Novel chemokine-like activities of histones in tumor metastasis

SUPPLEMENTARY TABLE

Supplementary Table S1: Clinicopathological information of HCC patients

| Clinicopathological features | Number |
|------------------------------|-------------|
| Sex | 17 |
| Male | 13 (76.47%) |
| Age (mean) | 51.59±9.42 |
| Cirrhosis | 8 (47.06%) |
| Hepatitis (antibody) | |
| HBV | 10 (58.80%) |
| HCV | 1 (5.88%) |
| No. viral hepatitis | |
| ЕТОН | 0 |
| NASH | 1 (5.88%) |
| other | 5 (29.41%) |
| Tumor size | |
| ≥5 cm | 11 (64.7%) |
| No. of nodules | |
| ≥2 | 4(23.5%) |
| =1 | 13(74.5%) |
| Child-Pugh score | |
| >5 | (29.41%) |
| No. of lymph node | |
| ≥2 | 2(11.67%) |
| Cellular differentiation | |
| Well | 0 |
| Moderate | 7 (41.18%) |
| Poor | 1 (6%) |
| Without pathology | 9 (52.94%) |
| Venous invasion | |
| present | 6 (35.29%) |
| Tumor stage | |
| Stage 0 | 0 |
| Stage I | 3 (17.65%) |
| Stage II | 4 (23.53%) |
| Stage III | 1 (5.88%) |
| Stage IV | 7 (41.18%) |