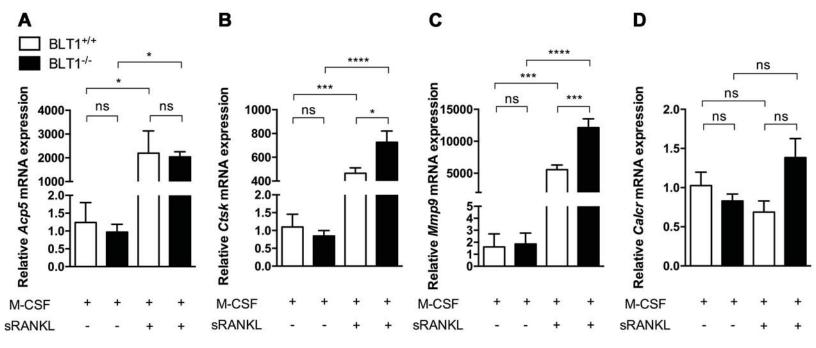


Supplemental Figure 1. Flow cytometric analysis of bone marrow cells derived from BLT1<sup>+/+</sup> and BLT1<sup>-/-</sup> mice stimulated with GFP or IL-23 MC.

Flow cytometric analysis of bone marrow cells from (**A**) BLT1<sup>-/-</sup> mice and (**B**) BLT1<sup>-/-</sup> mice injected with GFP or IL-23 MC. Cells are first visualized on FSC and SSC, followed by exclusion of doublets. Representative dot plots showing the gating strategy that was used to identify monocytes (upper row in **a** and **b**), Ly-6C<sup>low</sup> (**a**) Ly-6C<sup>hi</sup> (**b**) monocytes and neutrophils (lower row in **c**). (**C**) Absolute cell counts of bone marrow monocytes including Ly-6C<sup>high</sup> and Ly-6C<sup>low</sup> monocytes and neutrophils (**D**) in BLT1<sup>-/-</sup> mice after GFP (n=5) or IL-23 MC injection (n=6). (**E**) Absolute cell counts of bone marrow monocytes including Ly-6C<sup>high</sup> and Ly-6C<sup>low</sup> monocytes and neutrophils (**F**) in BLT1<sup>-/-</sup> mice injected with GFP MC (n=8) or IL-23 MC (n=6). All data are mean +s.e.m. \*p<0.05,\*\*p<0.01. Statistical analysis was performed using two-tailed Student's t-test.



Supplemental Figure 2. BLT1 deficient mice show increased osteoclast formation.

qRT–PCR expression analysis for the indicated genes during differentiation of BLT1 $^{+/+}$  and BLT1 $^{-/-}$  bone marrow cells into osteoclasts at day 2 after RANKL stimulation. Data are presented as a relative gene expression normalized to BLT1 $^{+/+}$  M-CSF treated cells. n=3 mice per group. All data are shown as mean  $\pm$  SEM. \*p<0.05,\*\*p<0.01, \*\*\*p<0.001, \*\*\*\*p<0.0001 as determined by a one-way ANOVA with Tukey post hoc test.