

Regulation of molecular clock oscillations and phagocytic activity via muscarinic Ca^{2+} signaling in human retinal pigment epithelial cells

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SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Supplementary methods

The PCR primers

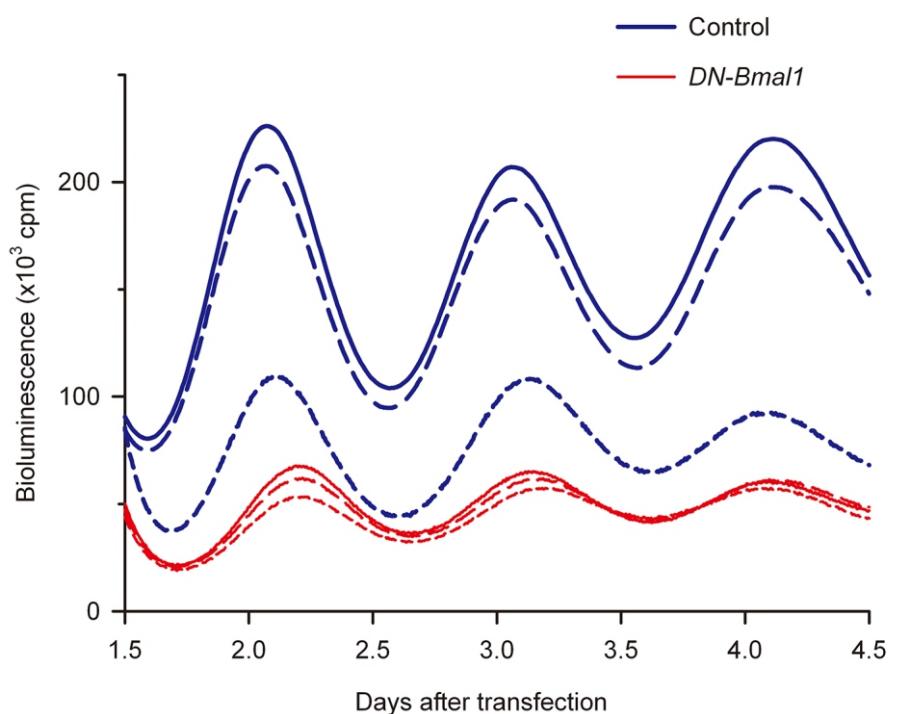
<i>human M1 receptor</i> forward	5'-AGACGCCAGGCAAAGGGGGTGG-3'
<i>human M1 receptor</i> reverse	5'-CACGGGGCTTCTGGCCCTTGCC-3'
<i>human M3 receptor</i> forward	5'-GACAGAAAACTTGTCCACCCCAC-3'
<i>human M3 receptor</i> reverse	5'-AGAAGTCTTAGCTGTGTCCACGGC-3'
<i>human M5 receptor</i> forward	5'-CTCACCACTGTAGCAGCTACCC-3'
<i>human M5 receptor</i> reverse	5'-CTCTCTTCGTTGGTCATTGATG-3'
<i>human Cry1</i> forward	5'-CTCCATGGCACTGGTCTCAGTG-3'
<i>human Cry1</i> reverse	5'-TCCCCACCAATTCAAGGAATGGAACA-3'
<i>mouse Cry1</i> forward	5'-CCCAGGCTTTCAAGGAATGGAACA-3'
<i>mouse Cry1</i> reverse	5'-TCTCATCATGGTCATCAGACAGAGG-3'
<i>human Cry2</i> forward	5'-CCAAGAGGGAAGGGCAGGGTAGAG-3'
<i>human Cry2</i> reverse	5'-AGGATTGAGGCACTGTTCCGAGG-3'
<i>mouse Cry2</i> forward	5'-GGGACTCTGTCTATTGGCATCTG-3'
<i>mouse Cry2</i> reverse	5'-GTCACTCTAGCCCGCTTGGT-3'
<i>human Opn4</i> forward	5'-GGACCGCTACCTGGTAATCA-3'
<i>human Opn4</i> reverse	5'-GGAGGAAGAACACGAAGCAG-3'
<i>mouse Opn4</i> forward	5'-CCAGCTTCACAACCAGTCCT-3'
<i>mouse Opn4</i> reverse	5'-CAGCCTGATGTGCAGATGTC-3'
<i>human β-actin</i> forward	5'-ATGCCACGGCTGCTCCAGC-3'
<i>human β-actin</i> reverse	5'-CATGGTGGTGCCGCCAGACAG-3'
<i>mouse β-actin</i> forward	5'-AGTGTGACGTTGACATCCGTA-3'
<i>mouse β-actin</i> reverse	5'-GCCAGAGCAGTAATCTCCTTCT-3'

Supplementary figure 1. Effects of dominant-negative *Bmal1* (*DN-Bmal1*) transfections on *Bmal1* transcriptional rhythms

The *Bmal1* transcriptional rhythms were analyzed by *Bmal1-luciferase* activities using the Kronos-Dio luminometer system. Significant amplitude reductions were observed following *DN-Bmal1* transfections 1 day prior to the regular recording schedule.

Supplementary movie 1. Time-lapse virtual color Ca^{2+} imaging of hRPE-YC cells

This video demonstrates the entire process of 3-day changes in cytosolic Ca^{2+} concentrations shown in Fig. 3A. Warmer color corresponds to higher Ca^{2+} concentrations.



Supplementary Fig. 1