# Supporting Information

### Remission of lymphoblastic leukaemia in an intravascular fluidic environment by pliable drug carrier with a sliding target ligand

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## **1. Supplementary Figures**



**Supplementary Figure 1** (a) Experimental schemes for synthesis of  $\alpha$ CD-SH and DNA-CD. (b) Preparation of DNA-CD/PR by capping strategy. (c) Preparation of the fluorescently labelled DNA-CD/PR.



Supplementary Figure 2 Confirmation of Mono-6-mercapto-6-deoxy- $\alpha$ -cyclodextrin by <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectroscopy. Successful synthesis of  $\alpha$ CD-SH was confirmed by the disappeared tosylate peaks in final NMR spectra.



Supplementary Figure 3 HPLC data of DNA-CD.



**Supplementary Figure 4** GPC data of 20K PEG-(AM)<sub>2</sub>, DNA-CD/PR and non-sliding Sat. DNA-CD/PR shown with calibration curve by PEG standards.



Supplementary Figure 5 DLS size measurement of various PRNCs



Supplementary Figure 6 Serum stability of PRNC

#### (a) S(+)T(+)P(+)



(b) S(+)T(-)P(+)



(c) S(+)T(+)P(-)



(d) S(+)T(-)P(-)





Supplementary Figure 7 TEM image of various PRNCs



(f) S(-)T(-)P(+)



(g) S(+)T(+)P(+) / pH = 5.5





**Supplementary Figure 8** CD spectra of i-motif DNA at different pH. Characteristic peak around 240 nm indicates the formation of i-motif structure in Sense(+) Anti(+) condition.



**Supplementary Figure 9** Drug loading properties of PRNC. Fluorescent spectrum shows quenching of DOX fluorescence upon intercalation within dsDNA. Maximum 5 DOX molecule is loaded in single *i-motif* dsDNA.



**Supplementary Figure 10** Haemolysis test of PRNC and control groups. No significant lysis of red blood cell is observed in DOX loaded PRNCs.



**Supplementary Figure 11** Release of DOX from non-pH responsive control groups in acidic condition



**Supplementary Figure 12** Flow cytometry analysis results of CCRF-CEM transplanted mice treated with series of PRNCs



Supplementary Figure 13 Additional images of *in vivo* cytotoxicity evaluation. Brightfield and merged images of the microscopic samples identical to Figure 5. (Scale bar =  $100 \ \mu m$ )

# 2. Supplementary Tables

Supplementary Table 1 Sequences of DNAs used in this experiment

Name	Sequence
DNA <sub>i</sub>	5' - AAA ACC CTA ACC CTA ACC CTA ACC C - 3'
cDNA <sub>i</sub>	5' - AAA AGC GTT AGC GTT AGG GTT AGG G - 3'
DNA <sub>a</sub>	5' - TTT TTA TCT AAC TGC TGC GCC GCC GGG AAA ATA CTG TAC GGT TAG A - 3'
sc_DNA <sub>i</sub>	5' - AAA ACG ATT CAC GGC TGT ACG ACA T - 3'
sc_cDNA <sub>i</sub>	5' - AAA AAT GTC GTA CAG CCG TGA ATC G - 3'
sc_DNA <sub>a</sub>	5' - TTT TAA ATG CGT CTT AGC AAT TAC GGA CAG TAG CAT CAC TTT AGT T - 3'

Supplementary Table 2 Types of PRNCs used in this experiment

Name	Details
S(+)T(+)P(+)	Sliding (+) / Targeting (+) / <i>i-motif</i> (+)
S(+)T(-)P(+)	Sliding (+) / Targeting (-) / <i>i-motif</i> (+)
S(-)T(+)P(+)	Sliding (-) / Targeting (+) / <i>i-motif</i> (+)
S(-)T(-)P(+)	Sliding (-) / Targeting (-) / <i>i-motif</i> (+)
S(+)T(+)P(-)	Sliding (+) / Targeting (+) / <i>i-motif</i> (-)
S(+)T(-)P(-)	Sliding (+) / Targeting (-) / <i>i-motif</i> (-)

Sampla	IC50 value (µM DOX)		
Sample	CCRF-CEM	Ramos	
Free DOX	0.45	1.8	
S(+)T(+)P(+)	0.4	2.4	
S(+)T(-)P(+)	0.57	6.7	
S(+)T(+)P(-)	0.75	N/A	
S(+)T(-)P(-)	1.5	N/A	
S(-)T(+)P(+)	1.25	N/A	
S(-)T(-)P(+)	1.25	N/A	

**Supplementary Table 3** IC50 values of various DOX loaded PRNCs towards CCRC-CEM and Ramos cells

Supplementary Table 4 ROI fluorescence mean intensity calculation of microscopic images

Sample	DAPI	AnnexinV	PI	DAPI to AV	DAPI to PI
PBS	6352.89	496.9	802.98	8%	14%
DOX	11962.05	4276.95	340.96	36%	6%
S(+)T(+)P(+)	5607.61	6872.27	6938.39	123%	124%
S(-)T(+)P(+)	5911.65	2893.5	650.45	49%	12%
S(+)T(-)P(+)	10266.87	478.61	290.89	5%	5%
S(-)T(-)P(+)	3680.74	576.46	472.95	16%	8%