## Spatially differentiated trends in urbanization, agricultural land abandonment and reclamation, and woodland recovery in Northern China

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## **Supplementary Figure S1**

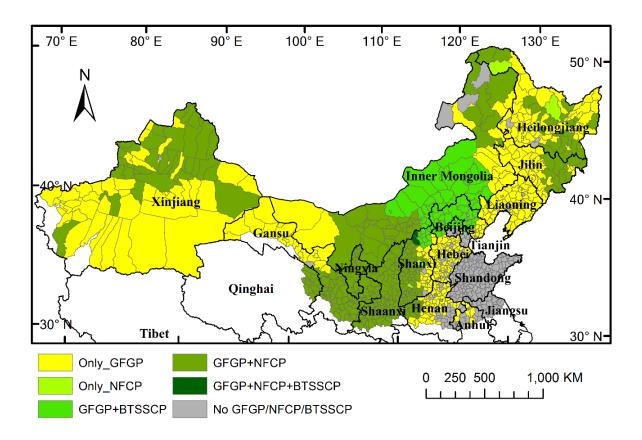


Figure S1 Three main ecological restoration programs implemented by Chinese government in northern China since 1998. GFGP, Grain for Green Program, NFCP, Natural Forest Conservation Program, and BTSSCP, Beijing and Tianjin Sandstorm Source Control Project. Map created using ArcGIS 10.0 (Esri, CA, www.esri.com).

## **Supplementary Figure S2**

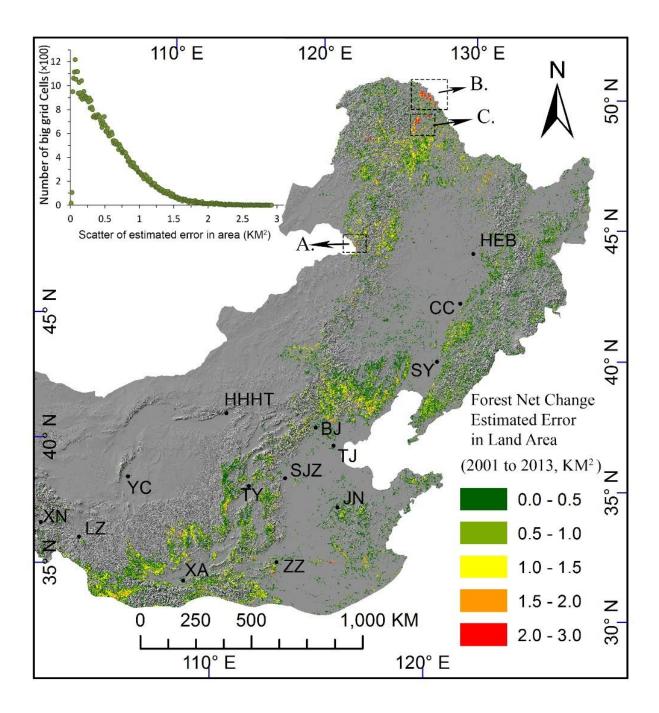
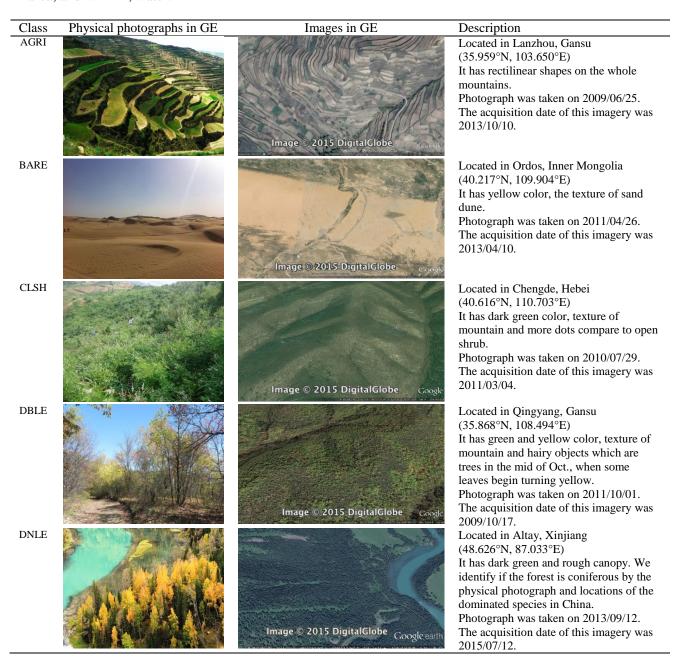


Figure S2 Estimated error of net forest change and its statistical distribution from 2001 to 2013 in a part of north-northeast China. Map created using ArcGIS 10.0 (Esri, CA, <a href="www.esri.com">www.esri.com</a>) and Microsoft Office Excel 2013.

## Supplementary Table S1

Table S1 Landscape photographs and descriptions of land cover types (photographs and images are from Google Earth Pro). AGRI, agricultural land; BARE, bare ground; CLSH, closed shrubland; DBLE, deciduous broadleaved forest; DNLE, deciduous needle-leaved forest; EBLE, evergreen broadleaved forest; ENLE, evergreen needle-leaved forest; GRAS, grassland; OPSH, open shrubland; URBN, urban area; and WATR, water.



**EBLE** Located in Hanzhong, Shannxi (33.620°N, 107.807°E) It has smooth canopy. We identify if the forest is evergreen by the imagery in winter and locations of the dominated species in China. Photograph was taken on 2009/08/09. Image © 2015 DigitalGlobe Google ear The acquisition date of this imagery was 2013/01/26 **ENLE** Located in Ulanqab, Inner Mongolia (41.115°N, 112.085°E) It has dark green and black objects on the surface which are evergreen trees in late May. We identify if the forest is coniferous by the physical photograph and locations of the dominated species in China. lmage © 2015 DigitalGlobe Photograph was taken on 2013/07/05. The acquisition date of this imagery was 2013/05/14. **GRAS** Located in Hulunber, Inner Mongolia (49.585°N, 119.736°E) It has smooth surface and emerald green color in growing season. Photograph was taken on 2005/08/19. The acquisition date of the imagery was 2014/05/30. Image © 2015 DigitalGlobe OPSH Located in Hohhot, Inner Mongolia (40.810°N, 110.953°E) It has brown color, texture of mountain with a lot of dots, which are shrubs. The big dots have big canopy. The small ones have small canopy. Photograph was taken on 2006/08/26. The acquisition date of the imagery was 2011/08/12. URBN Located in Hohhot, Inner Mongolia (40.791°N, 111.690°E) It includes a lot of buildings, urban vegetation and roads. It is easy to identity because of human construction. Photograph was taken on 2008/07/09. The acquisition date of GE imagery was 2009/08/23. WATR Located in Linxia, Gansu (35.859°N, 103.270°E) It has a very smooth surface, specific shape and dark blue color (depends on images, sometimes it is green or grey). It can be identified by the shape, color of the water body. Photograph was taken on 2011/06/28. The acquisition date of GE imagery was 2010/05/01.