

S5 Text: AUPR score depending on ensemble size
for different case-studies with and without
applying model reduction

Data-driven reverse engineering of signaling pathways using
ensembles of dynamic models

David Henriques, Alejandro F. Villaverde, Miguel Rocha,
Julio Saez-Rodriguez, Julio R. Banga

January 17, 2017

Contents

1	Case study 1: AUPR score depending on ensemble size for different case-studies with and without applying model reduction	3
1.1	Case study 1a (MAPKp)	3
1.2	Case study 1b (MAPKf)	5
1.3	Case study 2 (SSP)	7
1.4	Case study 3 (DREAMiS)	9

List of Figures

1	AUPR score depending on ensemble size without model reduction for case study 1a (MAPKp)	3
2	AUPR score depending on ensemble size with model reduction for case study 1a (MAPKp)	4
3	AUPR score depending on ensemble size without model reduction for case study 1b (MAPKf)	5
4	AUPR score depending on ensemble size with model reduction for case study 1b (MAPKf)	6
5	AUPR score depending on ensemble size without model reduction for case study 2 (SSP)	7
6	AUPR score depending on ensemble size with model reduction for case study 2 (SSP)	8
7	AUPR score depending on ensemble size without model reduction for case study 3 (DREAMiS)	9
8	AUPR score depending on ensemble size with model reduction for case study 3 (DREAMiS)	10

1 Case study 1: AUPR score depending on ensemble size for different case-studies with and without applying model reduction

1.1 Case study 1a (MAPKp)

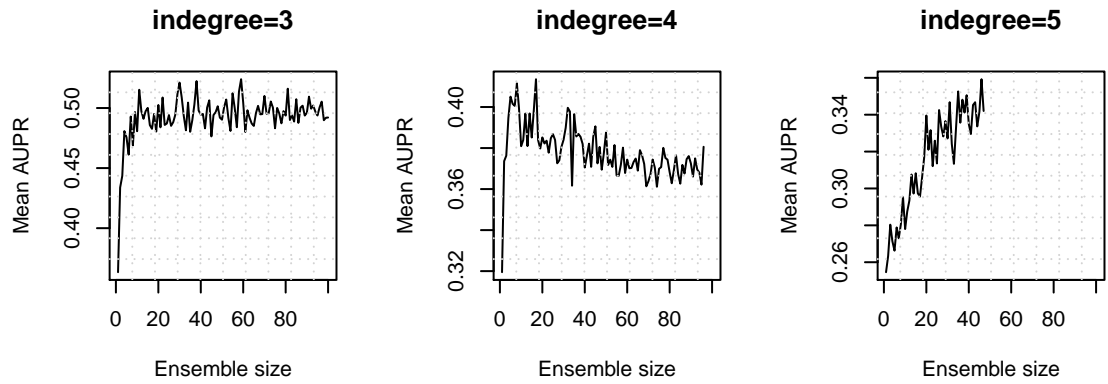


Figure 1:

AUPR score depending on ensemble size without model reduction for case study 1a (MAPKp). Description. This curve was computed by bootstrapping multiple $n_{\mathcal{M}}$ models from the available models, *i.e.* we sampled multiple realizations of the ensemble network for the same ensemble size and computed the average value.

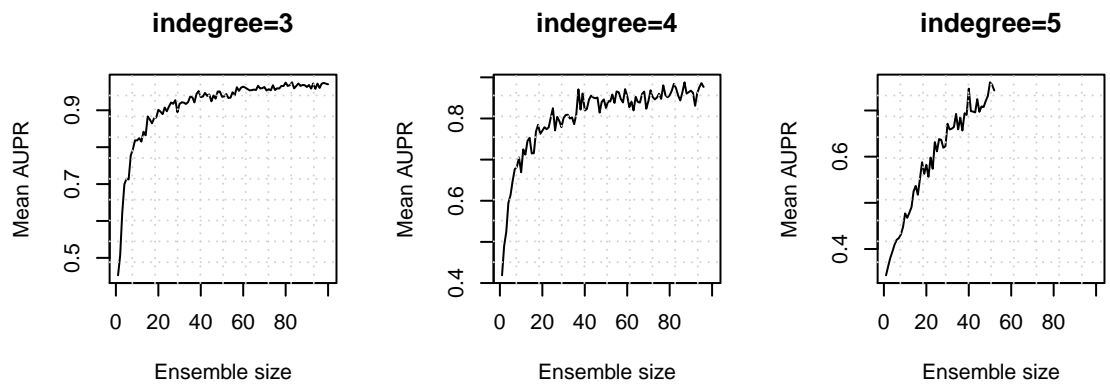


Figure 2:
 AUPR score depending on ensemble size with model reduction for case study 1a (MAPKp). Description. This curve was computed by bootstrapping multiple $n_{\mathcal{M}}$ models from the available models, *i.e.* we sampled multiple realizations of the ensemble network for the same ensemble size and computed the average value.

1.2 Case study 1b (MAPKf)

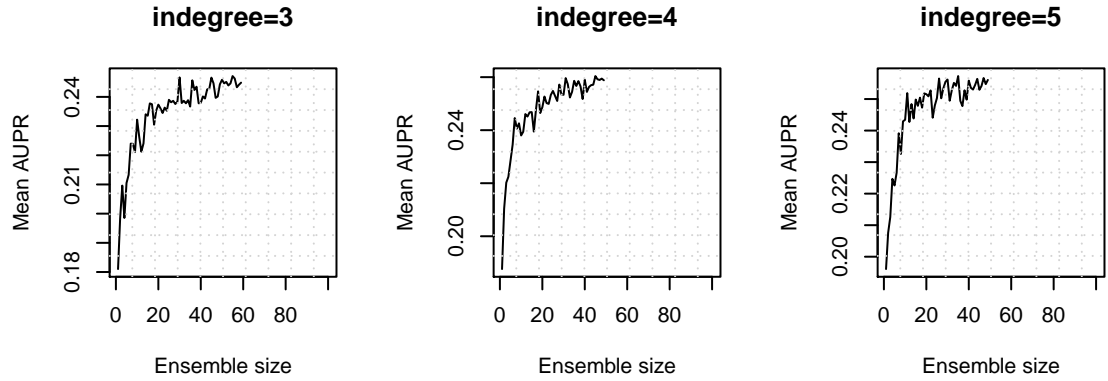


Figure 3:

AUPR score depending on ensemble size without model reduction for case study 1b (MAPKf). Description. This curve was computed by bootstrapping multiple $n_{\mathcal{M}}$ models from the available models, *i.e.* we sampled multiple realizations of the ensemble network for the same ensemble size and computed the average value.

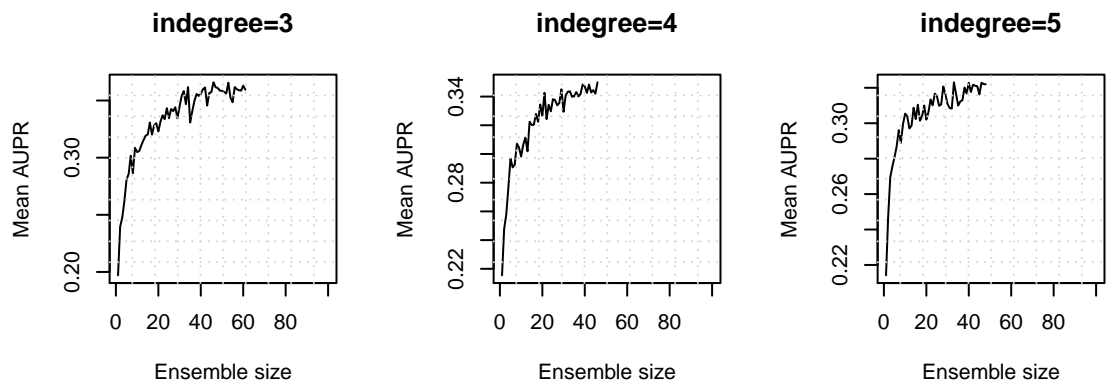


Figure 4:
 AUPR score depending on ensemble size with model reduction for case study 1b (MAPKf). Description. This curve was computed by bootstrapping multiple $n_{\mathcal{M}}$ models from the available models, *i.e.* we sampled multiple realizations of the ensemble network for the same ensemble size and computed the average value.

1.3 Case study 2 (SSP)

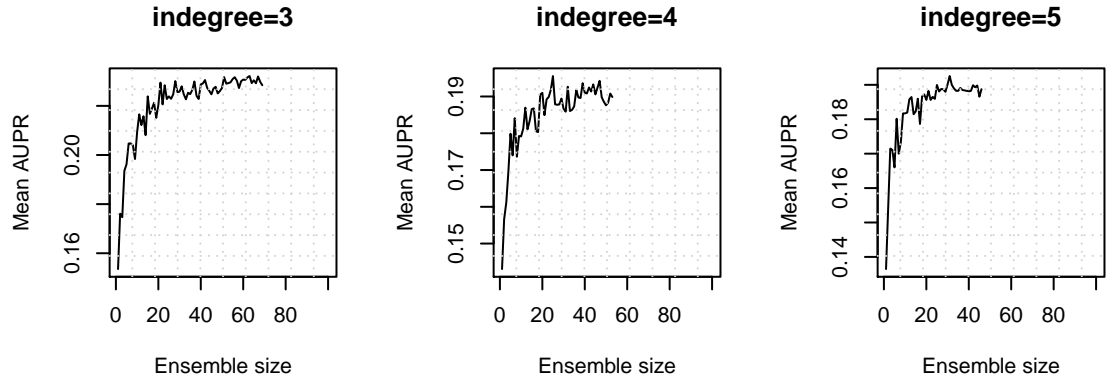


Figure 5:

AUPR score depending on ensemble size without model reduction for case study 2 (SSP). Description. This curve was computed by bootstrapping multiple $n_{\mathcal{M}}$ models from the available models, *i.e.* we sampled multiple realizations of the ensemble network for the same ensemble size and computed the average value.

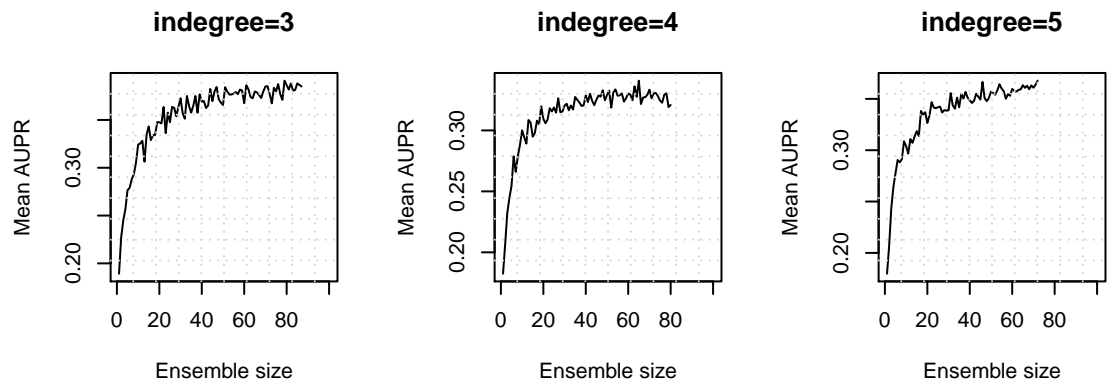


Figure 6:
 AUPR score depending on ensemble size with model reduction for case study 2 (SSP). Description. This curve was computed by bootstrapping multiple n_M models from the available models, *i.e.* we sampled multiple realizations of the ensemble network for the same ensemble size and computed the average value.

1.4 Case study 3 (DREAMiS)

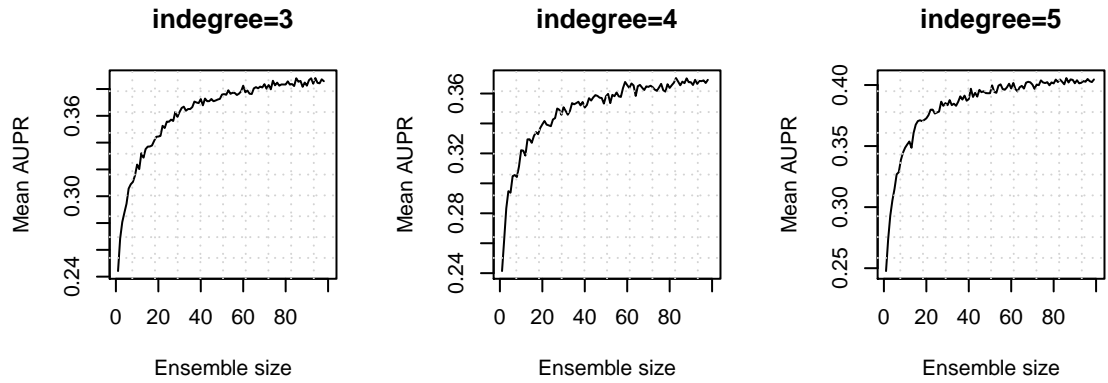


Figure 7:

AUPR score depending on ensemble size without model reduction for case study 3 (DREAMiS). Description. This curve was computed by bootstrapping multiple $n_{\mathcal{M}}$ models from the available models, *i.e.* we sampled multiple realizations of the ensemble network for the same ensemble size and computed the average value.



Figure 8:

AUPR score depending on ensemble size without model reduction for case study 3 (DREAMiS). Description. This curve was computed by bootstrapping multiple $n_{\mathcal{M}}$ models from the available models, *i.e.* we sampled multiple realizations of the ensemble network for the same ensemble size and computed the average value.