An improved genome assembly uncovers prolific tandem repeats in Atlantic cod

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1 Supplementary Figures

Additional file 1: Figure S1: The frequency of tandem repeats in genome assembly, promoters and coding regions.

As Figure 5 in the manuscript, but plotting the number of TRs detected per Mbp assembly instead (frequency).



Additional file 1: Figure S2: The intersections between contig termini and different annotated features.

As Figure 6 in the manuscript, but these are absolute numbers and not percentages of the total.



Additional file 1: Figure S3: The distribution of lengths of STRs in cod as found by lobSTR and Phobos.

Only repeats of unit size 1-6 bp and of total length longer than 13 bp are included.



Additional file 1: Figure S4: Tandem repeats in genes.

Percentage of genes (vertical axis) with a certain number of tandem repeats (i.e.; 0, 1, 2, 4 or more individual repeats within the genes, horizontal axis) in selected species.



| Technology | Insert | Average | Amount | Number | Total | APLILM | NEWB454 | CA454ILN | I CA454PB |
|------------|----------------------|-------------------------|--------|------------------------|------------------|--------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| | size | read | bases | of | cover- | | | | |
| | (dq) | length | (Gbp) | pairs | age | | | | |
| | | (dq) | | | | | | | |
| Illumina | 180 | 100 | 97 | 485,469,807 | 105x | 52x | | 25x | 25x |
| Illumina | 300 | 100 | 116 | 580, 675, 602 | 140x | 140x | | 6x | |
| Illumina | 5000 | 100 | 103 | 513, 197, 070 | 124x | 124x | | 124x | |
| 454 | 1000 | 170 | 0.4 | 1,185,540 | 0.6x | | 0.6x | 0.6 x | 0.6 x |
| 454 | 1400 | 170 | 0.3 | 939, 375 | 0.5 x | | 0.5x | 0.5 x | 0.5 x |
| 454 | 1800 | 175 | 0.4 | 1,174,856 | 0.6x | | $0.6 \mathrm{x}$ | 0.6 x | $0.6 \mathrm{x}$ |
| 454 | 2300 | 160 | 0.5 | 1,424,229 | 0.7x | | 0.7x | 0.7x | 0.7x |
| 454 | 3000 | 170 | 1.2 | 3,627,219 | 1.9x | | 1.9x | 1.9x | 1.9x |
| 454 | 8000 | 175 | 1.4 | 3,876,715 | $2.1 \mathrm{x}$ | | $2.1 \mathrm{x}$ | $2.1 \mathrm{x}$ | $2.1 \mathrm{x}$ |
| 454 | 20000 | 200 | 0.3 | 818,578 | 0.5x | | 0.5x | 0.5 x | 0.5 x |
| 454 | Not | 340 | 23.6 | $\mathbf{N}\mathbf{A}$ | 36.3x | | 36.3x | 36.3x | |
| | paired | | | | | | | | |
| PacBio | Not | 2400 | 7.1 | $\mathbf{N}\mathbf{A}$ | 11.0x | | | | 11.0x |
| (C2C2) | paired | | | | | | | | |
| PacBio | Not | 3500 | 2.3 | $\mathbf{N}\mathbf{A}$ | 3.5x | | | | $3.5 \mathrm{x}$ |
| (C2XL) | paired | | | | | | | | |
| PacBio | Not | 3800 | 2.8 | NA | 4.4x | | | | 4.4x |
| (XLXL) | paired | | | | | | | | |
| Sanger | 100000 | 006 | 0.07 | 39,017 | 0.1x | | | 0.1x | |

 ${\bf Additional \ file \ 1: Table \ S1: } {\rm Read \ datasets, accession \ numbers \ and \ amount.}$

Supplementary Tables

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Additional file 1: Table S2: Overview of assembly statistics. CEGMA annotates 458 highly conserved eukaryotic genes, REAPR analyses the discordance between the expected order, orientation and distance of mapped paired reads, with FRC^{bam} using a similar approach. Assemblies chosen for reconciliation in bold.

| Assembly | Total size assembly (Mbp) | N50 contig (kbp) | N50 scaffold (Mbp) | Percentage gap bases | CEGMA | $REAPR^1$ | FRC^{bam2} | Potential conflict (sequences) ⁵ |
|---------------|------------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|--------------|------------|-----------------|---|
| ALPILM | 660 | 4.4 | 0.16 | 28.7 | 424 (92.6 %) | 19,787 | 2,182,096 | 122 |
| + Pilon | 660 | 4.5 | 0.16 | 28.5 | 427 (93.2 %) | $18,\!668$ | 2,171,880 | 123 |
| + PBJelly | 620 | 8.3 | 0.16 | 9.7 | 431 (94.1 %) | 23,994 | 1,878,873 | 134 |
| + PBJelly + | 620 | 8.5 | 0.16 | 9.6 | 431 (94.1 %) | 24,066 | 1,828,800 | 134 |
| Pilon | | | | | × , | | | |
| NEWB454 | 656 | 6.2 | 1.30 | 24.4 | 435 (95.0 %) | 18,117 | 2,044,008 | 26 |
| + Pilon | 656 | 6.6 | 1.30 | 24.0 | 430 (93.9 %) | 15,917 | 2,018,862 | 19 |
| + PBJelly | 646 | 10.2 | 1.30 | 15.4 | 437 (95.4 %) | 16,930 | $1,\!875,\!518$ | 28 |
| + PBJelly $+$ | 645 | 10.4 | 1.30 | 15.1 | 437 (95.4 %) | $17,\!534$ | $1,\!822,\!739$ | 28 |
| Pilon | | | | | | | | |
| CA454ILM | 647 | 9.9 | 0.50 | 3.5 | 447 (97.5 %) | 7,406 | 1,351,500 | 96 |
| + Pilon | 648 | 10.2 | 0.50 | 3.4 | 444 (97.0 %) | 7,025 | $1,\!339,\!572$ | 83 |
| + PBJelly | 672 | 15.3 | 0.52 | 2.5 | 447 (97.5 %) | 14,755 | $1,\!449,\!619$ | 98 |
| + PBJelly + | 673 | 15.6 | 0.52 | 2.5 | 444 (97.0 %) | 14,750 | $1,\!438,\!035$ | 92 |
| Pilon | | | | | | | | |
| CA454PB | 682 | 95 | 0.27 | 1.62 | 431 (97.6 %) | 8,617 | 1,508,054 | 188 |
| + Pilon | 683 | 95 | 0.27 | 1.6 | 441 (96.3 %) | 7,754 | $1,\!426,\!588$ | 163 |
| + PBJelly | 687 | 96 | 0.27 | 1.1 | 436 (95.2 %) | 8,565 | 1,502,582 | 163 |
| + PBJelly + | 684 | 97 | 0. 27 | 1.1 | 439 (95.6 %) | 9,043 | 1,418,020 | 165 |
| Pilon | | | | | | | | |

¹ detected potential errors, fewer is better

 2 total number of features (i.e., potential assembly problems), fewer is better

 3 number of sequences mapping to more than one linkage group or to multiple linkage groups, fewer is better

| Linkage group | Size (bp) |
|------------------|------------------|
| 1 | 28.303.952 |
| 2 | 24,054,406 |
| 3 | $29,\!451,\!055$ |
| 4 | 34,805,322 |
| 5 | 24,074,055 |
| 6 | 25,464,620 |
| 7 | $31,\!232,\!877$ |
| 8 | 26,796,886 |
| 9 | 25,382,314 |
| 10 | 25,304,306 |
| 11 | 28,942,968 |
| 12 | 27,297,974 |
| 13 | $25,\!676,\!735$ |
| 14 | 29,296,932 |
| 15 | $26,\!597,\!959$ |
| 16 | $31,\!093,\!243$ |
| 17 | $19,\!149,\!207$ |
| 18 | $22,\!554,\!255$ |
| 19 | $21,\!176,\!260$ |
| 20 | $24,\!149,\!133$ |
| 21 | $22,\!510,\!304$ |
| 22 | 21,735,703 |
| 23 | $23,\!264,\!654$ |
| Unplaced | $46,\!128,\!564$ |

Additional file 1: Table S3: Linkage groups and their sizes.

| k | Estimated genome size (bp) |
|----|----------------------------|
| 17 | 633,173,903 |
| 19 | $617,\!492,\!869$ |
| 21 | $615,\!747,\!892$ |
| 23 | $621,\!292,\!036$ |
| 25 | $612,\!150,\!017$ |
| 27 | $606,\!607,\!539$ |
| 29 | $601,\!318,\!671$ |
| 31 | $597,\!207,\!477$ |

Additional file 1: Table S4: Calculating of genome size using odd-sized kmers from 17 through 31 with SGA PreQC.