

Supporting Information

**Evaluating New Chemistry to Drive Molecular
Discovery: Fit for Purpose?**

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Supporting Information

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1.0 Data mining analysis

Synthetic methodologies from the first issues of *Angew. Chem. Int Ed.* (23 papers) and *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* (6 papers) in 2016 were assessed. The number of variable (het)aryl groups were considered for methodologies where (het)aryls were incorporated (and close to the site of reaction) in the key bond-forming step(s) of the methodology. The full study is shown in Table S1. The results are summarized in Table S2.

entry	Ref.	figure/ scheme/ table	no. (het)aryl examples	no. hetaryl exampl es	hetaryl identity	no. aryl exampl es	substitution patterns of phenyl substituents				Unfunctional- izable hetaryls	Functional- izable hetaryls	functionalizable hetaryl identity	Unfunctional- izable aryls	Functional -izable aryl s	functionalizable aryl identity	total unfunctional- izable	total functional- izable
							unsubstit uted	o-	m-	p-								
1	2016ACI E218; S. Chang	Table 2, R1	5	0		5	1	0	0	4	0		0	0		p-Cl, p-Br, p- OTIPS	2	3
	DOI: 10.1002/a nie.20150 8669	Table 3, R1	5	0		5	1	0	3	1	0		0	0		m-Cl, m-Br, m- OTIPS	2	3
		Table 4	1	0		1	0	0	0	0	1		0	0			1	0
		SUM		11	0		11	2	0	3	5	1		0	0		5	6
2	2016ACI E232; A. B. Smith	Table 2	3	2	2- pyridyl, 2- thiophe nyl	1	1	0	0	0	0		2	0			3	0
	DOI: 10.1002/a nie.20150 9342	SUM	3	2		1	1	0	0	0	0		2	0			3	0
3	2016ACI E237; Z- Q. Liu	Table 2, R	16	3	2-furyl, 3- benzofu ryl, 2- thiophe nyl	13	1	2	2	5	3		3	0		p-Cl, p-Br	14	2
	DOI: 10.1002/a nie.20150 9537	Table 3, R	5	0		5	1	0	0	4	0		0	0		p-Cl	4	1
		SUM		21	3		18	2	2	2	9	3		3	0		18	3
4	2016ACI E254, G. A. Molander	Scheme 3	11	3	2- benzoth iophenyl , coumeri n-yl, 5-pyrimi dyl	8	0	0	1	7	0		2	1	CN (on coumarin)	p-CN, p-(NHAc), p-CO2Me, p-CHO, m-(COMe), p-(SO2NH2), p-OH	3	8

	DOI: 10.1002/a nie.20150 6147	Scheme 4 and 5	13	3	2- thiophe nyl, 2-imida zyl, 2-pyrimi dyl	10	0	0	5	5	0	2	1	4-thiophenyl- SO ₂ NH ₂	4	6	m-(COCH ₃), p-CN, m-CN, p-(Bpin), m-OH, m-B(OH) ₂ ,	6	7
		SUM	24	6		18	0	0	6	12	0	4	2		5	13		9	15
5	2016ACI E264, L. Ackerma nn	Scheme 1	11	0		11	1	5	2	3	0	0	0		9	2	o-Cl, o-NO ₂	9	2
	DOI: 10.1002/a nie.20150 7801	Scheme 2	10	0		10	0	3	1	3	3	0	0		9	1	p-Cl	9	1
		Scheme 3	7	0		7	1	3	1	0	2	0	0		5	2	[p-Br,o-Me], o-I	5	2
		SUM	28	0		28	2	11	4	6	5	0	0		23	5		23	5
6	2016ACI E268, A. T. Biju	Scheme 1, R	11	1	2-furyl	10	1	1	1	6	1	1	0		7	3	p-Cl, p-NO ₂ , m-Br	8	3
	DOI: 10.1002/a nie.20150 7802	Scheme 2, R1	7	0		7	1	1	0	5	0	0	0		5	2	p-Br, p-NO ₂	5	2
		Scheme 2, R2	5	0		5	1	0	0	4	0	0	0		4	1	p-Br	4	1
		SUM	23	1		22	3	2	1	15	1	1	0		16	6		17	6
7	2016ACI E273, J. Wang	Scheme 2, Ar1/Ar2	9	0		9	1	2	1	5	0	0	0		8	1	p-Cl	8	1
	DOI: 10.1002/a nie.20150 9711	Scheme 3, R	5	0		5	1	0	0	3	1	0	0		4	1	p-Cl	4	1
		Scheme 4, Ar	4	0		4	0	0	1	2	1	0	0		3	1	[o-Br,p-Cl]	3	1
		SUM	18	0		18	2	2	2	10	2	0	0		15	3		15	3
8	2016ACI E278, T. Shishido	Table 2 Ar	9	0		9	1	0	1	4	3	0	0		9	0		9	0
	DOI:	Table 2	5	1	3-	4	1	0	0	2	1	1	0		4	0		5	0

	10.1002/a nie.20150 7814	R/R'		1	thiophe nyl	13	2	0	1	6	4	1	0		13	0		14	0
		SUM	14	1		13	2	0	1	6	4	1	0		13	0		14	0
9	2016ACI E307, G- J. Deng	Table 1, R	22	2	2-furyl, 2- thiophe nyl	20	1	2	5	10	2	2	0		10	10	p-Cl, p-Br, p-I, p- NO2, m-Cl, m- Br, m-NO2, o-Cl, o-NO2, [m-Cl,p-Cl]	12	10
	DOI: 10.1002/a nie.20150 8076	Scheme 2, R1	5	5	indolyl	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	2	6-Cl, 6-Br	0	0		3	2
		Scheme 2, R2	11	2	2- thiophe nyl, 2-indolyl	9	1	1	3	4	0	2	0		6	3	p-Br, m-Cl, o-Cl	8	3
		SUM	38	9		29	2	3	8	14	2	7	2		16	13		23	15
10	2016ACI E317, A. J. Grenning	Scheme 2	1	0		1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0		1	0		1	0
	DOI: 10.1002/a nie.20150 8100	Scheme 3	3	0		3	0	0	0	1	2	0	0		2	1	p-Cl	2	1
		Scheme 6	10	0		10	0	2	2	3	3	0	0		8	2	o-Cl, p-Cl	8	2
		SUM	14	0		14	0	2	2	5	5	0	0		11	3		11	3
11	2016ACI E321, D. Ma	Scheme 2, indole component	21	21	indolyl	0	0	0	0	0	0	14	7	[protected OH: 5-OBn or 5- OCOtBu], 5-Br, 5-Cl, 5-CN, 6- OBn, 6-Br, 6-Cl	0	0		14	7
	DOI: 10.1002/a nie.20150 8117	SUM	21	21	indolyl	0	0	0	0	0	0	14	7		0	0		14	7
12	2016ACI E326, J. T. Reeves	Table 4	16	2	3- pyridyl, 5-indolyl	14	1	1	3	7	2	2	0		10	4	p-Cl, p-Br, m-(COCH3), m-CO2Me	12	4
	DOI:	SUM	16	2	3-	14	1	1	3	7	2	2	0		10	4		12	4

	10.1002/a nie.20150 8122				pyridyl, 5- indolyl														
13	2016ACI E331, H. Yan	Table 2, R1	11	2	2-furyl, 3- thiophe nyl	9	1	1	0	5	2	2	0		8	1	p-Cl	10	1
	DOI: 10.1002/a nie.20150 8127	Table 3, R3	4	1	3- thiophe nyl	3	0	0	0	3	0	0	1	2,4,- dichlorothiophen yl	2	1	p-Cl	2	2
		SUM	15	3		12	1	1	0	8	2	2	1		10	2		12	3
14	2016ACI E336, N. Yoshikai	Scheme 1, R1	1	0		1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0		1	0		1	0
	DOI: 10.1002/a nie.20150 8262	Scheme 1, R2	6	0		6	1	0	1	4	0	0	0		5	1	p-TMS	5	1
		Scheme 2, R1/R2	7	1	2- thiophe nyl	6	1	1	1	3	0	1	0		5	1	p-Cl	6	1
		SUM	14	1		13	3	1	2	7	0	1	0		11	2		12	2
15	2016ACI E341, S. Ogoshi	Table 1, R1	6	0		6	1	0	0	4	1	0	0		5	1	p-Cl	5	1
	DOI: 10.1002/a nie.20150 8266	Table 1, R2	13	1	2- thiophe nyl	12	0	0	0	8	4	1	0		8	4	p-CO2Me, p-Br, p-(Bpin), p-CH(OEt)2	9	4
		SUM	19	1		18	1	0	0	12	5	1	0		13	5		14	5
16	2016ACI E345, Y. Yang	Table 1	1	0		1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0		1	0		1	0
		Scheme 2	4	0		4	0	0	0	0	4	0	0		4	0		4	0
	DOI: 10.1002/a nie.20150 8294	Scheme 3, R2	4	0		4	1	0	1	0	2	0	0		4	0		4	0
		SUM	9	0		9	1	0	1	0	7	0	0		9	0		9	0
17	2016ACI E350, N.	Table 2, Ar	8	0		8	1	0	2	5	0	0	0		6	2	p-Cl, p-Br	6	2

	Jiao																		
	DOI: 10.1002/a nie.20150 8347	Table 3, R	9	0	9	1	1	2	4	1	0	0		7	2	p-Cl, p-Br	7	2	
		Table 4, Ar	7	0	7	1	0	2	4	0	0	0		5	2	p-Cl, p-Br	5	2	
		SUM	24	0	24	3	1	6	13	1	0	0		18	6		18	6	
18	2016ACI E359, N. Shibata	Table 2	8	0	8	1	1	1	4	1	0	0		6	2	p-Br, p-NO2	6	2	
	DOI: 10.1002/a nie.20150 8574	SUM	8	0	8	1	1	1	4	1	0	0		6	2		6	2	
19	2016ACI E373, P. N. Liu	Scheme 2, R1	8	0	8	1	0	1	5	1	0	0		7	1	p-Cl	7	1	
	DOI: 10.1002/a nie.20150 8914	Scheme 2, R2/R3	9	0	9	1	0	2	6	0	0	0		7	2	p-Cl, m-Cl	7	2	
		Scheme 3, R1	8	1	3- thiophe nyl	7	1	0	1	5	0	1	0	6	1	p-Cl	7	1	
		Scheme 3, R2/R3	9	0		9	1	0	2	6	0	0	7	2	p-Cl, m-Cl	7	2		
		SUM	34	1	33	4	0	6	22	1	1	0		27	6		28	6	
20	2016ACI E387, M. Beller	Table 1	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	0		2	0		2	0	
	DOI: 10.1002/a nie.20150 8575	Table 1, R'	2	0	2	1	0	0	1	0	0	0		1	1	p-Cl	1	1	
		Scheme 2, R	7	0	7	0	0	0	0	7	0	0		5	2	5-Br, 5-NH2	5	2	
		Scheme 4, R	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0		1	0		1	0	
		Scheme 5	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0		1	0		1	0	
		Scheme 6	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0		1	0		1	0	
		Scheme 6, R"	2	0	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0		2	0		2	0	

			SUM	16	0	16	3	1	0	1	11	0	0		13	3		13	3
21	2016ACI E404, P. Knochel	Scheme 3		1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0		1	0		1	0
	DOI: 10.1002/anie.201508719	Table 1		4	0	4	0	0	3	0	1	0	0		2	2	m-CN, [o-Cl,p-Cl]	2	2
		Scheme 4		1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0		0	1	[o-Ph,p-Br]	0	1
		Scheme 5		1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0		0	1	[o-Me,p-Br]	0	1
		Scheme 7		1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0		1	0		1	0
		SUM		8	0	8	0	0	4	0	4	0	0		4	4		4	4
22	2016ACI E413, K. Muniz	Figure 4		24	0	24	1	3	4	11	5	0	0		18	6	o-Cl, o-Br, p-Cl, p-Br, [o-F,p-Br], [o-F,m-Cl]	18	6
	DOI: 10.1002/anie.201507180	SUM		24	0	24	1	3	4	11	5	0	0		18	6		18	6
23	2016ACI E427, R. Wolf	Table 1		23	0	23	6	5	0	12	0	0	0		16	7	[Et,p-Br], [Me,p-Cl], [Me,p-Br], [CH2OH,p-Cl], [CH2OH,p-Br], [CH2OH,p-NO2], [CH2OH,p-CO2Me]	16	7
	DOI: 10.1002/anie.201507170	SUM		23	0	23	6	5	0	12	0	0	0		16	7		16	7
24	2016JACS44, M. P. Doyle	Table 1, R1		7	1	2-furyl	6	1	0	1	3	1	1		4	2	p-Cl, m-Cl	5	2
	DOI: 10.1021/jacs.5b10860	Table 1, R2		3	0		3	1	0	1	1	0	0		1	2	p-CO2Et, m-Br	1	2
		Scheme 2, R1		3	0		3	1	0	0	1	1	0		2	1	p-Cl	2	1
		Scheme 2, R2		2	0		2	1	0	0	1	0	0		1	1	p-CO2Et	1	1

			SUM	15	1	14	4	0	2	6	2	1	0	8	6		9	6
25	2016JAC S84, B. Chattopadhyay	Table 2	20	0	20	0	4	4	8	4	0	0	0	14	6	p-Cl, p-CN, p-CO2Et, m-Br, o-Br, o-Bpin	14	6
	DOI: 10.1021/jacs.5b11683	Table 5	16	0	16	0	4	5	6	1	0	0	0	7	9	p-Cl, p-CN, (p-OH, p-OBoc, p-OBn), o-Cl, o-Br, o-Bpin, m-Br, m-Cl, m-CN	7	9
		SUM	36	0	36	0	8	9	14	5	0	0	0	21	15		21	15
26	2016JAC S112, L. Deng	Table 2, Ar	7	1	2-thiophenyl	6	1	1	0	4	0	1	0	4	2	p-Cl, p-Br	5	2
	DOI: 10.1021/jacs.5b12522	SUM	7	1	6	1	1	0	4	0	1	0	4	2			5	2
27	2016JAC S265, Y. Lan, Y. Lu	Table 3, R	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0		1	0
	DOI: 10.1021/jacs.5b10524	Table 5, Ar	3	0	3	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	3	0		3	0
		SUM	4	0	4	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	4	0		4	0
28	2016JAC S369, G. Dong	Table 3	7	0	7	0	0	0	0	7	0	0	0	5	2	[CO2Me], [Cl]	5	2
	DOI: 10.1021/jacs.5b11120	SUM	7	0	7	0	0	0	0	7	0	0	0	5	2		5	2
29	2016JAC S416, J. Zhou	Scheme 2, R	4	0	4	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	2	2	m-Cl, p-Cl	2	2
	DOI: 10.1021/jacs.5b11476	Scheme 3, R1	6	1	2-thiophenyl	5	1	1	2	1	0	1	0	4	1	p-Cl	5	1

SUM

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Table S1. Data mining study (full).

entry	reference	no. (het)aryl examples	no. hetaryl examples	no. aryl examples	substitution patterns of phenyl substituents					unfunctionalizable hetaryls	functionalizable hetaryls	unfunctionalizable aryls	functionalizable aryls	total unfunctionalizable	total functionalizable
					unsubstituted	o-	m-	p-	complex						
1	2016ACIE218; S. Chang	11	0	11	2	0	3	5	1	0	0	5	6	5	6
2	2016ACIE232; A. B. Smith	3	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	3	0
3	2016ACIE237; Z-Q. Liu	21	3	18	2	2	2	9	3	3	0	15	3	18	3
4	2016ACIE254, G. A. Molander	24	6	18	0	0	6	12	0	4	2	5	13	9	15
5	2016ACIE264, L. Ackermann	28	0	28	2	11	4	6	5	0	0	23	5	23	5
6	2016ACIE268, A. T. Biju	23	1	22	3	2	1	15	1	1	0	16	6	17	6
7	2016ACIE273, J. Wang	18	0	18	2	2	2	10	2	0	0	15	3	15	3
8	2016ACIE278, T. Shishido	14	1	13	2	0	1	6	4	1	0	13	0	14	0
9	2016ACIE307, G-J. Deng	38	9	29	2	3	8	14	2	7	2	16	13	23	15
10	2016ACIE317, A. J. Grenning	14	0	14	0	2	2	5	5	0	0	11	3	11	3
11	2016ACIE321, D. Ma	21	21	0	0	0	0	0	0	14	7	0	0	14	7
12	2016ACIE326, J. T. Reeves	16	2	14	1	1	3	7	2	2	0	10	4	12	4
13	2016ACIE331, H. Yan	15	3	12	1	1	0	8	2	2	1	10	2	12	3
14	2016ACIE336, N. Yoshikai	14	1	13	3	1	2	7	0	1	0	11	2	12	2
15	2016ACIE341, S. Ogoshi	19	1	18	1	0	0	12	5	1	0	13	5	14	5
16	2016ACIE345, Y. Yang	9	0	9	1	0	1	0	7	0	0	9	0	9	0
17	2016ACIE350, N. Jiao	24	0	24	3	1	6	13	1	0	0	18	6	18	6
18	2016ACIE359, N. Shibata	8	0	8	1	1	1	4	1	0	0	6	2	6	2
19	2016ACIE373, P. N. Liu	34	1	33	4	0	6	22	1	1	0	27	6	28	6
20	2016ACIE387, M. Beller	16	0	16	3	1	0	1	11	0	0	13	3	13	3
21	2016ACIE404, P. Knochel	8	0	8	0	0	4	0	4	0	0	4	4	4	4
22	2016ACIE413, K. Muniz	24	0	24	1	3	4	11	5	0	0	18	6	18	6
23	2016ACIE427, R. Wolf	23	0	23	6	5	0	12	0	0	0	16	7	16	7
24	2016JACS44, M. P. Doyle	15	1	14	4	0	2	6	2	1	0	8	6	9	6
25	2016JACS84, B. Chattopadhyay	36	0	36	0	8	9	14	5	0	0	21	15	21	15
26	2016JACS112, L. Deng	7	1	6	1	1	0	4	0	1	0	4	2	5	2
27	2016JACS265, Y. Lan, Y. Lu	4	0	4	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	4	0	4	0
28	2016JACS369, G. Dong	7	0	7	0	0	0	0	7	0	0	5	2	5	2
29	2016JACS416, J. Zhou	10	1	9	2	1	3	2	1	1	0	6	3	7	3
SUM		504	54	450	50	46	70	205	79	42	12	323	127	365	139

Table S2. Data mining study (summary).

2.0 Virtual library enumeration using LLAMA

LLAMA (Lead Likeness And Molecular Analysis, <https://llama.leeds.ac.uk>) is an open-access, web based tool which may be used to decorate and analyse molecular scaffolds. Decoration is performed using a suite of pharmaceutically relevant chemical reactions and reactants to produce a virtual library of final compounds. A list of the reactants used to decorate scaffolds is given in Section 2.1 (Figure S1). Reactions that may be used in LLAMA to decorate scaffolds include: reductive amination, Suzuki coupling, Buchwald-Hartwig amination, sulfonamide formation, urea formation, alcohol alkylation, carbamate formation, secondary amide alkylation, secondary amide arylation, amide formation, alcohol arylation, urea alkylation, urea arylation (see <https://llama.leeds.ac.uk> for full details of these transformations). LLAMA calculates key molecular properties for the virtual compound libraries generated, such as AlogP, molecular weight, no. heavy atoms *etc.* In addition, low energy conformers are determined for each derivative.

For each study detailed in this paper the relevant SDF files were exported from LLAMA after virtual decoration of the scaffolds, Dotmatics Vortex (Vortex v2015.12.46651) was then used to prepare the charts.

2.1 LLAMA Standard Capping Groups (LSCGs)

Below are listed the 44 standard capping groups used by LLAMA to decorate scaffolds (Figure S1).

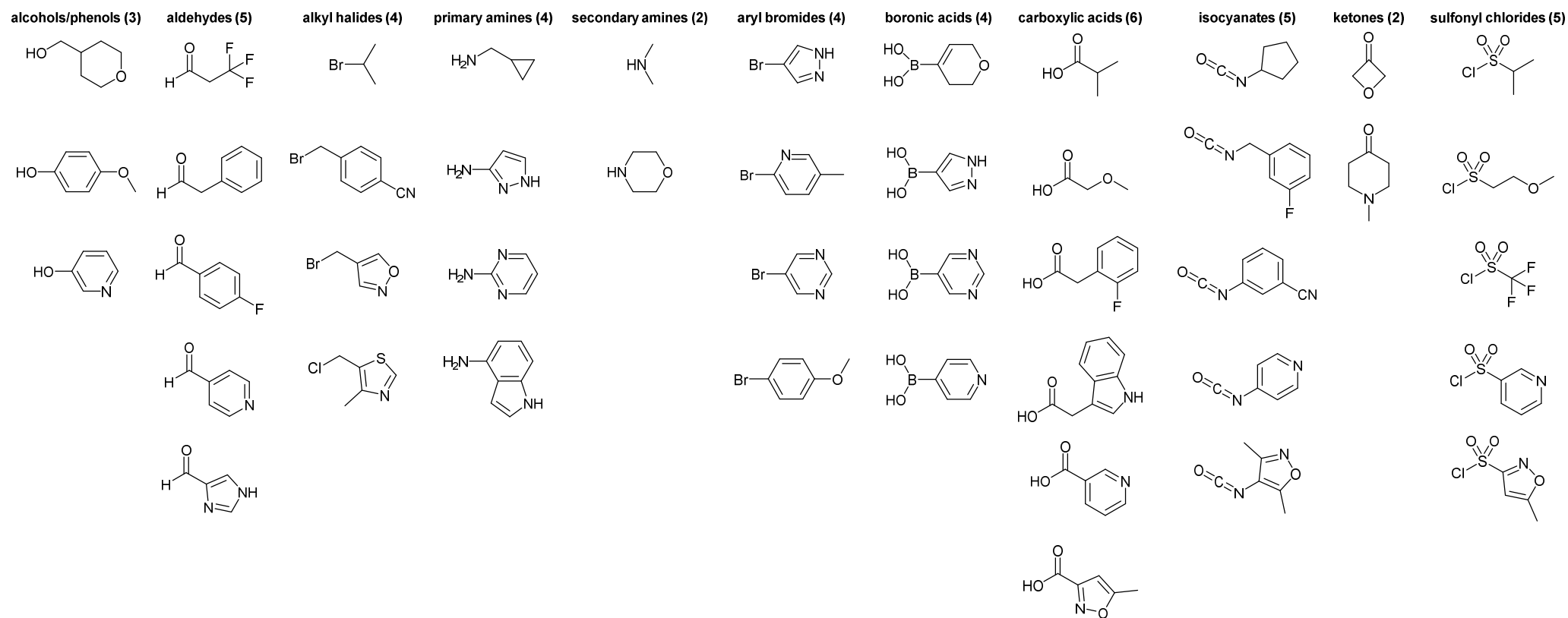


Figure S1. Standard capping reagents exploited by LLAMA for the enumeration of virtual compound libraries.

2.2 Analysis of Willis' methodology

As summarized in Figure S2, organometallic reagents (Figure S3) and amines (Figure S4) were subjected to the connective reaction to give sulfonamides. The reagents are known examples that were selected from Willis' paper.^[1] The molecular properties were assessed using LLAMA (Figure 1 [Manuscript]). A PMI plot of low-lying conformers for each compound is shown in Figure S5.

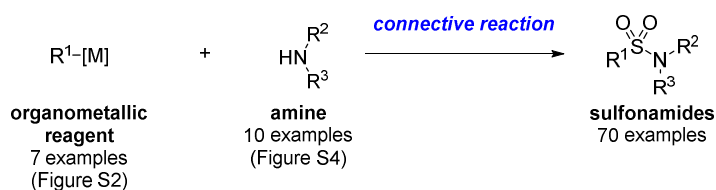


Figure S2. An overview of the chemical transformation delivered using Willis' connective reaction. $[M]$ = Grignard/organolithium/organozinc reagent.

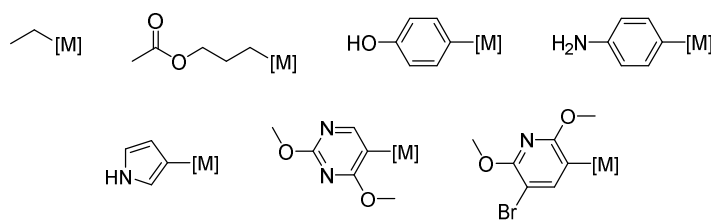


Figure S3. Organometallic reagents used in the analysis of Willis' methodology.

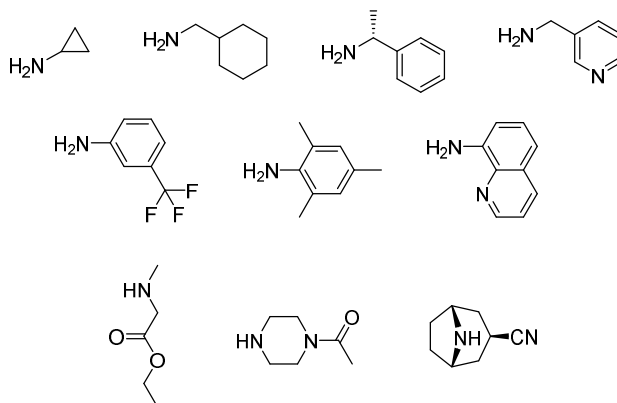


Figure S4. Amines used in the analysis of Willis' methodology.

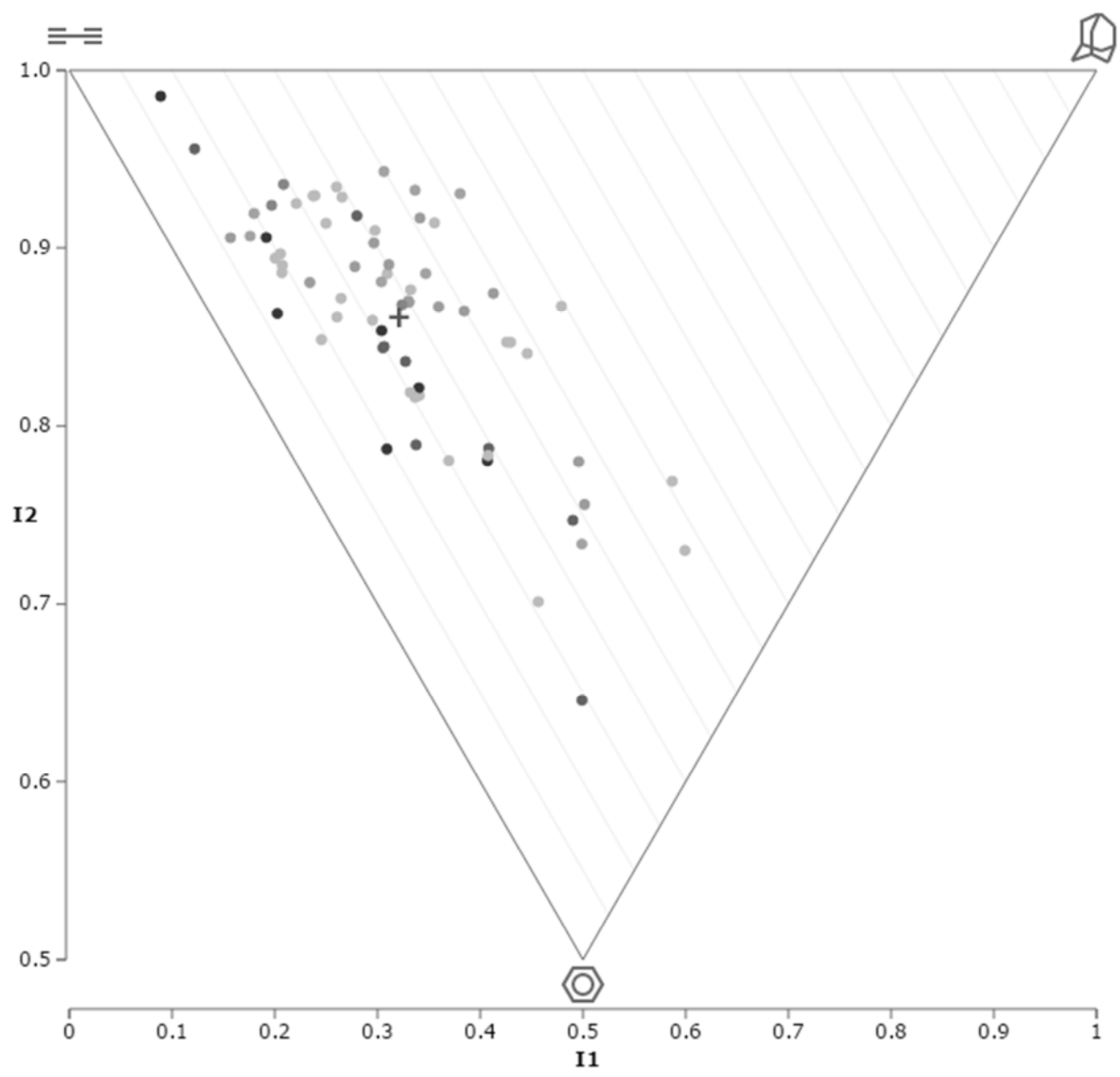


Figure S5. A PMI plot of the 70 virtual compounds generated by the process shown in Figure S2 (mean PMI coordinates: $I1 = 0.321$, $I2 = 0.861$ [denoted by +]).

2.3 Analysis of aminoarylation-derived scaffolds 1a-f

As summarized in Figure S6, the Boc-groups from compounds **1a-f** were virtually removed, and the resulting scaffolds **S1a-f** were decorated once using the Standard LLAMA Capping Groups (SLCGs, Figure S1). The following reaction types were enabled in LLAMA: reductive amination, Buchwald-Hartwig amination, sulfonamide formation, urea formation and amide formation. For each scaffold **S1a-f**, the average AlogP and number of heavy atoms of the derivatives were calculated (Table S3; Figure 2 [Manuscript]). Individual molecular property plots (AlogP versus number of Heavy Atoms) for compounds derived from scaffolds **S1a-f** are shown in Figure S7.

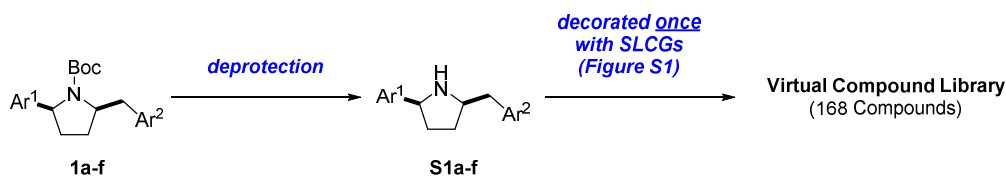


Figure S6. An overview of the decoration process for aminoarylation-derived scaffolds **1a-f**.

Scaffold	No. Derivatives	μ AlogP	σ AlogP	μ HA	σ HA
1a	26	3.46	0.87	25.77	1.99
1b	26	4.50	0.83	25.77	1.99
1c	32	3.83	0.82	28.28	2.26
1d	26	4.13	0.77	29.77	1.99
1e	26	1.55	0.69	25.77	1.99
1f	32	2.79	0.82	28.28	2.26

Table S3. Average molecular properties for the 168 derivative compounds with respect to the parent scaffold (values calculated using Dotmatics Vortex). This information was used to plot Figure 2 (manuscript).

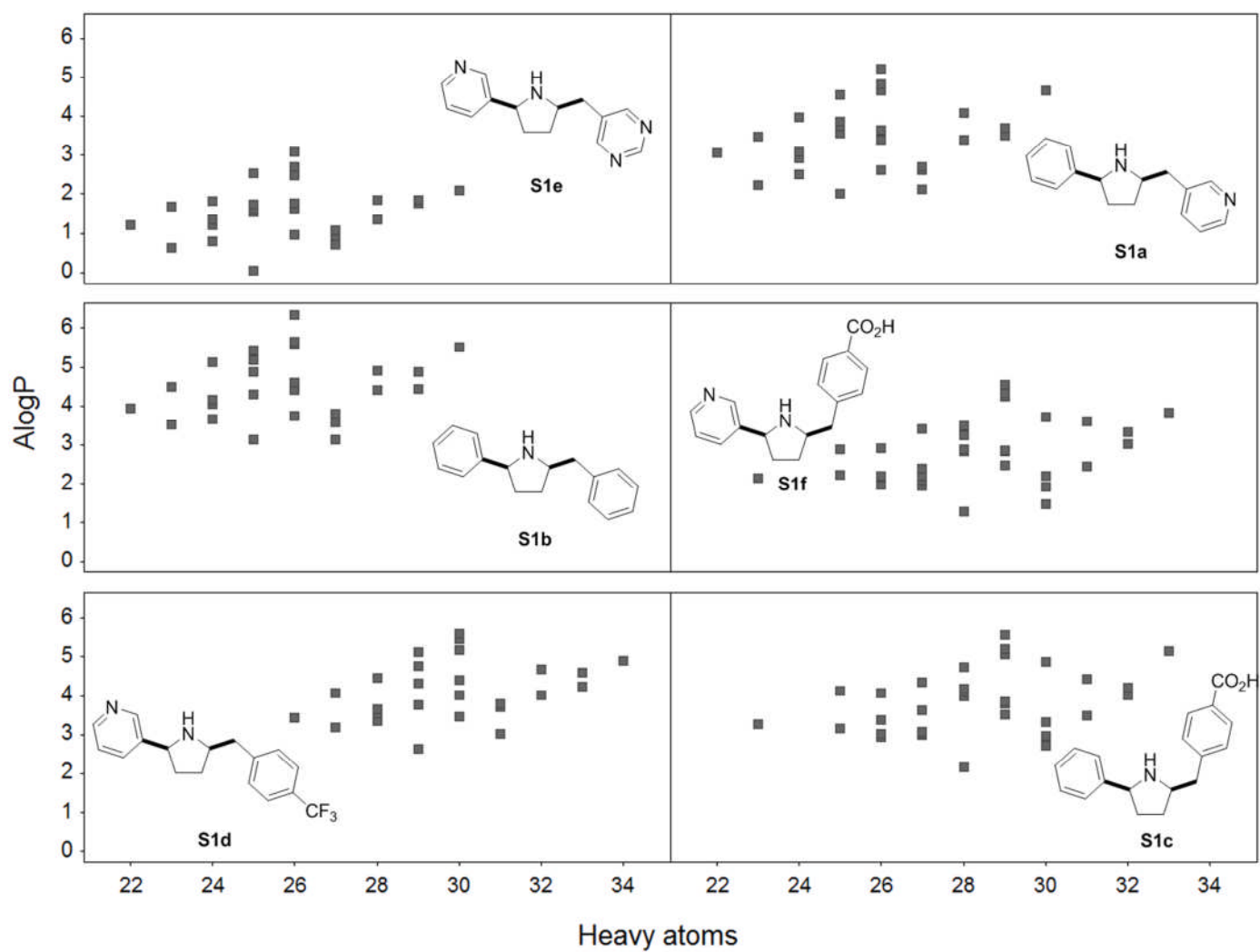


Figure S7. Molecular property analyses of the 168 derivatives (generated by the process shown in Figure S6) with respect to the parent scaffolds **S1a-f**.

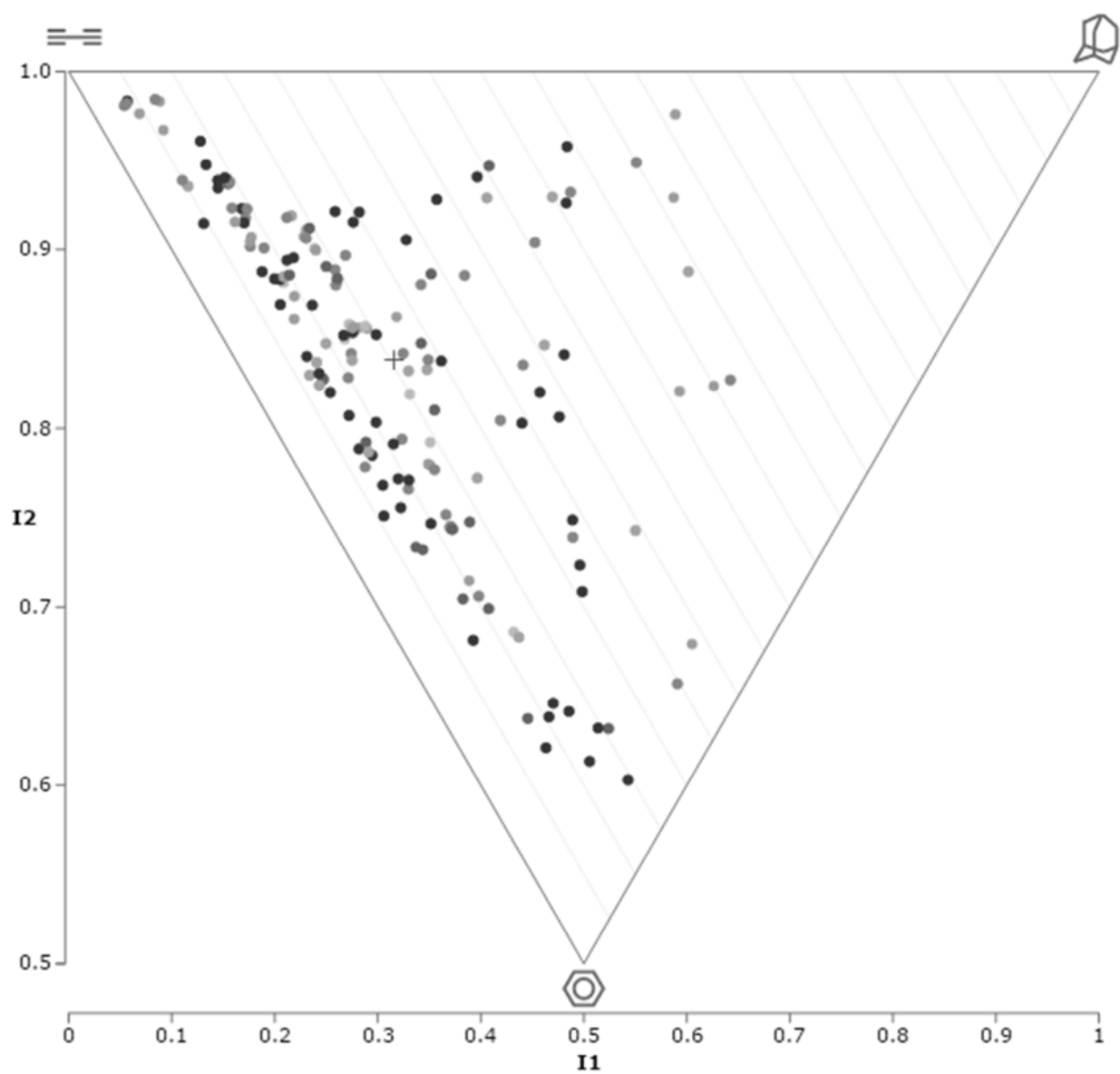


Figure S8. A PMI plot of the 168 virtual compounds generated by the process shown in Figure S6 (mean PMI coordinates: $I1 = 0.316$, $I2 = 0.838$ [denoted by +]).

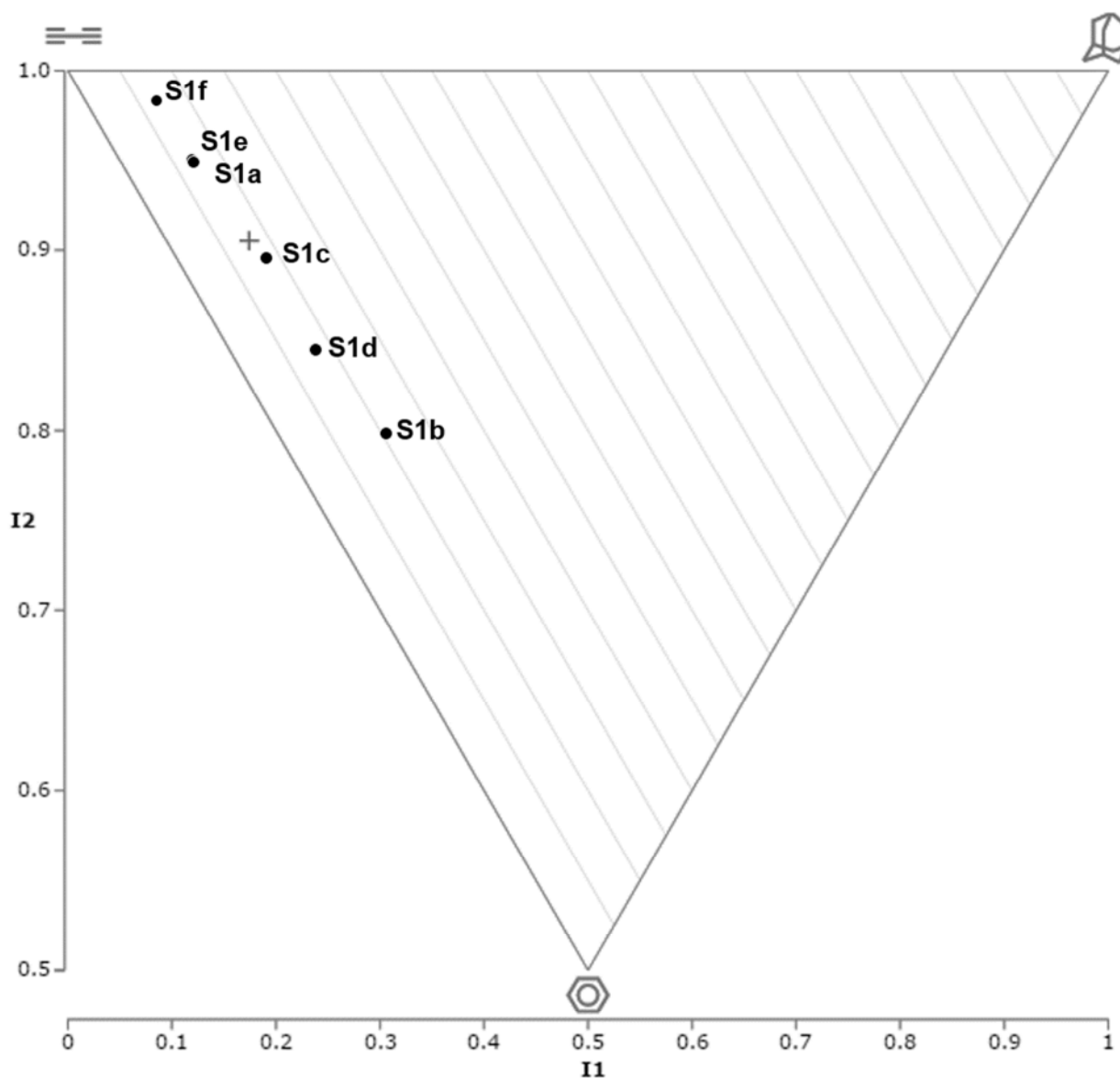


Figure S9 A PMI plot of scaffolds **S1a-f** before decoration (mean PMI coordinates: $I1 = 0.174$, $I2 = 0.905$ [denoted by +]).

2.4 Analysis of SnAP-derived scaffolds **3b-j**

As summarized in Figure S10, any Boc-groups from compounds **3b-j** were virtually removed, and the resulting scaffolds **S3b-f** were decorated once using the Standard LLAMA Capping Groups (SLCGs, Figure S1). The following reaction types were enabled in LLAMA: reductive amination, Suzuki coupling, Buchwald-Hartwig amination, sulfonamide formation, urea formation, alcohol alkylation, carbamate formation, secondary amide alkylation, secondary amide arylation, amide formation, alcohol arylation. For each scaffold **S3b-j** the average AlogP and number of heavy atoms were calculated for the derived compounds (Table S4, Figure 3 [Manuscript]). Individual molecular property plots (AlogP versus number of Heavy Atoms) for compounds derived from scaffolds **S3b-j** are shown in Figure S11. A PMI plot of low-lying conformers for the 409 compounds derived through virtual decoration of scaffolds **S3b-j** is shown in Figure S12.

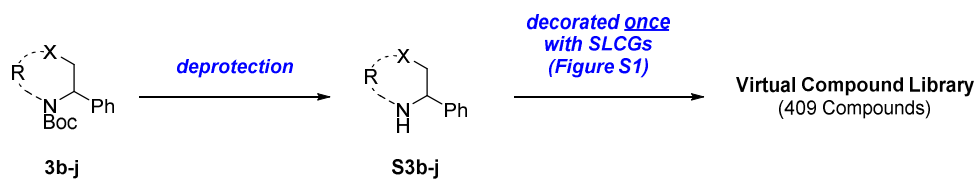


Figure S10. An overview of the decoration process for aminoarylation-derived scaffolds **3b-j**.

Scaffold	No. Derivatives	μ AlogP	σ AlogP	μ HA	σ HA
S3b	52	1.62	0.70	19.77	1.97
S3c	26	2.38	0.79	20.77	1.99
S3d	52	1.75	0.73	24.77	1.97
S3e	26	3.49	0.80	24.77	1.99
S3f	52	1.44	0.69	22.77	1.97
S3g	26	1.62	0.65	22.77	1.99
S3h	45	3.13	0.88	24.96	1.99
S3i	52	1.90	0.71	20.77	1.97
S3j	78	1.19	0.71	24.77	1.96

Table S4. Average molecular properties for the 409 derivative compounds generated in Figure S10 with respect to the parent scaffold (values calculated using Dotmatics Vortex).

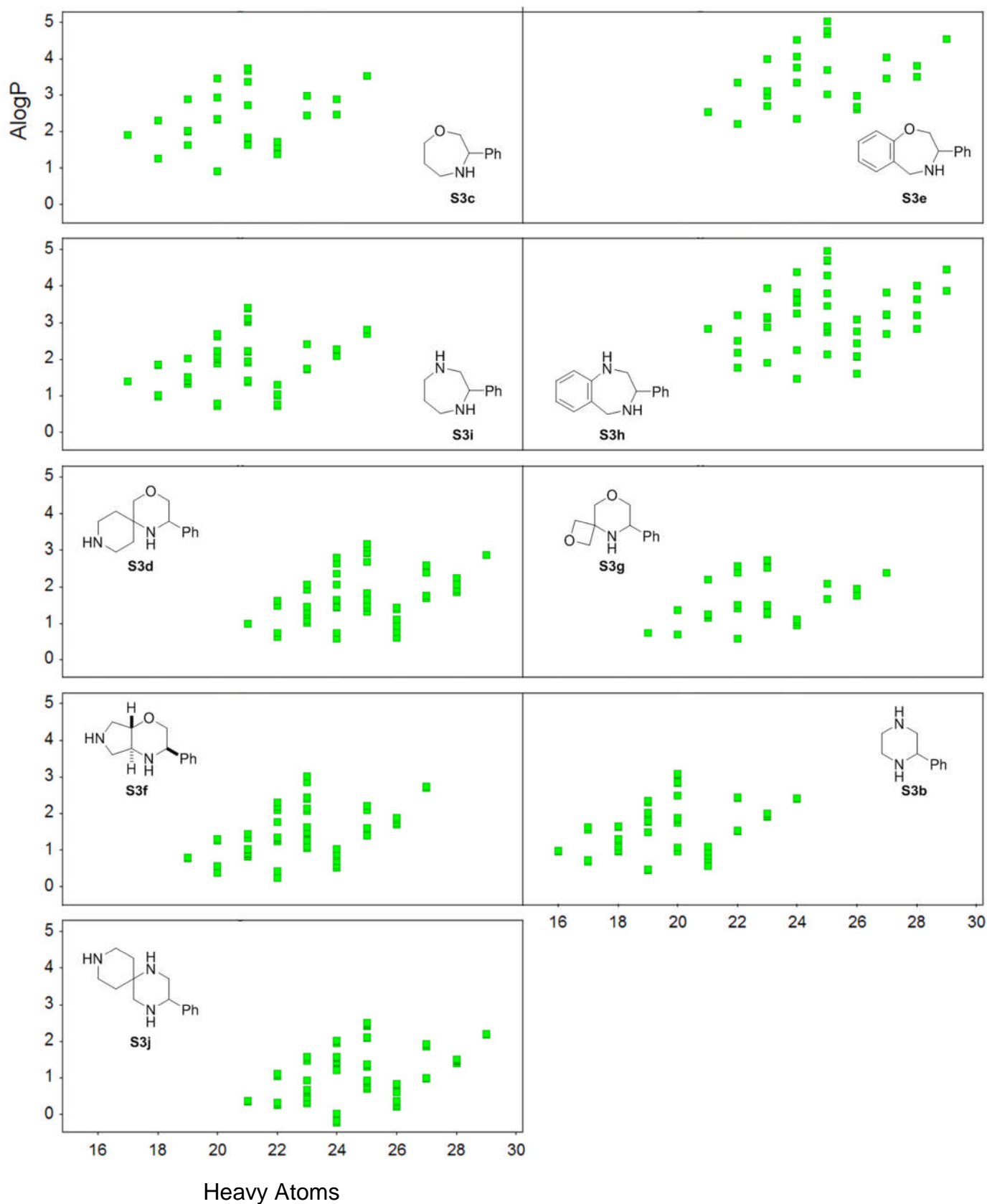


Figure S11. Molecular property analyses of the 409 virtual compounds derived through decoration of scaffolds **S3b-j** (Figure S10).

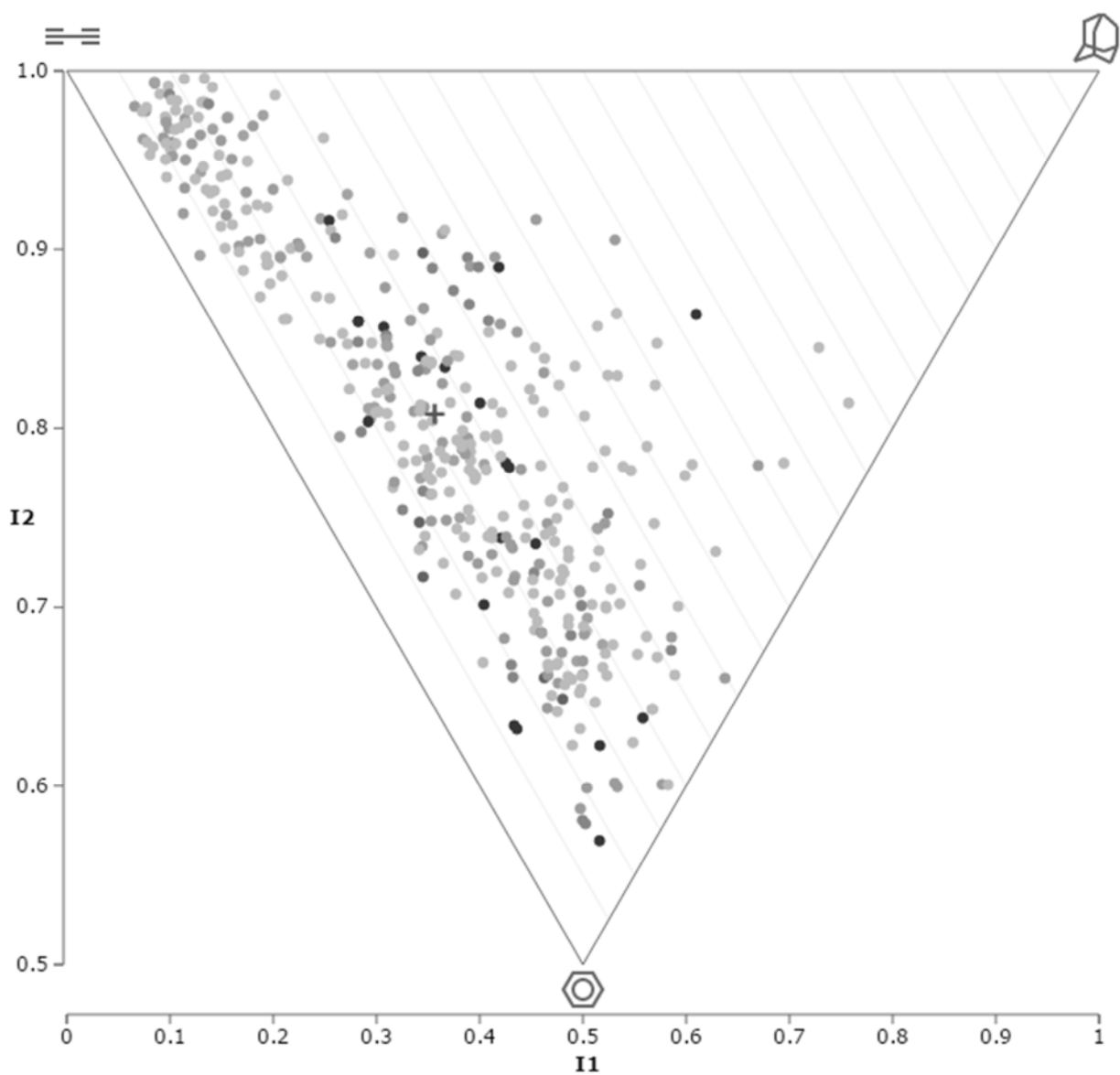


Figure S12. A PMI plot of the 409 virtual compounds generated by the process shown in Figure S10 (mean PMI coordinates: $I_1 = 0.356$, $I_2 = 0.808$ [denoted by +]).

2.5 Analysis of azetidine-based Scaffolds 4-11

As summarized in Figure S13, scaffolds **4-11** (Figure S14) were decorated once using the Standard LLAMA Capping Groups (SLCGs, Figure S1). The following reaction types were enabled in LLAMA: reductive amination, Suzuki coupling, Buchwald-Hartwig amination, sulfonamide formation, urea formation, alcohol alkylation, carbamate formation, secondary amide alkylation, secondary amide arylation, amide formation, alcohol arylation. For each scaffold **4-11** the average AlogP and number of heavy atoms were calculated for the derived compounds (Table S5, Figure 4 [Manuscript]). Individual molecular property plots (AlogP versus number of Heavy Atoms) for compounds derived from scaffolds **4-11** are shown in Figure S15. A PMI plot of low-lying conformers for the 1210 compounds derived through virtual decoration of scaffolds **4-11** is shown in Figure S16, whilst individual plots for each scaffold are shown in Figure S17.

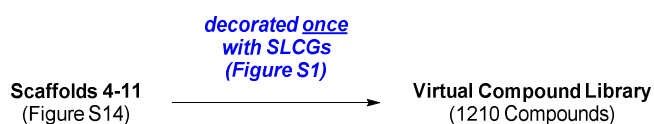


Figure S13. An overview of the decoration process for the azetidine-based scaffolds **4-11**.

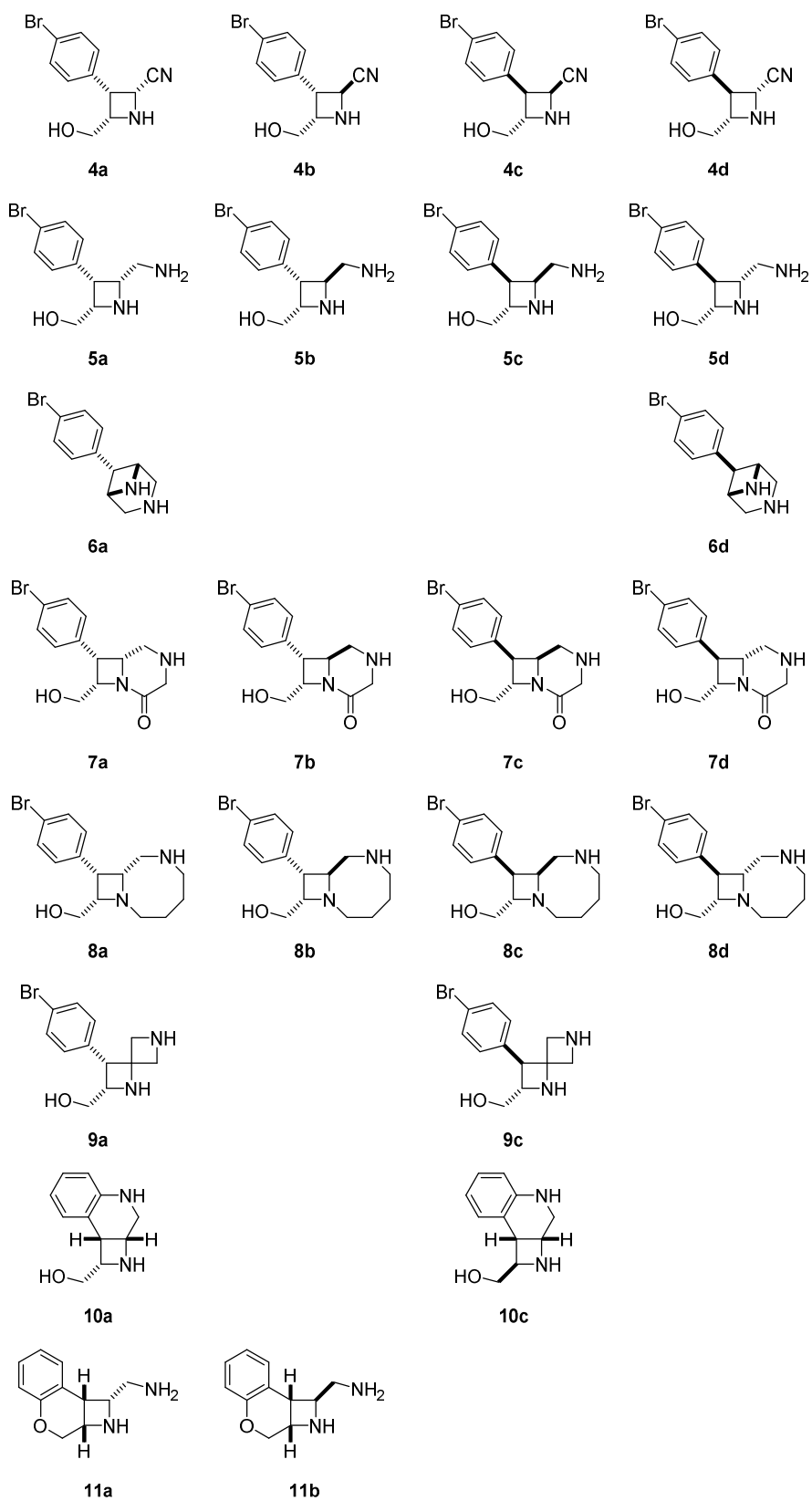


Figure S14. Azetidines-based scaffolds 4-11 included in the decoration process.

Scaffolds	No. Derivatives	μ AlogP	σ AlogP	μ HA	σ HA
4a-d	160	2.14	0.79	22.55	2.19
5a-d	264	1.45	0.83	22.64	2.10
6a,d	114	2.09	0.81	21.54	2.03
7a-d	160	1.65	0.77	25.55	2.19
8a-d	160	2.68	0.85	26.55	2.19
9a,c	132	1.51	0.74	23.64	2.10
10a,c	116	1.31	0.80	21.90	2.05
11a-b	104	1.15	0.76	21.77	1.96

Table S5. Average molecular properties for the 1210 derivative compounds generated by the process shown in Figure S13 with respect to parent scaffolds 4-11 (values calculated using Dotmatics Vortex).

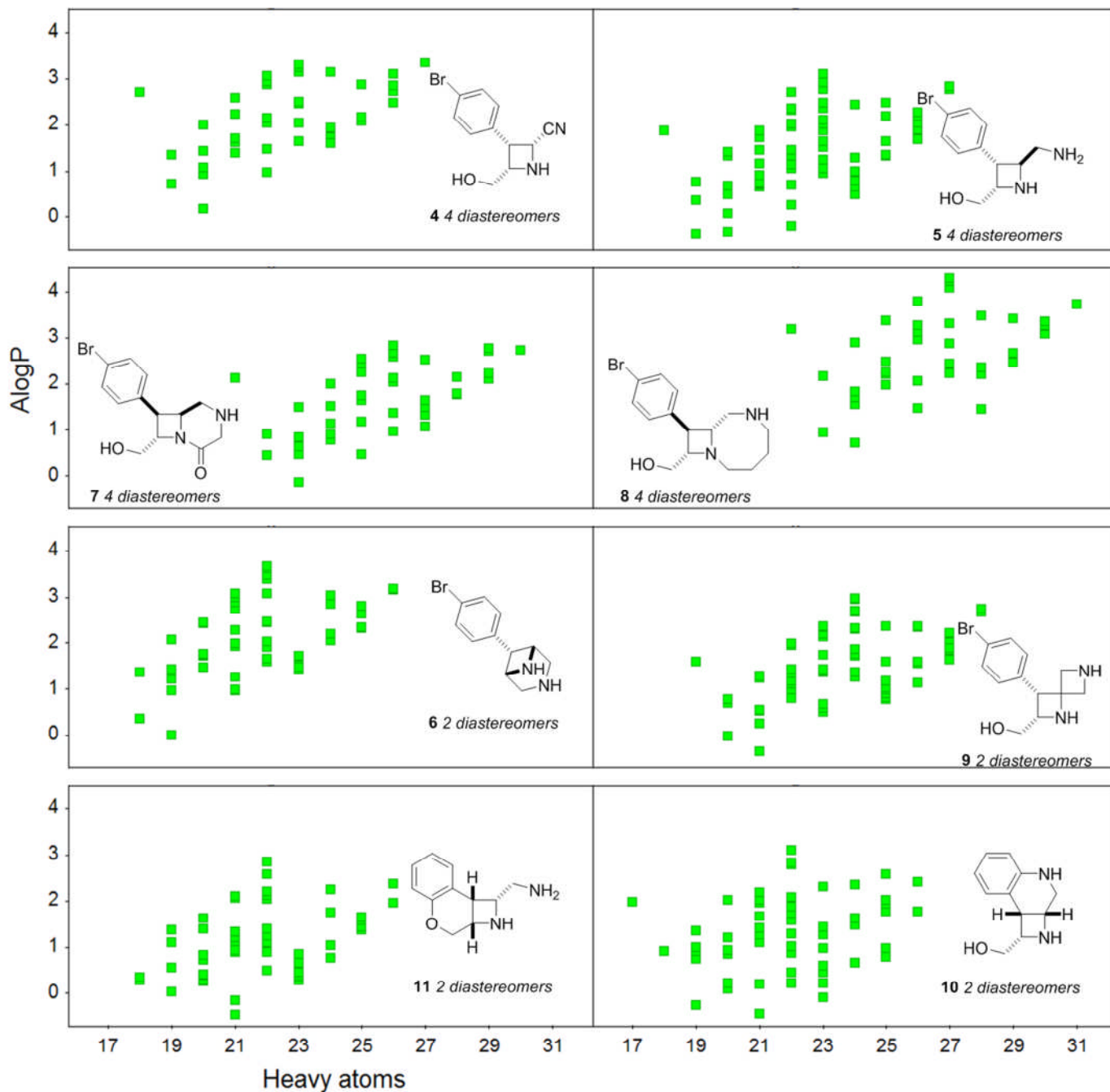


Figure S15. Molecular property analyses of the 1210 virtual compounds derived through decoration of scaffolds 4-11 (Figure S14).

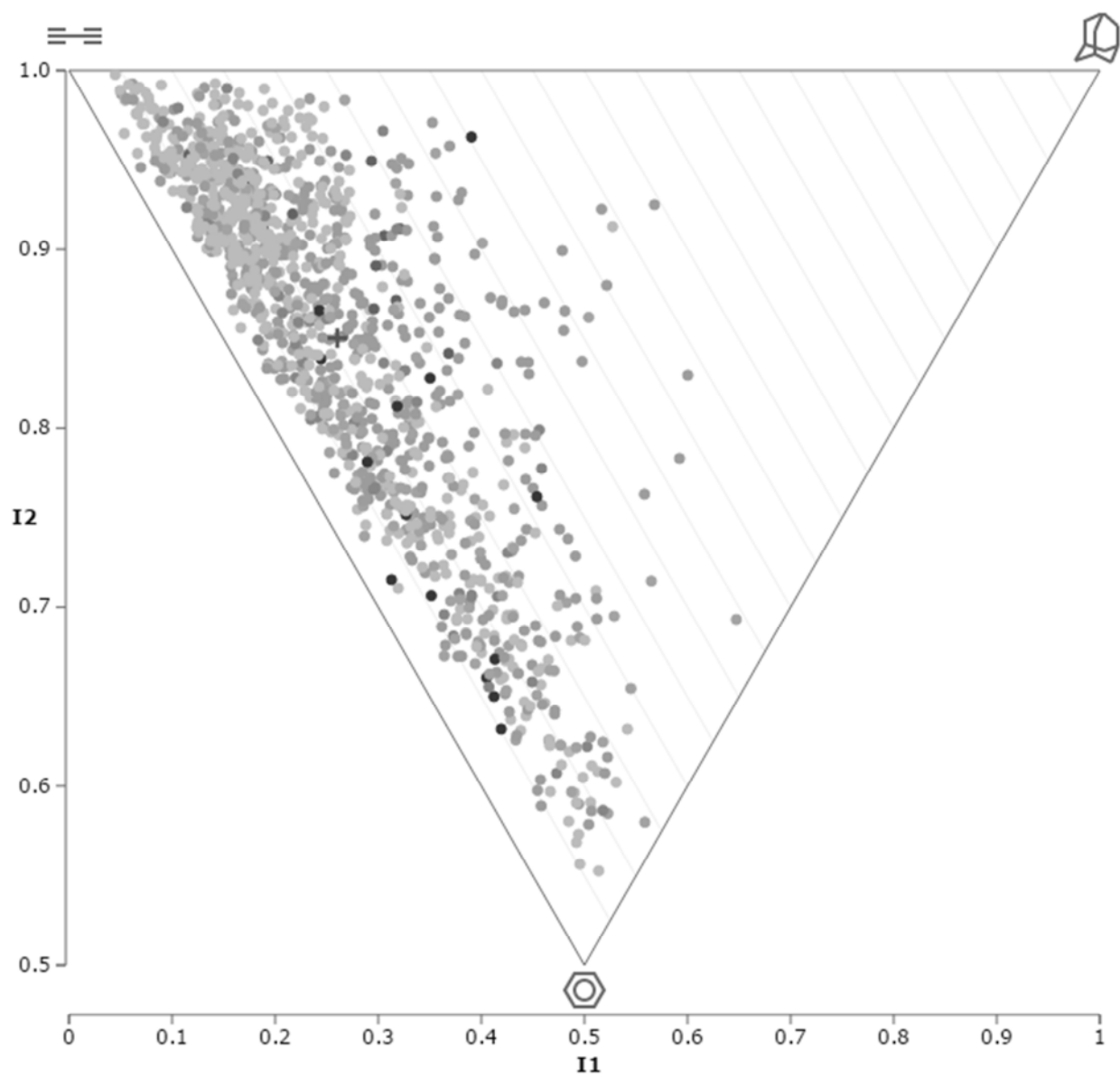
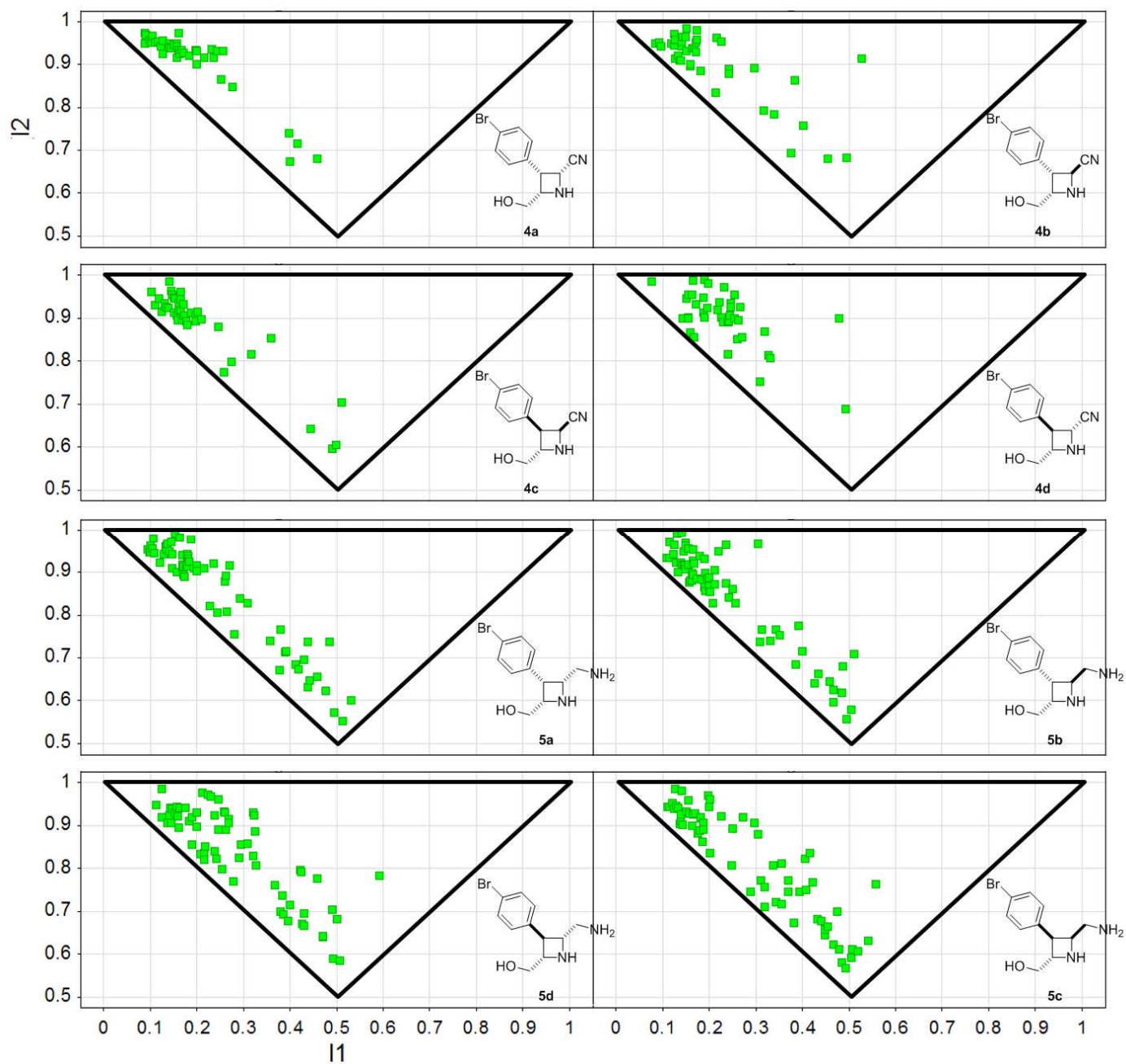
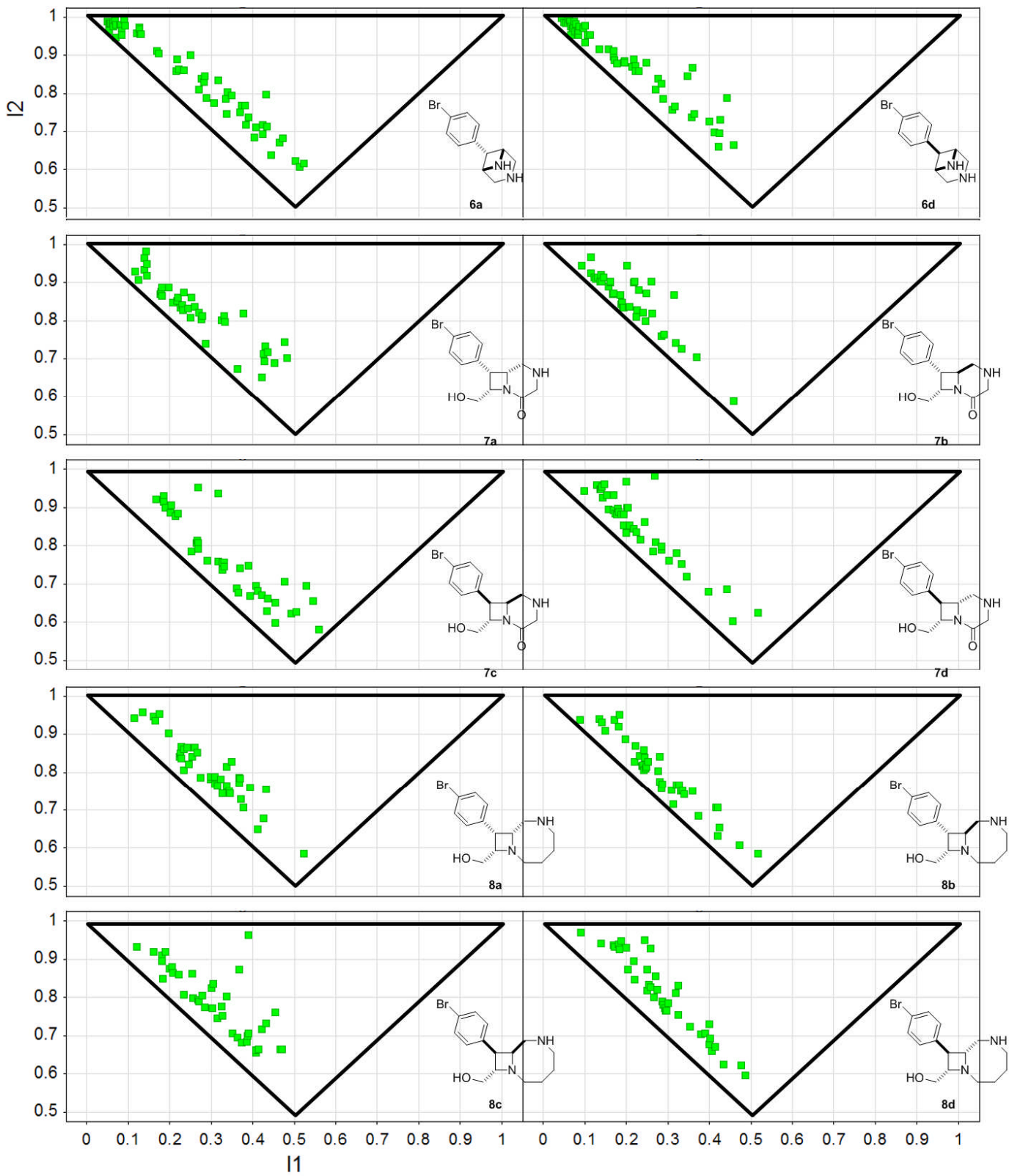


Figure S16. A PMI plot of the 1210 virtual compounds generated by the process shown in Figure S13 (mean PMI coordinates: $I_1 = 0.260$, $I_2 = 0.850$ [denoted by +]).





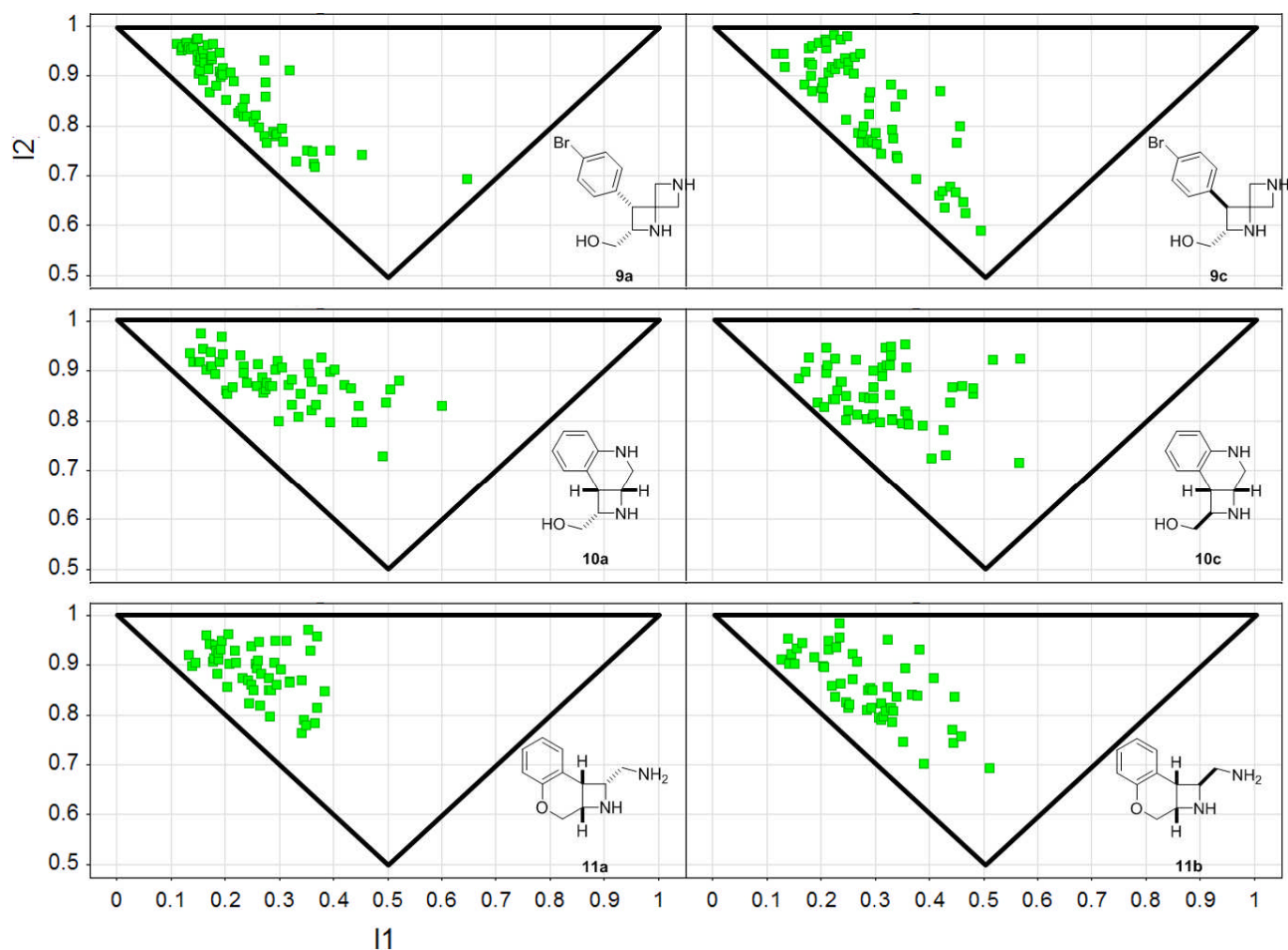


Figure S17. PMI distributions of the 1210 compounds (generated by the process shown in Figure S13) with respect to the parent scaffolds **4-11**.

2.6 Analysis of spirocyclic scaffolds **12-13**

As summarized in Figure S18, scaffolds **12-13** were decorated once or twice using the Standard LLAMA Capping Groups (SLCGs). The following reaction types were enabled in LLAMA: reductive amination, Suzuki coupling, Buchwald-Hartwig amination, sulfonamide formation, urea formation, alcohol alkylation, carbamate formation, secondary amide alkylation, secondary amide arylation, amide formation, alcohol arylation. A molecular property plot for the entire library (AlogP versus number of Heavy Atoms) is shown in Figure S19, whilst individual molecular property plots for compounds derived from scaffolds **12-13** are shown in Figure S20. A PMI plot (including standard deviations) of the average PMI values for compounds derived from scaffolds **12-13** is shown in Figure S21. The average PMI values are given in Table S6. A PMI plot of low-lying conformers for the 2700 compounds derived through virtual decoration of scaffolds **12-13** are shown in Figure S22, whilst individual plots for each scaffold are shown in Figure S23.

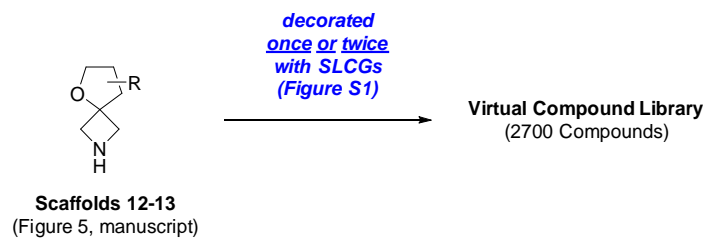


Figure S18. An overview of the decoration process for the azetidine-based scaffolds **12-13**.

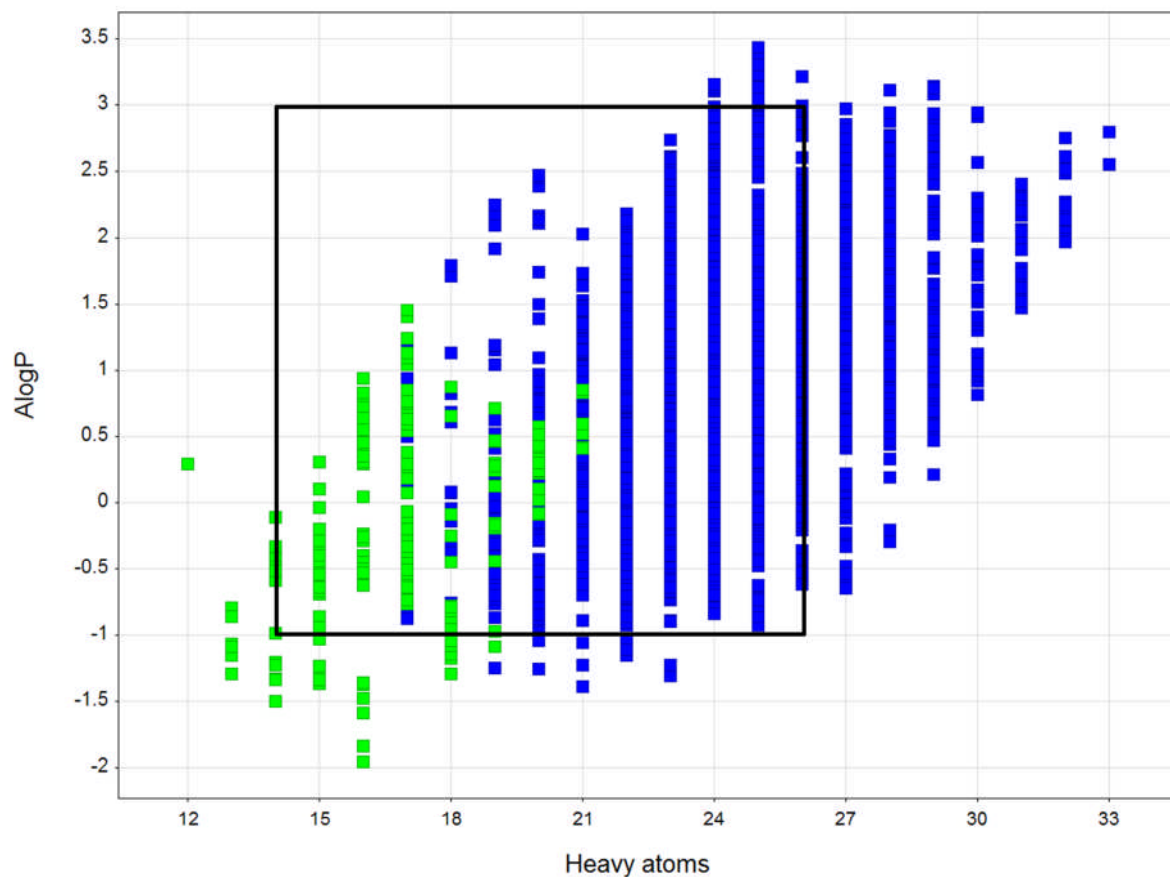


Figure S19. Molecular property analyses of the 2700 virtual compounds derived through decoration of scaffolds **12-13**. The data set includes 182 singly decorated compounds (green squares) and 2518 doubly decorated compounds (blue squares). Lead-like space ($-1 \leq \text{AlogP} \leq 3$; $14 \leq \text{HA} \leq 26$) is outlined by the black rectangle. 2074 of the 2700 compounds (77%) are lead-like according to these constraints. 148 of 182 singly decorated compounds (81%) are lead-like; 1926 of 2518 doubly decorated compounds (76%) are lead-like.

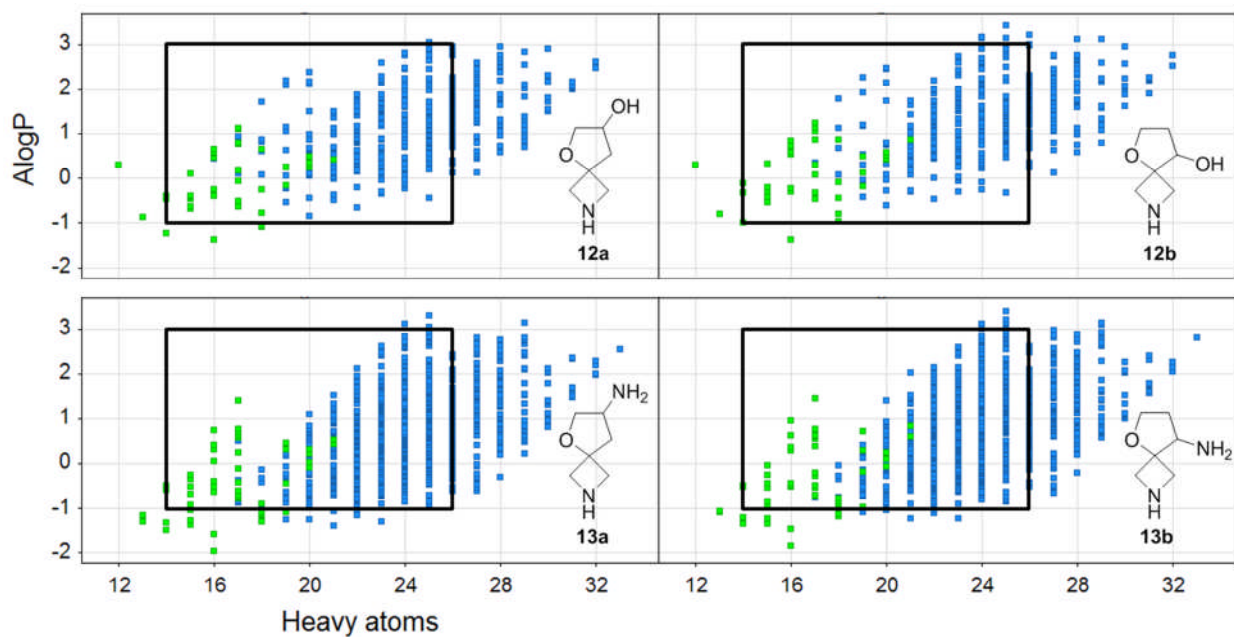


Figure S20. Molecular property analyses of the 2700 virtual compounds with respect to the parent scaffolds **12-13**. Scaffold **12a** has 377 derivatives (39 singly decorated, 338 doubly decorated), of which 284 are lead-like (75%: 33 singly decorated derivatives, 251 doubly decorated derivatives). Scaffold **12b** has 377 derivatives (39 singly decorated, 338 doubly decorated), of which 283 are lead-like (75%: 36 singly decorated derivatives, 247 doubly decorated derivatives). Scaffold **13a** has 973 derivatives (52 singly decorated, 921 doubly decorated), of which 752 are lead-like (77%: 38 singly decorated derivatives, 714 doubly decorated derivatives). Scaffold **13b** has 973 derivatives (52 singly decorated, 921 doubly decorated), of which 755 are lead-like (78%: 41 singly decorated derivatives, 714 doubly decorated derivatives).

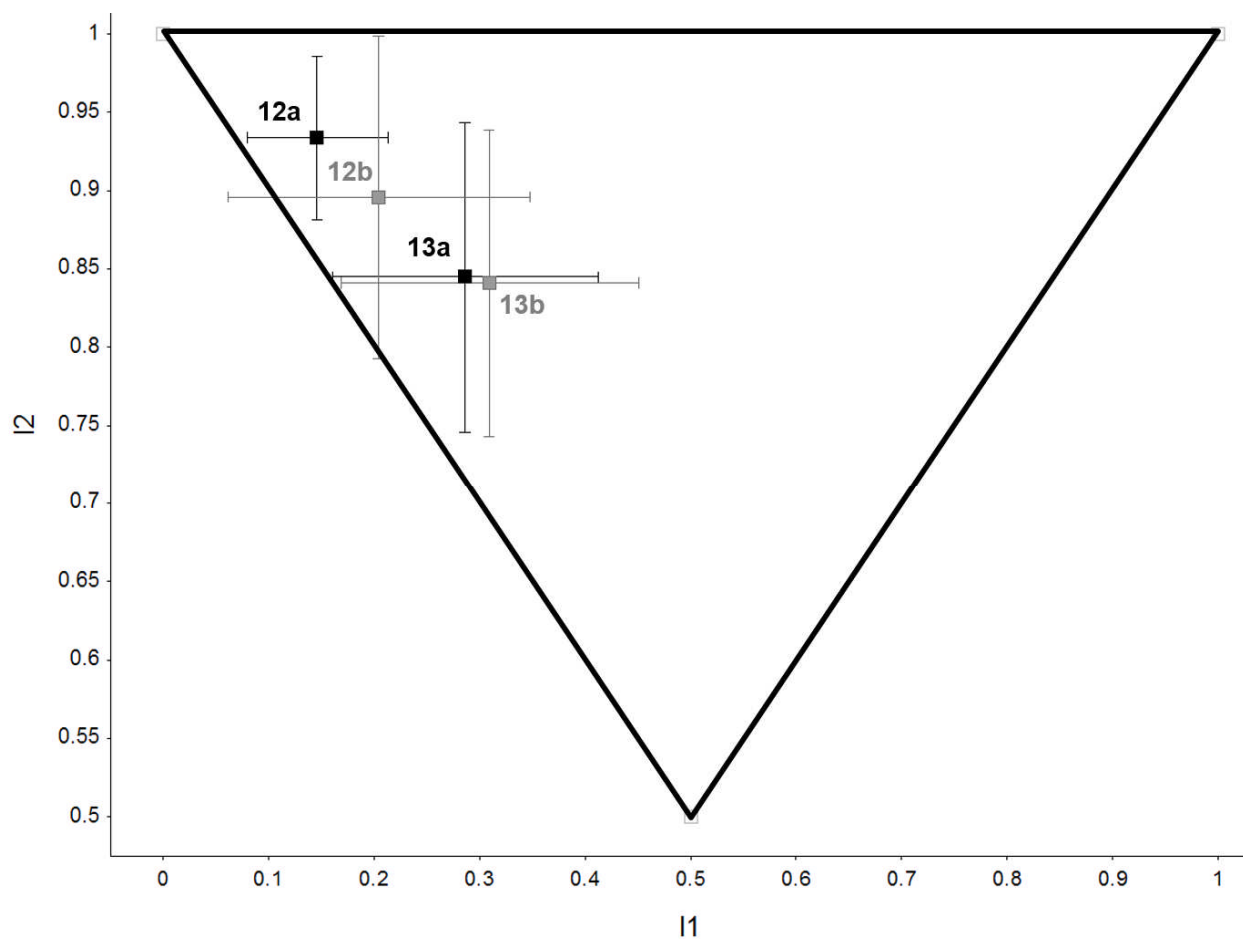


Figure S21. Average PMI values for the compounds derived from scaffolds **12-13** including standard deviations. See table S6 for further information.

Scaffold	No. Derivatives	$\mu I1$	$\mu I2$	$\sigma I1$	$\sigma I2$
12a	377	0.146	0.934	0.067	0.052
12b	377	0.286	0.845	0.126	0.099
13a	973	0.204	0.896	0.143	0.103
13c	973	0.309	0.841	0.141	0.098

Table S6. Average PMI values for the compounds derived from scaffolds **12-13** including standard deviations (calculated using Dotmatics Vortex).

These values were used to plot Figure 5 (manuscript).

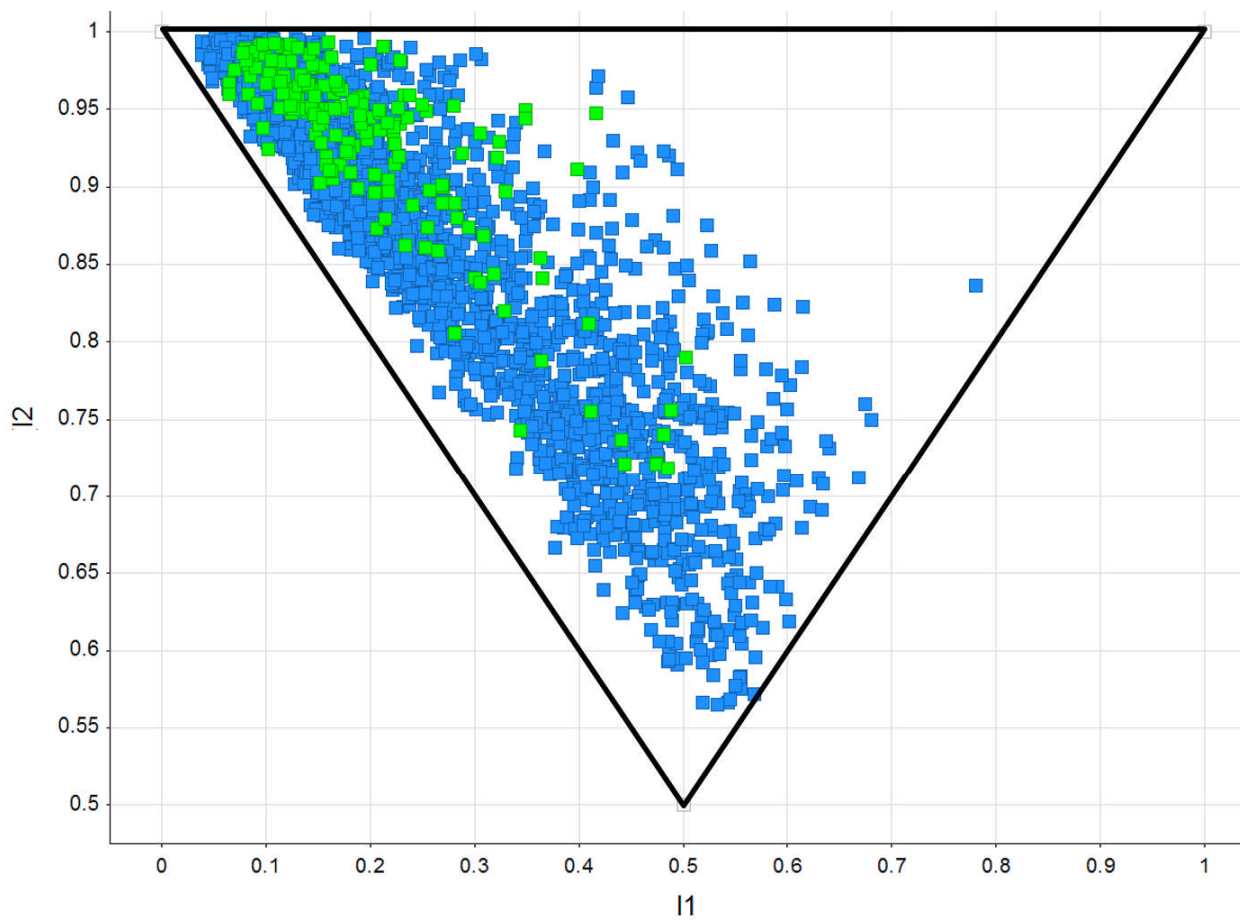


Figure S22. A PMI plot of the 2700 virtual compounds generated in Figure S18 (mean PMI coordinates: $I_1 = 0.245$, $I_2 = 0.874$). Singly decorated derivatives, green squares, have mean PMI coordinates: $I_1 = 0.197$, $I_2 = 0.930$. Doubly decorated derivatives, blue squares, have mean PMI coordinates: $I_1 = 0.249$, $I_2 = 0.870$.

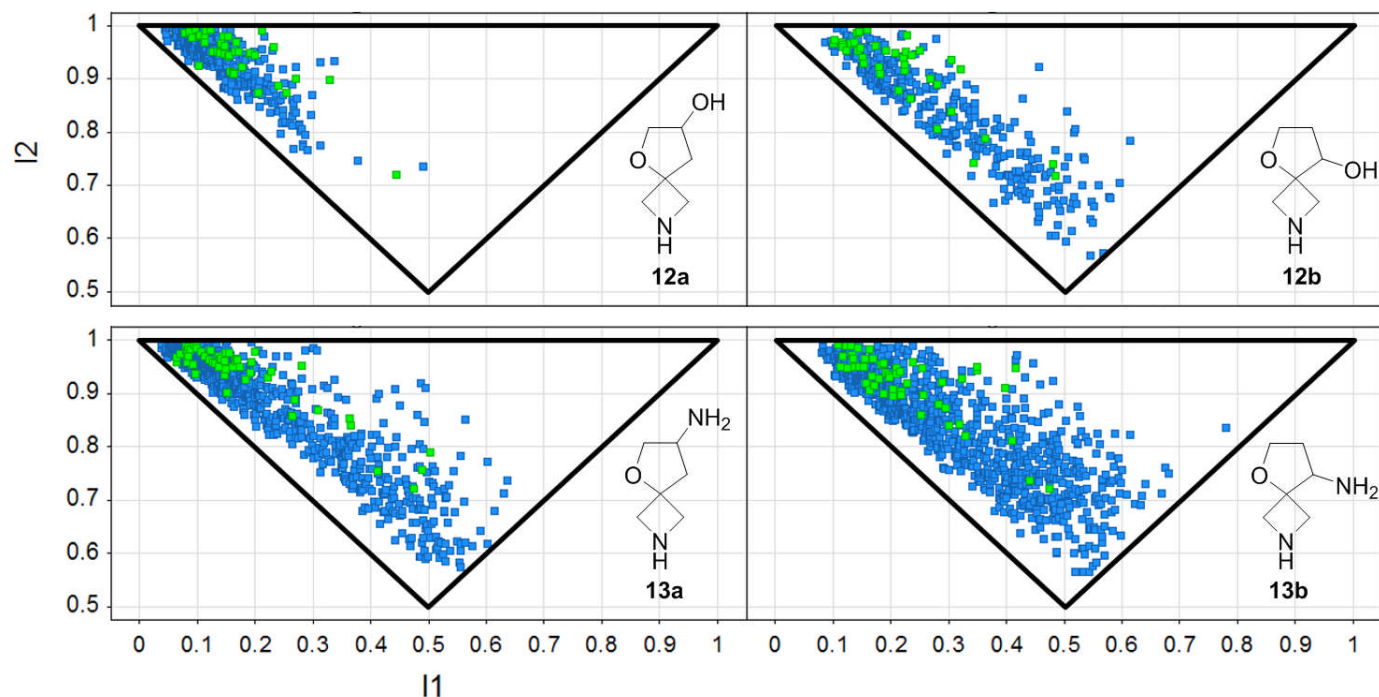


Figure S23. A PMI plot of the 2700 virtual compounds generated in Figure S18 with respect to the parent scaffold **12-13**.

2.7 Analysis of oxetane scaffolds **17a-e**

As summarized in Figure S24, virtual decoration of the carboxylic acid functionality in scaffolds **17a-e** with 28 small amines (criteria: ≤ 8 heavy atoms; commercially available) shown in Figure S25, generated a library of 168 amides. A molecular property plot for the library (AlogP versus number of Heavy Atoms) is shown in Figure S26. Derivatives with ($9 \leq \text{heavy atoms} \leq 17$; $-1 \leq \text{AlogP} \leq 3$) were considered to be fragment-like.

The 61 fragment-like compounds derived from scaffolds **17a-e** were compared with 257 randomly chosen commercially-available fragments from the eMolecules database and 261 randomly chosen fragments from the GDB-17 database of exhaustively enumerated compounds. Accelrys Pipeline Pilot version 8.5 (Pipeline Pilot v8.5.0.200, Accelrys[®] Software Inc., 2011) was used to process the selection of these compounds, as shown in Figure S27. The SMILES for the eMolecules compounds are given in Table S7. Plane of best comparison of the three libraries is shown in Figure S28.

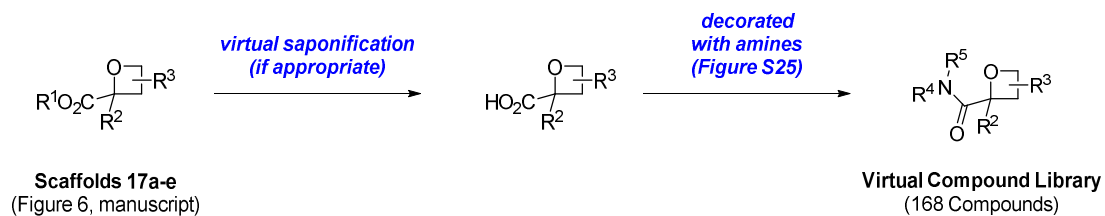


Figure S24. An overview of the decoration process for oxetane-based scaffolds **17a-e**.

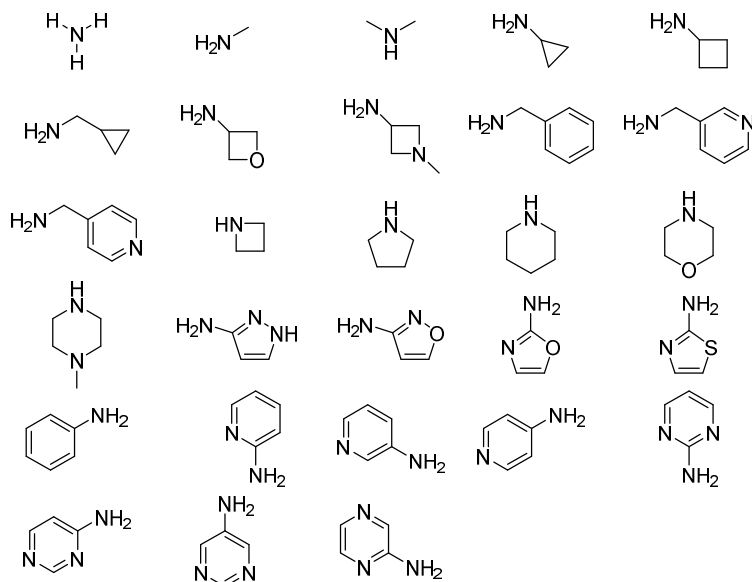


Figure S25. Amines used to decorate scaffolds **17a-e**.

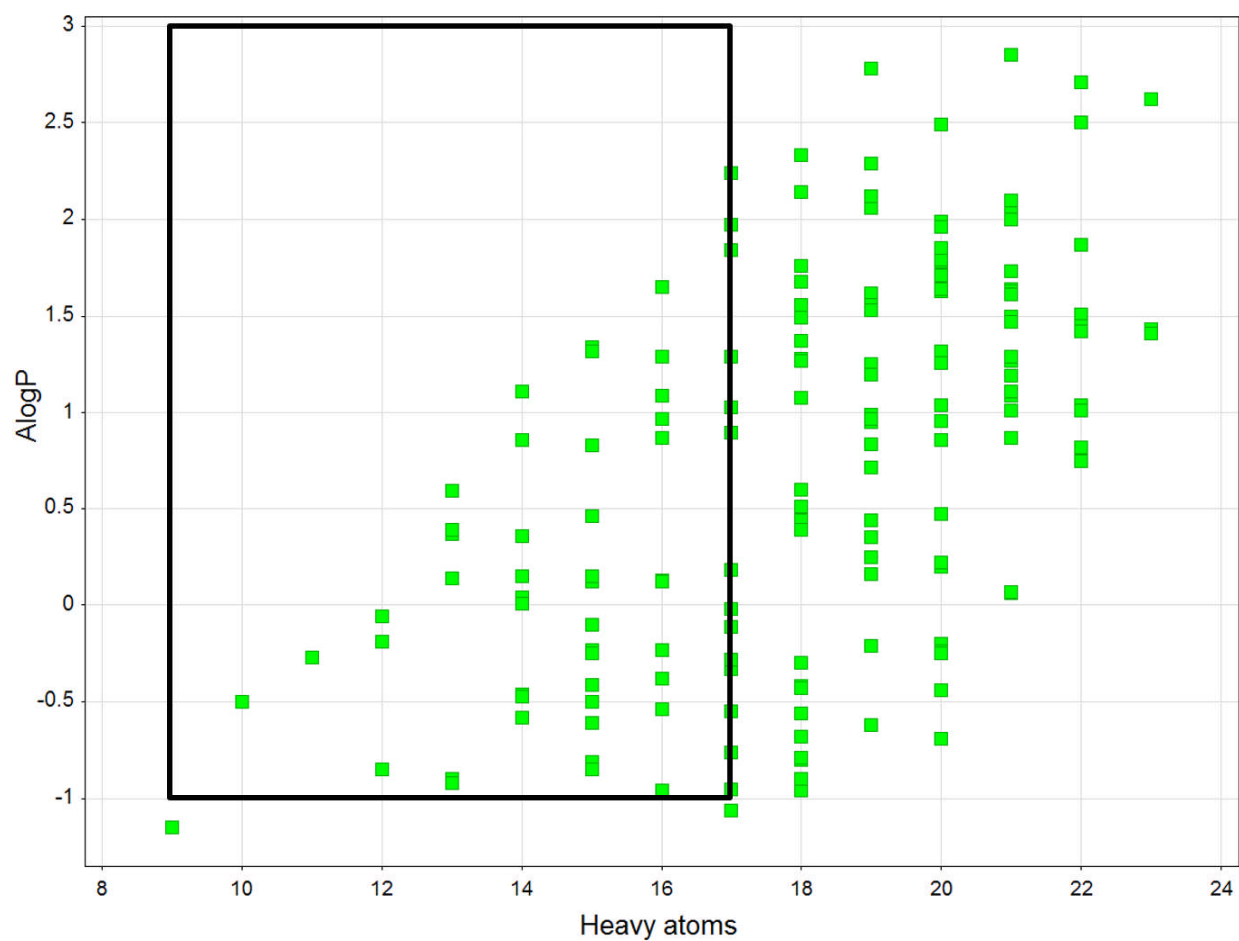


Figure S26. Molecular properties analysis for the 168 compounds generated from scaffolds **17a-e** (Figure S24). The black box highlights the space considered to be fragment-like ($9 \leq \text{heavy atoms} \leq 17$; $-1 \leq \text{AlogP} \leq 3$), in which 61 of 168 compounds were found (36%).

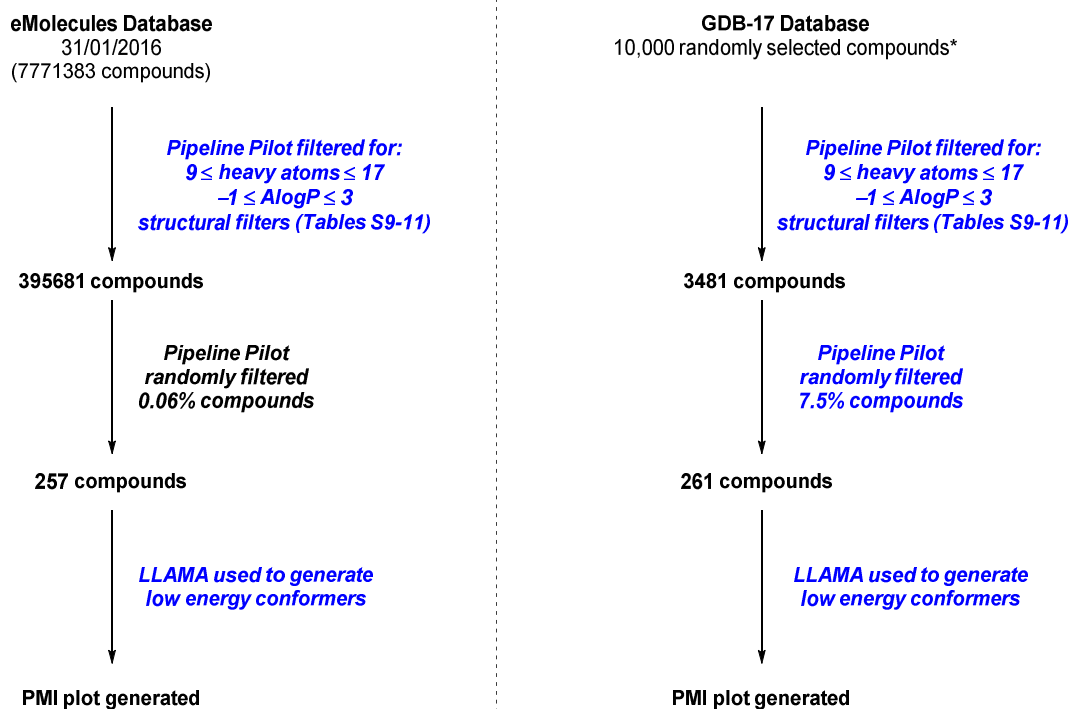


Figure S27. An overview of the enumeration process for selecting compounds from the eMolecules and GDB-17 databases. Pipeline pilot was used to filter the libraries for fragment-like molecular properties and to remove any structural liabilities (further information in Section 2.7.1 and Tables S9-11). The heavy atoms filter counted the following elements: C, N, O, S, F, Cl, Br, I. Libraries of ~260 compounds were randomly selected in Pipeline Pilot. Finally, LLAMA was used to generate low energy 3-D conformers. *The 10,000 GDB-17 compounds were selected at random from a database of 166 billion compounds by Prof. Jean-Louis Reymond and Mahendra Awale (University of Berne) and were provided to us in a personal communication.

Entry	Canonical SMILES
1	<chem>OCC1CCCCN1C(=O)CC[n]1c[n]cc1</chem>
2	<chem>C[n]1c([n][n]c1SCC(N)=O)-c1cc[n]cc1</chem>
3	<chem>CCC(=O)c1cc(C(O)C(O)=O)c(CO)cc1</chem>
4	<chem>CCc1[nH]c([n][n]1)S(=O)(=O)CC1CCCCO1</chem>
5	<chem>COC(=O)C(NC(=O)OC(C)(C)C)C1COC1</chem>
6	<chem>OC(=O)CCCN1C=Nc2ccccc2C1=O</chem>
7	<chem>COCCN1Cc2cccc(C(O)=O)c2C1=O</chem>
8	<chem>CC(C)(C)C(=O)NCC(=O)Nc1c[n]ccc1</chem>
9	<chem>CN1CCN(CC(N)Cc2ccccc2)CC1</chem>
10	<chem>Cc1[n]c(CNC(=O)NCc2cc[nH][n]2)c[s]1</chem>
11	<chem>CCC(C)NC(=O)c1c[n][n](CCC(O)=O)c1</chem>
12	<chem>Cc1ccc(o1)C(C)(O)CNC(=O)COCC</chem>
13	<chem>NS(=O)(=O)c1ccc(cc1)OCc1[n]oc[n]1</chem>
14	<chem>Nc1cc(C#N)c([n]c1OC(F)(F)F)C(N)=O</chem>
15	<chem>O=C1NCCNc2c1c[n]c1cc(F)ccc12</chem>
16	<chem>Nc1c[n]c(N)c(OC(F)(F)F)c1CC(O)=O</chem>
17	<chem>CC(C)CNS(=O)(=O)c1cccc2[n]o[n]c21</chem>
18	<chem>Cc1[n][n](CC(O)=O)c2[n]ccc(C3CC3)c21</chem>
19	<chem>COC(=O)C1CCCN1c1cccc(CO)c1</chem>
20	<chem>COc1ccc([n][n]1)C(=O)N1CC2CC1CC2</chem>
21	<chem>Cc1[n]cc[n]1Cc1ccc(cc1)NC(N)=O</chem>
22	<chem>CCNC(=O)N1C2CCCC2CC1C(O)=O</chem>
23	<chem>O=S1(=O)COCCN1Cc1cc(Cl)ccc1F</chem>
24	<chem>Nc1cc(-c2c[n]c(N)c[n]2)c2cc[nH]c2[n]1</chem>
25	<chem>CSCC(=O)NCCc1[n]oc([n]1)C(F)(F)F</chem>
26	<chem>COc1c([n]cc(F)c1C(N)=O)OC(F)(F)F</chem>
27	<chem>O=C(Nc1cc(F)cc(F)c1)C1CCCCN1</chem>
28	<chem>CS(=O)(=O)N(Cc1cocc1)Cc1ccc[s]1</chem>
29	<chem>CN(C)S(=O)(=O)NCCc1cccc(Br)c1</chem>
30	<chem>CC(=O)NCCOc1ccc2ccccc2[n]1</chem>
31	<chem>CC(C)(C)CC(=O)O/N=C(/N)c1c[n]ccc1</chem>
32	<chem>NS(=O)(=O)c1[n]c(O)cc(O)c1OC(F)(F)F</chem>
33	<chem>CNC(=O)CCc1cc2ccccc2[n]c1O</chem>
34	<chem>CS(=O)(=O)N1CCN(CC1)c1cccc(Br)c1</chem>
35	<chem>CN(Cc1ccc(Cl)[s]1)C(=O)C1CCCC1N</chem>
36	<chem>NS(=O)(=O)NC1(CCCC1)c1cccc(Cl)c1</chem>
37	<chem>COc1cc(ccc1[C@@H](N)CC#N)C(F)(F)F</chem>
38	<chem>COc1ccc(cc1)OCCc1[n][n]c(N)[s]1</chem>
39	<chem>CN(Cc1ccc(cc1)OCC)C(=O)NCC</chem>
40	<chem>O=C1OC(Nc2ccccc[n]2)c2ccccc21</chem>
41	<chem>CC(C)CCOc1ccc(F)cc1S(N)(=O)=O</chem>
42	<chem>O=C(Cc1ccc(F)cc1F)c1c[n]ccc1</chem>
43	<chem>Cc1[n]oc(CNC(=O)c2ccc(Cl)cc2)[n]1</chem>
44	<chem>CC(C)(C)NCC(=O)Nc1cc(Cl)ccc1F</chem>
45	<chem>CCSCC[n]1cc(CCO)c([n]1)C(F)(F)F</chem>
46	<chem>O=C(NC1CCCC1)c1c[n]2CCCCc2[n]1</chem>
47	<chem>CCc1[n]o[n]c1NC(=O)c1cccc1F</chem>
48	<chem>CC(C)(C)[n]1[n]c(c(C#N)c1N)-c1cco1</chem>
49	<chem>Cc1cc(NC(=O)Nc2ccccc2)[n]cc1</chem>
50	<chem>Cc1ccc2ccccc(OC(=O)N(C)C)c2[n]1</chem>

Entry	Canonical SMILES
51	<chem>CN(Cc1ccc(Cl)cc1F)CC1COCC1</chem>
52	<chem>CN(C(=O)C=Cc1ccco1)c1ccccc1</chem>
53	<chem>Cc1ccc(cc1)C(OCC(O)=O)C(F)(F)F</chem>
54	<chem>Cc1o[n]c(C)c1C(=O)NCC1CCCC1</chem>
55	<chem>CN1c2ccc(cc2CCC1=O)S(N)(=O)=O</chem>
56	<chem>CC(=O)Cc1cc(c(cc1)OC)S(N)(=O)=O</chem>
57	<chem>CO[C@@H]1CN(C[C@H]1NC)C(=O)OC(C)(C)C</chem>
58	<chem>COc1c(C(=O)OC)c(CN)ccc1C#N</chem>
59	<chem>CC(=O)Nc1[n][n](c(N)[n]1)-c1ccccc1</chem>
60	<chem>Nc1cc(c(Cl)cc1)S(=O)(=O)N1CCCC1</chem>
61	<chem>COc1cc(Br)cc([C@@H]2COCCN2)c1O</chem>
62	<chem>Cc1c(c[n][n]1C)NS(=O)(=O)c1ccc[s]1</chem>
63	<chem>Cc1ccc(Cl)cc1N1C(=O)NN=C1CN</chem>
64	<chem>CC(=O)NCCNC(=O)CSC1CCCC1</chem>
65	<chem>CN(CC(O)=O)C(=O)CCc1ccccc1</chem>
66	<chem>COc1ccc(cc1F)C(=O)CCC(O)=O</chem>
67	<chem>CN(C)/C=C/C(=O)c1ccc2[n]coc12</chem>
68	<chem>COCCNCCOc1ccc(cc1)OC</chem>
69	<chem>O=C(Nc1ccc(F)cc1Cl)c1c[n][n][nH]1</chem>
70	<chem>COc1cc(cc(OC)c1O)[C@@H](N)C(F)F</chem>
71	<chem>CC(C)(C)OC(=O)N1CC2C=CC(O)C2C1</chem>
72	<chem>CCOC(=O)c1cc2c(cc1)OC(=O)N2C</chem>
73	<chem>CCc1[n]c(c[s]1)C(C)NCC(=O)N(C)C</chem>
74	<chem>COc1cc(ccc1Cl)[C@@H]1COCC(N)=N1</chem>
75	<chem>CC(C)(CO)[C@@H](N)c1ccc(Br)c(F)c1O</chem>
76	<chem>O=C1Cc2ccccc2-c2ccc[n]c2N1</chem>
77	<chem>Nc1cc[n]([n]1)-c1ccc(c[n]1)C(F)(F)F</chem>
78	<chem>C[C@@H](N)[C@H](O)c1ccc(Cl)cc1C(F)(F)F</chem>
79	<chem>CC1CN(C2CCOC2=O)c2ccccc21</chem>
80	<chem>COc1ccc(cc1)/C=C/C(=O)OCC#N</chem>
81	<chem>COc1ccc(cc1)Oc1ccc(N)c[n]1</chem>
82	<chem>Cc1cc(NC(C)c2ccco2)[n]c(N)[n]1</chem>
83	<chem>COc1c(c[n]cc1C(F)(F)F)OC(F)F</chem>
84	<chem>COc1[n]cc(C#N)c(O)c1OC(F)(F)F</chem>
85	<chem>OCC1(CCCCC1)NCc1ccccc1</chem>
86	<chem>COc1cc(ccc1CCC(O)=O)OCC</chem>
87	<chem>CC(C)(C)c1ccc(cc1)OC/C(/N)=N/O</chem>
88	<chem>Nc1cc(ccc1)-[n]1[n]ccc1C(F)(F)F</chem>
89	<chem>CCOC(=O)CC(=O)c1cc(Br)c(F)cc1</chem>
90	<chem>N#CCOC(=O)c1cc2c(F)cccc2[s]1</chem>
91	<chem>CCOC(=O)Cc1[n]c2ccc(F)cc2o1</chem>
92	<chem>N#CCc1[n]ccc(c1O)-c1ccccc1</chem>
93	<chem>OC(=O)c1c[nH]c2c1c(F)c(F)c(F)c2F</chem>
94	<chem>BrC1ccc[n]2c([n][n]c21)-c1ccccc1</chem>
95	<chem>Cc1ccc2NCC(Cc2c1)C(=O)OCC</chem>
96	<chem>COC1=CC=CN(Cc2ccc(Cl)[s]2)C1=O</chem>
97	<chem>OC(=O)c1c[n]c2NC(=O)NC(=O)c2c1</chem>
98	<chem>COCCC1(CCS(=O)(=O)CC1)C(O)=O</chem>
99	<chem>CCNC1CN(CCC1)CCS(N)(=O)=O</chem>
100	<chem>CCOC(=O)c1cc2C(=O)NC=N[n]2c1</chem>
101	<chem>OS(=O)(=O)c1ccc(Cl)c2ccc[n]c12</chem>
102	<chem>CC(=O)Nc1ccccc1OCC(N)=O</chem>

Entry	Canonical SMILES
103	<chem>CC(C)CC1NC(=O)C2CCCN2C1=O</chem>
104	<chem>N[C@@]1(CO)C(=O)Nc2cc(Cl)c(F)cc12</chem>
105	<chem>CCOC(=O)c1cc2c(N)[n]c[n]c2[nH]1</chem>
106	<chem>CCC(CCO)NC(=O)Nc1cco[n]1</chem>
107	<chem>N#CCC(=O)NCc1ccc(F)cc1F</chem>
108	<chem>CCNC(N)=NCCc1cc[n][n]1C</chem>
109	<chem>CC(C)C[C@@H](NC(=O)NCC=C)C(O)=O</chem>
110	<chem>COCCOc1cc(O)c([s]1)C(=O)OC</chem>
111	<chem>Cc1cc(NC2cc[n][n]2C)[n][n]1C</chem>
112	<chem>Cc1cc(ccc1)C(=O)Nc1[n][nH]c[n]1</chem>
113	<chem>COCCNC(=O)Nc1ccc(F)cc1</chem>
114	<chem>COC(=O)c1cc([n]cc1)-c1cc[nH][n]1</chem>
115	<chem>COc1ccc(c[n]1)[C@@H](N)CC(F)(F)F</chem>
116	<chem>COc1cccc2cc(c[n]c21)C(N)=O</chem>
117	<chem>OCc1cc([n]c(O)c1O)OC(F)(F)F</chem>
118	<chem>NCc1cc[n][n]1CCc1cccc1</chem>
119	<chem>Oc1c[n]cc(CC(O)=O)c1C(F)(F)F</chem>
120	<chem>Cc1ccc([n][n]1)-c1ccc(CO)cc1</chem>
121	<chem>CCN(Cc1cccc1)C(=O)CC#N</chem>
122	<chem>CSC1CC(CC1)N(C)CCS(C)(=O)=O</chem>
123	<chem>C1NCC21CC(C2)OCc1cccc1</chem>
124	<chem>Cc1cc(C)[n]2c([n][n]c2[n]1)SCC=C</chem>
125	<chem>CC(C)=CC(=O)NC(C)COCC(C)C</chem>
126	<chem>CSc1ccc(CCC(O)=O)c(c1)C#N</chem>
127	<chem>Cc1cc(c[n]c1NC)C1CCCN1C</chem>
128	<chem>OC1CN(Cc2cc(Cl)ccc2F)CC1</chem>
129	<chem>COc1ccc(Cl)c(O)c1[C@@H](N)C1CC1</chem>
130	<chem>CC(NC(=O)C(N)CC)c1ccc(Cl)[s]1</chem>
131	<chem>CNCc1ccc(cc1)-c1ccc[n]1</chem>
132	<chem>CCCC[C@@H](O)[C@@H](N)c1cccc1F</chem>
133	<chem>CC(C)(O)CNCc1cc(Br)ccc1F</chem>
134	<chem>COC(=O)c1cccc2oc([n]c12)SC</chem>
135	<chem>Cc1cc(CNCc2ccco2)ccc1</chem>
136	<chem>CCOc1ccc(cc1)-c1[n]c(N)[n]o1</chem>
137	<chem>Cc1[n]c(c[s]1)C(C(F)(F)S(N)=O)=O</chem>
138	<chem>C(NC1CC1)c1cc2ccc[n]c2cc1</chem>
139	<chem>CCOc1cc(CN)cc2cccc21</chem>
140	<chem>OC(=O)c1cc(F)c(c(F)c1)C(F)(F)F</chem>
141	<chem>OC(=O)Cc1cc(F)c(cc1)C(F)(F)F</chem>
142	<chem>Nc1cc([n]o1)-c1cc2CCc2cc1</chem>
143	<chem>Nc1cc([nH][n]1)C(=O)N1CCOCC1</chem>
144	<chem>NC(=O)c1cccc2[n]c(CN)oc21</chem>
145	<chem>CC(C)NCc1cc(c[nH]1)S(N)(=O)=O</chem>
146	<chem>Nc1cccc2c1CCN2S(N)(=O)=O</chem>
147	<chem>CCN(Cc1cc[n]cc1)C1CNC1</chem>
148	<chem>CCCOCc1cc(O)[n]c(CO)[n]1</chem>
149	<chem>CNCc1ccc(O)c2[n]cccc21</chem>
150	<chem>Nc1[n]c(cc(N)[n+]1[O-])N1CCCC1</chem>
151	<chem>NC(=O)CSc1[n][n]c(NC2CC2)[s]1</chem>
152	<chem>CS(=O)(=O)c1ccc(F)cc1C(O)=O</chem>
153	<chem>N[C@@H]1CCOc2c(F)cc(cc21)C#N</chem>
154	<chem>Cc1ccc(c[n]1)[C@@H](O)[C@@H](N)CCC</chem>

Entry	Canonical SMILES
155	<chem>CNC(C(N)=O)c1cc(Br)ccc1F</chem>
156	<chem>Cc1cc(NS(=O)(=O)CC)[n](CC)[n]1</chem>
157	<chem>Cc1[n][nH]cc1CNCCOCC</chem>
158	<chem>CC(=O)c1[n]c2ccc(cc2o1)C#N</chem>
159	<chem>COC(=O)c1c[n]c(cc1)NC1CC1</chem>
160	<chem>CCC(C)N(CCN)Cc1ccco1</chem>
161	<chem>COc1cc2C=CC(=O)N(C)c2cc1</chem>
162	<chem>CC(C)(C)C(=O)NCC1CCNCC1</chem>
163	<chem>Oc1cc(Br)c(F)cc1C(O)C(O)=O</chem>
164	<chem>Cc1c2c(CC2=O)c(C)c2c1CC2=O</chem>
165	<chem>COc1ccc2CCC(C(O)=O)c2c1</chem>
166	<chem>CCOC(=O)c1cc(O)ccc1C#N</chem>
167	<chem>CC(=O)c1cccc(c1N)C(F)(F)F</chem>
168	<chem>CCS(=O)(=O)Nc1ccc(CC)cc1</chem>
169	<chem>OC(=O)c1cc(F)c[n]c1C(F)(F)F</chem>
170	<chem>CC=CC(=O)c1cc2OCOc2cc1</chem>
171	<chem>C/C(=C/C(=O)OC)/Nc1ccccc1</chem>
172	<chem>CC(C)N(CCN1CCC1)C(C)C</chem>
173	<chem>COc1cc(ccc1)C1(CC1)C(C)O</chem>
174	<chem>Nc1cc[n]c(OCC2CCC2)c1Br</chem>
175	<chem>Cc1cc2[nH]cc(C(O)=O)c2cc1Cl</chem>
176	<chem>NC(c1ccc[s]1)c1cc(F)ccc1</chem>
177	<chem>COC(=O)Cc1ccc(Br)c(F)c1F</chem>
178	<chem>Cc1[n][n]c(SCC)c2ccccc12</chem>
179	<chem>NCCC(=O)NCc1cccc[n]1</chem>
180	<chem>OC(=O)c1cccc2c[n][n]cc21</chem>
181	<chem>C(c1cc[n]cc1)N1CCNCC1</chem>
182	<chem>C[n]1[n][n]c2cc(ccc12)C(N)=O</chem>
183	<chem>C[n]1c([n]c2c[n]ccc12)C(C)N</chem>
184	<chem>OC(=O)c1c[s]c2N=CNC(=O)c12</chem>
185	<chem>CN(C)Cc1ccc(cc1)C(N)=N</chem>
186	<chem>NCC1CN(Cc2ccco2)CC1</chem>
187	<chem>O=C1CC2C3CC(=O)C4C1C2CC34</chem>
188	<chem>OC(=O)Cc1cc2cccc[n]2[n]1</chem>
189	<chem>COC(=O)C(CN)c1ccccc1</chem>
190	<chem>O=C(CC1CCNCC1)NC1CC1</chem>
191	<chem>CC1CNCCN1c1[n]ccc[n]1</chem>
192	<chem>Cc1ccc(F)c(O)c1[C@@H](N)CF</chem>
193	<chem>CNC(=O)Nc1cc(C)cc(C)[n]1</chem>
194	<chem>COc1c(F)c(ccc1CN)OC</chem>
195	<chem>CC(=O)c1cccc2c1c[n][n]2C</chem>
196	<chem>CC(=O)NC1CC(C)(C)CC(=O)C=1</chem>
197	<chem>CCCCOc1[n]cccc1CN</chem>
198	<chem>C/C(=C/C#N)C(N)=O/c1ccc[s]1</chem>
199	<chem>Cc1ccc(c(C#N)[n]1)C(=O)OC</chem>
200	<chem>FC[C@@H](N1CCOCC1)C(F)(F)F</chem>
201	<chem>N[C@@H](CF)c1ccc(F)c(F)c1F</chem>
202	<chem>Cc1ccc(c(O)[n]1)-c1cc[n][nH]1</chem>
203	<chem>Cc1cc(ccc1)NCCC(N)=O</chem>
204	<chem>Cc1cc(O)c(c(c1)C#N)C(O)=O</chem>
205	<chem>C[C@@H](O)[C@@H](N)c1cc(Cl)cc(F)c1</chem>
206	<chem>CCCCNc1ccc(CO)c[n]1</chem>

Entry	Canonical SMILES
207	<chem>OCc1cccc([n]1)N1CCCC1</chem>
208	<chem>COc1ccc(Br)cc1S(C)(=O)=O</chem>
209	<chem>O=C1Cc2cccc3CCCN1c23</chem>
210	<chem>Oc1cc[n]c([n]1)N1CCCC1</chem>
211	<chem>CCOc1cc[n]c2cccc12</chem>
212	<chem>N#Cc1cc(C(O)=O)c(Cl)cc1Cl</chem>
213	<chem>N[C@@H](CC1CC1)c1cccc1F</chem>
214	<chem>Cc1cccc1C(C)(C)C(O)=O</chem>
215	<chem>CC(C)(C)C(N)c1ccc(F)cc1</chem>
216	<chem>CC[n]1[n]cc(N)c1C(=O)NC</chem>
217	<chem>Cc1[n]c([nH][n]1)C1CCNCC1</chem>
218	<chem>CC(C)CN1CC2NOCC2C1</chem>
219	<chem>Cc1cc(CC(O)=O)c(F)c[n]1</chem>
220	<chem>CSC1=NC(=O)NC2CCCC=21</chem>
221	<chem>N#CC1C(=O)NC=C2CCCC2=1</chem>
222	<chem>CC(N)c1c[n]2cccc2[n]1</chem>
223	<chem>Cc1[n][nH]c(C)c1NC(=O)CC</chem>
224	<chem>CC#CCCNC(=O)NC(C)C</chem>
225	<chem>NC(=O)c1cc(Br)cc(F)c1F</chem>
226	<chem>OCc1ccc2[nH]c[n]c2c1Br</chem>
227	<chem>Cc1cc(ccc1F)[C@@H](N)CF</chem>
228	<chem>Nc1c(Br)cc(F)cc1C(O)=O</chem>
229	<chem>Nc1cc(ccc1O)C(F)(F)F</chem>
230	<chem>C=C[C@@H](N)c1cccc(Cl)c1F</chem>
231	<chem>COc1[n]cc(Cl)cc1OCC</chem>
232	<chem>FC(F)(F)C(F)(F)COC(F)F</chem>
233	<chem>CC(C)c1cc(oc1)[C@@H](N)CC</chem>
234	<chem>CCOC(=O)C=Cc1cc[s]c1</chem>
235	<chem>C[C@@H](CC(O)=O)Sc1ccc[s]1</chem>
236	<chem>OC1CCc2c(Br)cccc21</chem>
237	<chem>NCC(O)c1ccc(O)cc1</chem>
238	<chem>COC(=O)c1[n]c(N)cc[n]1</chem>
239	<chem>OC(=O)CC1CS(O)(O)CC1</chem>
240	<chem>CC(N)(CN)c1cc[n]cc1</chem>
241	<chem>Cc1[n]c(COC)[s]c1CO</chem>
242	<chem>N[C@@H]1C[C@H]1c1ccc(F)cc1</chem>
243	<chem>O=C1NCc2ccc(Cl)cc21</chem>
244	<chem>CC(=O)c1cc(CC#N)c[s]1</chem>
245	<chem>COc1c[n]c(C#N)c(Br)c1</chem>
246	<chem>COc1cc(CO)ccc1Br</chem>
247	<chem>NCCC1CS(=O)(=O)CC1</chem>
248	<chem>CC[n]1cc[n]c1NCC</chem>
249	<chem>COc1[n]cc(Br)cc1O</chem>
250	<chem>Oc1c(F)cc(Cl)cc1F</chem>
251	<chem>CC1CNCC(CO)O1</chem>
252	<chem>CC(C)[C@@H]1CNCCN1</chem>
253	<chem>Cc1cc[n](CCO)[n]1</chem>
254	<chem>CNCC(O)C(F)(F)F</chem>
255	<chem>Cc1[s]c(C)cc1CN</chem>
256	<chem>Fc1c[n]cc(Cl)c1F</chem>
257	<chem>Oc1ccc(Br)c1F</chem>

Table S7. Canonical SMILES for the 257 randomly-selected compounds from the eMolecules Database.

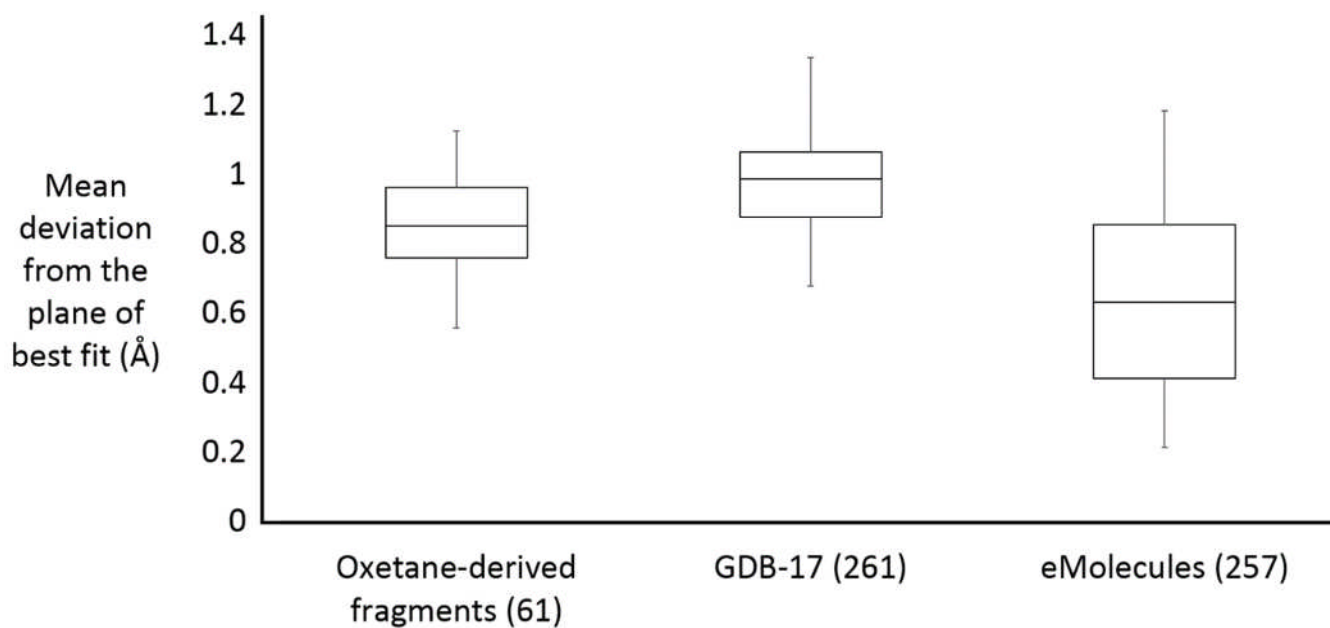


Figure S28. Box and whisker plots to show the deviation from the plane of best fit^[2] for the fragments derived from oxetanes **17a-e**, versus the randomly selected, fragment-like, compounds from the GDB-17 and eMolecules databases. The range of values is shown (bar) together with median, first and third quartile values (box).

2.7.1 Substructure filters

Structural filtering was performed by interrogating two sets of SMARTS definitions using the substructure search tool within Pipeline Pilot. The first set contained 240 definitions (Table S8) as compiled by Shoichet, Simeonev *et al.* and used at the NIH Chemical Genomics Centre.^[3] The second set contained 36 definitions (Table S9) and are examples from the 'GSKB' filter as described by Churcher *et al.*^[4] In addition, the structural element of the high throughput screening filter embedded in Pipeline Pilot was also used, which comprises the filters for undesirable functionality outlined in Table S10.

Filter	SMARTS
2,3,4-trihydroxyphenyl	c([OH])c([OH])c([OH])
2,4,5-trihydroxyphenyl	c([OH])c([OH])cc([OH])
2halo_pyrazine_3EWG	[#7;R1]1[#6]([F,Cl,Br,I])[#6]([\$(S(=O)(=O)),\$(C(F)(F)(F)),\$(C#N),\$\$(N(=O)(=O)),\$([N+](=O)[O-]),\$(C=O)))[#7][#6][#6]1
2halo_pyrazine_5EWG	[#7;R1]1[#6]([F,Cl,Br,I])[#6;!\$(c-N)][#7][#6]([\$(S(=O)(=O)),\$(C(F)(F)(F)),\$(C#N),\$\$(N(=O)(=O)),\$([N+](=O)[O-]),\$(C=O)))[#6;!\$(c-N)]1
2halo_pyridazine_3EWG	[#7;R1]1[#6]([F,Cl,Br,I])[#6]([\$(S(=O)(=O)),\$(C(F)(F)(F)),\$(C#N),\$\$(N(=O)(=O)),\$([N+](=O)[O-]),\$(C=O)))[#6][#6][#7]1
2halo_pyridazine_5EWG	[#7;R1]1[#6]([F,Cl,Br,I])[#6][#6][#6]([\$(S(=O)(=O)),\$(C(F)(F)(F)),\$(C#N),\$\$(N(=O)(=O)),\$([N+](=O)[O-]),\$(C=O)))[#7]1
2halo_pyridine_3EWG	[#7;R1]1[#6;!\$(c=O)]([F,Cl,Br,I])[#6]([\$(S(=O)(=O)),\$(C(F)(F)(F)),\$(C#N),\$\$(N(=O)(=O)),\$([N+](=O)[O-]),\$(C=O)))[#6;!\$(c-N)][#6][#6;!\$(c-N)]1
2halo_pyridine_5EWG	[#7;R1]1[#6;!\$(c=O)]([F,Cl,Br,I])[#6][#6;!\$(c-N)][#6]([\$(S(=O)(=O)),\$(C(F)(F)(F)),\$(C#N),\$\$(N(=O)(=O)),\$([N+](=O)[O-]),\$(C=O)))[#6;!\$(c=O);!\$(c-N)]1
2halo_pyrimidine_5EWG	[#7;R1]1[#6]([F,Cl,Br,I])[#7][#6][#6]([\$(S(=O)(=O)),\$(C(F)(F)(F)),\$(C#N),\$\$(N(=O)(=O)),\$([N+](=O)[O-]),\$(C=O)))[#6]1
2-Halopyridine	[F,Cl,Br]-c1n[c,n][c,n][c,n]1
3halo_pyridazine_2EWG	[#7;R1]1[#6]([\$(S(=O)(=O)),\$(C(F)(F)(F)),\$(C#N),\$\$(N(=O)(=O)),\$([N+](=O)[O-]),\$(C=O)))[#6]([F,Cl,Br,I])[#6][#6][#7]1
3halo_pyridazine_4EWG	[#7;R1]1[#6][#6]([F,Cl,Br,I])[#6]([\$(S(=O)(=O)),\$(C(F)(F)(F)),\$(C#N),\$\$(N(=O)(=O)),\$([N+](=O)[O-]),\$(C=O)))[#6][#7]1
4_pyridone_3_5_EWG	[#7,#8,#16]1~[#6;H]~[#6]([\$(S(=O)(=O)),\$(C(F)(F)(F)),\$(C#N),\$\$(N(=O)(=O)),\$([N+](=O)[O-]),\$(C=O)))[#6](=O)~[#6]([\$(S(=O)(=O)),\$(C(F)(F)(F)),\$(C#N),\$\$(N(=O)(=O)),\$([N+](=O)[O-]),\$(C=O)))[#6;H]1
4halo_pyridine_3EWG	[#7;R1]1[#6;!\$(c=O);!\$(c-N)][#6]([\$(S(=O)(=O)),\$(C(F)(F)(F)),\$(C#N),\$\$(N(=O)(=O)),\$([N+](=O)[O-]),\$(C=O)))[#6]([F,Cl,Br,I])[#6][#6;!\$(c=O);!\$(c-N)]1
4halo_pyrimidine_2_6EWG	[#7]1[#6]([\$(S(=O)(=O)),\$(C(F)(F)(F)),\$(C#N),\$\$(N(=O)(=O)),\$([N+](=O)[O-]),\$(C=O)))[#7;R1][#6]([F,Cl,Br,I])[#6][#6]1([\$(S(=O)(=O)),\$(C(F)(F)(F)),\$(C#N),\$\$(N(=O)(=O)),\$([N+](=O)[O-]),\$(C=O))
4halo_pyrimidine_5EWG	[#7]1[#6][#7;R1][#6]([F,Cl,Br,I])[#6]([\$(S(=O)(=O)),\$(C(F)(F)(F)),\$(C#N),\$\$(N(=O)(=O)),\$([N+](=O)[O-]),\$(C=O)))[#6]1
acetal	[#6]-O[CH1](-[#6])O[#6]
acid_halide	[S,C](=[O,S])[F,Br,Cl,I]
acrylate	[CH2]=[C;!\$(C-N);!\$(C-O)]C(=O)
activated_4mem_ring	[#6]1~[\$(C(=O)),\$(S(=O))]-[O,S,N]~[\$(C(=O)),\$(S(=O))]1
activated_acetylene	[\$(S(=O)(=O)),\$(C(F)(F)(F)),\$(C#N),\$\$(N(=O)(=O)),\$([N+](=O)[O-]),\$(C=O)]C#[C;!\$(C-N);!\$(C-n)]

Filter	SMARTS
activated_diazo	[N;!R]([\$(S(=O)(=O)),\$(C(F)(F)(F)),\$(C#N),\$ (N(=O)(=O)),\$([N+](=O)[O-]),\$(C(=O)))=[N;!R]([\$(S(=O)(=O)),\$(C(F)(F)(F)),\$(C#N),\$ (N(=O)(=O)),\$([N+](=O)[O-]),\$(C(=O))])
activated_S#O_3_ring	C1-[O,S]-[C,N,O,S]1[a,N,O,S]
activated_vinyl_ester	O=COC=[\$(C(S(=O)(=O)),\$(C(C(F)(F)(F)),\$(C(C#N)),\$(C(N(=O)(=O)),\$(C([N+](=O)[O-]),\$(C(C(=O)))!\$(C(N))
activated_vinyl_sulfonate	O(-S(=O)(=O))C=[\$(C(S(=O)(=O)),\$(C(C(F)(F)(F)),\$(C(C#N)),\$(C(N(=O)(=O)),\$(C([N+](=O)[O-]),\$(C(C(=O)))!\$(C(N))
acyclic_imide	[C,c][C;!R](=O)[N;!R][C;!R](=O)[C,c]
acyl_123_triazole	[#7;R1]1~[#7;R1]~[#7;R1](-C(=O))~[#6]~[#6]1
acyl_134_triazole	[#7]1~[#7]~[#6]~[#7](-C(=O)[!N])~[#6]1
acyl_activated_NO	O=C(![N])O[\$(#7;+),\$ (N(C=[O,S,N])(C=[O,S,N]))]
acyl_cyanide	C(=O)-C#N
acyl_imidazole	[C;!\$(C-N)](=O)[#7]1[#6;H1,\$(#6)([*;!R])][#7][#6;H1,\$(#6)([*;!R])][#6;H1,\$(#6)([*;!R])][#7]1
acyl_pyrazole	[C;!\$(C-N)](=O)[#7]1[#7][#6;H1,\$(#6)([*;!R])][#6;H1,\$(#6)([*;!R])][#6;H1,\$(#6)([*;!R])][#7]1
aldehyde	[C,c][C;H1](=O)
aliphatic_chain_6	[CD2;R0][CD2;R0][CD2;R0][CD2;R0][CD2;R0][CD2;R0]
alkynyl_michael_acceptor1	[#6]-C#CC(=O)-[#6,#7,#8]
alkynyl_michael_acceptor2	[CH1]#CC(=O)-[#6,#7,#8]
allene	*=C=*
alpha_dicarbonyl	C(=O)!@C(=O)
alpha_halo_amine	[F,Cl,Br,I,\$(O(S(=O)(=O)))]-[CH,CH2!\$(CF2)]-[N,n]
alpha_halo_carbonyl	C(=O)([CH,CH2][Cl,Br,I,\$(O(S(=O)(=O)))]
alpha_halo_EWG	[\$(C(F)(F)(F)),\$(C#N),\$ (N(=O)(=O)),\$([N+](=O)[O-])]-[CH,CH2]-[Cl,Br,I,\$(O(S(=O)(=O)))]
alpha_halo_heteroatom	[N,n,O,S!\$(S(=O)(=O))]-[CH,CH2!\$(CF2)][F,Cl,Br,I,\$(O(S(=O)(=O)))]
alpha_halo_heteroatom_tert	[N,n,O,S!\$(S(=O)(=O))]-C([Cl,Br,I,\$(O(S(=O)(=O)))])(C(C)
anhydride	[\$(C(=O)),\$(C(=S))]-[O,S]-[\$(C(=O)),\$(C(=S)),\$(C(=[N;!R])),\$(C(=[N-](C;X4)))]
aromatic_azide_c	N=[N+]=[N-]
aryl_phosphonate	P(=O)-[O;!R]-a
aryl_thiocarbonyl	a-[S;X2;!R]-[C;!R](=O)
azide	[\$(N#[N+]-[N-]),\$([N-]=[N+]=N)]
aziridine_diazirine	[C,N]1~[C,N]~N~1
azo_amino	[N]=[N;!R]-[N]
azo_aryl	c[N;!R;!+]=[N;!R;!+]-c
azo_filter1	[N;!R]=[N;!R]-[N]=[*]
azo_filter2	[N;!\$(N-S(=O)(=O))!\$(N-C=O)]-[N;!r3!\$(N-S(=O)(=O))!\$(N-C=O)]-[N;!\$(N-S(=O)(=O))!\$(N-C=O)]
azo_filter3	[N;!R]-[N;!R]-[N;!R]
azo_filter4	a-N=N-[N;H2]
azoalkanal	[N;R0]=[N;R0]CC=O
azocyanamide	[N;R0]=[N;R0]C#N
bad_boron	[B-,BH2,BH3,\$(B(F)(F))]
bad_cations	[C+,F+,Cl+,Br+,I+,Se+]
b-carbonyl_quaternary_nitrogen	C(=O)CC[N+,n+]
benzhydrol	[OH1]-C(-c1cccc1)-c2cccc2
benzidine_like	c([N;!+])1ccc(c2ccc([N;!+])cc2)cc1
benzylic-quaternary_nitrogen	cC[N+]
beta_lactam	C1(=O)-[#6]~[#6]N1
beta_lactone	[#6,#15,#16]1(=O)~[#6]~[#6]~[#8,#16]1
betalactam_EWG	C1(=O)-[#6]~[#6]N1([\$(S(=O)(=O))[C,c,O&D2]),\$(C(F)(F)(F)),\$(C#N),\$ (N(=O)(=O)),\$([N+](=O)[O-

Filter	SMARTS
halo_imino	C(=[#7])([Cl,Br,I,\$(O(S(=O)(=O)))]))
halo_olefin_bis_EWG	C([Cl,Br,I,\$(O(S(=O)(=O)))])=C([\$(S(=O)(=O)),\$(C(F)(F)(F)),\$(C#N),\$ (N(=O)(=O)),\$([N+](=O)[O-]),\$(C=O)])([\$(S(=O)(=O)),\$(C(F)(F)(F)),\$(C#N),\$ (N(=O)(=O)),\$([N+](=O)[O-]),\$(C=O)])
halo_phenolic_carbonyl	C(=O)Oc1c([Cl,F])[cH1,\$(c[F,Cl])c([F,Cl])[cH1,\$(c[F,Cl])c1([F,Cl])
halo_phenolic_sulfonyl	S(=O)Oc1c([Cl,F])[cH1,\$(c[F,Cl])c([F,Cl])[cH1,\$(c[F,Cl])c1([F,Cl])
halogen_heteroatom	[!C;!c;!H][F,Cl,Br,I]
hemiacetal	[#6]-O[CH1](-[#6])[OH1]
hetero_silyl	[Si]~[#6]
heteroaryl_sulfonate	a-S(=O)(=O)-O-[\$([a&!#6]),\$(c[a&!#6]),\$(cc[a&!#6]),\$(ccc[a&!#6]),\$(ccccc[a&!#6])]
HOBT_ester	O=C(-[!N])O[\$(nnn),\$(#[7]-[7]=[7])]
hydrazine2	[#7]!@-N!@=C
hydrazine	[N;X3;!\$(N-S(=O)(=O));!\$(N-C(F)(F)(F));!\$(N-C#N);!\$(N-C(=O));!\$(N-C(=S));!\$(N-C(=N))]-[N;X3;!\$(N-S(=O)(=O));!\$(N-C(F)(F)(F));!\$(N-C#N);!\$(N-C(=O));!\$(N-C(=S));!\$(N-C(=N))]
hydrazothiourea	[N;!R]=NC(=S)N
hydroxamate_wAr-Head	C([N;H1]([O;D1]))=O
hyperval_sulfur	[\$([#16&D3]),\$(#[16&D4])]=.[#6]
Imine1	[#6;R0]C([#6;R0])=[NH1]
Imine2	[#6;R0][CH1]=[NH1]
isonitrile	[N+]#[C-]
Lawesson_reagent_derivatives	P(=S)(S)S
linear_polycyclic_aromatic_I	[\$(a12aaaaa1aa3a(aa(aaaa4)a4a3)a2),\$(a12aaaaa1aa3a(aaa4a3aaaa4)a2),\$(a12aaaaa1a(aa5)a3a(aaa4a3a5aaa4)a2)]
linear_polycyclic_aromatic_II	[\$(a12aaaa4a1a3a(aaaa3aa4)aa2),\$(a12aaaaa1a3a(aaa4a3aaaa4)aa2),\$(a1(a(aaaa4)a4a3a2aaaa3)a2aaaa1)]
maleimide_etc	[\$([C;H1]),\$(C(-[F,Cl,Br,I]))]1=[\$([C;H1]),\$(C(-[F,Cl,Br,I]))]C(=O)[N,O,S]C(=O)1
meldrums_acid_etc	O=C1OC(C)(C)OC(C1)=O
metal	[\$([Ru]),\$([Mg]),\$([Rh]),\$([Se]),\$([Ise]),\$([Pd]),\$([Sc]),\$([Bi]),\$([Sb]),\$([Ag]),\$([Ti]),\$([Al]),\$([Cd]),\$([V]),\$([In]),\$([Cr]),\$([Sn]),\$([Mn]),\$([La]),\$([Fe]),\$([Er]),\$([Tm]),\$([Yb]),\$([Lu]),\$([Hf]),\$([Ta]),\$([W]),\$([Re]),\$([Co]),\$([Os]),\$([Ni]),\$([Ir]),\$([Cu]),\$([Zn]),\$([Ga]),\$([Ge]),\$([As]),\$([as]),\$([Y]),\$([Zr]),\$([Nb]),\$([Ce]),\$([Pr]),\$([Nd]),\$([Sm]),\$([Eu]),\$([Gd]),\$([Tb]),\$([Dy]),\$([Ho]),\$([Pt]),\$([Au]),\$([Hg]),\$([Tl]),\$([Pb]),\$([Ac]),\$([Th]),\$([Pa]),\$([Mo]),\$([U]),\$([Tc]),\$([Te]),\$([Po]),\$([At])]
michael_acceptor6	[#6,#7]-&!@[#6](=&!@[CH])-&!@C(=O)-&!@[C,N,O,S]
michael_acceptor5	N#CC(=C)C#N
michael_acceptor_misc	O=C1[O,N]C~[N,C]C1=[C,N]
michael_acceptor_misc2	*~\C=C1/CC2=CC=CC=C2N1
michael_acceptor_vinyl2	[CH2]=C-C(=O)-[#6,#7,#8]
misc_10_carbon_sb_chain	[C;!R]-[C;!R]-[C;!R]-[C;!R]-[C;!R]-[C;!R]-[C;!R]-[C;!R]-[C;!R]-[C;!R]-[C;!R]
misc_2_free_phos	P([O;D1])=O.P([O;D1])=O
misc_2_N_quats	[N,n;H0;+;!\$(N~O);!\$(n~O)].[N,n;H0;+;!\$(N~O);!\$(n~O)]
misc_2_sulfonic_acid	[C,c]S(=O)(=O)[O;D1].[C,c]S(=O)(=O)[O;D1]
misc_3_COOH	C(=O)[O;D1].C(=O)[O;D1].C(=O)[O;D1]
misc_3_iodine	[#53].[#53].[#53]
misc_4_basic_N	[N;!\$(N(=[N,O,S,C]));!\$(N(S(=O)(=O)));!\$(N(C(F)(F)(F)));!\$(N(C#N));!\$(N(C(=O)));!\$(N(C(=S)));!\$(N(C(=N))];!\$(N(#C));!\$(N-c);.[N;!\$(N(=[N,O,S,C]));!\$(N(S(=O)(=O)));!\$(N(C(F)(F)(F)));!\$(N(C#N));!\$(N(C(=O)));!\$(N(C(=S))];!\$(N(C(=N))];!\$(N(#C));!\$(N-c);.[N;!\$(N(=[N,O,S,C]));!\$(N(S(=O)(=O)));!\$(N(C(F)(F)(F)));!\$(N(C#N));!\$(N(C(=O))];!\$(N(C(=S))];!\$(N(C(=N))];!\$(N(#C));!\$(N-c);.[N;!\$(N(=[N,O,S,C]));!\$(N(S(=O)(=O))];!\$(N(C(F)(F)(F))];!\$(N(C#N));!\$(N(C(=O))];!\$(N(C(=S))];!\$(N(C(=N))]

Filter	SMARTS
	!\$(N(#C));!\$(N-c)
misc_4_nitro	[\$([N+](=O)[O-]),\$(N(=O)=O)].[\$([N+](=O)[O-]),\$(N(=O)=O)].[\$([N+](=O)[O-]),\$(N(=O)=O)].[\$([N+](=O)[O-]),\$(N(=O)=O)]
misc_5_phenolic_OH	a[O;D1].a[O;D1].a[O;D1].a[O;D1].a[O;D1]
misc_7_aliphatic_OH	C[O;D1].C[O;D1].C[O;D1].C[O;D1].C[O;D1].C[O;D1].C[O;D1]
misc_7_total_hal	[Cl,Br,I].[Cl,Br,I].[Cl,Br,I].[Cl,Br,I].[Cl,Br,I].[Cl,Br,I].[Cl,Br,I].[Cl,Br,I]
misc_8_CF2_or_CH2	[CH2,\$(CF2);R0][CH2,\$(CF2);R0][CH2,\$(CF2);R0][CH2,\$(CF2);R0][CH2,\$(CF2);R0][CH2,\$(CF2);R0][CH2,\$(CF2);R0][CH2,\$(CF2);R0]
monensin	O1CCCCC1C2CCCO2
monofluoroacetate	[C;H2](F)C(=O)[O,N,S]
nitrate	[#6]-O-[N+](=O)[O-]
nitro_aromatic	(a-[N+](=O)[O-].a-[N+](=O)[O-])
nitroalkane	C[N+](=O)[O-]
nitrone	[C;!R]=[N+][O;D1]
nitrosamine	N-[N;X2](=O)
nitroso	[N&D2](=O)
NO_phosphonate	P(=O)ON
ortho_hydroiminoquinone	c1c([N;D1])c([N;D1])c[cH1][cH1]1
ortho_hydroquinone	a1c([O,S;D1])c([O,S;D1])a[cH1][cH1]1
ortho_nitrophenyl_carbonyl	[#6]1(-O-[C;!R](-[N]([N+](=O)[O-])))[#6]([N+](=O)[O-])[\$([N+](=O)[O-])][#6][#6][#6]1
ortho_quinone	[CH1,\$(C(-[Cl,Br,I]))]1=CC(=[O,N,S;!R])C(=[O,N,S])C=[CH1,\$(C(-[Cl,Br,I]))]1
oxaziridine	C1~[O,S]~N1
oxime	[\$(C=N[O;D1]);!\$(C=[N+])][#6][#6]
oxonium	[o+,O+]
P_S_halide	[P,S][F,Cl,Br,I]
para_hydroiminoquinone	a1[cH1]c([N;D1])[cH1]ac([N;D1])1
para_hydroquinone	a1[cH1]c([O,S;D1])[cH1]ac([O,S;D1])1
para_nitrophenyl_ester	[#6]1(-O-[C;!R](-[N]([N+](=O)[O-])))[#6]([N+](=O)[O-])[\$([N+](=O)[O-])][#6][#6][#6]1
para_quinone	[CH1,\$(C(-[Cl,Br,I]))]1=[CH1,\$(C(-[Cl,Br,I]))]C(=[O,N,S])[CH1,\$(C(-[Cl,Br,I]))]=[CH1,\$(C(-[Cl,Br,I]))]C1(=[O,N,S])
paraquat_like	[#6]1[#6][#6]([#6]2[#6][#6][#7;+][#6][#6]2)[#6][#6][#7;+]
pentafluorophenylester	C(=O)Oc1c(F)c(F)c(F)c(F)c1(F)
perchloro_cp	C1(Cl)(Cl)C(Cl)C(Cl)=C(Cl)C1(Cl)
perhalo_dicarbonyl_phenyl	c1(C=O)c([Br,Cl,I])c([Br,Cl,I])c([Br,Cl,I])c([Br,Cl,I])c1(C=O)
perhalo_ketone	O=CC(-[F,Cl,Br,I])(-[F,Cl,Br,I])-[F,Cl,Br,I]
perhalo_phenyl	c1c([F,Br,Cl,I])c([F,Br,Cl,I])c([F,Br,Cl,I])c([F,Br,Cl,I])c1([F,Br,Cl,I])
peroxide	[#8]-[#8]
phenolate_bis_EWG	O=[C,S]Oc1aaa(\$(\$S(=O)(=O)),\$(C(F)(F)(F)),\$(C#N),\$(N(=O)=O)),[\$([N+](=O)[O-]),\$(C(=O)O),\$(C(=O)N)])aa(\$(\$S(=O)(=O)),\$(C(F)(F)(F)),\$(C#N),\$(N(=O)=O)),[\$([N+](=O)[O-]),\$(C(=O)O),\$(C(=O)N)])1
phos_serine_wAr-Head	NC(COP(O)(O)=O)C(O)=O
phos_threonine_wAr-Head	NC(C(C)OP(O)(O)=O)C(O)=O
phos_tyrosine_wAr-Head	NC(Cc1ccc(OP(O)(O)=O)cc1)C(O)=O
phosphite	[c,C]-[P;v3]
phosphonate_esters	COP(=O)(=O)[C,c]
phosphonium	[#15;+]-[O]
phosphoramidate	NP(=O)(N)N
phosphorane	C=P

Filter	SMARTS
phosphorous_nitrogen_bond	[#15]~[N,n]
phosphorus_phosphorus_bond	P~P
phosphorus_sulfur_bond	P~S
polyacidic4	[C,S,P](=O)[OH].[C,S,P](=O)[OH].[C,S,P](=O)[OH].[C,S,P](=O)[OH]
polyazoanthracene	c12:[c,n]:[c,n]:[c,n]:c1[c,n]c3:[c,n]:[c,n]:[c,n]:c3[c,n]2
polyazophenanthrene	c12:[c,n]:[c,n]:[c,n]:c1:[c,n]:[c,n]:c3:[c,n]:[c,n]:[c,n]:c23
polyene	C=[C;!R][C;!R]=[C;!R][C;!R]=[C;!R]
polyhalo_phenol_a	c1c([O;D1])c(-[Cl,Br,I])c(-[Cl,Br,I])cc1.c1c([O;D1])c(-[Cl,Br,I])c(-[Cl,Br,I])cc1
polyhalo_phenol_b	c1c([O;D1])c(-[Cl,Br,I])cc(-[Cl,Br,I])c1.c1c([O;D1])c(-[Cl,Br,I])cc(-[Cl,Br,I])c1
polyhalo_phenol_c	c1c([O;D1])ccc(-[Cl,Br,I])c(-[Cl,Br,I])1.c1c([O;D1])ccc(-[Cl,Br,I])c(-[Cl,Br,I])1
polyhalo_phenol_d	c(-[Cl,Br,I])1c([O;D1])c(-[Cl,Br,I])ccc1.c(-[Cl,Br,I])1c([O;D1])c(-[Cl,Br,I])ccc1
polyhalo_phenol_e	c1c([O;D1])ccc(-[Cl,Br,I])c(-[Cl,Br,I])1.c1c([O;D1])ccc(-[Cl,Br,I])c(-[Cl,Br,I])1
polysulfide	[S;D2]-[S;D2]-[S;D2]
porphyrin	[#6;r16,r17,r18]~[#6]1~[#6]~[#6]~[#6]~[#6]~[#6]~[#6]1
primary_halide_sulfate	[CH2][Cl,Br,I,\$(O(S(=O)(=O)![N];![O&D1]))]
propiolactone	C1(=O)OCC1
quat_N_acyl	[N,n;+!>@C(=O)
quat_N_N	[N,n;R;+!>@[N,n]
quaternary_C_Cl_I_P_S	[C+,Cl+,I+,P+,S+]
quaternary_nitroxy	C[N+]-([O-])(C)C
quinone_methide	[#6;!\$([#6](-[N,O,S]))]1=[#6;!\$([#6](-[N,O,S]))][#6](-[#6])[#6;!\$([#6](-[N,O,S]))]=[#6;!\$([#6](-[N,O,S]))][#6]1(=[O,N,S])
rhodanine	C(=C)1SC(=S)NC(=O)1
secondary_halide_sulfate	[CH;!\$(C=C)][Cl,Br,I,\$(O(S(=O)(=O)![N];![O&D1]))]
squalestatin	C12OCCCC(O1)CC2
sulf_D2_nitrogen	[S;D2](-[N;!\$(N(=C));!\$(N(-S(=O)(=O))];!\$(N(-C(=O))))]
sulf_D2_oxygen_D2	[S;D2][O;D2]
sulf_D3_nitrogen	[S;D3](-N)(-c,C)(-c,C)
sulfite_sulfate_ester	[C,c]OS(=O)O[C,c]
sulfonate	COS(=O)(=O)[C,c]
sulfonium	[S+;X3;\$S-C];!\$(S-[O;D1])]
sulfonyl_anhydride	[\$(C(=O)),\$(S(=O)(=O))][O,S](S(=O)(=O))
sulfonyl_halide	S(=O)(=O)[F,Cl,Br,I]
sulfonyl_heteroatom	[!#6;!#1;!#11;!#19]O(S(=O)(=O)(-c,c))
sulphonyl_cyanide	S(=O)(=O)C#N
tertiary_halide_sulfate	[C;X4](-[Cl,Br,I,\$(O(S(=O)(=O)![N];![O&D1]))])(-c,C)(-c,C)(-c,C)
thio_hydroxamate	[S;D2]([\$(N(=C)),\$(N(-S(=O)(=O))),\$(N(-C(=O))))]
thio_xanthate	[S;!R]-[C;!R](=[S;!R])(-[S;!R])
thioamide	[#6]C([#7H2])=S
thiocarbonate	SC(=O)[O,S]
thiocyanate	SC#N
thioester	[S;!R;H0]C(=[S,O;!R])([O;!S;!N])
thioketone	CC(=S)C
thiol_wAr-Head	NC(C[S;D1])C(O)=O
thiopyrylium	c1[S,s;+]cccc1
thiosulfoxide	[C,c][S;X3](-O)-S
thiourea	C([#7H2])([#7H2])=S
tri_phosphoric_esters	([#6]OP(=O)(-*)O[#6].[#6]OP(=O)(-*)O[#6].[#6]OP(=O)(-*)O[#6])

Filter	SMARTS
triacyloxime	C(=O)N(C(=O))OC(=O)
triamide	[\$(N-C(=O))(-C(=O))(-C(=O)),\$(n([#6](=O))([#6](=O))([#6](=O)))]
triaryl_phosphine_oxide	P(=O)(a)(a)(a)
trichloromethyl_ketone	[\$(C(=O));!\$(C-N);!\$(C-O);!\$(C-S)]C(Cl)(Cl)(Cl)
triflate	OS(=O)(=O)(C(F)(F)(F))
trifluoroacetate_ester	C(F)(F)(F)C(=O)O
trifluoroacetate_thioester	C(F)(F)(F)C(=O)S
trifluoromethyl_ketone	[\$(C(=O));!\$(C-N);!\$(C-O);!\$(C-S)]C(F)(F)(F)
trihalovinyl_heteroatom	C(-[Cl,Br,I])(-[Cl,Br,I])=C(-[Cl,Br,I])(-[N,O,S])
trinitro_aromatic	[\$(a1aaa(\$\$(N(=O)=O)),\$([N+](=O)[O-]))a(\$\$(N(=O)=O)),\$([N+](=O)[O-]))a1(\$\$(N(=O)=O)),\$([N+](=O)[O-]))),\$(a1aa(\$\$(N(=O)=O)),\$([N+](=O)[O-]))a(\$\$(N(=O)=O)),\$([N+](=O)[O-]))aa1(\$\$(N(=O)=O)),\$([N+](=O)[O-]))),\$(a1a(\$\$(N(=O)=O)),\$([N+](=O)[O-]))aa(\$\$(N(=O)=O)),\$([N+](=O)[O-]))aa1(\$\$(N(=O)=O)),\$([N+](=O)[O-])))]
trinitromethane_derivative	C(\$([N+](=O)[O-]),\$(N(=O)=O))(\$([N+](=O)[O-]),\$(N(=O)=O))(\$([N+](=O)[O-]),\$(N(=O)=O))
tris_activated_aryl_ester	[\$(O=[C,S]Oc1a(\$\$(S(=O)=O)),F,\$(C(F)(F)(F)),\$(C#N),\$(N(=O)=O)),\$([N+](=O)[O-]),\$(C(=O)O),\$(C(=O)N))]a(\$\$(S(=O)=O)),F,\$(C(F)(F)(F)),\$(C#N),\$(N(=O)=O)),\$([N+](=O)[O-]),\$(C(=O)O),\$(C(=O)N))]a(\$\$(S(=O)=O)),F,\$(C(F)(F)(F)),\$(C#N),\$(N(=O)=O)),\$([N+](=O)[O-]),\$(C(=O)O),\$(C(=O)N))]aa1,\$(O=[C,S]Oc1a(\$\$(S(=O)=O)),F,\$(C(F)(F)(F)),\$(C#N),\$(N(=O)=O)),\$([N+](=O)[O-]),\$(C(=O)O),\$(C(=O)N))]a(\$\$(S(=O)=O)),F,\$(C(F)(F)(F)),\$(C#N),\$(N(=O)=O)),\$([N+](=O)[O-]),\$(C(=O)O),\$(C(=O)N))]aaa(\$\$(S(=O)=O)),F,\$(C(F)(F)(F)),\$(C#N),\$(N(=O)=O)),\$([N+](=O)[O-]),\$(C(=O)O),\$(C(=O)N))]1,\$(O=[C,S]Oc1a(\$\$(S(=O)=O)),F,\$(C(F)(F)(F)),\$(C#N),\$(N(=O)=O)),\$([N+](=O)[O-]),\$(C(=O)O),\$(C(=O)N))]aa(\$\$(S(=O)=O)),F,\$(C(F)(F)(F)),\$(C#N),\$(N(=O)=O)),\$([N+](=O)[O-]),\$(C(=O)O),\$(C(=O)N))]a(\$\$(S(=O)=O)),F,\$(C(F)(F)(F)),\$(C#N),\$(N(=O)=O)),\$([N+](=O)[O-]),\$(C(=O)O),\$(C(=O)N))]a1,\$(O=[C,S]Oc1a(\$\$(S(=O)=O)),F,\$(C(F)(F)(F)),\$(C#N),\$(N(=O)=O)),\$([N+](=O)[O-]),\$(C(=O)O),\$(C(=O)N))]aa(\$\$(S(=O)=O)),F,\$(C(F)(F)(F)),\$(C#N),\$(N(=O)=O)),\$([N+](=O)[O-]),\$(C(=O)O),\$(C(=O)N))]aa(\$\$(S(=O)=O)),F,\$(C(F)(F)(F)),\$(C#N),\$(N(=O)=O)),\$([N+](=O)[O-]),\$(C(=O)O),\$(C(=O)N))]1)]
trisub_bis_act_olefin	[[CH;!R];!\$(C-N)]C(\$\$(S(=O)=O)),\$(C(F)(F)(F)),\$(C#N),\$(N(=O)=O)),\$([N+](=O)[O-]),\$(C(=O)))(\$\$(S(=O)=O)),\$(C(F)(F)(F)),\$(C#N),\$(N(=O)=O)),\$([N+](=O)[O-]),\$(C(=O)))
unacceptable_atoms1	[!#6;!#7;!#8;!#16;!#1;!#3;!#9;!#11;!#12;!#15;!#17;!#19;!#20;!#30;!#35]
unacceptable_atoms2	[!#6;!#7;!#8;!#16;!#1;!#3;!#9;!#11;!#12;!#15;!#17;!#19;!#20;!#30;!#35;!#53]
vinyl_carbonyl_EWG	[C;!R](\$\$(S(=O)=O)),\$(C(F)(F)(F)),\$(C#N),\$(N(=O)=O)),\$([N+](=O)[O-]),\$(C=O))(\$\$(S(=O)=O)),\$(C(F)(F)(F)),\$(C#N),\$(N(=O)=O)),\$([N+](=O)[O-]),\$(C=O))=[C;!R]([C;!R](=O))(!(\$([#8]);!\$([#7])))
vinyl_sulfone	O=S([#6]=[#6])([#6]=[#6])=O
vinylloxazole	[N,C]=CC1=COC=N1
2,3,4-trihydroxyphenyl	c([OH])c([OH])c([OH])

Table S8. Undesirable functionality SMARTS definitions utilised by the NIH.^[3]

Filter	SMARTS
thiocarbonyl	[c,C]=[S;X1]
termalkyne	[CH]#C
quinonepara	O=[#6]1[#6]~[#6][#6](=O)[#6]~[#6]1
nonpeptidic_macrocycle	[!R0!r3!r4!r5!r6!r7!r8!\$(N;!H0,\$(N1[CH2][CH2][CH2][CH1]1))][CH]C=O!\$(CH)[(N;!H0,\$(N1[CH2][CH2][CH2][CH1]1))C=O)!\$(C(=O)[CH][N;!H0,\$(N1[CH2][CH2][CH2][CH1]1)))]
nitrogen_oxygen_bond	*-[n,N]-[O;H0;R0]
methyl_ester_x2	[\$([CH3]OC=O)].[\$([CH3]OC=O)]
imide	O=C([#6])NC(=O)[#6]
exocyclic_double_bond_toC	[R;#7,#8,#16,#6X3][R]=!@C
ethyl_ester_x2	[\$([CH2](OC=O)[CH3])[CH3].[\$([CH2](OC=O)[CH3])[CH3]
ester_deep_in_mol	*[#6]C(=O)[O;R0][#6;\$(*(OC=O)**),\$(*(OC=O)(**))]
enoether	C=!@C[OD2]
conjugated_C=C	C=[C;R0][C;R0]=C
benzyl_ester	[\$([CH2](OC=O)c1[cH][cH][cH][cH]1)c1[cH][cH][cH][cH]1
aromatic_tricyclic1	c1ccc3c(c1)[C;!\$(C=O)]c2cccc23
allyl_ester	[\$([CH2](OC=O)[CH]=[CH2])[CH]=[CH2]
alkylNandNonC	N[CX4]!@N
alkCl	[C][C]!\$(C(C)(Cl)(Cl))]
alkBr	CBr
acyclic_sulphur_michael_acceptor	[C!\$(*[Nv3X3])]=!@[C!\$(*[Nv3X3])[S!\$(*[Nv3X3])]=O
acyclic_imine	[C!\$(*(=N)[N,n])]=!@[Nv3!\$(*O)]
acyclic_hydrazine	[Nv3X3!\$(*(C=O)NC=O)]!@[Nv3X3!\$(*(C=O)NC=O)]
acetyl_x2	[CH3]C(=O)O.[CH3]C(=O)O
acetal	[OX2;\$(OC[OX2])][C;!\$(C1(O)CNCCO1);!(C1(O)(CO)OC(CO)C(O)C1O);!(C1(O)OC(CO)C(O)C(O)C1O)][OX2][!a]
OCO_protecting_group	[O;R0][C;X4][O;R0]
N-SO_group	N[S;!\$(S(=O)(=O))]=O
C=N=O_gp	C=N=O
C(=O)CC(=O)_gp	[c,C]C(=O)[C!H0!R]C(=O)[C,c]
4_fused_ring_sys	[R2][R3][R2][R2][R2]
C#C	C#C.C#C
C#C-c_gp	cC#[C!H1]
3_mem_ring_with_het	[S,O,N;r3]
acylcarbamate	O=[S,C]NC(=O)O
anyNO	[Nv3,n]=O
phenol_x2	[OH][c;\$(c1ccccc1)].[OH][c;\$(c1ccccc1)]
formamide	[#7;!\$(N(OH))][CH1]=O
benzyl_halide	[CX4](a)[F,Cl,Br,I;!\$(FC(F)F)]

Table S9. Undesirable functionality SMARTS definitions that comprise the 'GSKB' filter.^[4]

Filter	
Acyl halide	Disulfide
Aldehyde	Hydrazine (terminal)
Alkyl halide	Isocyanate
Anhydride	Isothiocyanate
Diazo	Peroxide
Dicarbonyl	Quaternary ammonium

Table S10. Undesirable functionality filters used in the 'HTS Filter' embedded in Pipeline Pilot.

3.0 References

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