Welcome to the QuIIN Ambulatory Diagnostic Errors Project Survey

Thank you for helping QullN understand your interests in a potential future quality improvement project for the ambulatory primary care setting. Your opinions are important to us and we appreciate your time.

Diagnostic errors are defined as 1) unintentionally delayed diagnoses, 2) wrong diagnoses and 3) missed diagnoses. The problem of diagnostic errors is rampant in medicine, although few studies investigate pediatric diagnostic errors and even fewer attempt to reduce them. For example, errors in diagnosis were the most prevalent cause for closed pediatric malpractice claims with an average indemnity payment of \$260,015. When surveyed, 54% of pediatricians reported making a diagnostic error at least once or twice per month and 45% reported making diagnostic errors that harm patients at least once or twice per year.

The purpose of this survey is to understand your interest as an ambulatory primary care physician in doing a project on diagnostic errors in pediatric primary care and the best way to set up such a project so it is relevant to you, your practice and your patients. The survey has 15 questions and should take less than 10 minutes to complete.

Thank you for your time and assistance in making the best possible QullN projects! --Keri Thiessen and Dr. Steven Kairys

### Demographic Information

* 1. Please indicate your Provider type:			
Ambulatory Primary Care Physician: Private Practice			
Ambulatory Primary Care Physician: Academic Medical Center Practice			
Inpatient Pediatric Hospitalist			
Physician Subspecialist			
Other (please specify)			

# **Demographic Information** \* 2. Approximately how many patients does your practice see each year? \* 3. Does your practice have an Electronic Medical Record (EMR)? Yes No 4. If your practice has an Electronic Medical Record (EMR), which one?

### Project Description Questions

* 5. How interested would you be in participating in a QuIIN project to reduce pediatric diagnostic errors?  Very Interested  Somewhat Interested  Neutral  Disinterested  Very Disinterested  * 6. Would you be more or less interested in participating in a diagnostic error QuIIN project if there were NO face-to-face learning sessions during the project, and instead, learning sessions were conducted via WEBINAR?  Much More Interested  More Interested  Neutral  Less Interested  Much Less Interested  * 7. Would you be more or less interested in participating in a QuIIN project on diagnostic errors that used RANDOMIZATION? (All practices ultimately receive the intervention but during the first year, practices will be randomized to intervention and control groups, allowing for more convincing scientific results. The control group will collect some data during the first year and participate in the intervention during the second year of the project)
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4	* 8. Would receiving ABP MOC Part 4 credit impact your decision to participate in a QuIIN project?				
	I would only participate if Part 4 credit were offered				
	Part 4 credit would not impact my decision to participate				
9. If Part 4 MOC credit were offered and your practice decided to participate in the project, how many OTHER physicians in your practice would also participate?					
	Number of physicians besides yourself:				

Diagnostic Error Project Survey
Project Measures Questions

	Not At All Interested	Not Interested	Neutral	Interested	Very Interested
Missed diagnosis of hypertension					
Delayed diagnosis following positive newborn screen	$\bigcirc$		$\bigcirc$	$\circ$	$\circ$
Missed diagnosis of adolescent depression	$\circ$				
Missed diagnosis of appendicitis	$\bigcirc$		$\bigcirc$		
Missed diagnosis of post-partum depression					
Delayed diagnosis of abnormal laboratory values					
Delayed diagnosis because of missed sub- specialty referral					
Missed diagnosis of sexually transmitted infections					
Missed diagnosis of ankle fracture					
Missed diagnosis of medication side effects			$\bigcirc$		
Missed diagnosis of asthma					
Missed diagnosis of meningitis					
Missed diagnosis of developmental dysplasia of the hip					
Missed diagnosis of testicular torsion					
Missed diagnosis of obesity					
other (please specify)					

* 11. Wł	hich diagnostic error would you be the MOST interested in trying to improve?
Mis	ssed diagnosis of hypertension
O De	elayed diagnosis following positive newborn screen
Mi	ssed diagnosis of adolescent depression
Mi:	ssed diagnosis of appendicitis
<u>Mi</u>	ssed diagnosis of post-partum depression
O De	elayed diagnosis of abnormal laboratory values
O De	elayed diagnosis because of missed sub-specialty referral
Mi:	ssed diagnosis of sexually transmitted infections
Mi	ssed diagnosis of ankle fracture
Mi	ssed diagnosis of medication side effects
Mi	ssed diagnosis of asthma
Mi:	ssed diagnosis of meningitis
Mi:	ssed diagnosis of developmental dysplasia of the hip
Mi:	ssed diagnosis of testicular torsion
Mi	ssed diagnosis of obesity
Other (p	please specify)

* 12. Which diagnostic errors is your practice CURRENTLY trying to improve in any way? (select all that					
apply)					
Missed diagnosis of hypertension					
Delayed diagnosis following positive newborn screen					
Missed diagnosis of adolescent depression					
Missed diagnosis of appendicitis					
Missed diagnosis of post-partum depression					
Delayed diagnosis of abnormal laboratory values					
Delayed diagnosis because of missed sub-specialty referral					
Missed diagnosis of sexually transmitted infections					
Missed diagnosis of ankle fracture					
Missed diagnosis of medication side effects					
Missed diagnosis of asthma					
Missed diagnosis of meningitis					
Missed diagnosis of developmental dysplasia of the hip					
Missed diagnosis of testicular torsion					
Missed diagnosis of obesity					
None					
Other (please specify)					

* 13.	Which diagnostic errors does your practice's EMR HELP to reduce? (select all that apply)
	Missed diagnosis of hypertension
	Delayed diagnosis following positive newborn screen
	Missed diagnosis of adolescent depression
	Missed diagnosis of appendicitis
	Missed diagnosis of post-partum depression
	Delayed diagnosis of abnormal laboratory values
	Delayed diagnosis because of missed sub-specialty referral
	Missed diagnosis of sexually transmitted infections
	Missed diagnosis of ankle fracture
	Missed diagnosis of medication side effects
	Missed diagnosis of asthma
	Missed diagnosis of meningitis
	Missed diagnosis of developmental dysplasia of the hip
	Missed diagnosis of testicular torsion
	Missed diagnosis of obesity
	None
	We do not have an EMR
Oth	er (please specify)

### Personal Diagnostic Errors

The be	elow answers will be kept confidential and not be linked to your name or practice in any way.
	w often do you estimate that YOU make a diagnostic error (delayed, wrong or missed diagnosis) of nd, REGARDLESS of harm to the patient?
Gre	eater than 1-2 times a week
1-2	times a week
1-2	times a month
1-2	times a quarter
1-2	times a year
Les	ss than once a year
O Ne	ver
	ADVERSE EVENT is defined as a complication, injury or harm to a patient resulting from medical ement, and NOT from the patient's underlying condition or disease.
	ften do you estimate that YOU are involved in a diagnostic error (delayed, wrong, or missed sis) that causes a patient HARM, such as an adverse event?
Gre	eater than 1-2 times a week
1-2	times a week
1-2	times a month
1-2	times a quarter
1-2	times a year
Les	ss than once a year
O Ne	ver

Diagnostic Error Project Survey				
Thank You				
Thank you for your time and participation in this survey. We appreciate your efforts to improve future QuIIN projects for you, your practice and your patients.				
16. Other comments on a potential diagnostic error QuIIN project:				