTCGA ATGGCGCCGGCCGCCTCATCATCGCGTCGATGATACTGTCGTTTGAGCTGCCATTT GCACTCATCCCGCTTCTCAAGTTCAGCAGCAGCAGCAGCAGCAGGATGGGCCCGCACAAGA ACTCCATCTACATCGTGTGTTCTCGTGGACGCTTGGGCTGATGCTCATCGGCATCAAC GTCTACTTTCTCAGCACGAGCTTCATGGGGGTGGCTCATCAACAGCTCGCTGCCAACGTA CGCCAAGGTGCTGGTCGGAGTCGTCGTCGTCTGCCCGCTGATGCTCGTCTACCTCGTCGCTG TCGTCTACCTCACCTTCAGGAAGGACACCGTCGTCACCTTCGTCGCCGACTCGTGCAAG TACCGTGAGGACCTCGCAGACATACCGCTCCCGGCCCACAGCACTAGAGATATGCAGT AG

Amino acids (545aa):

MEIEREAPGSERGRSWRANPAAAQDAQGEKKFGDGDETFVKEPAWKRFLSHVGPGFMVSL AYLDPGNLETDLQAGANHRYELLWVILIGLIFALIIQSLAANLGVVTGKHLAEICKSEYPKPV MICLWLLAEVAVIAADIPEVIGTAFAFYLLFRIPVWIGVLITGSSTLLLLGLQRYGVRKLEFLIS MLVFVMAACFFGELSIVKPPAKEVLKGLFIPKLKGNGATADAIALLGALVMPHNLFLHSALV LSRKTPSSVRGIKDACRFFLYESGFALFVALLINIAVVSVSGTVCFGENLSAEDIDKCSDLSLD NSSFLLKNVLGRSSSIVYGVALLASGQSSTITGTYAGQYIMQGFLDIKMKTWLRNLMTRCIAI APSLVVSIIGGSNGAGRLIIIASMILSFELPFALIPLLKFSSSSSKMGPHKNSIYIIVFSWTLGLMLI GINVYFLSTSFMGWLINSSLPTYAKVLVGVVVCPLMLVYLVAVVYLTFRKDTVVTFVADSC KADAEKAAGGSGEDDDEPVPYREDLADIPLPAHSTRDMQ



Fig. S1 Sequence, gene and protein structure, and phylogenetic analysis of HvNramp5

A, Full-length cDNA sequence of *HvNramp5* and deduced amino acid sequences from barley cultivar Golden Promise. B, Schematic gene structure of *HvNramp5*. C, Phylogenetic tree of HvNramp5 and seven Nramp proteins in rice. D, Alignment of amino acid sequence between HvNramp5 and OsNramp5. Predicted transmembrane domains in HvNramp5 are marked with black lines.

\sim		llu Alanana 5	
C	4	HVNrampo	
	45	OsNramp5	
		OsNramp1	
		 OsNramp4 (OsNrat1) 	
	1 i-	– OsNramp3	
	ľ	CsNramp2	
		CsNramp7	
-		– OsNramp6	
D			
	HvNramp5 OsNramp5	MEIEREAPGSERG-RSWRANPAAAQDAQGEKKFGDGDETFVKEPAWKRFLSHVGPGFMVS 55 MEIERESSERGSISWRASAAHDQDAKKLDADDQLLMKEPAWKRFLAHVGPGFMVS 55	9
	HvNramp5 OsNramp5	TM-1 LAYLDPGNLETDLQAGANHRYELLWVILIGLIFALIIQSLAANLGVVIGKHLAEICKSEY 11 LAYLDPGNLETDLQAGANHRYELLWVILIGLIFALIIQSLAANLGVVIGRHLAEICKSEY 11	19 15
	HvNramp5 OsNramp5	PKPVMICLWLLAEVAVIAADIPEVIGTAFAFYLLFRIPVWIGVLITGSSTLLLLGLQRYG 1 PKFVKIFLWLLAELAVIAADIPEVIGTAFAFNILFHIPVWVGVLITGTSTLLLLGLQKYG 1 ** * * ******	79 75
	HvNramp5 OsNramp5	VRKLEFLISMLVFVHAACFFGELSIVKPPAKEVLKGLFIPKLKGNGATADATALLGALVM 23 VRKLEFLISMLVFVHAACFFGELSIVKPPAKEVMKGLFIPRLNGDGATADATALLGALVM 23	39 35
	HvNramp5 OsNramp5	PHNLFLHSALVLSRKTPSSVRGIKDACRFFLYESGFALEVALLINIAVVSVSGTVCFGEN 29 PHNLFLHSALVLSRKTPASVRGIKDGCRFFLYESGFALEVALLINIAVVSVSGTACSSAN 29	99 95
	HvNramp5 OsNramp5	LSAEDIDKCSDLSLDNSSFLLKNVLGRS <u>SSIVYGVALLASGOSSTITGTYAGQ</u> YIMQGFL 3: LSQEDADKCANLSLDTSSFLLKNVLGKSSAIVYGVALLASGQSSTITGTYAGQYIMQGFL 3:	59 55
	HvNramp5 OsNramp5	DIKMKTWLRNI <u>MTRCIAIAPSLVVSIIGGSNGA</u> GRL <u>IIIASMILSFELPFALIPLLKFS</u> 41 DIRMRKWLRNIMTRIIAIAPSLVVSIIGGSRGAGRLIIIASMILSFELPFALIPLLKFS 41	19 15
	HvNramp5 OsNramp5	SSSKMGPHKNSI <u>YIIVFSWILGIMLIGINVYFLS</u> TSFMGWLINSSLPTYAK <u>VLVGVVVCP</u> 4' SKSKMGPHKNSIYIIVFSWFLGLLIGINMYFLSTSFVGWLIHNDLPKYANVLVGAAVFP 4'	79 75
	HvNramp5 OsNramp5	LMLVYLVAVVYLTFRKDTVVTFVADSCKADAEKA-AGGSGEDDDEPVPYREDLADIP 5: FMLVYIVAVVYLTIRKDSVVTFVADSSLAAVVDAEKADAGDLAVDDDEPLPYRDDLADIP 5: **** ******** *** ****	35 35
	HvNramp5 OsNramp5	LPAHSTRDMQ 545 LPR 538 **	





A-B, Relative expression level of *HvNramp5* (A) and *HvIRT1* (B) in the roots. Roots of two HvNramp5 RNAi lines, the homozygous wild type from the RNAi population (RNAi-WT) and wild-type barley (WT, cv. Golden Promise) were sampled for RNA extraction and expression analysis by quantitative RT-PCR. Expression relative to WT is shown. Data are means \pm SD of three biological replicates and different small letter indicates significant difference at p < 0.05 by Tukey's test.



Fig. S3 Concentration of Cu and Zn in the *HvNramp5* RNAi lines at different Mn concentrations

Wild-type (WT) barley (cv. Golden Promise), the homozygous wild type (RNAi-WT) and two homozygous transgenic RNAi lines (RNAi-1, RNAi-2) derived from two independent events were cultivated in a nutrient solution containing 0.1, 0.5 or 1 µM Cd for 14 d. The concentration of Cu (A, B) and Zn (C, D) in the shoots (A, C) and roots (B, D) was determined by ICP-MS. Data are means \pm SD of three biological replicates and different small letter indicates significant difference at p < 0.05 by Tukey's test.





Wild-type (WT) barley (cv. Golden Promise), the homozygous wild type (RNAi-WT) and two homozygous transgenic RNAi lines (RNAi-1, RNAi-2) derived from two independent events were cultivated in a nutrient solution containing 0.1, 0.5 or 1 μ M Cd for 14 d. Dry weight of the roots (A) and shoots (B) was recorded. Concentration of Cu (C, D) and Zn (E, F) in the shoots (C, E) and roots (D, F) was determined by ICP-MS. Data are means \pm SD of three biological replicates and different small letter indicates significant difference at p < 0.05 by Tukey's test.



Fig. S5 Phenotypic analysis of HvNramp5 RNAi lines at different Fe concentrations

Wild-type (WT) barley (cv. Golden Promise), the homozygous wild type (RNAi-WT) and two homozygous transgenic RNAi lines (RNAi-1, RNAi-2) derived from two independent events were cultivated in a nutrient solution containing 0.1, 2 or 10 μ M FeSO₄ for 14 d. Dry weight of the roots (A) and shoots (B) was recorded. Concentration of Fe in the shoots (C) and roots (D) was determined by ICP-MS. Data are means \pm SD of three biological replicates and different small letter indicates significant difference at p < 0.05 by Tukey's test.