

1 **Supplemental Figure**

2 **Figure S1: Screening of the MGD::kan library in C2BBE1 epithelial cells.** Caco-2 C2BBE1
3 cells were seeded in 48-well plates and infected with *S. Typhimurium* 14028s wild type (WT) or
4 MGD::kan strain (genetic regions deleted in each MGD mutant are indicated). The MOI was
5 100, except where indicated by #, in which case the MOI was 1000. * indicates strains that were
6 non-invasive or very poorly invasive. These bacteria were added to monolayers at an MOI of
7 100, followed by centrifugation at 600 xg for 5 min. The proportion of cytosolic:vacuolar bacteria
8 at 7 h p.i. was determined by the CHQ resistance assay (CHQ-resistant CFU/(Total CFU-CHQ-
9 resistant CFU)). Each data point is the average of duplicate wells from 1-5 independent
10 experiments. The shaded area indicates 14028s wild type mean \pm 2SD. Arrows indicate MGD
11 mutants that were the focus of this study.

Table S1: Oligonucleotides used in this study

Oligonucleotide name	Sequence (5'-3')	For construction of
asmA F2	GGCTCTGCCCTTTGGCCAAAA CTACAT GCTACCCTCAATGGACCGGCAG	Δ asmA
asmA R1	CTGCCGGTCCATTGAGGGTAGC ATGTAG TTTTTTGGCCAAAGGGCAGAGCC	Δ asmA
asmA-XbaF1	GCTCTAGAACTGACCGACGCGCGTTTTG	Δ asmA
asmA-XmaR2	<u>TCCCCCGGGGCCGTTTTCTTTCCGCTAAC</u>	Δ asmA
corA OL-F	CCGGT CATG CTGAGCTGGCTG TAAG ACATTAAGGCCAGGGTG	Δ corA
corA OL-R	AATGT CTTAC AGCCAGCTCAG CATG ACCGGGACTCCCAATG	Δ corA
Xma corA	<u>CCCCCGGGGCCATGCAGAACTGACGCTAAC</u>	Δ corA
Kpn corA new	<u>GGGGTACCATATTGTCATGCTAACGACG</u>	Δ corA
Hha OL-F	GAATTT ATG TCTGATATTCGTT AAT CACGCTACATTACTTTTTAG	Δ hha
Hha OL-R	GCGTG ATTA ACGAATATCAG ACATA AATTCTACCTATGATTG	Δ hha
XmaI hha	<u>CCCCCGGGCTGTTATCGCGTTTTTCACGG</u>	Δ hha
KpnI hha	<u>GGGGTACCATCCTTACTGCGTTAAAGGC</u>	Δ hha
recA F2	CCGCCCCACCATCACCTGATG ATTACATT ATTACTCCTGTCATGCAACTT	Δ recA
recA R1	AAGTTGCATGACAGGAGTAATA ATGTAAT CATCAGGTGATGGTGGGGCGG	Δ recA
recA-XmaF1	<u>TCCCCCGGGATTGGTAAACAACAGAGTG</u>	Δ recA
recA-XbaR2	GCTCTAGACTATATCCCAGACATCCC	Δ recA
recA-BamHIF	CCACCGGGATCCACAGCCGTAGTTGACAGG	pWSK29-recA
recA-KpnIR	CTTGGGGGTACCTTAACGTTTTGCTGAATGG	pWSK29-recA
srlR F2	ATAAGTCAGGGTAATCACGCCT ATGTGAT GCACTACTAAACGCGGGCCGT	Δ srlR
srlR R1	ACGGCCCCGCGTTTAGTAGTG CACAT AGGCGTGATTACCCTGACTTAT	Δ srlR
srlR-Kpn2R2	<u>GGGGTACCGACGCCTTTCACAACATG</u>	Δ srlR
srlR-Xba2F1	GCTCTAGACTGGGCATTAAGCCC	Δ srlR
ydgT F2	TTGATGTTAAACGCTACTTTCTTT ACAT ATTAAATATAATGCCAACGGAG	Δ ydgT
ydgT R1	CTCCGTTGGCATTATATTTAAT ATGTA AAGAAAGTAGCGTTTAAACATCAA	Δ ydgT
ydgT-KpnF1	<u>GGGGTACCCCAAGAACCGCACAGTTAG</u>	Δ ydgT
ydgT-XbaR2	GCTCTAGACGCGCCTGTGACAGTGTCAC	Δ ydgT
ydgT-KpnIF	<u>CGGGGTACCTTGTGGAAGACGGAAAGTACC</u>	pWSK29-ydgT (1)
ydgT-SacIR	CCGAGCTCAACGCTACTTTCTTTATTGCACA	pWSK29-ydgT (1)

Start and stop codons are in bold. Engineered restriction sites are underlined.

1. **Coombes BK, Wickham ME, Lowden MJ, Brown NF, Finlay BB.** 2005. Negative regulation of *Salmonella* pathogenicity island 2 is required for contextual control of virulence during typhoid. Proc Natl Acad Sci USA **102**:17460-17465.