Figure S1.

A Sequencing strategy of L-A-2 cDNA clones. Independent clones with their nucleotide numbers are indicated.



B ClustalW alignment of nucleotide sequences of four L-A variants: L-A-28, L-A, L-A-lus, and L-A-2. Only the 5' region, the frameshifting region (red) and the last 400 nt at the 3' ends, which contain the encapsidation signal (green) are depicted. Since the comparisons were done on cDNAs T is shown instead of U.

Initiation

L-A-28 L-A L-A-lus L-A-2	CGAATAATTTGAATATTCATATAACTCCCCA <mark>TG</mark> CTTAGATTCGTTACTAAAAACTCTCAA -GAAAAATTTTTAAATTCATATAACTCCCCA <mark>TG</mark> CTAAGATTTGTTACTAAAAACTCTCAA -GAAAAATTTGAATAATCATATAACTCCCCA <mark>TG</mark> CTTAGATTCGTTACCAAAAACTCTCAA -GAATAATTTGAATATTCATACAACTCCCCC <mark>ATG</mark> CTTAGATTCGTTACTAAAAATTCTCAA ***:***** :*:*:**** *****************	60 59 59 59	
L-A-28 L-A L-A-lus L-A-2	GACAAGTCCTCAGACTTGTTTTCTATCTGTTCAGACAGAGGAACTTTTGTCGCTCATAAT GATAAATCGTCTGATCTATTTCTCTATTTGTTCTGATCGCGGAACTTTTGTTGCCCATAAT GACAAGTCCTCCGATTTATTTTCTATTTGCTCTGACAAAGGTACTTTTGTTGCGCATAAT GATAAATCTTCGGACTTATTCTCCATTTGCTCTGACAAGGGAACTTTTGTTGCTCATAAC ** **.** ** ** *.** ** ** ** ** ** ** **	120 119 119 119	
L-A-28 L-A L-A-lus L-A-2	AGAGTCAGAACTGATTTCAAGTTTGACAACTTAGTCTTTAACCGAGTCTACGGCGTGTCA AGAGTTCGGACTGATTTCAAGTTTGACAACTTAGTATTCAACCGAGTTTATGGTGTTTCT AGGGTGAGGACTGACTTTAAATTTGACAACTTAGTTTTTTAATCGAGTCTACGGCGTGTCA CGAGTGAGAACTGATTTCAAGTTCGACAACTTGGTGTTTAACCGTGTTTACGGTGTGTCG .*.** .*.***** ** **.** **************	180 179 179 179	
L-A-28 L-A L-A-lus L-A-2	CGGATAAATCTAGATTACGTCAAGCCTGTTTCCGCTGGCATCCAAGTCATCAATGCAGGT CGAATCAATCTTGATTATGTTAAGCCTGTTTCGACCGGCATTCAGGTGATCAATGCGGGC AGGATTAATTTGGATTACGTCAAGCCTGTATCTGCAGGCATACAAGTCATTAACGCTGGT CGTATAAATCTTGATTATGTCAAGCCAGTTTCCGCGGGTATTCAGGTTGTTAACGCGGGA .* ** *** * ***** ********************	1917 1916 1916 1916 1916	
L-A-28 L-A L-A-lus L-A-2	GAACTAAGGAACTATTGGGGTAGTGTCCGCCGCACTCAGCA <mark>GGGTTTAGGAGTGGTAGGT</mark> GAACTTAAGAACTACTGGGGTAGTGTGCGTCGTACTCAGCA <mark>GGGTTTAGGAGTGGTAGGT</mark> GAACTAAGGAATTACTGGGGTAGTGTACGCCGTACGCAGCA <mark>GGGTTTAGGAGTGGTAGGT</mark> GAGTTGCGGAACTATTGGGGTAGTGTACGTCGTACTCAACA <mark>GGGTTTAGGAGTGGTAGGT</mark> **. **** ** ********** ** ** ** ** **	1977 1976 1976 1976	Frameshifting region
L-A-28 L-A L-A-lus L-A-2	CTTACGATGCCAGCCGTAATGCCTACCC GAGAACGTACAGCTGGCACTGCCCACGAAGAG CTTACGATGCCAGCTGTAATGCCTACCC GAGAACCTACAGCTGGCGCTGCCCACGAAGAG CTTACGATGCCAGCCGTAATGCCTACCC GAGAACGTACAGCTGGCACTGCCCACGAAGAT *********************************	2037 2036 2036 2036	
L-A-28 L-A L-A-LUS L-A-2	CTGATCGAACAGGTGGACGAGGTTTCAGTAGAGTAAACATAATAGAACCCAGTCATGGGA TTGATAGAACAGGCGGACAATGTTTTAGTAGAGTAAACGTAATCGAACCCTCACACGGAC TTGATCGAACAGACGGAAAATGTTTCAGTCGAGTAAACATAATAGAACCATCCCATGGGC CTGATCGAGCAGACCGAAGACGTTTCAGTAGAGTAAACATCTTCGAGCCAGCACATGGCC ****.**.	2097 2096 2096 2096	
L-A-28 L-A	AAATAACGC-GAGCCCATCGGGTATGTGGAGGTATATCCACTGACCCATGGGCTCCAGTC GACATACACACAGGCTCACAGGGTGTGTGGCGGTATCTCGACTGATACCTGGGCACCGGTT	4136 4135	

L-A-lus L-A-2	CGAT-TTCTACAGCTCACAGAGTCTGCGGCGGCATATATCAACCGACCCGTGGGCACCAGTT CTAT-AGCATCAGCCCATAGAGTTTGCGGAGGTATATCCACCGACATGTGGGCACCGGTA .: : *** ** .*.** ** **.***************	4135 4135	
L-A-28 L-A L-A-lus L-A-2	GACACAAAAATACAAACAGACAACGAAGCATAT <mark>GAAATACCATACGAAATAGATGATCCA</mark> GAAACTAAGATAATAACAGACAATGAAGCATAT <mark>GAAATACCATACGAAATAGATGATCCA</mark> ACTACAAAAATAAAGACAGACAACGAAGCATAC <mark>GAAATACCATACGAAATAGATGATCCA</mark> AAGACAAAAATCAAAACAGACCAACGAGGCATAT <mark>GAAATACCATACGAAATAGATGATCCA</mark> **:**.**:.	4196 4195 4195 4195	Encapsidation signal
L-A-28 L-A L-A-lus L-A-2	TCATTTTG GCCAGGGGTAAATGATTATGCTTATAAAGTCTGGCAGAATTTCGGAGAGCGT TCATTTTG GCCAGGGGTAAATGATTATGCTTATAAAGTCTGGAAAAATTTCGGAGAACGA TCATTTTG GCCAGGGGTAAACGATTATGCTTATAAAGTCTGGCAGAATTTCGGCGAAAGG <mark>TCATTTTG</mark> GCCTGGAGTAAATGATTATGCTTACAAAGTCTGGCAGAATTTCGGAGAACGG ***************	4256 4255 4255 4255	
L-A-28 L-A L-A-lus L-A-2	CTAGAATTCAACAAGATTAAGGACGCAGTATCAAAAGGTAGTAGAAACACTATAGCACTG CTCGAATTTAATAAGATTAAAGATGCCGTAGCTAGAGGGAGTAGGAGCACTATAGCTCTG CTGGAGTTTAACAAGATTAAAGACGCTGTTTCAAAGGGCAGCAGAAACACGATAGCCTTG CTGGAATTCAATAAGATTAAGGATGCAGTCGCAAAGGGCAGTCGAAACACCATTGCCTTA ** **.** ** ********** ** ** ** *: *.** ** .** .	4316 4315 4315 4315 4315	
L-A-28 L-A L-A-lus L-A-2	AAACGTAAAGCTAAAATATCGGCGAAGAGCAATCCTTTTGTACACAAATCCGAATGGGAG AAACGTAAGGCTAGGATAACATCTAAGAAGAATGAATTCGCTAACAAGTCGGAATGGGAA AAACGTAAGGCGAAGATTTCTGCAGTCAAGAACGACTTCGTCAATAAATCTGAATGGGAG AAACGTAAAGCAAAGATTACAGCTGTCACGAACGACTATATCACTAAATCAGAATGGGAA ********* *** ***::* * .: * ** . *: **.**	4376 4375 4375 4375	
L-A-28 L-A L-A-lus L-A-2	CGAACGATGTACAAAGCATACAAGGGTTTGGCAGTCTCATACTATGCCAACCTGAGTAAG AGGACAATGTACAAAGCCTATAAGGGTTTGGCAGTCTCATACTATGCTAACCTGAGCAAA AGAACTATGTACAAAGCTTACAAAGGTTTAGCAGTATCTTATTATGCTAACTTGAGCAAA AGGACTATGTATAAAGCGTACAAAGGATTGGCAGTCTCATACTATGCTAATTTAAGCAAA .*.** ***** ***** ** **.**	4436 4435 4435 4435	
L-A-28 L-A L-A-lus L-A-2	TTTATGAGCATACCACCGATGGCTAATATCGAATTCGGCCAAGCACGGTACGCGATGCAG TTCATGAGTATACCACCAATGGCGAACATTGAATTTGGGCAGGCTAGATATGCTATGCAA TTCATGAGCATACCACCCATGGCAAACATAGAATTCGGACAAGCTAGATTTGCGATGCAG TTTATGAGTATACCACCGATGGCGAATATAGAGTTTGGCCAAGCACGGTTCGCCATGCAG ** ***** ******** ***** ** ** ** ** **	4496 4495 4495 4495	
L-A-28 L-A L-A-lus L-A-2	GCAGCTTTGGACAGTTCCGATCCTTTAAGGGCATTACAGATTTTCCTG <mark>TAG</mark> ATAGCCCAA GCAGCCCTTGATAGTTCTGATCCACTCCGGGCATTACAGGTCATACTG <mark>TAA</mark> TTGCCAA GCGGCCTTAGATAGTTCCGATCCTTTAAGAGCACTACAAATATTCTTA <mark>TGA</mark> AGTGCTC-G GCTGCTTTAGACAGTTCAGATCCATTAAGAGCACTACAAGTCTTCTTG <mark>TGA</mark> GGTGCTC-A ** ** *******************************	4556 4553 4554 4554	
L-A-28 L-A L-A-lus L-A-2	AAAGATAATGGGAATTACCCATATGCCC 4584 AAAGATAATGGGAATTACCCATATGC 4579 AACGATGAGGGTTTTTACCCATATGC 4580 AAAGAAGAGGGGTTTATACCCATATGC 4580 **.**:.* ** :::*********		

crustur (* rutherey)				
	L-A-28	L-A	L-A-lus	L-A-2
1: L-A-28 2: L-A 3: L-A-lus 4: L-A-2	100.00 74.67 76.44 75.76	74.67 100.00 73.87 74.25	76.44 73.87 100.00 78.06	75.76 74.25 78.06 100.00

 $C\,$ Secondary structures at the 3' ends predicted by MFOLD. Numbering is from the 3' ends.



D Detection of Gag and Gag-Pol with anti-Gag antibodies from L-A.





(A) Identification of L-A variants in laboratory K2 strains. A. Total nucleic acids from three K2 strains from Wickner's lab (1384, 1385 and 2360) were separated on an agarose gel and analyzed by Northern hybridization using specific probes for L-A or L-A-2. The upper panel shows the ethidium bromide stained gel and the lower panels the Northern autoradiograms. Strains 2404, 1137 and 1084 that harbor L-A, L-A-2 and L-A-lus, respectively, are included as controls. The asterisk indicates 23S RNA.

(B) M2 maintenance by L-A in strain 1385 is strain-specific. Cytoductants from strain 1385 (L-A and M2) into 37-4C (L-o) were streaked for single colony isolation and replica plated on an MB plate seeded with strain 5x47. The black arrowheads indicate two weak killer colonies. The rest were K-o. Below panels: RNAs from strain 1385 or from a weak killer cytoductant colony were prepared, separated in an agarose gel and probed with L-A- or M2-specific probes. While the M2 probe detected easily M2 in strain 1385 (middle panel, left lane), we needed to overexpose the filter to detect minimal amounts of M2 in the weak killer cytoductant (middle panel, right lane). The amounts of L-A in both strains were equivalent.



Exclusion of L-A-2 (and M2) by L-A in hybrid diploids. (A) Hybrid diploids were produced by mating the L-A-containing haploid strain 1064 to spore clones derived from K2 wine strain Ca7 (L-A and M2). RNAs from three independent diploid clones (lanes 1 to 3) were analyzed in an agarose gel after RNase A treatment in the presence of 0.5 M NaCl. As control, a parallel experiment was performed mating spore clones of Ca7 to the L-A-o strain 2405, isogenic to 1064 except for the absence of L-A (lanes 4 to 6). The ethidium bromide-stained gel is shown (EtBr) with the mobility of L-A/L-A-2 and M2 dsRNAs indicated. Below are Northern blots of the same samples hybridized to three different probes: The upper panel to L-A-, the middle panel to L-A-2- and the lower panel to M2-specific probe. (B) One diploid clone from each cross was further sporulated and tetrads were dissected and analyzed for *his4* meiotic segregation and K2 killer activity (at 20 °C). Results from one representative tetrad of each cross are shown.

ClustalW comparison of the three L-BC variants (L-BC-lus, L-BC and L-BC-2) nucleotide sequences. Only the 5' region, the central part with the frameshifting region (red), and the 3' end region with a conserved putative encapsidation signal (green) are depicted. Initiation codons for Gag and termination codons for Pol are highlighted in blue. Below are the identity percentages and the MFOLD secondary structure prediction of the conserved putative encapsidation signal.

Initiation

L-BC-lus L-BC L-BC-2	GAATTTTTCAGTGAACCGGAATT <mark>ATG</mark> TCGTCTCTGTTAAATTCATTATTACCAGAATATT GAATTTTTCGGTGAACCGGAATT <mark>ATG</mark> TCGTCTCTGTTAAATTCATTACTACCAGAATATT GAATTTTTCGGTGAACCGGAATT <mark>ATG</mark> TCGTCTCTGTTAAATTCATTACTACCAGAATATT *********.	60 60 60	
L-BC-lus L-BC L-BC-2	TTAAACCCAAAACAAATTTGAATATCAACTCCTCTAGGATCCAATATGGTTTTAATGCTC TTAAACCTAAAACTAATTTGAATATCAACTCTTCTAGGGTCCAATATGGCTTTAATGCTC TTAAACCCAAAACAAATTTGAATATCAACTCTTCTAGGATCCAATATGGCTTTAATGCTC ******* *****:************************	120 120 120	
L-BC-lus L-BC L-BC-2	GCATTGATATGCAGTATGAAGACGATAGTGGGACTAGAAAGGGCTCAAGGCCCAATGCCT GCATTGATATGCAGTATGAAGACGATAGTGGGACTAGAAAAGGCTCAAGACCCAATGCAT GCATCGATATGCAGTATGAAGACGATAGTGGGACTAGAAAAGGCTCAAGGCCCAATGCTT **** *******************************	180 180 180	
L-BC-lus L-BC L-BC L-BC-2	AGATGACAAATTTCAGGGCAGCAATGTTTTCAAGAAACAAAC	1860 1860 1860	
L-BC-lus L-BC L-BC-2	GATCAGTCAGGACTATAGCTACTGGTAACTACCGTGATGCCGCTGAGAGGTTGCGTGCAA GGTCAGTCAGGACCATAGCTACTGGCAATTATCGAGATGCTGCTGAAAGATTACGTGCAA GGTCGGTCAGGACTATAGTTACTGGCAATTATCGAGATGCTGCTGAAAGGTTACGTGCAA *.**.******** **** ***** ** ** ** ** ******	1920 1920 1920	
L-BC-lus L-BC L-BC-2	TGGACGAAACGTTGAGGTTAAAGCCTTTTTAAGATTACTGAGAAGTT <mark>GGATTTTCGTGTAG</mark> TGGATGAAACGCTCAGATTAAAACCTTTTTAAGATTACTGAGAAGTT <mark>GGATTTTCGTGTAG</mark> TGGATGAAACACTCAGATTAAAACCATTTAAGATTACAGAGAAGTT <mark>GGATTTTCGTGTAG</mark> **** *****. * **.****.	1980 1980 1980	Frameshifting region
L-BC-lus L-BC L-BC-2	CAGCTTATGCGATACCAAGTCTGTCGGGCAGCAATATGCCATCCTCACACCATCAGGAAC CAGCTTACGCGATACCAAGTTTGTCGGGCAGCAATATGCCATCCTTACACCATCAGGAAC CAGCTTATGCGATACCAAGTTTGTCGGGCAGCAATATGCCATCCTCACACCATCAGGAAC ******* ************* **************	2040 2040 2040	
L-BC-lus L-BC L-BC-2	AACTACAGATATCAGAAGCGGACGCGGAGCCGATCAATCCTGTGGGAGAGGACGAACTTC AACTACAGATATCAGAAGTGGACGCGGAACCAATCAATCCTATAGGAGAGGACGAACTTC AACTACAGATATCAGAAGTGGACGCGGAACCGATCAATCCTATAGGAGAGGACGAGCTTC **********************************	2100 2100 2100	
L-BC-lus L-BC L-BC L-BC-2	AAAAACTAACTTCTCCGAAATAGCTGATGCTATCACAAAGAAACATGTTGTAGAGTCATC GAAAACTAACTTTTCCGAGATAGCTGATGCTATCACAAGAGAGACACGTGTAGAGTCAGT GAAAACTAACTTTTCTGAGATAGCTGATGCTATCACAAAGAAACACGTTGTAGAGTCATT .********** ** **.*******************	4320 4320 4320	
L-BC-lus L-BC L-BC-2	GACCAAGGCCTACAATGTCAAGAAGAAAAACGGTCAGAA <mark>GCGCGTTTAGGGACCTAAGCGC</mark> GACCAAGGCTTATAATGTTAAGAAGAAAAACGGTCGTAC <mark>GCGCGTTTAGGGACCTAAGCGC</mark> GACCAAGGCCTATAATGTTAAGAAGAAAAACGGTCGTAA <mark>GCGCGTTTAGGGACCTAAGCGC</mark> ******** ** ** ***** ****************	4380 4380 4380	Encapsidation signal?
L-BC-lus L-BC L-BC-2	AGCATATCATGAGAGAGCAGTTAGACATGCTTGGAAGAGGATGAGCGGACTACATATAGT AGCATATCATGAAAGAGCGGTGAGACATGCTTGGAAGGGGATGAGTGGACTACACATAGT AGCATATCATGAAAGAGCAGTAAGACATGCTTGGAAGGGGATGAGTGGACTACACATAGT ***********	4440 4440 4440	
L-BC-lus L-BC L-BC-2	TAACAGGGTTCGTATGGGCGTAAGCAACTTAGTAATGGTTGTTAGCAAAATCAATC	4500 4500 4500	

L-BC-lus L-BC L-BC-2	GAAAGCTAATGTGTTAGCCAAATCAGGGGATCCCACCAAATGGCTTGCTGTCCTTACA <mark>TG</mark> AAAAGCTAATGTGCTAGCCAAATCAGGAGATCCTACAAAATGGCTTGCAGTCCTTACA <mark>TG</mark> AAAAGCTAATGTGCTAGCCAAATCAGGTGATCCTACAAAATGGCTTGCAGTCCTTACA <mark>TG</mark> .************************************	4560 4560 4560	Termination
L-BC-lus	ATATACAGGCAACAACATAAGACCTGAGAACAAAGAGTACATACGATACTACGC	4614	
L-BC-2	ATATACAGGCAACCACATAAGACCTGAGAACAAAGAGTACATACGATACTACGC ATATACAGGCAACCACATAAGACCTGAGAACAAAGAGTACATACGATACTACGC ***********************************	4614 4614	

CLUSTAL COMPARISON (% identity)

Nucleotide sequences

	L-BC-lus	L-BC	L-BC-2
1: L-BC-lus	100.00	88.30	88.56
2: L-BC	88.30	100.00	93.41
3: L-BC-2	88.56	93.41	100.00

Encoded Proteins

Gag		L-BC-lus	L-BC-2	L-BC
	1: L-BC-lus	100.00	96.99	97.56
	2: L-BC-2	96.99	100.00	97.70
	3: L-BC	97.56	97.70	100.00
Pol		L-BC	L-BC-2	L-BC-lus
	1: L-BC	100.00	95.49	93.63
	2: L-BC-2	95.49	100.00	95.49
	3: L-BC-lus	93.63	95.49	100.00

Encapsidation signal?



 ΔG = -11.35 Kcal/mol



Inheritance of L-BC variants and mitochondrial DNA in laboratory strains derived from Klus or K2 wine strains. (A) RT-PCR analysis of the L-BC variants present in wine strain EX198 (lane 1), laboratory strain 2928 (lane 2) or in four Klus laboratory haploid strains (lanes 3 to 6) constructed in our previous work from strains EX198 and 2928 (Table 1, 34). Primers specific for L-BC-lus or for L-BC were used. Lanes 7 and 8 show RT-PCR fragments amplified from the strains indicated in an independent experiment. B. Total DNA from the strains indicated was digested with the restriction enzyme Hinfl and the fragments generated were separated on an agarose gel. According to the pattern, strain 1084 (lane 3) or strain 1137 (lane 7) derived their mitochondria from the wine strain EX198 (lane 2) or Ca7 (lane 6), respectively, while mitochondria in strain 1169 (lane 5) came from laboratory strain 2928 (lane 1).

Phylogenetic trees of the Gag and Pol domains of different variants of L-A or L-BC totiviruses.

Gag



The evolutionary history was inferred using the Neighbor-Joining method [1]. The optimal tree with the sum of branch length = 1.808120792 is shown for Gag proteins. For Pol the sum of branch length is = 1.55825550. Trees are drawn to scale, with branch lengths in the same units as those of the evolutionary distances used to infer the phylogenetic tree. The evolutionary distances were computed using the Poisson correction method [2] and are in the units of the number of amino acid substitutions per site. The analysis involved 7 amino acid sequences. All positions containing gaps and missing data were eliminated. There were a total of 654 positions in the final dataset for Gag and 843 positions for Pol. Evolutionary analyses were conducted in MEGA6 [3]

References:

1. Saitou N, Nei M. 1987. The neighbor-joining method: A new method for reconstructing phylogenetic trees. Molecular Biology and Evolution 4:406-425.

2. **Zuckerkandl E, Pauling L.** 1965. Evolutionary divergence and convergence in proteins, p 97-166. *In* Bryson V, Vogel HJ (ed), Evolving Genes and Proteins. Academic Press, New York

3. Tamura K, Stecher G, Peterson D, Filipski A, Kumar S. 2013. MEGA6: Molecular Evolutionary Genetics Analysis version 6.0. Molecular Biology and Evolution 30:2725-2729.

Table S7. Oligonucleotides used

Name	Sequence (5' to 3' end)	Description
NR67	GACTCGAGTCGAGCGGCCGCTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTT	OligodT 3'RACE
NR68	GACTCGAGTCGAGCGGCCGC	Oligo 3'RACE
NR80	AATTAGCGGCCGCAGGGAAAATCATGTAAGG	L-A-lus (1454-1437)
NR88	AATTAGGATCCGTCTGTTTCAATGAGGG	L-A-lus (210-226)
NR111	AATTAGAATTCCATGAGTATCAAAAATGTC	L-BC-lus (282-264)
NR118	GTGTACGTTACATACCCT	L-A-2 (1305-1322)
NR119	GATACCGCCTGTACTCT	L-A-2 (2178-2162)
NR121	GGGTTTAGGAGTGGTAGGTC	L-A-2 (1958-1977)
NR122	CATCTATTTCGTATGGTATTTC	L-A-2 (4190-4169)
NR125	AATTAGGATCCATGGCCAAACCACCATCAAC	L-A-2 (286-267)
NR126	AATTAGGATCCGAAATACCATACGAAATAGATG	L-A-2 (4169-4190)
RE548	AATTAGTCGACGAAAAATTTTTAAAATTCATATA	L-A (1-22)
RE549	AATTAGGATCCCGCAGCTACTGGAAATATCA	L-A (1463-1444)
RE633	CTGACGAAGTATTAGATGC	L-A-2 (2556-2574)
RE634	TAGCGTGCCCTTTAATTC	L-A-2 (3589-3572)
RE635	GATAATGGCCACGCCTGTCT	L-BC (480-499)
RE636	GCAGTTTGGCCTTCATACTTG	L-BC-lus (1711-1690)
RE637	GCAGTTTGTCCTTCATACTTC	L-BC (1711-1690)
RE638	GTGGATACGTGACAATTTTAC	L-BC-lus (2524-2544)
RE639	CATTGAATAACTTGCGAGCG	L-BC-lus (4076-4057)
RE643	CCTAAGCGCAGCATATCATG	L-BC-lus (4372-4391)
RE647	TTACGGTGTGTCGCAGAAGT	L-A-2 (167-186)
RE648	TCGATCGGCACATCAAGCTT	L-A-2 (520-501)
RE649	AGGCGATGGACTGGGTGTGC	L-A-2 (3501-3520)
RE650	TGTTTCGACTGCCCTTTGCG	L-A-2 (4304-4285)
RE796	TGGATTTTCGTGTAGCAGCTTA	L-BC (1966-1987)
RE797	GCTGCGCTTAGGTCCCTAAACG	L-BC (4380-4359)
RE820	GAATTTTTCAGTGAACCGGAA	L-BC-lus (1-21)
RE821	GAATTTTTCGGTGAACCGGAA	L-BC (1-21)
RE822	TCTGGAAATTCCAGGCCAGG	L-BC-2 (607-588)
RE823	GCATGATGGGGAACGATGTGA	L-BC-2 (1591-1611)
RE824	ATCGGTTCCGCGTCCACTTC	L-BC-2 (2074-2055)
RE825	CGGTGATTATACTGCATTCC	L-BC-2 (4240-4259)
RE826	GCGTAGTATCGTATGTACTCT	L-BC (4614-4594)
RE827	GGAGTACGATATGAGTA	L-BC-2 (2851-2867)

Numbering corresponds to the sequences specific to each dsRNA (in bold), and the flanking nonbold nucleotides correspond to restriction sites and extensions needed for cloning. Oligonucleotides NR80, NR88 and NR119, originally designed from L-A-lus sequence contain some mismatches regarding L-A-2 sequence (shadowed).