

**SAG/RBX2 E3 ligase complexes with UBCH10 and UBE2S E2s
to ubiquitylate β -TrCP1 via K11-linkage for degradation**

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Supplemental Figure legends:

Figure S1. Inverse relationship between SAG and β TrCP1, and their binding to cullins.

(A) Inverse correlation between SAG and β TrCP: Cell lysates were prepared from various lung cancer cell lines, followed by IB using indicated Abs.

(B) SAG- β TrCP1-cullins form the complex: The 293T cells were transfected with FLAG-tagged CUL1 or CUL5, followed by IP with anti-FLAG Ab or IgG control, and IB with indicated Abs.

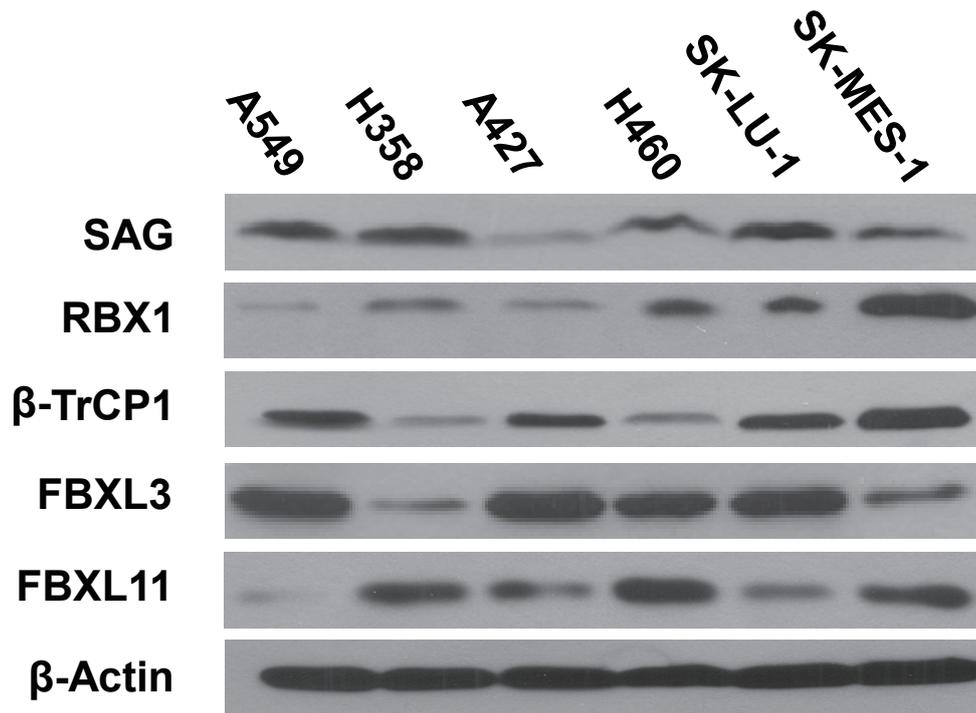
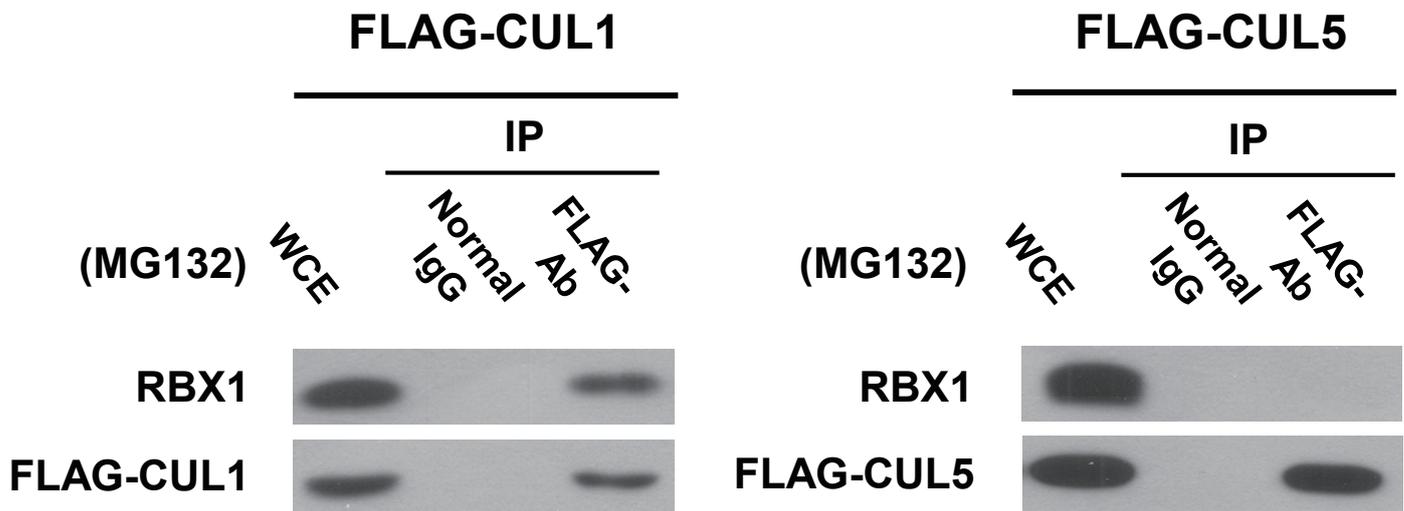
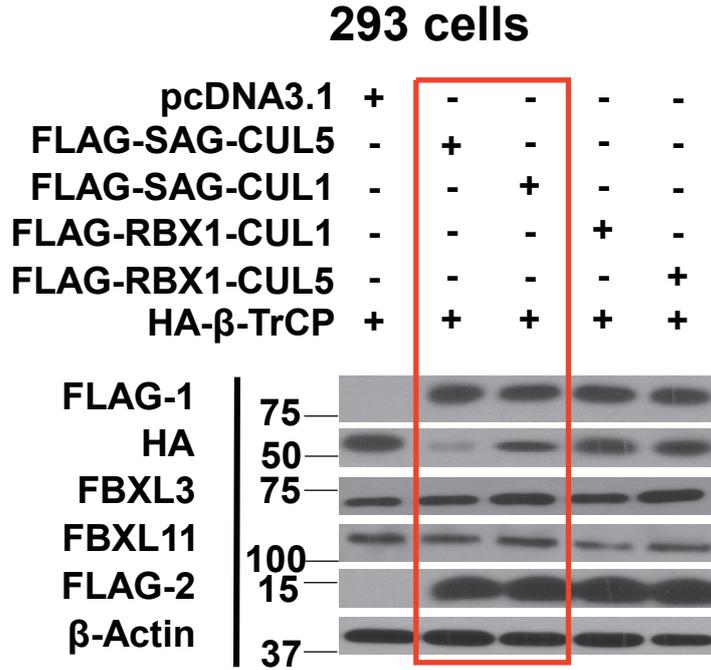
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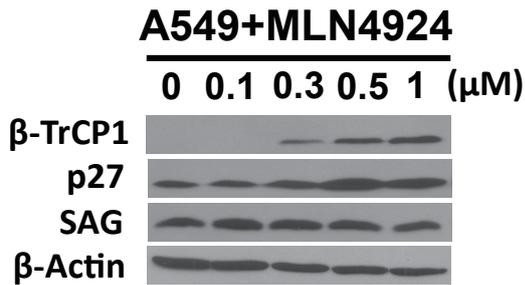
Figure S2. SAG negatively regulates β -TrCP1 protein level.

- (A) SAG-CUL5 reduces β TrCP1 level: The 293T cells were transfected with indicated plasmids. Whole cell extracts were analyzed by IB with indicated antibodies. FLAG-1: CUL1 or CUL5; FLAG-2, SAG or RBX1.
- (B&C) Accumulation of β TrCP1 and p27: Two indicated lung cancer lines were treated with various concentrations of MLN4924 for 24 hrs, followed by IB, using indicated Abs.
- (D&E) SAG-CUL5 shortens the half-life of β TrCP1 and β TrCP1 Δ F: After transfection with indicated plasmids for 12 hrs, cells were switched to fresh medium (10% FBS) containing cycloheximide (CHX) and incubated for indicated time periods before being harvested for IB using indicated Abs.
- (F) Manipulation of SAG-CUL5 has no effect on β -TrCP mRNA level. A427 cells were transfected with indicated plasmid or siRNA oligoes. Forty-eight hrs post-transfection, total RNA was isolated and subjected to RT-PCR analysis for β -TrCP mRNA levels.

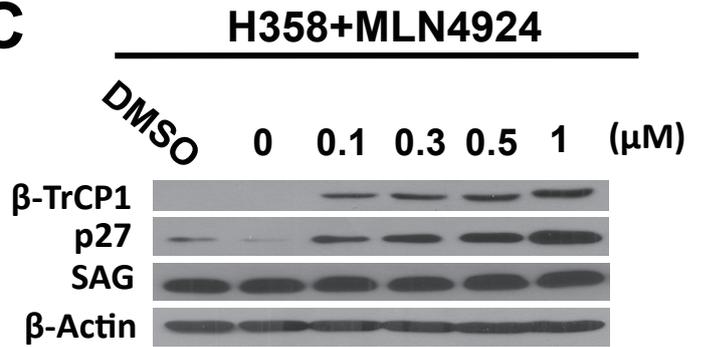
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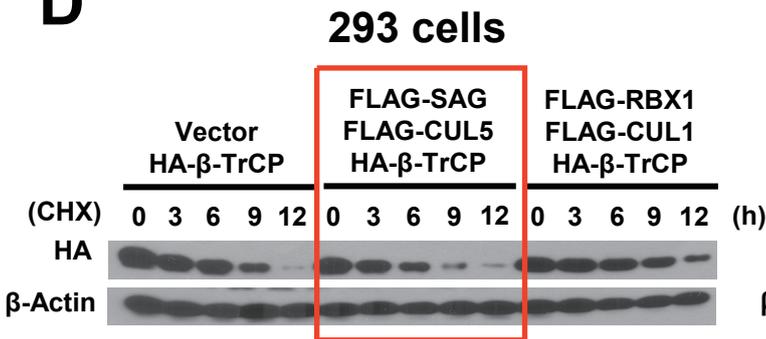
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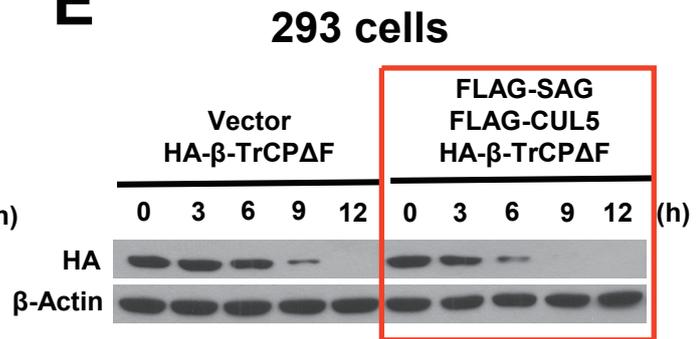
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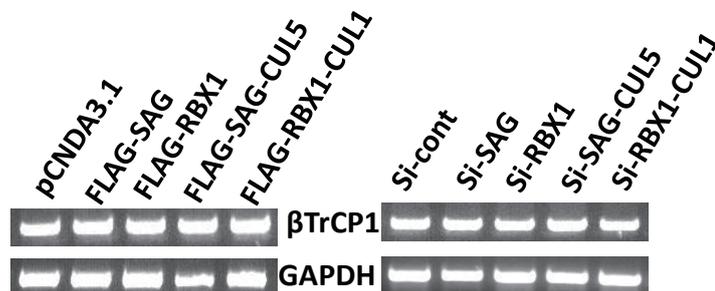


Figure S3. SAG-CUL5, but not RBX1-CUL1, promotes the ubiquitylation of β TrCP1 via K11 linkage.

(A) SAG-CUL5 promotes polyubiquitylation of β -TrCP1 and β -TrCP1 Δ F *in vivo*:

H1299 cells were transfected with indicated plasmids, lysed under denatured condition by 6M guanidinium solution, followed by Ni-bead pull-down. Washed beads were boiled and subjected to IB, along with whole cell lysates, using indicated Abs.

(B-E) SAG/CUL5 promotes poly-ubiquitylation of β -TrCP1 via K11 linkage: H1299

(B&D) or 293T (C&E) cells were cotransfected with indicated plasmids alone or in combination, along with ubiquitin and various ubiquitin mutants. Whole cell extracts and Ni-NTA affinity purified fractions were analyzed by IB using indicated Abs.

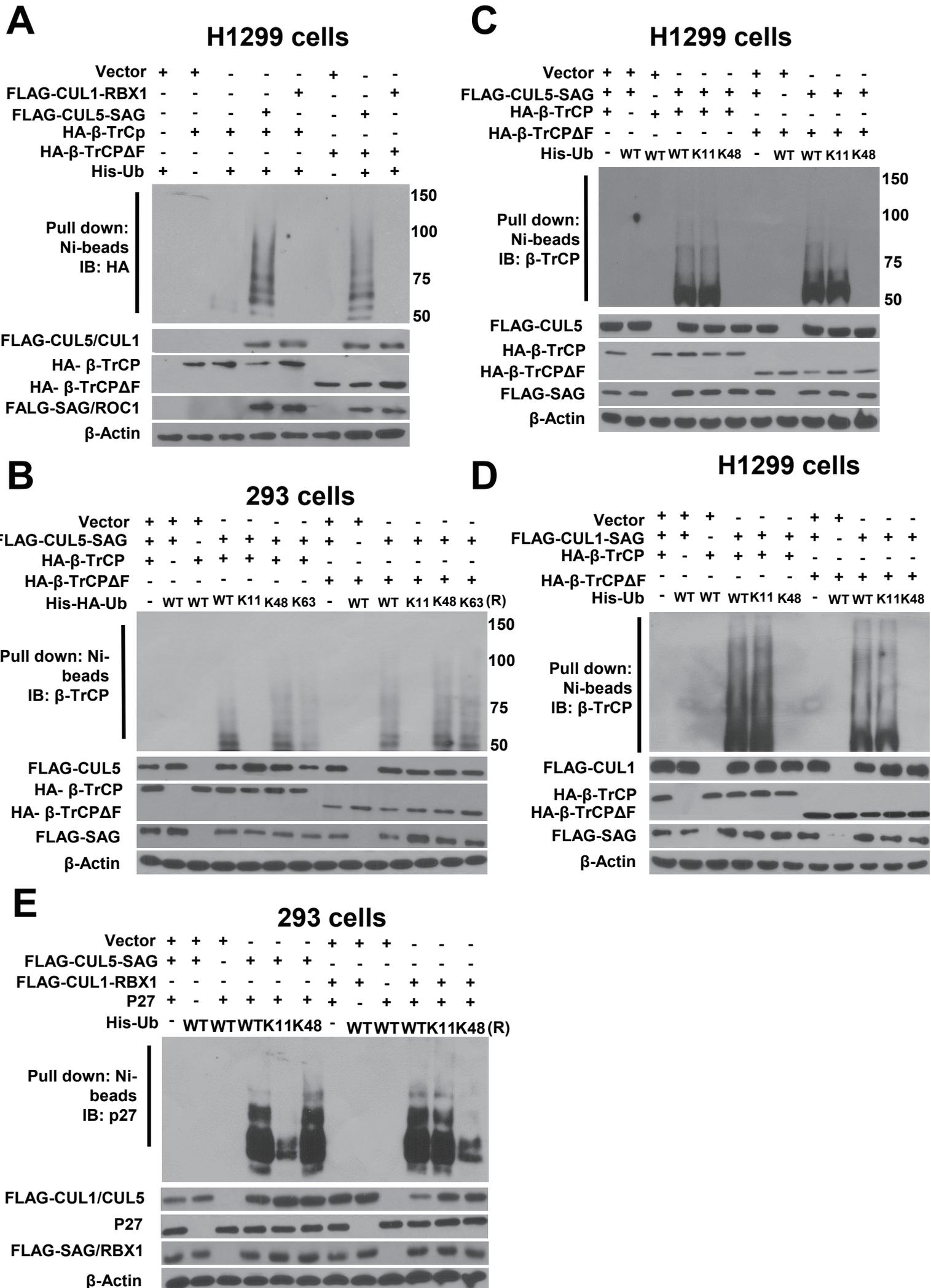


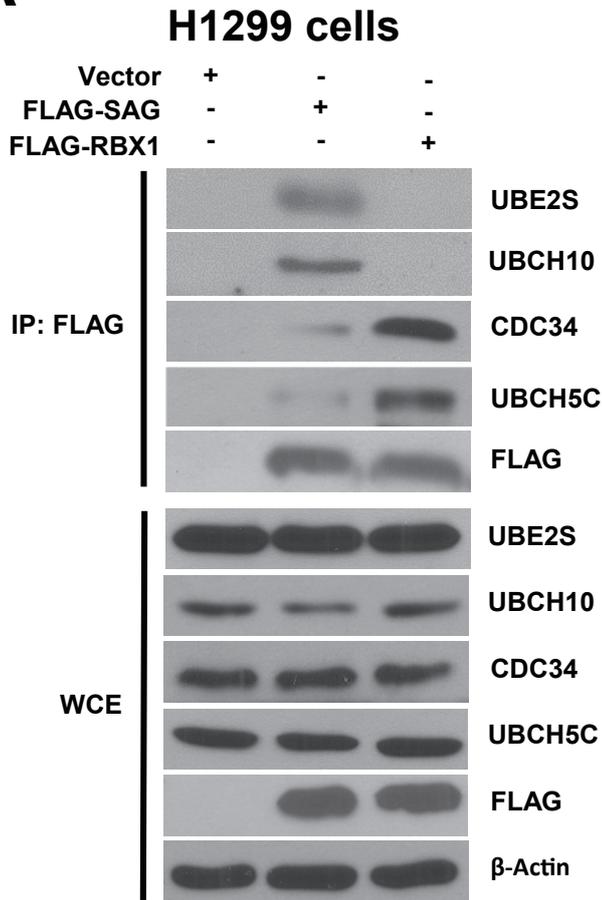
Figure S4. SAG and RBX1 form the complex with different E2s.

(A) H1299 cells were transfected with FLAG-SAG or FLAG-RBX1, followed by IP using FLAG Ab or normal IgG control, and IB with indicated Abs.

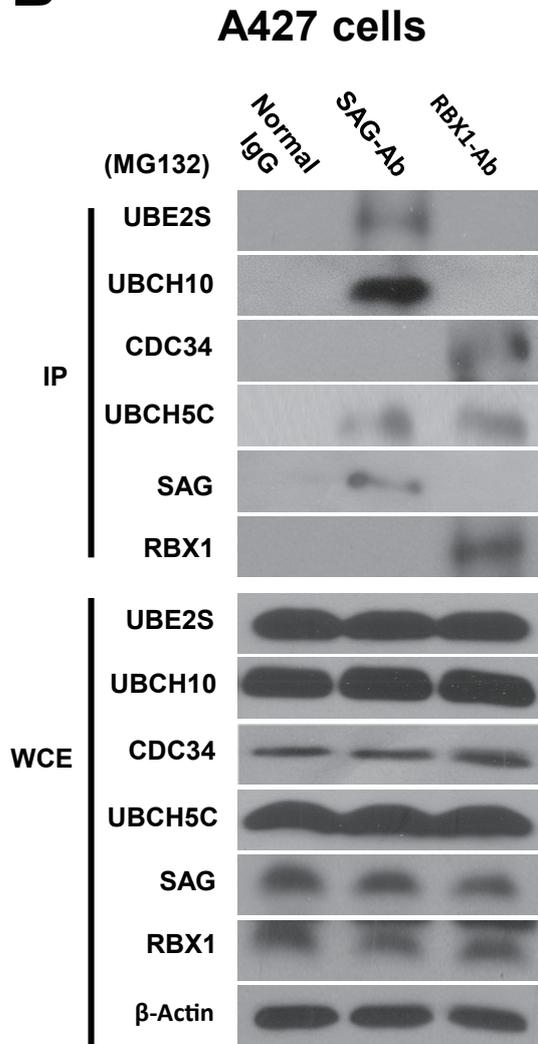
(B&C) Whole cell extracts (WCE) from A427 cells were subjected to IP and IB, or directly subjected to IB with indicated Abs.

(D) The 293T cells were transfected with indicated plasmids alone or in combination, and subjected to in vitro ubiquitylation as described in M&M. The reaction mixture was then loaded onto PAGE gel for IB using anti-Erbin Ab.

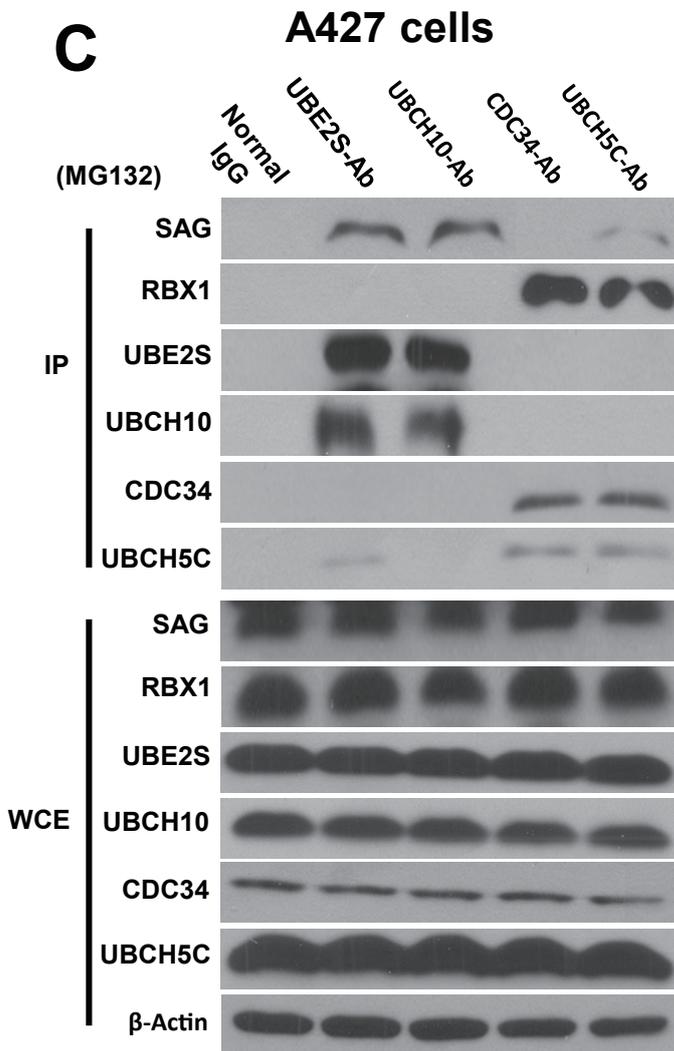
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