Multimorbidity and healthcare utilization among home care clients with dementia in Ontario, Canada: a retrospective analysis of a population-based cohort

Authors: Luke Mondor; Colleen J. Maxwell; David B. Hogan; Susan E. Bronskill; Andrea Gruneir; Natasha E Lane; Walter P Wodchis

	No.	STROBE items	RECORD items	Location in manuscript where items are reported
Title and abstra	ct			
	1	(a) Indicate the study's design with a commonly used term in the title or the abstract (b) Provide in the abstract an informative and balanced summary of what was done and what was found	 RECORD 1.1: The type of data used should be specified in the title or abstract. When possible, the name of the databases used should be included. RECORD 1.2: If applicable, the geographic region and timeframe within which the study took place should be reported in the title or abstract. RECORD 1.3: If linkage between databases was conducted for the study, this should be clearly stated in the title or abstract. 	Included in title and abstract 1.1/1.2: "A retrospective cohort study using linked administrative and clinical data from Ontario, Canada" (Abstract, Methods and Findings) 1.3: n/a
Introduction				
Background rationale	2	Explain the scientific background and rationale for the investigation being reported		Included, paragraphs 1-3 of Introduction
Objectives	3	State specific objectives, including any pre-specified hypotheses		Included, paragraph 4 of Introduction
Methods				
Study Design	4	Present key elements of study design early in the paper		Included, Methods – Study Design & Setting section.
Setting	5	Describe the setting, locations, and relevant dates, including periods of recruitment, exposure, follow-up,		Included, Methods – Study Design & Setting and Study Populations sections. Sections

		and data collection		
Participants	6	 (a) Cohort study - Give the eligibility criteria, and the sources and methods of selection of participants. Describe methods of follow-up Case-control study - Give the eligibility criteria, and the sources and methods of case ascertainment and control selection. Give the rationale for the choice of cases and controls Cross-sectional study - Give the eligibility criteria, and the sources and methods of selection of participants (b) Cohort study - For matched studies, give matching criteria and number of exposed and unexposed Case-control study - For matched studies, give matching criteria and the number of controls per case 	RECORD 6.1: The methods of study population selection (such as codes or algorithms used to identify subjects) should be listed in detail. If this is not possible, an explanation should be provided. RECORD 6.2: Any validation studies of the codes or algorithms used to select the population should be referenced. If validation was conducted for this study and not published elsewhere, detailed methods and results should be provided. RECORD 6.3: If the study involved linkage of databases, consider use of a flow diagram or other graphical display to demonstrate the data linkage process, including the number of individuals with linked data at each stage.	 (a) Included, Methods – Study Population section 6.1: S1 Table and S2 Table 6.2: reference 24, S2 Table includes references to validated algorithms for case ascertainment 6.3: n/a, all data used were linked deterministically and provide complete coverage (no individuals were excluded due to data linkage)
Variables	7	Clearly define all outcomes, exposures, predictors, potential confounders, and effect modifiers. Give diagnostic criteria, if applicable.	RECORD 7.1: A complete list of codes and algorithms used to classify exposures, outcomes, confounders, and effect modifiers should be provided. If these cannot be reported, an explanation should be provided.	Included, Methods – Exposure, Covariates, and Outcomes sections 7.1: n/a, Exposures, outcomes, confounders and interactions described in Methods (no additional codes used).
Data sources/ measurement	8	For each variable of interest, give sources of data and details of methods of assessment (measurement). Describe comparability of assessment methods if there is more than one group		Included, Methods – Exposure, Covariates, and Outcomes sections
Bias	9	Describe any efforts to address		Included, Methods – Analysis section,

		potential sources of bias		paragraph 3.
Study size	10	Explain how the study size was		Included, S3 Table
-		arrived at		
Quantitative	11	Explain how quantitative variables		Included, Methods – Exposure,
variables		were handled in the analyses. If		Covariates, and Outcomes sections
		applicable, describe which		
		groupings were chosen, and why		
Statistical	12	(a) Describe all statistical methods,		Included, Methods – Analysis section
methods		including those used to control for		(a) paragraphs 1 and 2
		confounding		(b) paragraph 2
		(b) Describe any methods used to		(c) paragraph 1
		examine subgroups and interactions		(d) paragraph 1 (censoring)
		(c) Explain how missing data were		(e) paragraph 3
		addressed		
		(d) <i>Cohort study</i> - If applicable,		
		explain how loss to follow-up was		
		addressed		
		Case-control study - If applicable,		
		explain how matching of cases and		
		controls was addressed		
		Cross-sectional study - If		
		applicable, describe analytical		
		methods taking account of		
		sampling strategy		
		(e) Describe any sensitivity		
		analyses		
Data access and			RECORD 12.1: Authors should	
cleaning methods			describe the extent to which the	12.1: Included, Methods – Study
			investigators had access to the database	Design & Setting section
			population used to create the study	
			population.	12.2: Included, S3 Table. N=124
				records with data quality issues
			RECORD 12.2: Authors should provide	excluded from study. Methods for
			information on the data cleaning	missing data in Methods – Analysis
			methods used in the study.	section.
Linkage			RECORD 12.3: State whether the study	
			included person-level, institutional-	12.3: Included, Methods – Study

			level, or other data linkage across two or more databases. The methods of linkage and methods of linkage quality evaluation should be provided.	Design & Setting section
Results				
Participants	13	 (a) Report the numbers of individuals at each stage of the study (<i>e.g.</i>, numbers potentially eligible, examined for eligibility, confirmed eligible, included in the study, completing follow-up, and analysed) (b) Give reasons for non- participation at each stage. (c) Consider use of a flow diagram 	RECORD 13.1: Describe in detail the selection of the persons included in the study (<i>i.e.</i> , study population selection) including filtering based on data quality, data availability and linkage. The selection of included persons can be described in the text and/or by means of the study flow diagram.	 (a) Included, S3 Table (inclusion criteria) (b) Included, S3 Table (c) n/a 13.1: Included, Methods – Study Population section, and S3 Table
Descriptive data	14	 (a) Give characteristics of study participants (<i>e.g.</i>, demographic, clinical, social) and information on exposures and potential confounders (b) Indicate the number of participants with missing data for each variable of interest (c) <i>Cohort study</i> - summarise follow-up time (<i>e.g.</i>, average and total amount) 		 (a) Included, Results - paragraph ,1 and Table 1 (b) Included, Methods – Analysis section, and Table 1 (c) Included, Table 2
Outcome data	15	Cohort study - Report numbers of outcome events or summary measures over time Case-control study - Report numbers in each exposure category, or summary measures of exposure Cross-sectional study - Report numbers of outcome events or summary measures		Included, Results - paragraph 2, Table 2 and S5 Table
Main results	16	(a) Give unadjusted estimates and, if applicable, confounder-adjusted		(a) Included age-sex adjusted and fully adjusted regression results, Results -

		estimates and their precision (e.g., 95% confidence interval). Make clear which confounders were adjusted for and why they were included (b) Report category boundaries when continuous variables were categorized (c) If relevant, consider translating estimates of relative risk into absolute risk for a meaningful time period		 paragraphs 3, 4, and 5, Table 3 and Figure 1. (b) Included, Methods – Covariates section paragraph 2. (c) n/a
Other analyses	17	Report other analyses done—e.g., analyses of subgroups and interactions, and sensitivity analyses		Included, Results - paragraph 6, S6 Table, S8 Table, and S3 Fig.
Discussion			1	1
Key results	18	Summarise key results with reference to study objectives		Included, Discussion - paragraph 1
Limitations	19	Discuss limitations of the study, taking into account sources of potential bias or imprecision. Discuss both direction and magnitude of any potential bias	RECORD 19.1: Discuss the implications of using data that were not created or collected to answer the specific research question(s). Include discussion of misclassification bias, unmeasured confounding, missing data, and changing eligibility over time, as they pertain to the study being reported.	Included, Discussion - paragraph 6 19.1: Included.
Interpretation	20	Give a cautious overall interpretation of results considering objectives, limitations, multiplicity of analyses, results from similar studies, and other relevant evidence		Included, Discussion - paragraphs 2,3 and 4
Generalisability	21	Discuss the generalisability (external validity) of the study results		Included, Discussion - paragraph 6
Other Information	n	· ·		·
Funding	22	Give the source of funding and the		Included in Acknowledgement/

	role of the funders for the present study and, if applicable, for the original study on which the present article is based		Disclaimer
Accessibility of		RECORD 22.1: Authors should provide	
protocol, raw		information on how to access any	
data, and		supplemental information such as the	22.1 Data availability section included
programming		study protocol, raw data, or	in manuscript.
code		programming code.	

*Reference: Benchimol EI, Smeeth L, Guttmann A, Harron K, Moher D, Petersen I, Sørensen HT, von Elm E, Langan SM, the RECORD Working Committee. The REporting of studies Conducted using Observational Routinely-collected health Data (RECORD) Statement. 2015 Oct 6;12(10):e1001885. doi: 10.1371/journal.pmed.1001885

Completed December 2016 (LM).