Supplementary information

Isolated pores dissected from human two-pore channel 2 are functional.

Christopher J. Penny¹, Taufiq Rahman², Altin Sula³, Andrew J. Miles³, B. A. Wallace^{3*} and Sandip Patel^{1*}

 ¹Department of Cell and Developmental Biology, University College London, London, WC1E 6BT, UK
²Department of Pharmacology, University of Cambridge, Cambridge, CB2 1PD, UK
³Institute of Structural and Molecular Biology, Birkbeck College, University of London, London, WC1E 7HX, UK

*Authors to whom correspondence should be addressed.

Figure S1. Optimisation of TPC2 pore-only protein expression in E. Coli.

(A-C) Expression, solubilisation and purification trials of *E. coli* cells transformed with a plasmid encoding the hexa-histidine-tagged TPC2 DI pore-only construct containing an extended C-terminus (S212-Q418) (expected size: 20 kDa). (A) Western blot analysis using an α -poly-histidine antibody against membrane fractions isolated from *E. coli* cells during expression trials at 37°C and 22°C. (B) Western blot analysis using an α -poly-histidine antibody against membranes for the detergents DM, Cymal5 and LDAO or in 1% (w/v) of DDM during solubilisation trials. (C) Coomassie-stained SDS PAGE analysis of the proteins eluted by 500 mM imidazole from washed Ni-NTA or TALON resin beads during affinity chromatography purification trials. (D) Expression trial of shortened TPC2 DI pore-only (S212-A337) (expected size: 14.6 kDa). This construct was used for all subsequent experiments.

Figure S2. Co-expression of TPC2 pores with a lysosomal marker

Confocal images of HeLa cells co-expressing a lysosomal marker (LAMP1-RFP, red) and the indicated GFP-tagged pore (green). Nuclei (blue) were stained with DAPI. Scale bar 10 μ m. Colocalisation plots of red and green fluorescence intensity between arrowheads are shown below.

Figure S3. Homology model alignments

Alignments of human TPC2 (HsTPC2) and TPC1 from *Arabidopsis Thaliana* (AtTPC1) used for the generation of the homology model of the DI pore. For AtTPC1, transmembrane helices are highlighted in yellow and the re-entrant pore helices are highlighted in cyan. For HsTPC2, a short turret loop, denoted by ^ was not modelled.

Table S1. Primers

List of forward and reverse primers used to generate the pore-only constructs. Mutagenic bases are underlined. The *E. coli* primers target a codon-optimised plasmid.





HsTPC2DI	SLPEMASVGLLLAIHLCLFTMFGMLLFAGGKQD^LTYFQNLPESLTSLLVLLTTANNPDV	277
AtTPC1	MLGT <mark>YLNILALWMLFLLFASWIAFVMF</mark> EDTQQG^LTVFTS <mark>YGATLYQMFILF</mark> TTSNNP <mark>DV</mark>	270
HsTPC2DI	MIPAYSKNRAYAIFFIVFTVIGSLFLMNLLTAIIYSQFRGYLMKSLQTSLFRRRLGTRAA	337
AtTPC1	WIPAYKSS WSSVFFVLYVLIGVYFVTNLILAVVYDSFKEOLAKOVSGMDOMKRRMLEKA	330

Cloning Primers				
DI pore	Forward	5'-CACCGAATTCTGGATGGCCTCGCTGCCGGAAATG-3'		
(HeLa)	Reverse	5'-AGGCTCGAGCATGGAGGATAGGACTTCAAAGG-3'		
DII pore	Forward	5'-CACCGAATTCTGGATGGCCCTGGTGCAGAACATGCGT-3'		
(HeLa)	Reverse	5'-AGGCTCGAGCCTGCACAGCCACAGGTG-3'		
Mutagenic Primers				
DI-mutant	Forward	5'-GTCTCTGACTTCCC <u>C</u> CCTGGTGCTGCTGA-3'		
(HeLa)	Reverse	5'-TCAGCAGCACCAGG <u>G</u> GGGAAGTCAGAGAC-3'		
DI pore	Forward	5'-GTACTCGCGCAGCCT <u>AG</u> GAGGTTTGCGCTTGTG-3'		
(E Coli)	Reverse	5'-CACAAGCGCAAACCTC <u>CT</u> AGGCTGCGCGAGTAC-3'		