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# Sonic hedgehog is a regulator of extracellular glutamate and epilepsy

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## Reporting Checklist For Life Sciences Articles (Rev. July 2015)

This checklist is used to ensure good reporting standards and to improve the reproducibility of published results. These guidelines are consistent with the Principles and Guidelines for Reporting Preclinical Research issued by the NIH in 2014. Please follow the journal's authorship guidelines in preparing your manuscript

### A- Figures

#### 1. Data

- The data shown in figures should satisfy the following conditions:

  the data were obtained and processed according to the field's best practice and are presented to reflect the results of the experiments in an accurate and unbiased manner.

  figure panels include only data points, measurements or observations that can be compared to each other in a scientifically
  - meaningful way.
  - → graphs include clearly labeled error bars for independent experiments and sample sizes. Unless justified, error bars should not be shown for technical replicates
  - if n< 5, the individual data points from each experiment should be plotted and any statistical test employed should be justified
  - Source Data should be included to report the data underlying graphs. Please follow the guidelines set out in the author ship guidelines on Data Presentation

#### 2. Captions

## $\label{thm:caption} \textbf{Each figure caption should contain the following information, for each panel where they are relevant:}$

- a specification of the experimental system investigated (eg cell line, species name).
   the assay(s) and method(s) used to carry out the reported observations and measurements
- an explicit mention of the biological and chemical entity(ies) that are being measured.
   an explicit mention of the biological and chemical entity(ies) that are altered/varied/perturbed in a controlled manner.

- the exact sample size (n) for each experimental group/condition, given as a number, not a range;
   a description of the sample collection allowing the reader to understand whether the samples represent technical or biological replicates (including how many animals, litters, cultures, etc.).
   a statement of how many times the experiment shown was independently replicated in the laboratory.
   definitions of statistical methods and measures:
   common tests, such as t-test (please specify whether paired vs. unpaired), simple x2 tests, Wilcoxon and Mann-Whitney tests, can be unambiguously identified by name only, but more complex techniques should be described in the methods sertion:
  - are tests one-sided or two-sided?

  - are there adjustments for multiple comparisons?

     exact statistical test results, e.g., P values = x but not P values < x;

     definition of 'center values' as median or average;

     definition of error bars as s.d. or s.e.m.

Any descriptions too long for the figure legend should be included in the methods section and/or with the source data

Please ensure that the answers to the following questions are reported in the manuscript itself. We encourage you to include a specific subsection in the methods section for statistics, reagents, animal models and human subjects.

n the pink boxes below, provide the page number(s) of the manuscript draft or figure legend(s) where the nformation can be located. Every question should be answered. If the question is not relevant to your research,

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## B- Statistics and general methods

	lo.
1.a. How was the sample size chosen to ensure adequate power to detect a pre-specified effect size?	NA .
1.b. For animal studies, include a statement about sample size estimate even if no statistical methods were used.	NA .
2. Describe inclusion/exclusion criteria if samples or animals were excluded from the analysis. Were the criteria pre-established?	NA .
3. Were any steps taken to minimize the effects of subjective bias when allocating animals/samples to treatment (e.g. randomization procedure)? If yes, please describe.	Page 12 and 13.To detect the Shh levels or expression level of Shh and Gli1 by ELISA or western blot, the amnimals were divided into groups randomly and their cortex and hippocampus were disected at varying intervals. In durg administration experiments of epilepsy modal, mice were divided into groups randomly.
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4.b. For animal studies, include a statement about blinding even if no blinding was done	NA .
S. For every figure, are statistical tests justified as appropriate?	page 19-20
Do the data meet the assumptions of the tests (e.g., normal distribution)? Describe any methods used to assess it.	NA .
Is there an estimate of variation within each group of data?	NA .
Is the variance similar between the groups that are being statistically compared?	page 19-20

6. To show that antibodies were profiled for use in the system under study (assay and species), provide a citation, catalog number and/or clone number, supplementary information or reference to an antibody validation profile. e.g., Antibodypedia [see link list at top right]. 1DegreeBio [see link list at top right].	page 11
7. Identify the source of cell lines and report if they were recently authenticated (e.g., by STR profiling) and tested for mycoplasma contamination.	NA

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8. Report species, strain, gender, age of animals and genetic modification status where applicable. Please detail housing and husbandry conditions and the source of animals.	page 10-11
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## F- Data Accessibility

18. Provide accession codes for deposited data. See author guidelines, under 'Data Deposition'.	NA
Data deposition in a public repository is mandatory for:	
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b. Macromolecular structures	
c. Crystallographic data for small molecules	
d. Functional genomics data	
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