

## SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

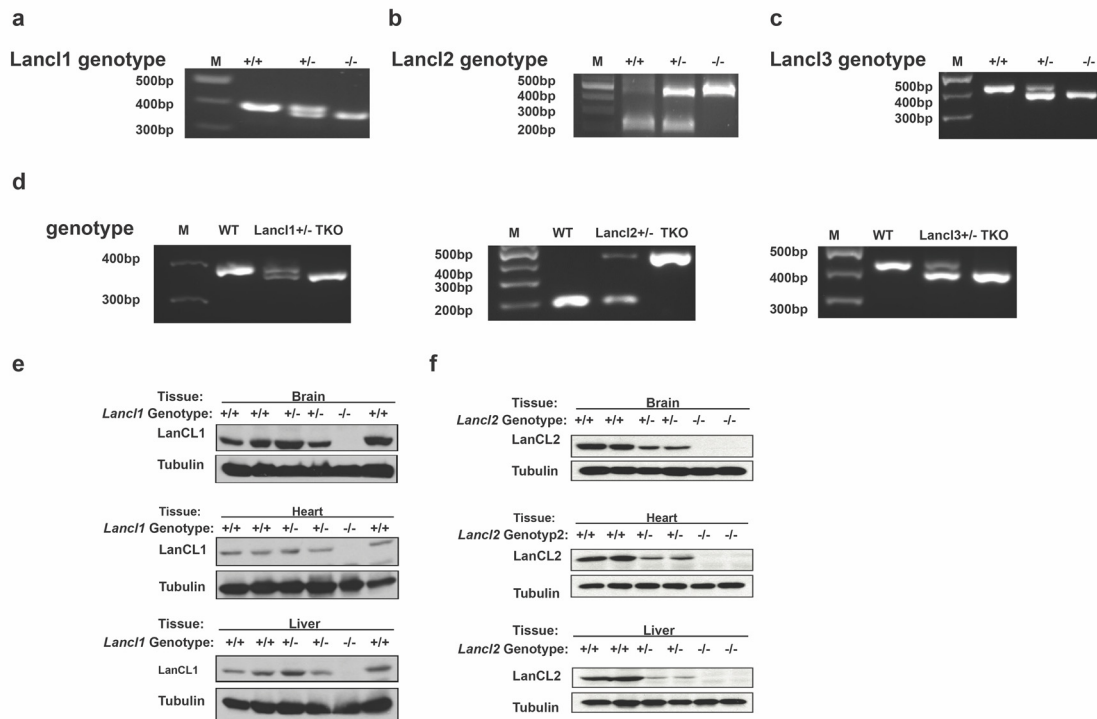
### LanCL proteins are not involved in lanthionine synthesis in mammals

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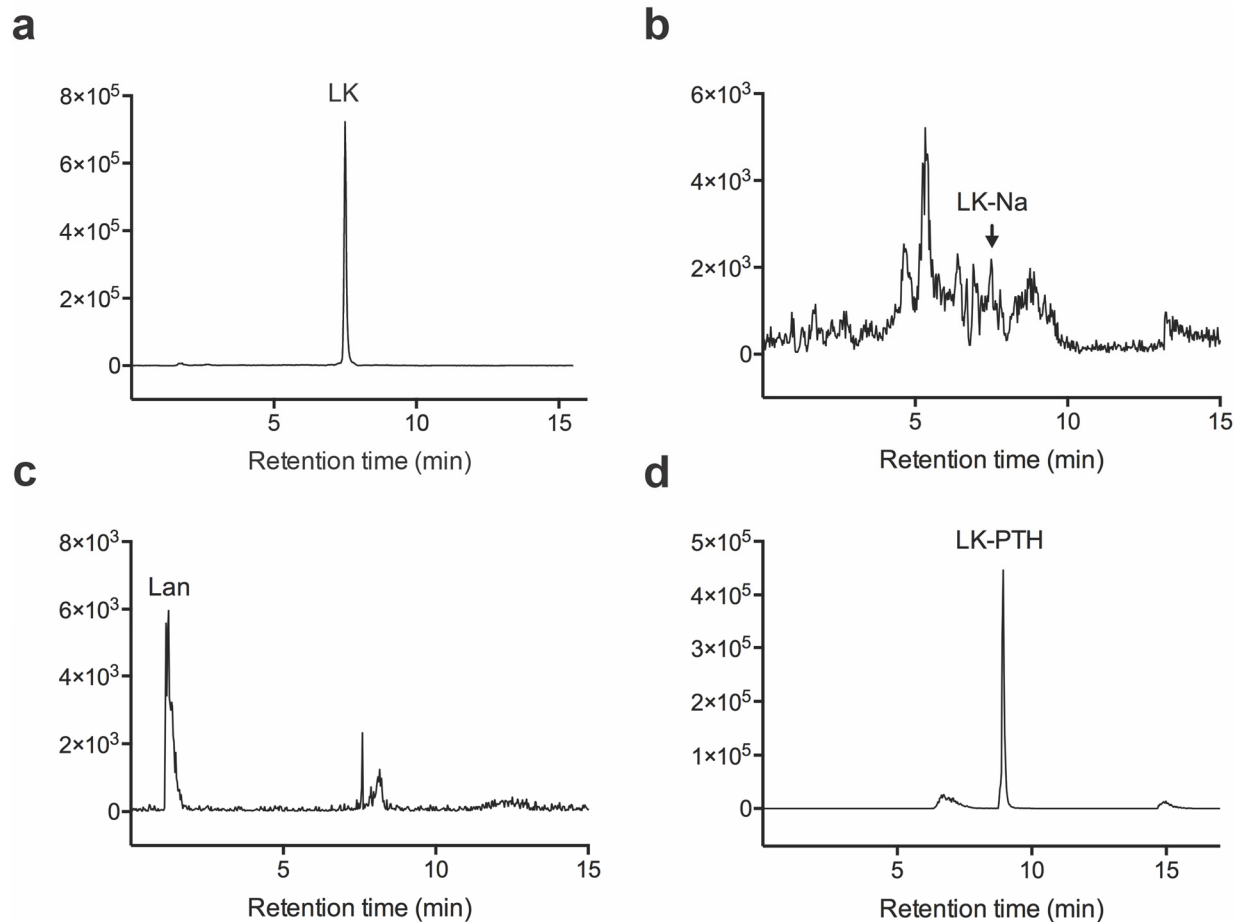
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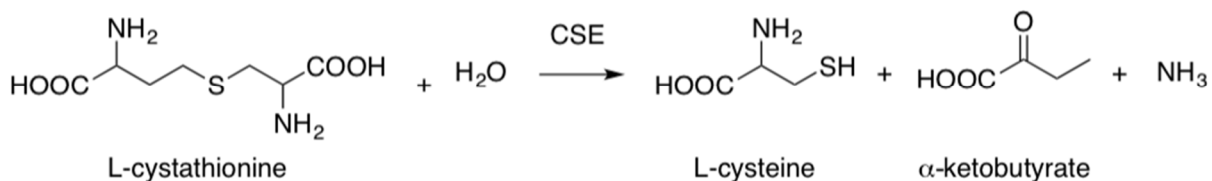
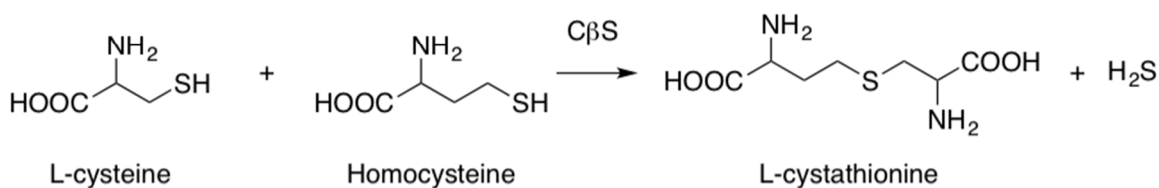
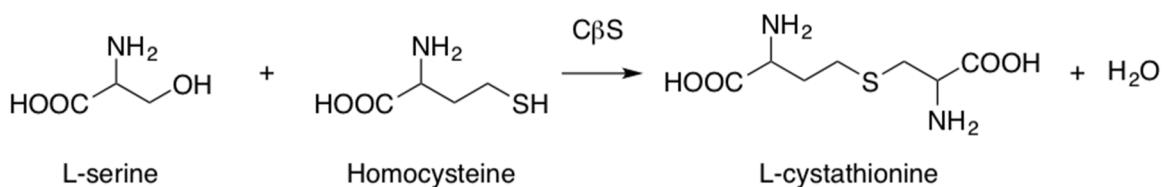
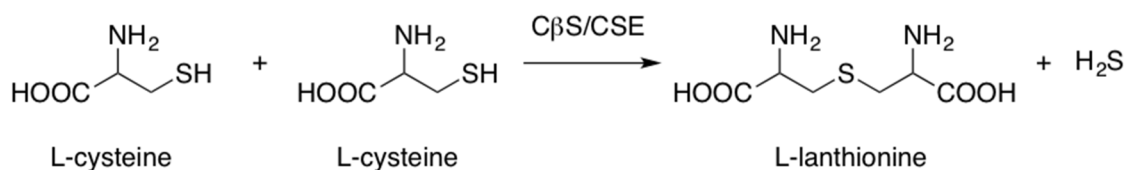
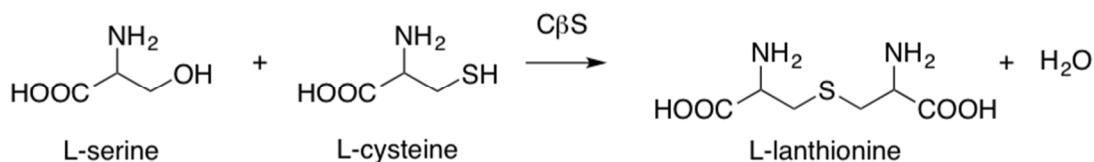
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**Supplementary Figure S1. LanCL1 KO mice genotyping and KO confirmation.** (a-c) Genotyping results of single KO mice. Genotyping of (a) Lancl1<sup>-/-</sup>, (b) Lancl2<sup>-/-</sup> and (c) Lancl3<sup>-/-</sup> confirmed the generation of the corresponding single KO mice. For visualization purposes, a mixture of Lancl<sup>-/-</sup> and WT extracted DNA was used as Lancl<sup>+/-</sup> in panels a-c. (d) genotyping of TKO mice showed the complete deletion of all three Lancl genes. (e-f) Protein was extracted from brain, heart and liver tissue of Lancl1<sup>-/-</sup>, Lancl2<sup>-/-</sup> and wild type mouse with matched age and gender and subjected to western blotting. The complete deletion of LanCL proteins is seen in homozygous mice tissues.



**Supplementary Figure S2. MRM chromatograms of LK and related metabolites in WT mouse brain.** WT mouse brain was homogenized and deproteinated. The supernatant was completely dried under  $N_2$  flow and dissolved in 400  $\mu$ L of 30% acetonitrile. An aliquot of 5  $\mu$ L was injected for LC/MS/MS analysis of LK, LK-Na and Lan. LK-PTH was from the HPLC fraction corresponding to the PITC derivatized endogenous LK in WT mouse brain. **(a)** MRM chromatogram of detected LK (transition of 190.1  $\rightarrow$  73.1). **(b)** MRM chromatogram of detected LK-Na (transition of 212.0  $\rightarrow$  168.1). **(c)** MRM chromatogram of detected Lan (transition of 202.0  $\rightarrow$  120.0). **(d)** MRM chromatogram of detected LK-PTH (transition of 307.1  $\rightarrow$  126.1).

**a****b**

**Supplementary Figure S3. Lanthionine formation through alternative reactions in the transsulfuration pathway. (a)** The classic transsulfuration pathway catalyzed by C $\beta$ S and CSE. **(b)** Alternative reactions catalyzed by C $\beta$ S or CSE that lead to lanthionine formation. When the substrates are two molecules of cysteine, H<sub>2</sub>S is formed instead of H<sub>2</sub>O.