## Phosphorylation of Notch1 by Pim kinases promotes oncogenic signaling in breast and prostate cancer cells

## SUPPLEMENTARY FIGURES AND TABLE

Α **Breast cancer** 





Supplementary Figure S1: PIM1 expression correlates with NOTCH1 and NOTCH3 in breast and prostate cancer samples. Correlation of PIM1 and NOTCH mRNA levels were determined from patient samples according to information from MediSapiens.com. A. NOTCH1, NOTCH2, NOTCH3 and PIM1 expression were found in breast cancer samples. B. NOTCH1, NOTCH3 and PIM1 expression were found in prostate cancer samples.



**Supplementary Figure S2: Notch1 is phosphorylated by Pim1 at serine 2152.** GST-tagged Pim1, its kinase-deficient (KD) mutant and Notch (N) intracellular domains were incubated in *in vitro* kinase reactions. **A.** Shown are autoradiograms (above) and protein staining (below). **B.** Tryptic digestion and TiO<sub>2</sub> phosphopeptide enrichment followed by mass spectrometry revealed S2152 phosphorylation and C2158 carbamidomethylation in N1ICD. **C.** Shown is label-free phosphopeptide quantification normalized to N1ICD abundance (n=3).



Supplementary Figure S3: Notch and Pim activity in PC-3 and MCF-7 cell proliferation or viability. Cells were transiently transfected with N1 $\Delta$ E wild-type (WT) or phosphomutants (SA and SE) or Pim1. A. Confluency of N1 $\Delta$ E-overexpressing PC-3 cells. B. Confluency of Pim1-overexpressing PC-3 cells. C. Confluency of N1 $\Delta$ E-overexpressing MCF-7 cells. D. Confluency of Pim1-overexpressing MCF-7 cells. Various cell concentrations were tested with similar results and shown are average results with one concentration and parallel samples. E. Cell viability was analysed in MCF-7 cells by MTT assays after N1 $\Delta$ E overexpression. F. Untransfected MCF-7 cells were also treated with 5 µg/ml of DAPT or 10 µM DHPCC-9, after which MTT assays were performed. Shown are combined results from at least two independent experiments. One day after transfection was considered as the 0 h time-point.



Supplementary Figure S4: DAPT decreases Pim1-induced PC-3 tumor growth on CAM. Stable control (C) or Pim1overexpressing (Pim1) PC-3 cells were grown on the chorioallantoic membranes (CAM) of chicken embryos. Tumors were treated for 5 days with 5  $\mu$ g/ml of DAPT or they were control-treated with equal amounts of DMSO. Shown are sample numbers (n) and average tumor sizes from one experiment.

Amino acids in comparison	Amino acid sequence comparison	Accession number	Notch member	Species
2145-2157	GKKARKPSTKGLA	Q01705	Notch1	mouse
2155-2167	GKKVRK PSSK GLA	P46531	Notch1	human
2098-2115	GKKARRPNTKSTMPTSLP	O35516	Notch2	mouse
2100-2117	GKKSRRPSAKSTMPTSLP	Q04721	Notch2	human
2060-2074	GTKKSRRPPGKTGLG	Q61982	Notch3	mouse
2059-2073	GSKKSRRPPGKAGLG	Q9UM47	Notch3	human
1834-1848	GGAAARCRTLSAGAR	P31695	Notch4	mouse
1855-1869	GGALPRCRTLSAGAG	Q99466	Notch4	human

Supp	olementary	7 Table S1: Pir	n target sites are	e highly conserved i	in Notch receptors

Shown are sequence homologies between different Notch family members around Pim target site S2152 in mouse Notch1. Sequence data is received from UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot.