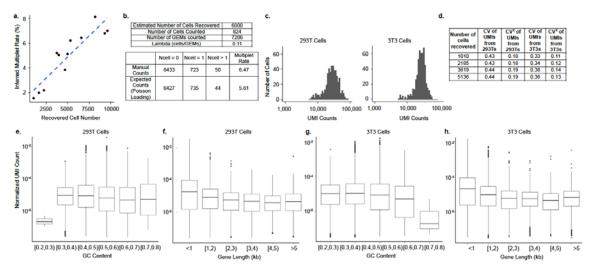
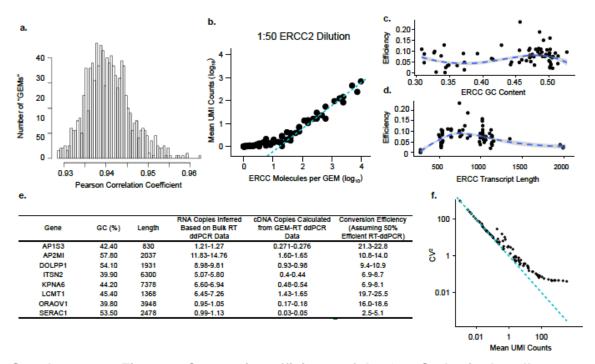
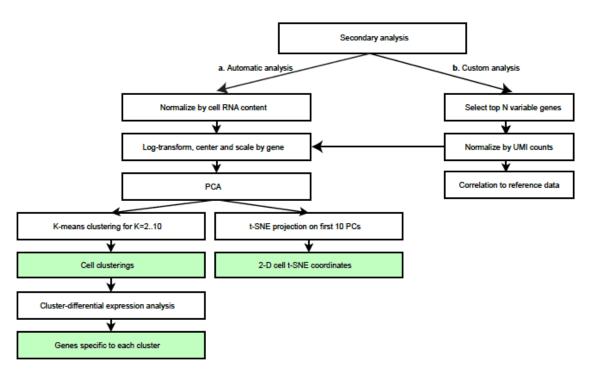
Supplementary Figures



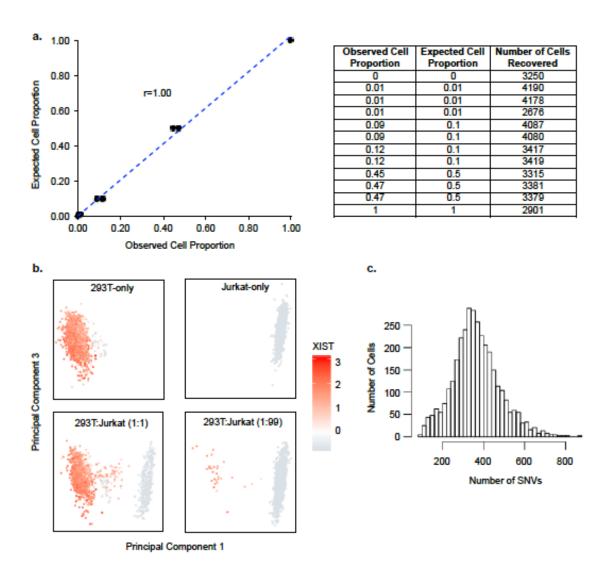
Supplementary Figure 1. Multiplet rate and sensitivity of the GemCode single cell platform from scRNA-seq of 50:50 mixing of 293Ts and 3T3s. (a) Inferred multiplet rate as a function of recovered cell number. (b) Expected (Poisson sampling) and observed (manual counting) number of cells per GEM. Ncell, number of cells in each GEM. (c) UMI count distribution of 293T cells (left), and 3T3 cells (right) in the 293T and 3T3 cell mixing sample. (d) CV and CV² of UMIs from 293Ts and 3T3s of 4 independent experiments. Distribution of normalized UMI counts vs. GC content (e) and gene length (f) in 293T cells. UMI counts were normalized by RNA content (Online Methods). Distribution of normalized UMI counts vs. GC content (g) and gene length (h) in 3T3 cells. Only genes with at least 1 UMI count detected in at least 1 cell are used. UMI normalization was performed by first dividing UMI counts by the total UMI counts in each cell, followed by multiplication with the median of the total UMI counts across cells. If there are multiple transcripts for a gene, the maximum length of the transcripts is used. Mean of GC content is calculated for each gene.



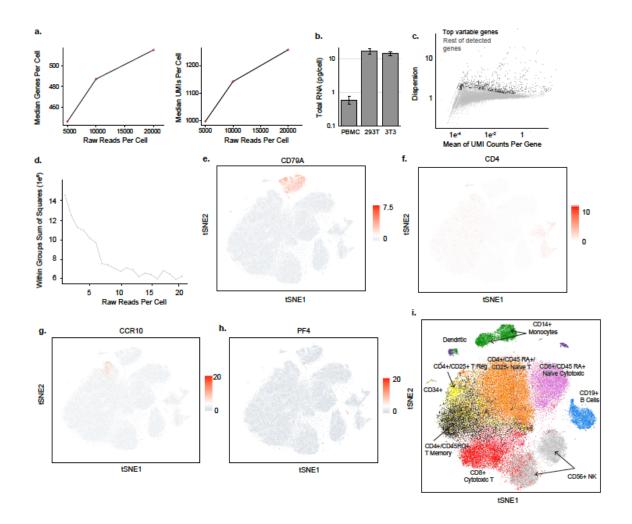
Supplementary Figure 2. Conversion efficiency of the GemCode single cell platform. (a) Distribution of Pearson correlation coefficient between expected vs. observed UMI counts for all GEMs, mean=0.94, sd=0.005. **(b)** Expected ERCC molecules per GEM vs. observed UMI counts at ERCC2 dilution of 1:50. **(c)** Conversion efficiency of each ERCC molecule as a function of their transcript GC content. **(d)** Conversion efficiency of each ERCC molecule as a function of their transcript length. **(e)** Conversion efficiency estimated from ddPCR assay of 8 genes. **(f)** CV² vs. mean UMI counts, where CV is the coefficient of variation, defined as the ratio of the standard deviation to the mean (on a log-log scale). The dashed line represents CV²=1/mean.



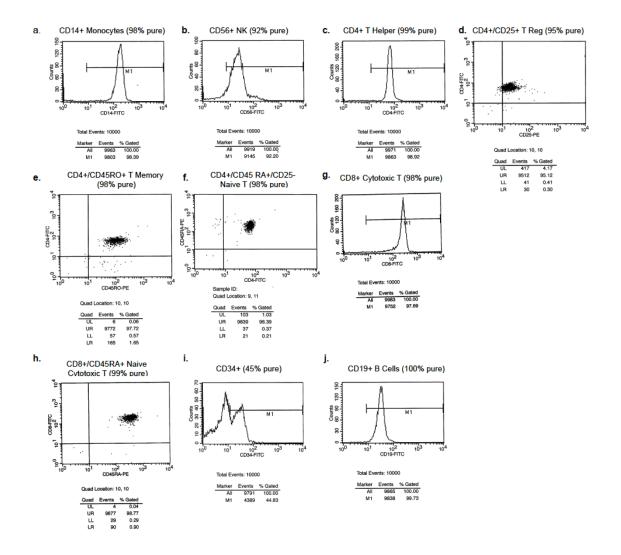
Supplementary Figure 3. Secondary analysis performed by the Cell Ranger pipeline (a), and custom analysis workflow (b).



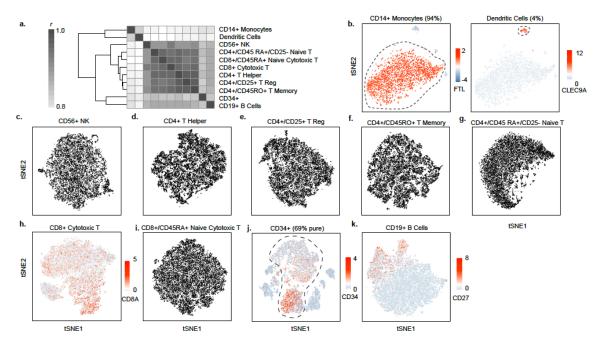
Supplementary Figure 4. Expected proportions of Jurkat and 293T cells can be detected in Jurkat:293T cell mixture. (a) Expected cell proportion is well correlated with observed cell proportion among 12 independent experiments. (b) Principal component 1 vs. 3 of normalized scRNA-seq data, with each cell colored by normalized expression of *XIST*. (c) Distribution of filtered SNVs/cell detected in 293Ts.



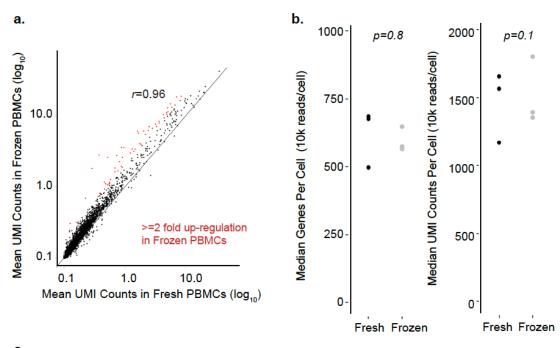
Supplementary Figure 5. Conversion efficiency and expression of marker genes in fresh PBMCs. (a) Median number of genes (left) and UMI counts (right) detected per cell as a function of raw reads per cell. (b) Total RNA (pg/cell) in PBMCs, 293Ts and 3T3s. (n=7 for PBMC, n=4 for 293T, n=4 for 3T3 cells, mean ± s.e.m.). (c) Normalized dispersion vs. mean UMI counts. Black dots represent top most variable genes used for PCA. (d) Within groups sum of squares vs. number of clusters for k-means clustering. (e-h) tSNE projection of 68k PBMCs, colored by normalized expression of *CD79A*, *CD4*, *CCR10* and *PF4* in each cell, respectively. UMI normalization was performed by first dividing UMI counts by the total UMI counts in each cell, followed by multiplication with the median of the total UMI counts across cells. Then we took the natural log of the UMI counts. Finally, each gene was normalized such that the mean signal for each gene is 0, and standard deviation is 1. (i) Seurat's tSNE projection of 68k PBMCs, colored by the inferred cell type assignment from purified PBMCs.



Supplementary Figure 6. FACS analysis of bead enriched sub-populations of PBMCs.



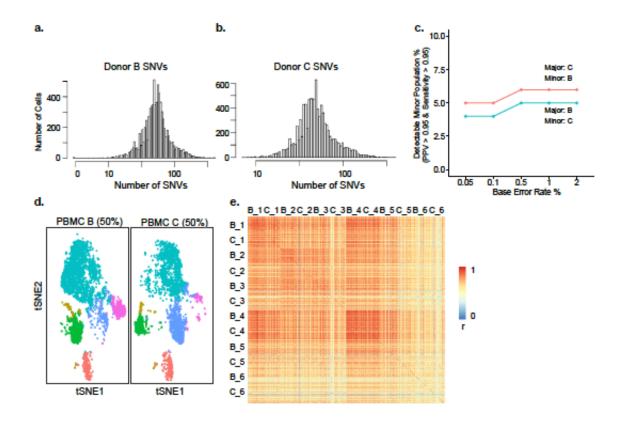
Supplementary Figure 7. tSNE projection of bead enriched sub-populations of PBMCs. (a) 11 purified sub-populations of PBMCs were used. Correlation was calculated using their average expression profile and grouped by hierarchical clustering. The heatmap displays the correlation coefficient in the pairwise comparison of sub-populations. (b-k) tSNE projection of each purified population. In b, h, j, k, each cell is colored by normalized expression of marker genes *FTL*, *CLEC9A*, *CD8A*, *CD34* and *CD27* respectively. UMI normalization was performed by first dividing UMI counts by the total UMI counts in each cell, followed by multiplication with the median of the total UMI counts across cells. Then we took the natural log of the UMI counts. Finally, each gene was normalized such that the mean signal for each gene is 0, and standard deviation is 1. When more than 1 population was detected in a sample (b and j), only the population showing the correct marker expression was selected (marked by a dotted polygon).



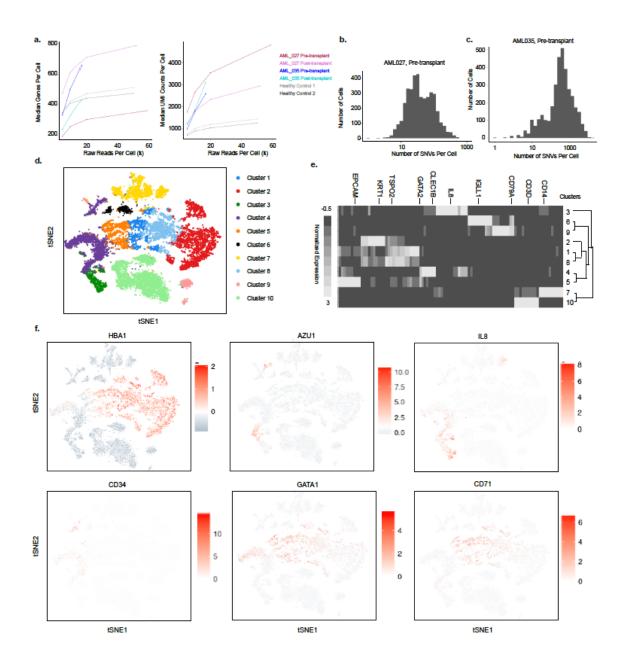
C.	_						
	PBMCs	Number of	CD34+	Dendritic	Monocytes	В	T+NK
		Recovered Cells	(%)	Cells (%)	(%)	(%)	(%)
		4632	0.4	1.3	4.2	9.5	84.6
	Fresh	17252	1.0	2.9	11.6	7.4	77.1
		68547	0.3	1.0	5.6	5.7	87.4
		2691	0.2	2.0	8.4	7.4	82.0
	Frozen	5403	0.3	6.0	13.6	5.1	75.0
		5952	0.3	6.3	13.1	5.6	74.7

Supplementary Figure 8. Comparison between fresh vs. frozen PBMCs from Donor

A. (a) Scatterplot of mean UMI counts per gene across all cells between fresh vs. matched frozen PBMCs. Red dots represent genes that show 2-fold upregulation in frozen PBMCs. (b) Median genes (left) and UMI counts (right) detected per cell between fresh and frozen PBMCs (n=3). Black points correspond to fresh PBMCs, whereas grey points correspond to frozen PBMCs. Wilcoxon ranksum test was used to test whether the number of genes and UMI counts from fresh and frozen PBMCs were significantly different. (c) Proportion of major cell types detected in fresh and frozen PBMCs (n=3).



Supplementary Figure 9. SNV analysis of scRNA-seq data from Donor B and Donor C PBMCs. (a) Distribution of filtered SNVs in each PBMC from donor C. (c) % minor populations that can be confidently detected (PPV and sensitivity >0.95) vs. base error rate. (d) tSNE projection of PBMCs from Donor B and Donor C in 50:50 PBMC B:C sample, where each cell is colored based on their clustering (k-means) assignment. (e) Expression comparison between 5 clusters of PBMCs from donors B and C, with red indicating high similarity and blue indicating lower similarity. 100 cells were sampled from each cluster of PBMCs from donors B and C, and their pairwise gene expression was compared against each other.



Supplementary Figure 10. Expression and clustering analyses of transplant samples. (a) Median number of genes (left) and UMIs (right) detected per cell for pretransplant, post-transplant and BMMCs from 2 healthy donors. (b) Distribution of filtered SNV counts per cell in AML027 pre-transplant sample. (c) Distribution of filtered SNV counts per cell in AML035 pre-transplant sample. (d) tSNE projection of pooled 6 samples (2 healthy donors, 2 AML027 host and 2 AML035), colored by k-means clustering assignment. (e) Normalized expression (centered) of the top variable genes (rows) from each of 9 clusters (columns) is shown in a heatmap. Numbers on the right side indicate cluster number in d, with connecting lines indicating the hierarchical

relationship between clusters. Representative markers from each cluster are shown on the top. **(f)** tSNE projection of all cells, with each cell colored by normalized expression of *HBA1*, *AZU1*, *IL8*, *CD34*, *GATA1* and *CD71* respectively. UMI normalization was performed by first dividing UMI counts by the total UMI counts in each cell, followed by multiplication with the median of the total UMI counts across cells. Then we took the natural log of the UMI counts. Finally, each gene was normalized such that the mean signal for each gene is 0, and standard deviation is 1.

Supplementary Tables

Supplementary Table 1. Sequencing metrics summary of all the scRNA-seq data.

Description	Sequence	use Langth	Buster of Calls Bassward	ilen Gefr	Medien Genes per Cell*	Medien UMI Counis per Cell*	Franker rank usable	Fraction Blanck in Calls	Black Mapped Confidently to Exonic Magions	Contidently to Infrants Regions	Blanck Mapped Conflictedly for Inforganic Magicine	Fraction results unsempped	Velid Dercodes	Velted UNITS	Recitor corrected beroutes	Fraction corrected UMAs	Median Invertisies	cOMA POR Dupilcullori
231 ad 113 Cel Make	MedSeq500 High Origin	10	1,012	105,237	1/33 at 1/23		3.5%	X13X =4315X			12X and 13X	5.00%	1430X	73.2%	6.90%	2.70%	2221 25	
29T Q: N	Heropa Do Rapid Ran V2	10	2,235	33,455	3,363	14,333	62.20%	20 DX	76.20%	2 00%	2.50%	2.50%	95.10%	男 经%	13,00%	0.50%	211	25.00%
Januari Cellin	HEGS ON HERE VI	10	3,753	33,251	3,704	14,604	GI 70%	92,70%	75.90%	2.40%	3,10%	3,00%	55.40%	9.2%	320%	0.40%	723	78,40%
SDX.50% Judat293T Cell Michie	MexiSeq 500 High Output	1D	1,393	33,354	3,405	13,587	62.50%	92.30%	75.20%	1.10%	2.70%	3.20%	9450%	23.40%	7.30%	2.40%	707	27.40%
55% 1% Just at 253T Cell Mildure	NedSepSED High Orbint	1D	4165	32.96	3.366	18.63	63.40%	92.50%	75.90%	830%	2.80%	4.10%	94.60%	99.40%	7.80%	260%	204	29906
ERCC(III GEUS, 1:100 (1=1=)	HEGSBREW	10	1,015	247,534	49	11,125	91 AD%	94,00%	99.20%	0.00%	0,00%	0.70%	9230%	見るが	270%	3,20%	254	95.30%
Fresh 60k PBMCa (Outer A)	NextSex 500 High Orbit	5	68579	20.61	525	120	43.40%	15 40%	77.40%	1.70%	7.50%	2.70%	9520%	33.40%	550%	6.40%	242	20,30%
CD34+ Cells	NextSex 500 High Orbit	5	1232	24.735	1.274	4.98	6.70%	31.80%	76.20%	2.00%	2.40%	2.00%	36.10%	33.47%	4.40%	11.50%	Z13	7350%
CDSE+ Rateral Killer Cells	Next Sep 500 High Contact	5	2,285	23.22	710	1,980	620%	51,70%	77,40%	1.90%	2.50%	2.00%	96.30%	97.60%	370%	6.00%	243	9030%
CONACCIONALCES Nate York	NextSeriSBD High Ordinal	5	10,479	19,405	en en	1,12	70.50%	50 SOX	79.10%	5.70%	2,20%	1.90%	96.70%	13.40%	3.40%	4.90%	249	90.70%
CDI #CD25 + Regulatory T Cells	NextSep 500 High Output	5	10263	35.5E	547	1.273	6.3%	50.00%	7820%	6.60%	2.50%	2.20%	96.60%	58.30%	350%	4.40%	245	52.30%
CORNEC DESIGNA NAME CONTINUE T COM	Next Sep 500 High Contact	5	11,53	15.555	907	1,40	71.30%	97,90%	7242%	5.40%	2,10%	2.10%	96.70%	9.3%	330%	6.00%	243	20,10%
CD4+CD45RO+ Memor T Cells	Next Sep 500 High Owner	5	10224	24,641	957	1,506	70.70%	22 SW	7740%	7,40%	2,20%	2.20%	96.50%	93.70%	360%	5 90%	751	90.40%
CDNs Cristonic T cells	NextSeqS00 High Origin	5	10,209	78,513	573	1,630	EE 10%	55.30%	73.70%	6.80%	2.10%	2.00%	96.50%	23.2%	390%	6.90%	240	91.20%
CD15+B Cells	NextSep 500 High Output	5	10,005	5.75	63	1.237	64.40%	52.80%	74.80%	1.40%	3,50%	2,10%	96.50%	33.40%	4,00%	5.20%	249	50.80%
CDNs T Helper Cells	Next Sep 500 High Conject	5	11,213	21,329	586	1.33	70.70%	5. 70%	79.40%	5.50%	2,20%	2,10%	SEEDX	98.40%	350%	5,30%	243	90,40%
CD14+ Union cyles	NextSex StD High Owlant	5	2,612	102,430	397	782	37.70%	21.60%	76.40%	1.10%	3.95%	1.70%	96.40%	12.40%	170%	3.50%	737	% 70%
Frazes PBMCs (OwnerA)	NextSeq500 High Original	5	2,500	24,722	722	2,117	至.10%	5. 5%	75.10%	2.70%	2.70%	3.00%	9430%	93.10%	6.40%	3.00%	216	26.70%
Frazes PEMCs (Dates E)	Hegisto Ruel Re VI	1D	7,783	14,007	652	1,603	62.70%	5 CX	7030%	15 GD%	3,20%	1,20%	96.20%	25.70%	1.70%	D.EDX.	204	7860%
Prozes PBMCs (Onner C)	Hegs to Right Re V2	10	9,519	13,555	671	1,304	42 E%	17.70%	70.40%	14.50%	3.35%	1.60%	96.40%	11 AV	150%	D-60%	211	76.90%
SDX:SDX Date: 8: Descr CPBMC Mature	Herd SID Rujel Res V2	10	2,136	14,147	64	1,630	62 m%	至 40%	7010%	14.50%	3.50%	1.20%	96.20%	33.20%	350%	D-60%	706	78.70%
90%:10% Curar B: Damir CPBMC Mature	HEGS DRIBER V	10	7,046	14,128	Ø1	1,522	61.50%	至10%	7030%	15.50%	3.20%	1.70%	96.20%	9 E%	9.70%	0.40%	205	2050%
SEX1X Committee Committee CPSUC Makes	Herison Nijel Rev V	10	2,34D	14,000	63	1,616	42.70%	4.0%	7030%	15,10%	3.40%	1,20%	96.20%	91.20%	170%	0.40%	706	78.80%
Frazes BMMCs (Fe allay Control 1)	Her (2500 Right Res V2	5	1,585	125,043	967	1,570	SI 20%	20.90%	7330%	7.20%	3.95%	2.60%	9430%	93.70%	750%	70.50%	213	25.50%
Frazes BANCS (Fe allay Cartes 2)	HerdS OD Rojel Res V2	5	2,672	20,50	928	1,552	9.9%	22,10%	71.00%	10.10%	4.00%	2.50%	9450%	58.70%	720%	17.20%	725	5.10%
ALL DIT Pre-trampled BLUICs	NextSeq 500 High Owlput	10	3,433	23.61	39	1,000	63,40%	92.40%	74,90%	1.30%	1,95%	1,60%	9230%	91.40X	120%	6.10%	191	X150%
AM. 027 Peet transplant BMMCs	NextSeqS00 High Ordject	10	3,965	51,136	785	3,515	20.70%	31.40%	61.70%	10.00%	2.90%	130%	9250%	91.30%	2.40%	3.90%	717	XI TOX
AM DIS Pre-trample at BMMCs	NextSeq 500 High Origint	10	3,512	16,593	462	2,5%	Q.70%	65.80%	71.70%	2.50%	1.50%	4.70%	92.80%	93.30%	890%	3.80%	206	35.00%
AM DE Part transplant RAME:	Next Sep 500 High Contact	10	500	0.07	- 23	3,179	51,70%	30 10%	64.00%	5.60%	2,20%	13,20%	9220%	53.3%	290%	3,70%	135	77.30%

*Seperatgraph depodent

Supplementary Table 2. Cell capture rate from 4 cell lines, and 17 independent samples.

Cell Types	Number of Cells Loaded	Number of Cells Recovered	Cell Capture Rate		
HCC38	2,304	1,499	65%		
HCC38	5,760	3,067	53%		
HCC38	17,280	9,354	54%		
HCC38	23,040	12,057	52%		
3T3	1,152	535	46%		
3T3	2,304	1,177	51%		
3T3	4,032	1,942	48%		
3T3	5,760	2,745	48%		
293T	1,152	483	42%		
293T	2,304	1,033	45%		
293T	4,032	1,769	44%		
293T	5,760	2,539	44%		
PBMC	2,304	1,001	43%		
PBMC	5,760	2,691	47%		
PBMC	11,520	5,952	52%		
PBMC	17,280	7,467	43%		
PBMC	23,040	10,123	44%		

Supplementary Table 3. Total number of filtered SNVs and median number of filtered SNV/cell.

Samples	Total # of Filtered SNVs detected	Median # of Filtered SNVs detected per cell			
293T Cells	19,595	321			
Jurkat Cells	22,171	387			
50%:50% Jurkat:293T Cell Mixture	26,108	368			
99%:1% Jurkat:293T Cell Mixture	27,950	416			
Frozen PBMCs From Donor B	14,157	55			
Frozen PBMCs From Donor C	16,293	49			
50%:50% Donor B: Donor C PBMC Mixture	14,868	47			
90%:10% Donor B: Donor C PBMC Mixture	12,348	49			
99%:1% Donor B: Donor C PBMC Mixture	14,165	55			
AML027 Pre-transplant BMMCs	8,900	37			
AML027 Post-transplant BMMCs	12,374	80			
AML035 Pre-transplant BMMCs	9,342	61			
AML035 Post-transplant BMMCs	4,510	37			

Supplementary Table 4. Bead-purification strategy of bead enriched PBMCs from Donor A.

Cell types	Catalog numbers	Isolation methods
CD34+ cells	C-PB116-0.2M	Isolation kit from Milteny 130-046-701
CD14+ Monocytes	C-PB114-10M7	Negative selection using Stemcell 19059
CD19+ B cells	C-PB106-10M7	Negative selection from Stemcell 19054
CD56+ NK cells	C-PB118-5M6	Negative selection from Stemcell 19055
CD8+ Cytotoxic T cells		Negative selection from Stemcell 19053
CD8+/CD45RA+ Naīve Cytotoxic T cells	C-PB125-5M3	Negative selection from Stemcell 19058
CD4+/CD45RO+ Memory T cells		Negative selection from Stemcell 19157
CD4+/CD45RA+/CD25- Naīve T cells	C-PB123-5M	Negative selection from Stemcell 19155
		Isolation kit from Stemcell 19052 to isolate
CD4+/CD25+ Regulatory T cells	C-PB122-2M4	CD4, then isolate CD25 with Miltenyi 130-
		092-983
CD4+ Helper T	C-PB103-20M	Negative selection using Stemcell 19052

Supplementary Table 5. List of genes that show 2-fold upregulation in scRNA-seq data of frozen PBMCs from Donor A.

Gene ID	Mean UMI Counts (Frozen PBMCs)	Mean UMI Counts (Fresh PBMCs)	Log2 Fold Change (Frozen vs. Fresh)		
S100A11	1.16	0.45	1.36		
S100A9	2.82	0.37	2.92		
S100A8	1.81	0.28	2.67		
S100A6	3.14	1.39	1.17		
RPS27	14.23	6.65	1.10		
FCER1G	1.10	0.48	1.21		
OST4	1.11	0.55	1.01		
RPL31	11.45	5.12	1.16		
RPL37A	6.08	1.61	1.91		
RPL35A	9.36	4.41	1.08		
RPL37	5.72	1.65	1.79		
RPS23	10.55	4.90	1.10		
COX7C	1.63	0.68	1.26		
CD14	0.31	0.12	1.31		
LST1	0.93	0.46	1.01		
AlF1	1.16	0.46	1.07		
RPS10	3.40	1.31	1.38		
RPS12					
	18.94 2.25	8.43	1.17 1.48		
TOMM7		0.81			
TMEM176B	0.32	0.16	1.04		
RPL36A	2.59	0.90	1.52		
RPS20	7.06	3.29	1.10		
RPL30	10.40	4.28	1.28		
RPL35	8.38	3.64	1.20		
FCN1	0.69	0.22	1.63		
RPS24	6.26	2.42	1.37		
RPLP2	18.52	7.07	1.39		
MS4A6A	0.25	0.12	1.03		
FAU	7.90	3.65	1.11		
C12orf57	0.81	0.38	1.09		
RPS26	4.06	1.75	1.21		
LYZ	2.61	0.52	2.33		
TPT1	12.96	5.05	1.36		
RPS29	2.76	0.73	1.92		
RPLP1	16.44	8.12	1.02		
TCEB2	0.80	0.40	1.02		
RPS15A	13.23	5.94	1.16		
RPL23	3.00	1.23	1.29		
RPL27	7.04	2.51	1.49		
RPL38	3.57	0.96	1.90		
ZFAS1	1.06	0.51	1.07		
ATP5E	1.94	0.86	1.17		
RPS21	3.60	0.87	2.05		
RPL36	6.69	2.82	1.25		
RPS28	6.10	2.04	1.58		
UBL5	0.73	0.36	1.01		
UBA52	7.67	3.18	1.27		
COX6B1	1.09	0.54	1.01		
HCST	1.67	0.76	1.14		
TYROBP	1.84	0.68	1.44		
RPS16	11.15	4.87	1.20		
RPS11	5.46	2.17	1.33		
RPL28	14.78	5.61	1.40		
LGALS1	1.27	0.58	1.14		
RP11-763B22.6	3.98	1.83	1.12		
RP11-403l13.5	3.39	1.46	1.21		
FCGR1C	1.87	0.90	1.06		

Supplementary Table 6. Comparison between GemCode single cell technology and representative single cell RNA-seq approaches.

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