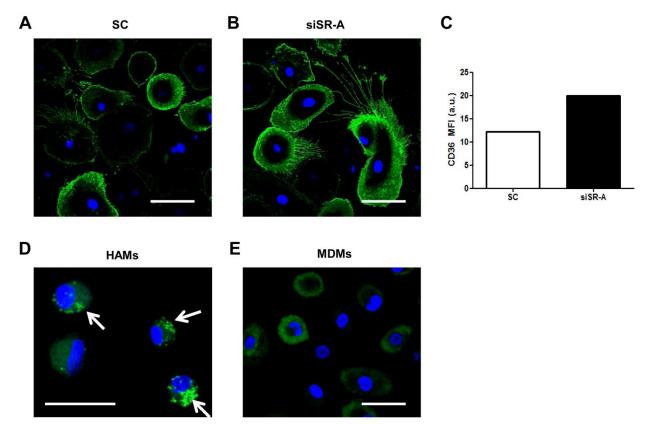
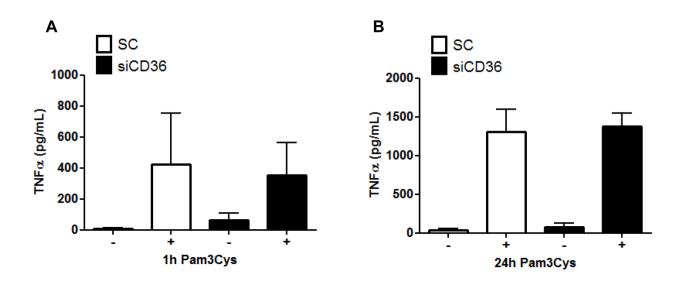
Supplemental FIGURE 1



SUPPLEMENTAL FIGURE 1. Increased CD36 expression in siSR-A MDMs and lipid body staining in HAMs and MDMs. Day 6 MDMs on coverslips were exposed to scramble control (SC) (A) or anti SR-A siRNA (B) via MirusX2. Monolayers were fixed with 4% PFA, permeabilized with methanol and labeled with anti-CD36 Ab. Scale bars, 50 μ m. (C) CD36 MFI in SC and siSR-A MDMs. Freshly isolated HAMs (D) or day 6 MDMs (E) were plated on coverslips, fixed with 4% PFA and exposed to 2.5 μ g/ml Bodipy for 30 min in the dark at RT. Intracellular lipid content was analyzed by confocal microscopy. Although MDMs contain intracellular lipids, tissue-specific lipid bodies can be seen in the HAMs (arrows). Scale bars, 50 μ m. Representative images from 1 (A-D) or 4 (E) independent experiments conducted in duplicate (mean ± SEM).

Supplemental FIGURE 2



SUPPLEMENTAL FIGURE 2. CD36 knockdown does not affect TLR2-dependent TNFa production. MDMs were transfected with scramble control (SC) or anti-CD36 siRNA via MirusX2 per the manufacturer's protocol. MDMs were then exposed to Pam3Cys (100 ug/mL) for 1h (A) or 24h (B). Cell free supernatants were collected and analyzed for TNFa production by ELISA. Shown are cumulative data from three independent experiments conducted in triplicate (mean \pm SEM).