S2 Text: Ensemble time course trajectories obtained for prediction data

Data-driven reverse engineering of signaling pathways using ensembles of dynamic models

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January 17, 2017

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1 Time-courses for prediction of different casestudies

1.1 Case study 1a (MAPKp)

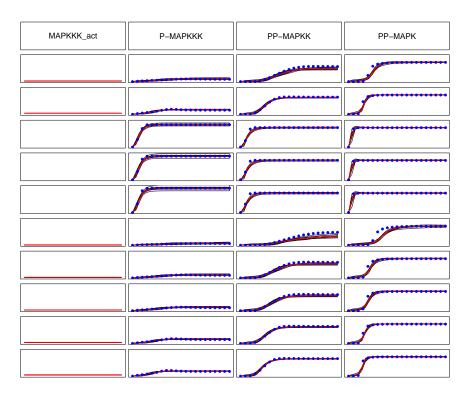


Figure 1: Ensemble time course trajectories for the case study 1a (MAPKp) (prediction data) The median in red is surrounded by the predicted non-symmetric 20%,60% and 95%. Blue dots represent the pseudo-experimental data. Each row is a experiment and each column an observed signal.

1.2 Case study 1b (MAPKf)

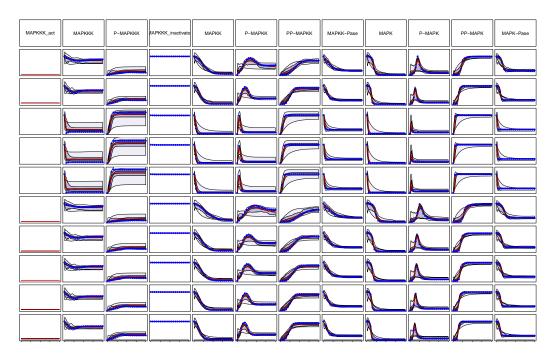


Figure 2: Ensemble time course trajectories for the case study 1b (MAPKf) (prediction data) The median in red is surrounded by the predicted non-symmetric 20%,60% and 95%. Blue dots represent the pseudo-experimental data. Each row is a experiment and each column an observed signal.

1.3 Case study 2 (SSP)



Figure 3: Ensemble time course trajectories for the case study 2 (SSP) (prediction data) The median in red is surrounded by the predicted non-symmetric 20%, 60% and 95%. Blue dots represent the pseudo-experimental data. Each row is a experiment and each column an observed signal. Inhibited signals are surrounded by a red frame and data for these experiments/signals combinations is omitted.

1.4 Case study 3 (DREAMiS)

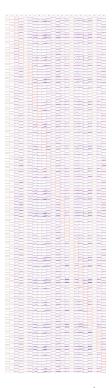


Figure 4: Ensemble time course trajectories for the case study 3 (DREAMiS) (prediction data) The median in red is surrounded by the predicted non-symmetric 20%, 60% and 95%. Blue dots represent the pseudo-experimental data. Each row is a experiment and each column an observed signal. Inhibited signals are surrounded by a red frame and data for these experiments/signals combinations is omitted. The magenta line shows the predictions made by Team34, the top performing team in the time-course prediction with in silico data DREAM-HPN sub-challenge.

1.5 Case study 4a (DREAMBT20)

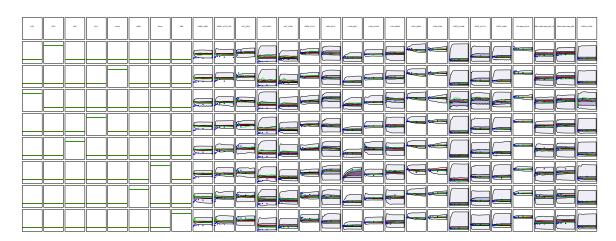


Figure 5: Ensemble time course trajectories for the case study 4a (DREAMBT20) (training data, part 2) The median in red is surrounded by the predicted non-symmetric 20%,60% and 95%. Blue dots represent the experimental data. Each row is a experiment and each column an observed signal or stimuli. Inhibited signals are surrounded by a red frame and data for these experiments/signals combinations is shown but was not taken into account while computing root mean square error scores.

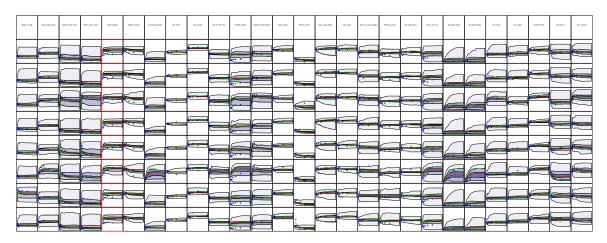


Figure 6: Ensemble time course trajectories for the case study 4a (DREAMBT20) (prediction data, part 2) The median in red is surrounded by the predicted non-symmetric 20%,60% and 95%. Blue dots represent the experimental data. Each row is a experiment and each column an observed signal or stimuli. Inhibited signals are surrounded by a red frame and data for these experiments/signals combinations is shown but was not taken into account while computing root mean square error scores. The green line shows the predictions made by Team44, the top performing team in the time-course prediction with experimental data DREAM-HPN sub-challenge.

1.6 Case study 4b (DREAMBT549)

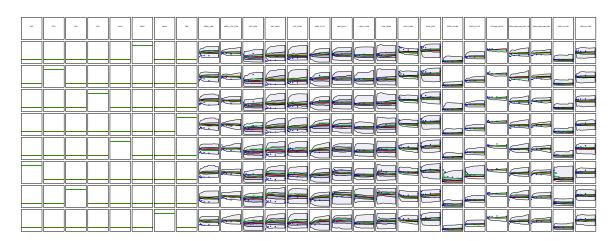


Figure 7: Ensemble time course trajectories for the case study 4b (DREAMBT549) (prediction data, part 1) The median in red is surrounded by the predicted non-symmetric 20%,60% and 95%. Blue dots represent the experimental data. Each row is a experiment and each column an observed signal or stimuli. Inhibited signals are surrounded by a red frame and data for these experiments/signals combinations is shown but was not taken into account while computing root mean square error scores. The green line shows the predictions made by Team44, the top performing team in the time-course prediction with experimental data DREAM-HPN sub-challenge.

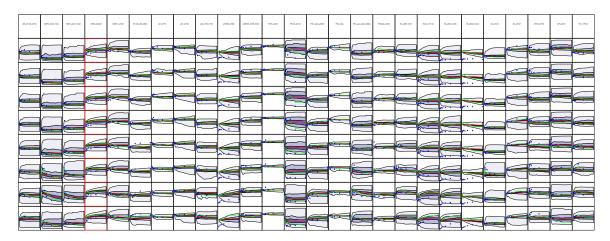


Figure 8: Ensemble time course trajectories for the case study 4b (DREAMBT549) (prediction data, part 2) The median in red is surrounded by the predicted non-symmetric 20%,60% and 95%. Blue dots represent the experimental data. Each row is a experiment and each column an observed signal or stimuli. Inhibited signals are surrounded by a red frame and data for these experiments/signals combinations is shown but was not taken into account while computing root mean square error scores. The green line shows the predictions made by Team44, the top performing team in the time-course prediction with experimental data DREAM-HPN sub-challenge.

1.7 Case study 4c (DREAMMCF7)

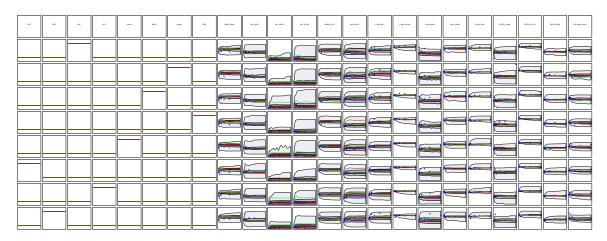


Figure 9: Ensemble time course trajectories for the case study 4c (DREAMMCF7) (prediction data, part 1) The median in red is surrounded by the predicted non-symmetric 20%,60% and 95%. Blue dots represent the experimental data. Each row is a experiment and each column an observed signal or stimuli. Inhibited signals are surrounded by a red frame and data for these experiments/signals combinations is shown but was not taken into account while computing root mean square error scores. The green line shows the predictions made by Team44, the top performing team in the time-course prediction with experimental data DREAM-HPN sub-challenge.

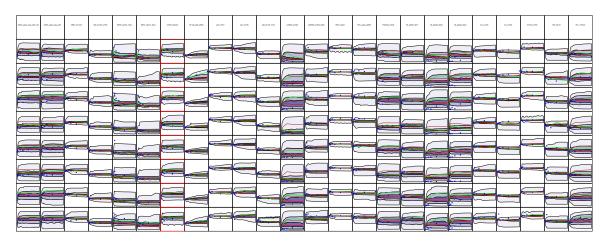


Figure 10: Ensemble time course trajectories for the case study 4c (DREAMMCF7) (prediction data, part 2) The median in red is surrounded by the predicted non-symmetric 20%,60% and 95%. Blue dots represent the experimental data. Each row is a experiment and each column an observed signal or stimuli. Inhibited signals are surrounded by a red frame and data for these experiments/signals combinations is shown but was not taken into account while computing root mean square error scores. The green line shows the predictions made by Team44, the top performing team in the time-course prediction with experimental data DREAM-HPN sub-challenge.

1.8 Case study 4d (DREAMUACC812)

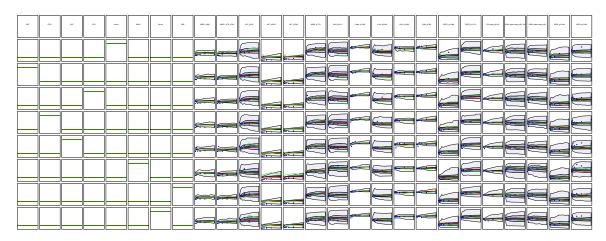


Figure 11: Ensemble time course trajectories for the case study 4d (DDREA-MUACC812) (prediction data, part 1) The median in red is surrounded by the predicted non-symmetric 20%,60% and 95%. Blue dots represent the experimental data. Each row is a experiment and each column an observed signal or stimuli. Inhibited signals are surrounded by a red frame and data for these experiments/signals combinations is shown but was not taken into account while computing root mean square error scores. The green line shows the predictions made by Team44, the top performing team in the time-course prediction with experimental data DREAM-HPN sub-challenge.

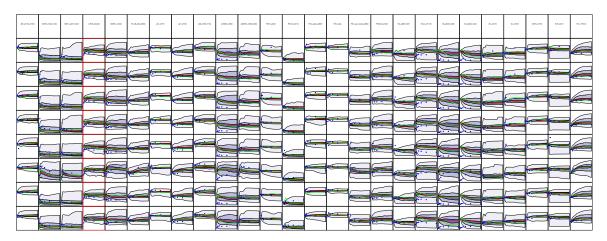


Figure 12: Ensemble time course trajectories for the case study 4d (DDREA-MUACC812) (prediction data, part 2) The median in red is surrounded by the predicted non-symmetric 20%,60% and 95%. Blue dots represent the experimental data. Each row is a experiment and each column an observed signal or stimuli. Inhibited signals are surrounded by a red frame and data for these experiments/signals combinations is shown but was not taken into account while computing root mean square error scores. The green line shows the predictions made by Team44, the top performing team in the time-course prediction with experimental data DREAM-HPN sub-challenge.