### Estradiol-Estrogen Receptor α Mediates the Expression of the CXXC5 Gene through the Estrogen Response Element-Dependent Signaling Pathway

Pelin Yaşar, Gamze Ayaz and Mesut Muyan

### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

### SUPPLEMENTAL DATA

Fig. 1. Assessment of the endogenous CXXC5 protein in MCF7 cells. (a) Overexpressed CXXC5 protein overshadows the endogenous CXXC5. MCF7 cells were transfected with pcDNA3.1(-) bearing none (Vector, V) or the Flag-CXXC5 (F-C5) cDNA. Twenty-four hour after transfections, cells were subjected to protein extraction. Equal amounts (100 µg) of nuclear extracts of the parent vector (V) or Flag-CXXC5 cDNA transfected cells were run onto SDS 10%-PAGE and subjected to WB using a CXXC5-specific antibody, ab106533. Star in the vector transfected (V) lane denotes the putative endogenous CXXC5 protein, while arrows indicate the overexpressed Flag-CXXC protein in corresponding lane. Molecular weight marker is shown in kDa. A representative image from two independent experiments is shown. (b & c & d) MCF7 cells were transfected as indicated. Twenty-four hour after transfection cells were lysed and separated into nuclear and cytoplasmic fractions. To prevent the overshadowing effect of the overexpressed WT-CXXC5 or Flag-CXXC5 protein at 100 µg, 25 ug protein from the nuclear (b) and cytoplasmic (c) extract of the overexpressed WT-CXXC5 or Flag-CXXC5 protein as well as 100 µg of protein extracts from Vector (V) transfected cells were subjected to WB using ab106533. Star denotes the endogenous CXXC5 protein, while arrows indicate the overexpressed CXXC proteins. Molecular weight marker is shown in kDa. A representative image from two independent experiments is shown. (d) Overexposed image, six second exposure, of the WB image shown in B, which was exposed for two seconds. In all panels,  $\beta$ -Actin and HDAC1 were used as loading controls for cytoplasmic and nuclear extracts; the presence, albeit low amounts, of  $\beta$ -Actin in the nuclear extract and HDAC1 in the cytoplasmic extract indicates somewhat cross-contamination of cellular fractions. This suggests also that the detection of CXXC5 proteins in the cytoplasmic extracts is likely due to the contaminating nuclear extract.

**Fig. 2.** Nucleotide sequences of the estrogen responsive region of CXXC5. The 305 base-pair long *CXXC5* locus containing an ERE sequence was obtained by PCR using the genomic DNA of MCF7 cell and sequenced. The sequence (query) was then compared to sequences in human genome using Basic Local Alignment Search Tool (http://blast.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Blast.cgi). The ERE sequence (underlined in red) resides between residues -242 through -255 from the first encoding ATG (A being +1) codon of *CXXC5*, underlined in black. The PCR generated DNA fragment was inserted into the pGL3-Basic vector for the construction of the pGL3-CXXC5 reporter plasmid.

**Fig. 3. Electrophoretic Mobility Shift Assay (EMSA).** (a) Cell extracts (CE; 10 μg) of MDAMB231 cells transfected with pcDNA3.1(-) bearing none (Vector, V) or the Flag-ERα cDNA were subjected to EMSA using biotinylated DNA (40 fmol) with (+) or without (-) the Flag-M2 antibody (Flag-M2) in the absence (-) or presence (+) of cold competitor at indicated amounts. ERα-ERE denotes the protein-bound biotinylated ERE. ERE indicates the unbound (free) biotinylated ERE. (b) MDAMB231 cells were transfected with pcDNA3.1(-) bearing none (V) or the Flag-ERα cDNA. Cell extracts were subjected to EMSA using biotinylated CXXC5-ERE (40 fmol). Specific binding of ERα to CXXC5-ERE was examined in the presence (+) of excess (2500 fold) cold (unlabeled) DNA fragment with no-ERE features (5'-CTGTCAGTATCAGTTACAGGTCTA-3', upper stand).

**Table 1. Nucleotide sequences of siRNAs.** Shown are the nucleotide sequences of siRNAs used in experiments to assess the identity of the endogenous CXXC5 protein.

## Supplemental Data, Figure 1



# Homo sapiens chromosome 5, alternate assembly CHM1\_1.1

Sequence ID: ref|NC\_018916.2| Length: 180347728 Number of Matches: 1

Range	1: 13849285	0 to 1384931	157 GenBank Graphics		lext Match 🔺	Previous Match
Score		Expect	Identities	Gaps	Strand	
569 bits(308)		5e-160	308/308(100%)	0/308(0%)	Plus/Plus	
Featur	es: <u>CXXC-typ</u> <u>CXXC-typ</u>	e zinc finger p e zinc finger p	rotein 5 rotein 5			
0	1	CTCACCACC	ATCONTOTOCTOCTTANTANA	-2	55	60
Query	1					00
Sbjct	138492850	CTCACCAGG/	ATGGATCTGGTGCTTAATAAAT	GCCTGGTCAAGCACATGGTG	GTCÁGGÁTG	138492909
Query	61	ACAGGACCG	TTGATAGTGGCGGTGGTGGCGA	TGTTGAAGGGGGAGGTGTTC	АСТОСТОСС	120
Sbjct	138492910	ACAGGACCG	TTGATAGTGGCGGTGGTGGCGA	TGTTGAAGGGGGAGGTGTTC	ACTGCTGCC	138492969
Query	121	CTGACCCTG	ТАТССТСТТӨТӨАСАӨАӨТӨАА	GACATTTCCACCTGGACACC	төассатөт	180
Sbjct	138492970	CTGACCCTG	TATCCTCTTGTGACAGAGTGAA	GACATTTCCACCTGGACACC	TGACCATGT	138493029
Query	181	φορογιστο	GAGCAGCGAGGCCCACCAGGCA	тстстоттоторослосло	IGCCAGGTCC	240
Sbjct	138493030	GCCTGCCCT	SAGCAGCGAGGCCCACCAGGCA	TCTCTGTTGTGGGCAGCAG	GCCAGGTCC	138493089
Query	241	төөтстөтө	SACCCTCGGCAGTTGGCAGGCT	ссстстосаотородсто	IGCCTCGGCC	300
Sbjct	138493090	TGGTCTGTG	SACCCTCGGCAGTTGGCAGGCT	CCCTCTGCAGTGGGGTCTGG	GCCTCGGCC	138493149
Query	301		308			
Sbjct	138493150	CCACCATG	138493157			

From: http://blast.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Blast.cgi

# Supplemental Data, Figure 3



siRNAs	siRNA sequence (5' to 3')	Target
Hs_CXXC5_2	CAGCAGTTGTAGGAATCGAAA	In the ORF of CXXC5
Hs_CXXC5_7	CAAGAGCGGTATCATCAGTGA	In the ORF of CXXC5
Hs_CXXC5_9	AGGGATTCGGGCGAAGACAAA	In the 3'UTR of CXXC5
Hs_CXXC5_10	TCAGATTTGCAAATTCAGAAA	In the ORF of CXXC5
AllStars Negative Control	Proprietary sequence	