Audit form

Marie Curie Cancer Care study 'An investigation about transferring patients in critical care home to die: experiences, attitudes, population characteristics and practice'

General information

Study ID				
Patient DOB		(date)		
Patient sex	Male	Female		
Area of residence				
ITU/HDU	ITU HDU		ITU/HDU Combined	
ITU/HDU speciality	General Neuro Cardiac		Oncology Other Please specify:	
Level of care*	1 2 3			
*Department of Health: Comprehensive Critical Care, 2000				
What was the primary cause for admission?				
What was the secondary cause for admission?				
Other significant condition in past medical history				
Date/time of withdrawal discussed with family		(date)	(time)	not applicable
Date/time of death		(date)	(time)	
STAGE 1: Sudden death				
Cardiac arrest or sudden death	(de	tails)		EXCLUDE
Other				

STAGE 2: Stability : in last 24 hours <u>before</u> treatment withdrawal discussed with family

<u>Unstable</u> : i.e. patient observations show significant variability/deterioration or introduction of new therapy as result of patient deterioration			(detail	is) EXCLUDE					
Stable: i.e. patient observations show no variability/deterioration and no introduction of new therapy as result of patient deterioration									
Stage 3: Observations in the last 24 hours before withdrawal discussed with family State									
Conscious (alert and orientated; GCS 15 or equivalent)				Unconscious					
Respiratory support									
Self-ventilating breathing air				Self-ventilating on oxygen mask					
Self-ventilating with room air/oxygen with endotracheal tube in situ				Self-ventilated with tracheostomy					
Receiving non-invasive ventilation via mask				Receiving non-invasive ventilation via tracheostomy					
Ventilated via a tracheostomy				Ventilated via an endotracheal tube					
Cardiovascular support									
No inotropes/vasopressors				Single inotrope/vasopressor (excluding renal dopamine)					
Single dopamine				Single inotrope/vasopressor with renal dopamine					
Multiple inotropes/vasopressors									
Care/Environmental factors									
Coroners cases/police involvement									
Family with complex issues that might pr	rge								
Intense manual handling (e.g. morbid obesity, unstable spine)									
High gastrointestinal losses requiring intensive nursing care (e.g. diarrhoea, wound loss, vomiting)									