

Antimalarial Properties of Simplified Kalihinol Analogues

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Supporting Information

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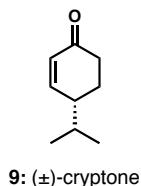
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II. General Experimental Methods

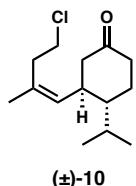
All reactions were performed under an inert atmosphere of argon using oven-dried or flame-dried glassware and Teflon® coated stir bars. Solvents were dried by passage through columns of activated alumina, and *tert*-butyl alcohol was distilled from calcium hydride prior to use. Trimethylsilyl cyanide and methyl vinyl ketone were purified by distillation prior to use. Commercial reagents were used as received unless noted otherwise, and all other reagents were prepared using known literature procedures. Reactions were monitored by thin-layer chromatography (TLC) performed on 250 µm silica gel 60 plates with 254 nm fluorescent indicator from EMD Chemicals using UV light as a visualizing agent and KMnO₄/H₂SO₄, *p*-anisaldehyde or ceric ammonium molybdate and heat as developing agents. Flash chromatography was performed on EMD Chemicals (40-63 µm) silica gel. NMR spectra were recorded on a Bruker 500 MHz or a Bruker 600 MHz spectrometer. Chemical shifts are reported in parts per million using residual non-deuterated solvent as an internal standard (CDCl₃: 7.26 ppm for ¹H NMR and 77.16 ppm for ¹³C NMR). Data are reported as follows: chemical shift, multiplicity (ap = apparent, s = singlet, d = doublet, t = triplet, q = quartet, quin = quintet, m = multiplet, br = broad), coupling constant(s) in Hz, integration. NMR spectra were obtained at 298 K unless otherwise noted. FT-IR spectra were recorded on a Varian 640-IR spectrometer and are reported in terms of frequency of absorption (cm⁻¹). Optical rotations were measured with a Jasco P-1010 polarimeter operating on the sodium D-line (589 nm) using a 50 mm path-length cell and are reported as: [α]_D^T (concentration in g/100 mL, solvent). Analytical chiral HPLC was performed with an Agilent 1100 Series HPLC using a Chiralpak AD-H column (4.6 mm x 25 cm) obtained from Daicel Chemical Industries Ltd. with visualization at 254 nm. High resolution mass spectra (HRMS) were recorded on a Waters LCT Premier spectrometer using ESI-TOF

(electrospray ionization-time of flight) or CI-TOF (chemical ionization-time of flight). Melting points (mp) are uncorrected and were measured on a Mel-Temp II melting point apparatus.

III. Experimental Procedures and Characterization Data



(±)-Cryptone (9). The title compound was prepared according to the literature procedure using a two-step Robinson annulation sequence.¹ The spectral data for this compound are consistent with those reported in the literature.² ¹H NMR (CDCl_3 , 500 MHz) δ 6.89 (dt, $J = 10.5, 2.0$ Hz, 1H), 6.00 (dd, $J = 10.5, 2.5$ Hz, 1H), 2.50 (dt, $J = 16.5, 4.0$ Hz, 1H), 2.38 – 2.32 (m, 1H), 2.32 – 2.25 (m, 1H), 2.04 – 1.96 (m, 1H), 1.86 – 1.71 (m, 1H), 0.96 (t, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 200.2, 154.5, 129.8, 42.6, 37.5, 31.6, 25.4, 19.8, 19.6.



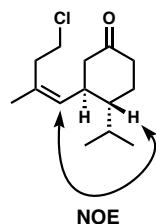
Ketone 10. To a solution of (*Z*)-4-chloro-1-iodo-2-methylbut-1-ene³ (0.346 g, 1.50 mmol) in Et_2O (6 mL, previously sparged with argon gas for 20 min) at -78°C was added *tert*-butyllithium (2.1 mL, 1.45 M in pentane, 3.01 mmol) dropwise *via* syringe. After 20 min, freshly prepared $\text{MgBr}_2\bullet\text{OEt}_2$ (2.2 mL, ~1 M suspension in Et_2O , 2.15 mmol) was added dropwise *via* syringe. After 20 min, $\text{CuBr}\bullet\text{DMS}$ (0.155 g, 0.752 mmol) was added in one portion. TMEDA

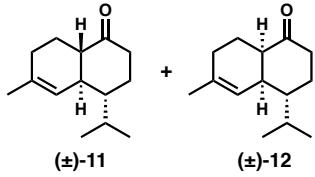
¹ Chen, K.; Ishihara, Y.; Galán, M. M.; Baran, P. S. *Tetrahedron* **2010**, *66*, 4738–4744.

² Hawley, R. C.; Schreiber, S. L. *Synth. Commun.* **1990**, *20*, 1159–1165.

³ (*Z*)-4-chloro-1-iodo-2-methylbut-1-ene was prepared according to the previously reported procedure: Daub, M. E.; Prudhomme, J.; Le Roch, K.; Vanderwal, C. D. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2015**, *137*, 4912–4915.

(0.11 mL, 0.752 mmol) was added dropwise *via* syringe immediately afterwards. After 30 min at –78 °C, TMSCl (0.11 mL, 0.859 mmol) was added dropwise *via* syringe followed by a solution of (\pm)-cryptone (**9**) (98.9 mg, 0.716 mmol) in Et₂O (0.5 mL). The transfer was completed with an additional portion of Et₂O (0.5 mL). After allowing the reaction mixture to stir for 2 h at –78 °C, the reaction was quenched with 9:1 saturated NH₄Cl solution/NH₄OH (15 mL). After warming to room temperature, the reaction mixture was extracted with Et₂O (3 \times 10 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with 1 M HCl (15 mL), saturated NaHCO₃ solution (15 mL), and brine (15 mL). The organic phase was dried over MgSO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude residue was purified using flash chromatography (SiO₂, 5% EtOAc/hexanes) to afford the title compound (138.2 mg, 80%) as a white solid (mp 55–57 °C). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 600 MHz) δ 5.10 (d, *J* = 9.6 Hz, 1H), 3.54 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.61 – 2.50 (m, 2H), 2.50 – 2.43 (m, 2H), 2.42 – 2.31 (m, 2H), 2.14 (ap t, *J* = 13.2 Hz, 1H), 2.02 – 1.88 (m, 2H), 1.73 (s, 3H), 1.52 – 1.40 (m, 2H), 0.96 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 3H), 0.73 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 211.4, 131.8, 131.6, 47.9, 47.1, 42.4, 41.2, 40.6, 35.2, 27.9, 24.5, 22.9, 21.9, 16.1; IR (thin film) ν 2957, 2870, 1714, 1455, 1368, 1259, 1202, 1066 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) *m* / *z* calcd for C₁₄H₂₃ClONa (M + Na)⁺ 265.1335, found 265.1329. ¹H-NOESY-2D (500 MHz, CDCl₃) spectra were obtained for ketone **10** and selected NOE interactions are shown.

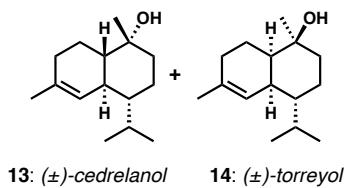




Decalones 11 and 12. To a solution of alkyl chloride **10** (0.292 g, 1.20 mmol) in *tert*-butyl alcohol (6.0 mL) at 30 °C was added potassium *tert*-butoxide (1.10 mL, 1.6 M in THF, 1.81 mmol) dropwise *via* syringe. After stirring for 6 h at 30 °C, the reaction was quenched with saturated NH₄Cl solution (6 mL). The aqueous layer was extracted with pentane (3 x 15 mL), and the combined organic extracts were washed with water (3 x 10 mL) and with brine (10 mL). The organic layer was dried over MgSO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude residue was purified using flash chromatography (SiO₂, 5% Et₂O/pentane) to afford a 1.1:1 mixture of *trans*- and *cis*-decalones (176.4 mg, 71%) as a colorless oil, which was characterized as a mixture. The spectral data for these compounds are consistent with those reported in the literature.^{4,5} ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ 5.55 (s, 1H), 5.32 (s, 1H), 2.52 (br s, 1H), 2.49 – 2.11 (m, 7H), 2.11 – 1.95 (m, 8H), 1.95 – 1.85 (m, 1H), 1.85 – 1.78 (m, 1H), 1.68 (s, 3H), 1.64 (s, 3H), 1.62 – 1.38 (m, 6H), 1.00 (d, *J* = 5.0 Hz, 3H), 0.99 (d, *J* = 5.0 Hz, 3H), 0.90 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 3H), 0.77 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 214.8, 213.1, 136.0, 135.1, 124.4, 121.6, 51.2, 46.9, 46.1, 45.2, 44.4, 41.2, 39.0, 38.4, 29.8, 28.6, 26.9, 26.5, 25.5, 24.0, 23.9, 23.8, 23.1, 22.0, 21.70, 21.65, 17.9, 15.1.

⁴ Nishikawa, K.; Nakahara, H.; Shirokura, Y.; Nogata, Y.; Yoshimura, E.; Umezawa, T.; Okino, T.; Matsuda, F. *J. Org. Chem.* **2011**, *76*, 6558–6573.

⁵ Taber, D. F.; Gunn, B. P. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1979**, *101*, 3992–3993.



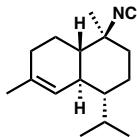
(\pm)-Cedrelanol (13) and (\pm)-torreyol (14). Methylmagnesium bromide (1.9 mL, 2.25 M in Et₂O, 4.27 mmol) was added dropwise to a solution of a mixture of decalones **11** and **12** (0.176 g, 0.855 mmol) in THF (8.6 mL) cooled to 0 °C. The reaction mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature for 30 min, and the reaction was quenched with saturated aqueous NH₄Cl solution (10 mL) at 0 °C. The aqueous layer was extracted with Et₂O (3 × 15 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with brine (20 mL), dried over MgSO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude residue was purified using flash chromatography (SiO₂, 10% EtOAc/hexanes), yielding (\pm)-cedrelanol (**13**) (0.106 g, 55%) as a colorless oil and (\pm)-torreyol (**14**) (0.084 g, 44%) as a white solid (mp 109–110 °C, lit.⁵ mp 108.5–109 °C). The spectral data for these compounds are consistent with those reported in the literature.^{5,6,7}

(\pm)-Cedrelanol (**13**): ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 600 MHz) δ 5.55 (br s, 1H), 2.22 – 2.15 (m, 1H), 2.04 – 1.89 (m, 4H), 1.74 (dt, *J* = 13.1, 2.9 Hz, 1H), 1.67 (s, 3H), 1.50 – 1.45 (m, 1H), 1.45 – 1.29 (m, 3H), 1.22 (s, 3H), 1.09 (t, *J* = 10.3 Hz, 1H), 1.01 (tt, *J* = 11.4, 3.2 Hz, 1H), 0.92 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 3H), 0.79 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 134.5, 122.8, 70.8, 48.1, 46.8, 40.4, 37.9, 31.0, 28.6, 26.3, 23.9, 22.7, 21.5, 19.9, 15.3.

(\pm)-Torreyol (**14**): ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 600 MHz) δ 5.52, (d, *J* = 4.3 Hz, 1 H), 2.06 – 1.92 (m, 4H), 1.92 – 1.86 (m, 1H), 1.66 (s, 3H), 1.63 – 1.47 (m, 6H), 1.35 – 1.24 (m, 2H), 1.30 (s, 3H), 1.15 – 1.05 (m, 1H) 0.89 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 3H), 0.77 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 134.5, 124.7, 72.7, 45.6, 44.2, 36.9, 35.4, 31.3, 28.1, 26.5, 23.8, 21.8, 21.7, 18.6, 15.4.

⁶ Pronin, S. V; Reiher, C. A.; Shenvi, R. A. *Nature* **2013**, *501*, 195–199.

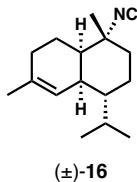
⁷ Borg-Karlsson, A.-K.; Norin, T.; Talvitie, A. *Tetrahedron* **1981**, *37*, 425–430.



15: (\pm)-10-isocyano-4-cadinene

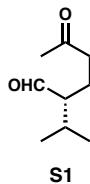
(\pm)-10-Isocyano-4-cadinene (15). The title compound was prepared according to the literature procedure.⁶ A mixture of (\pm)-cedrelanol (**13**) (28.3 mg, 0.127 mmol) and pyridine (50 μ L, 0.508 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (1.3 mL) at 0 °C was treated with trifluoroacetic anhydride (40 μ L, 0.255 mmol). After 15 minutes, the reaction was quenched with 1 M HCl (2 mL). The aqueous layer was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 \times 3 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with water (5 mL), washed with saturated NaHCO₃ solution (5 mL), dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. A portion of the crude trifluoroacetate (15.9 mg, 0.0499 mmol) was dissolved in TMSCN (50 μ L), and a solution of scandium(III) trifluoromethanesulfonate (~0.7 mg, 0.0015 mmol) in TMSCN (50 μ L) was added. After 4 h at room temperature, the reaction was quenched with TMEDA (20 μ L) and the volatiles were removed under reduced pressure. The crude residue was dissolved in hexanes (5 mL), washed with saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ solution (5 mL), dried over MgSO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude residue was purified using flash chromatography (SiO₂, 30% CH₂Cl₂/hexanes) to afford the title compound (3.9 mg, 34%) as a thin film along with a mixture of diastereomers (1.1 mg, 9%). The spectral data for this compound are consistent with those reported in the literature.⁶ ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 600 MHz) δ 5.46, (s, 1 H), 2.22 – 2.13 (m, 1H), 2.12 – 1.94 (m, 4H), 1.82 (td, *J* = 13.3, 4.0 Hz, 1H), 1.73 (t, *J* = 10.8 Hz, 1H), 1.68 (s, 3H), 1.59 (dq, *J* = 13.3, 3.3 Hz, 1H), 1.50 (t, *J* = 11.0 Hz, 1H), 1.34 (dd, *J* = 12.3, 5.8 Hz, 1H), 1.30 (s, 3H), 1.12 (qd, *J* = 13.0, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 1.06 (tt, *J* = 12.0, 3.0 Hz, 1H), 0.91 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 3H), 0.76 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ

152.1 (br t, $J = 4.3$ Hz), 135.5, 121.4, 60.9 (br t, $J = 5.1$ Hz), 48.1, 46.3, 40.7, 38.0, 30.8, 26.0, 23.9, 23.8, 21.5, 20.3, 20.1, 15.2.

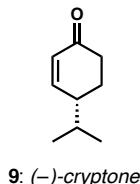


Isocyanide 16. The following procedure was adopted from Pronin *et al.*⁶ A mixture of (±)-torreyol (**14**) (30.8 mg, 0.139 mmol) and pyridine (50 µL, 0.556 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (1.4 mL) at 0 °C was treated with trifluoroacetic anhydride (40 µL, 0.278 mmol). After 15 minutes, the reaction was quenched with 1 M HCl (2 mL). The aqueous layer was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 × 3 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with water (5 mL), washed with saturated NaHCO₃ solution (5 mL), dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude trifluoroacetate was dissolved in TMSCN (0.14 mL), and a solution of scandium(III) trifluoromethanesulfonate (3.4 mg, 0.0695 mmol) in TMSCN (0.14 mL) was added. After 3 h at room temperature, the reaction was quenched with TMEDA (20 µL) and the volatiles were removed under reduced pressure. The crude residue was dissolved in hexanes (5 mL), washed with saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ solution (5 mL), dried over MgSO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude residue was purified using flash chromatography (SiO₂, 30% CH₂Cl₂/hexanes) to afford the title compound (10.4 mg, 33%) as a thin film. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ 5.56 (d, $J = 1.0$ Hz, 1H), 2.39 – 2.32 (m, 1H), 2.07 – 1.93 (m, 3H), 1.83 (d, $J = 13.0$ Hz, 1H), 1.74 (d, $J = 11.0$ Hz, 1H), 1.65 (s, 3H), 1.61 – 1.54 (m, 1H), 1.54 – 1.37 (m, 4H), 1.42 (s, 3H), 1.31 – 1.21 (m, 1H), 0.90 (d, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 3H), 0.87 (d, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 153.3 (t, $J = 4.5$ Hz), 133.6, 124.4, 62.2 (t, $J = 4.4$ Hz), 44.6, 43.6, 35.0, 33.6, 31.0, 27.9, 26.7, 23.6, 21.7, 20.0, 19.4, 15.4; IR (thin film) ν 2956, 2893, 2872, 2832, 2126,

1452, 1384, 1154, 884 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₁₆H₂₅NNa (M + Na)⁺ 254.1885, found 254.1880.



(R)-2-Isopropyl-5-oxohexanal (S1). The title compound was prepared according to the literature procedure.¹ The spectral data for this compound are consistent with those reported in the literature.^{8,9} [α]_D²⁴ = -33.7 (c = 1.0, CHCl₃), lit.⁹ [α]_D = +40 (c = 1.72, CDCl₃) for the (S)-form; ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.60 (d, *J* = 3.0 Hz, 1H), 2.50 (ddd, *J* = 17.5, 8.8, 5.8 Hz, 1H), 2.36 (ddd, *J* = 17.8, 8.0, 6.8 Hz, 1H), 2.12 (s, 3H), 2.09 – 1.98 (m, 2H), 1.88 – 1.71 (m, 2H), 0.99 (d, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 3H), 0.96 (d, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 208.2, 205.5, 57.7, 41.4, 30.2, 28.5, 20.4, 19.6, 19.5.

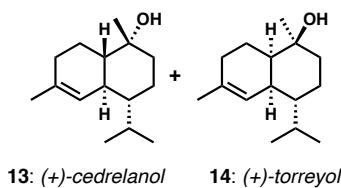


(-)-Cryptone (9). To a solution of (*R*)-2-isopropyl-5-oxohexanal (**S1**) (0.731 mg, 4.68 mmol) in 2-propanol (15.6 mL) was added a solution of lithium isopropoxide (0.35 mL, 0.66 M in THF, 0.234 mmol). After 1 h, the reaction was quenched with saturated NH₄Cl solution (16 mL). The aqueous phase was extracted with ether (3 × 40 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with water (2 × 20 mL), brine (1 × 20 mL), dried over MgSO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude residue was purified using flash chromatography (SiO₂, 10% Et₂O/pentane) to afford (-)-cryptone (0.435 g, 66%) as a colorless oil. The spectral data for this compound are

⁸ Hagiwara, H.; Komatsubara, N.; Ono, H.; Okabe, T.; Hoshi, T.; Suzuki, T.; Ando, M.; Kato, M. *J. Chem. Soc. Perkin Trans. 1* **2001**, 316–322.

⁹ Hudlicky, T.; Fleming, A.; Radescu, L. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1989**, 111, 6691–6707.

consistent with those reported in the literature.² $[\alpha]_D^{24} = -80.8$ ($c = 1.04$, CHCl_3), lit.¹⁰ $[\alpha]_D^{21} = -90$ ($c = 1.38$, CHCl_3); ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 6.89 (dt, $J = 10.0, 2.0$ Hz, 1H), 6.01 (dd, $J = 10.0, 2.5$ Hz, 1H), 2.51 (dt, $J = 17.0, 4.0$ Hz, 1H), 2.38 – 2.32 (m, 1H), 2.32 – 2.25 (m, 1H), 2.04 – 1.96 (m, 1H), 1.86 – 1.71 (m, 1H), 0.97 (t, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 6H); ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 200.2, 154.5, 129.8, 42.6, 37.5, 31.6, 25.4, 19.8, 19.6. The enantiomeric excess of (–)-cryptone was determined to be 88% using chiral HPLC (Chiralpak AD-H column, 2% *iPrOH* in hexanes, flow rate of 0.5 mL/min).



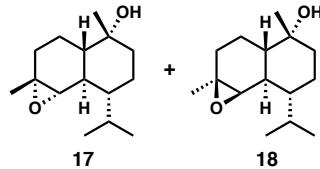
(+)-Cedrelanol (13) and (+)-torreyol (14). The title compounds were prepared from (–)-cryptone according to the three-step sequence described above. The spectral data for these compounds are consistent with those reported in the literature.^{5–7}

(+)-Cedrelanol (13): $[\alpha]_D^{24} = +2.2$ ($c = 1.0$, CHCl_3), lit.⁷ $[\alpha]_D = +3.4$ ($c = 1.2$, CHCl_3); ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 600 MHz) δ 5.55 (br s, 1H), 2.22 – 2.15 (m, 1H), 2.04 – 1.89 (m, 4H), 1.74 (dt, $J = 13.1, 2.9$ Hz, 1H), 1.67 (s, 3H), 1.50 – 1.45 (m, 1H), 1.45 – 1.29 (m, 3H), 1.22 (s, 3H), 1.09 (t, $J = 10.3$ Hz, 1H), 1.01 (tt, $J = 11.4, 3.2$ Hz, 1H), 0.92 (d, $J = 6.9$ Hz, 3H), 0.79 (d, $J = 6.9$ Hz, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 134.5, 122.8, 70.8, 48.1, 46.8, 40.4, 37.9, 31.0, 28.6, 26.3, 23.9, 22.7, 21.5, 19.9, 15.3.

(+)-Torreyol (14): mp 109–110 °C, lit.⁵ mp 108.5–109 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{24} = +95.4$ ($c = 1.0$, CHCl_3), lit.⁷ $[\alpha]_D = -100.4$ ($c = 1.2$, CHCl_3) for (–)-torreyol; ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 600 MHz) δ 5.52, (d, $J = 4.3$ Hz, 1 H), 2.06 – 1.92 (m, 4H), 1.92 – 1.86 (m, 1H), 1.66 (s, 3H), 1.63 – 1.47 (m, 6H), 1.35 – 1.24

¹⁰ Gillespie, D. T. C.; Macbeth, A. K.; Mills, J. A. *J. Chem. Soc.* **1948**, 996–999.

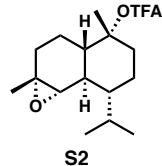
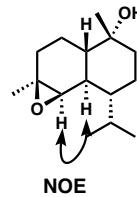
(m, 2H), 1.30 (s, 3H), 1.15 – 1.05 (m, 1H) 0.89 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H), 0.77 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 134.5, 124.7, 72.7, 45.6, 44.2, 36.9, 35.4, 31.3, 28.1, 26.5, 23.8, 21.8, 21.7, 18.6, 15.4.



Epoxides 17 and 18. To a solution of (+)-cedrelanol (**13**) (0.188 g, 0.845 mmol) in acetone (42 mL) was added saturated aqueous NaHCO_3 (28 mL). The resulting mixture was cooled to 0 °C and a solution of Oxone® (0.571 g, 0.930 mmol) in H_2O (2 mL) was added dropwise over 5 minutes. The reaction mixture was stirred vigorously for 30 min at 0 °C, diluted with H_2O (50 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (3 x 50 mL). The combined organic extracts were diluted with hexanes until cloudy, dried over MgSO_4 , filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude residue was purified using flash chromatography (SiO_2 , 10 → 30% EtOAc/hexanes) to afford β -epoxide **18** (77.1 mg, 38%) as a white solid (mp 90–93 °C) and α -epoxide **17** (120.4 mg, 60%) as a colorless oil. The hydroxylic peaks in the ^1H NMR spectra for epoxides **17** and **18** could not be unambiguously identified.

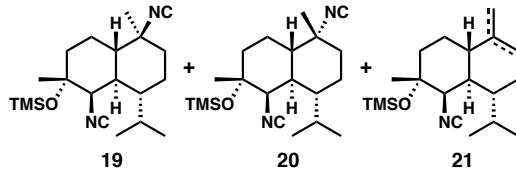
Epoxide **17**: $[\alpha]_D^{24} = +22.6$ (c = 1.0, CHCl_3); ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 500 MHz) δ 2.94 (s, 1H), 2.32 – 2.20 (m, 1H), 2.09 (dd, J = 14.3, 3.8 Hz, 1H), 1.73 – 1.46 (m, 5H), 1.46 – 1.32 (m, 2H), 1.30 (s, 3H), 1.27 – 1.11 (m, 2H), 1.17 (s, 3H), 0.96 (d, J = 7 Hz, 3H), 0.88 (d, J = 7 Hz, 3H), 0.90 – 0.85 (m, 1H); ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 70.5, 61.5, 58.2, 47.5, 44.7, 39.9, 38.7, 30.8, 28.0, 26.4, 23.8, 21.6, 20.1, 19.7, 15.7; IR (thin film) ν 3459 (br), 2957, 2937, 2871, 2849, 1463, 1453, 1368, 1135, 1003, 876 cm^{-1} ; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{26}\text{O}_2\text{Na} (\text{M} + \text{Na})^+$ 261.1830, found 261.1838. ^1H -NOESY-2D (500 MHz, CDCl_3) spectra were obtained for epoxide **17**.

Epoxide **18**: $[\alpha]_D^{24} = +10.7$ ($c = 1.0$, CHCl_3); ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 500 MHz) δ 3.08 (s, 1H), 2.29 – 2.19 (m, 1H), 1.91 – 1.80 (m, 2H), 1.80 – 1.72 (m, 1H), 1.72 – 1.66 (m, 1H), 1.64 – 1.57 (m, 1H), 1.54 – 1.49 (m, 1H), 1.44 – 1.33 (m, 3H), 1.31 (s, 3H), 1.19 – 1.08 (m, 2H), 1.16 (s, 3H), 0.95 (d, $J = 6.9$ Hz, 3H), 0.85 (d, $J = 6.9$ Hz, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 70.9, 61.9, 58.7, 44.3, 42.4, 40.3, 38.4, 29.2, 29.1, 26.6, 25.0, 21.8, 21.4, 20.0, 15.6; IR (thin film) ν 3463 (br), 2956, 2934, 2872, 1464, 1375, 1209, 1142, 1022, 907, 845 cm^{-1} ; HRMS (ESI) m / z calcd for $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{26}\text{O}_2\text{Na} (\text{M} + \text{Na})^+$ 261.1830, found 261.1838. ^1H -NOESY-2D (500 MHz, CDCl_3) spectra were obtained for epoxide **18** and selected NOE interactions are shown.



Trifluoroacetate S2. A mixture of epoxide **17** (0.120 g, 0.505 mmol) and pyridine (0.16 mL, 2.02 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (5.1 mL) at 0 °C was treated with trifluoroacetic anhydride (0.14 mL, 1.01 mmol). After 30 minutes, the reaction was quenched with 1 M HCl (5 mL). The aqueous layer was extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (3 x 5 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with water (10 mL), washed with saturated NaHCO_3 solution (10 mL), dried over MgSO_4 , filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude residue was purified using flash chromatography (SiO_2 , 50% CH_2Cl_2 /hexanes) to afford the title compound (0.114 g, 67%) as a colorless oil. $[\alpha]_D^{24} = -7.0$ ($c = 1.0$, CHCl_3); ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 500 MHz) δ 2.91 (s, 1H), 2.75 (dt, $J = 15.0, 3.0$ Hz, 1H), 2.29 – 2.22 (m, 1H), 2.12 (dd, $J = 13.8, 4.8$ Hz, 1H), 1.76 (t, $J = 11.7$ Hz, 1H), 1.67 – 1.54 (m, 3H), 1.57 (s, 3H), 1.40 – 1.24 (m, 3H), 1.31 (s, 3H), 1.14 (qd, $J = 13.8, 3.3$ Hz, 1H), 0.96 (d, $J = 6.6$ Hz, 3H), 0.92 (t, $J = 11.7$ Hz, 1H), 0.85 (d, $J = 6.6$ Hz, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 156.2 (q,

$J = 41.0$ Hz), 114.6 (q, $J = 285.4$ Hz), 88.3, 61.4, 57.9, 48.6, 43.9, 38.4, 34.3, 30.7, 26.4, 23.8, 23.7, 21.5, 19.8, 19.6, 15.2; IR (thin film) ν 2960, 2873, 1778, 1453, 1373, 1218, 1155 cm^{-1} ; HRMS (ESI) m / z calcd for $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{25}\text{F}_3\text{O}_3\text{Na} (\text{M} + \text{Na})^+$ 357.1653, found 357.1647.



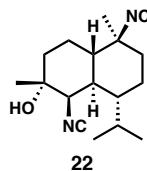
Isocyanides 19, 20, and 21. The following procedure was adopted from Pronin *et al.*⁶ A solution of trifluoroacetate **S2** (62.3 mg, 0.186 mmol) in TMSCN (0.19 mL) was cooled to 0 °C. A solution of scandium(III) trifluoromethanesulfonate (9.2 mg, 0.0186 mmol) in TMSCN (0.37 mL) was added, and the reaction mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature after 1 h. After 24 h at room temperature, the reaction was quenched with TMEDA (30 μL) and the volatiles were removed under reduced pressure. The crude residue was dissolved in hexanes (10 mL), washed with saturated aqueous NaHCO_3 solution (5 mL), dried over MgSO_4 , filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude residue was purified using flash chromatography (SiO_2 , 2% EtOAc/hexanes) to afford a 6.3:1 mixture of elimination products **21** (18.9 mg, 32%) as a thin film and a 1.9:1 mixture of isocyanides **19** and **20** (8.0 mg, 12%) as a thin film. Isocyanides **19** and **20** were separated by column chromatography (SiO_2 , 80% CH_2Cl_2 /hexanes). The 6.3:1 mixture of alkene isomers (**21**) was characterized as a mixture; only the resonances in the ^1H and ^{13}C NMR spectra for the major Δ^9 -isomer are listed.

Diiisocyanide **19**: $[\alpha]_D^{22} = +14.9$ ($c = 0.66$, CHCl_3); ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 500 MHz) δ 3.55 (s, 1H), 2.06 (dt, $J = 13.0$, 3.3 Hz, 1H), 1.94 – 1.60 (m, 8H), 1.54 – 1.40 (m, 2H), 1.45 (s, 3H), 1.30 (s, 3H), 1.11 (qd, $J = 13.3$, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 0.95 (d, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 3H), 0.72 (d, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 3H), 0.13 (s, 9H); ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 158.5 (br t, $J = 4.9$ Hz), 153.1 (br t, $J = 4.4$ Hz), 73.4, 61.6

(br t, $J = 5.2$ Hz), 60.3 (br t, $J = 5.3$ Hz), 42.6, 42.1, 40.4, 35.9, 32.6, 27.5, 25.5, 21.4, 21.2, 20.6, 19.2, 14.9, 2.3; IR (thin film) ν 2956, 2874, 2131, 1456, 1384, 1252, 1184, 1038, 842 cm^{-1} ; HRMS (ESI) m / z calcd for $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{34}\text{N}_2\text{OSiNa} (\text{M} + \text{Na})^+$ 369.2338, found 369.2343.

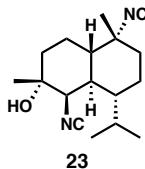
Diisocyanide 20: $[\alpha]_D^{24} = -7.7$ ($c = 0.34$, CHCl_3); ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 500 MHz) δ 3.59 (s, 1H), 2.10 – 2.01 (m, 1H), 1.97 (ap d, $J = 13.5$ Hz, 1H), 1.92 (quin of d, $J = 6.8, 3.0$ Hz, 1H) 1.75 – 1.65 (m, 5H), 1.54 – 1.34 (m, 2H), 1.44 (s, 3H), 1.41 (br s, 3H), 1.34 – 1.24 (m, 2H), 0.96 (d, $J = 6.5$ Hz, 3H), 0.79 (d, $J = 6.5$ Hz, 3H), 0.16 (s, 9H); ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 157.8 (br t), 155.3 (br t), 72.9, 61.6 (br t, $J = 5.3$ Hz), 61.5 (br t, $J = 4.9$ Hz), 42.3, 42.0, 39.1, 36.0, 32.3, 27.8, 27.6, 25.7, 21.3, 21.1, 19.1, 15.0, 2.4; IR (thin film) ν 2957, 2874, 2127, 1454, 1379, 1252, 1184, 1043, 869, 841 cm^{-1} ; HRMS (ESI) m / z calcd for $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{34}\text{N}_2\text{OSiNa} (\text{M} + \text{Na})^+$ 369.2338, found 369.2332.

Isocyanide 21: $[\alpha]_D^{23} = +25.3$ ($c = 0.90$, CHCl_3); ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 500 MHz) δ 5.42 (s, 1H), 3.56 (s, 1H), 2.10 – 1.50 (m, 9H) 1.64 (s, 3H), 1.45 (s, 3H), 1.28 – 1.16 (m, 1H), 0.94 (d, $J = 6.9$ Hz, 3H), 0.74 (d, $J = 6.9$ Hz, 3H), 0.12 (s, 9H); ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 157.3 (br t, $J = 4.8$ Hz), 135.1, 121.8, 73.7, 61.7 (br t, $J = 5.2$ Hz), 38.9, 38.4, 37.6, 34.4, 27.7, 25.6, 25.3, 23.8, 21.2, 21.0, 14.6, 2.5; IR (thin film) ν 2959, 2894, 2872, 2133, 1455, 1379, 1251, 1052, 842 cm^{-1} ; HRMS (ESI) m / z calcd for $\text{C}_{19}\text{H}_{33}\text{NOSiNa} (\text{M} + \text{Na})^+$ 342.2229, found 342.2215.



Diisocyanide 22. To a solution of TMS ether **19** (6.6 mg, 0.0190 mmol) in THF (0.2 mL) was added TBAF (40 μL , 1.0 M in THF, 0.0381 mmol). After 1 h, the reaction was quenched with water (1 mL). The aqueous layer was extracted with ether (3 \times 2 mL). The combined organic

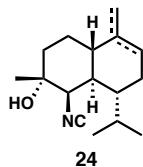
extracts were dried over MgSO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude residue was purified using flash chromatography (SiO₂, 20% EtOAc/hexanes) to afford diisocyanide **22** (3.5 mg, 67%) as a thin film. The spectral data for this compound are consistent with those reported in the literature.¹¹ $[\alpha]_D^{23} = +23.3$ (*c* = 0.35, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ 3.63 (s, 1H), 2.07 (dt, *J* = 13.0, 3.3 Hz, 1H), 1.95 – 1.60 (m, 8H), 1.58 – 1.43 (m, 2H), 1.45 (s, 3H), 1.33 (br t, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 3H), 1.26 (s, 1H), 1.13 (qd, *J* = 12.8, 3.3 Hz, 1H), 0.96 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 3H), 0.75 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 158.7 (br t, *J* = 4.5 Hz), 153.1 (br t, *J* = 4.6 Hz), 70.5, 60.9 (br t, *J* = 5.4 Hz), 60.3 (br t, *J* = 5.1 Hz), 42.8, 42.4, 40.4, 36.2, 32.8, 28.9, 25.5, 21.4, 21.2, 20.9, 19.2, 15.2; IR (thin film) ν 3414 (br), 2955, 2873, 2133, 1452, 1386, 1267, 1180, 1126, 1002, 760 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₁₇H₂₆N₂ONa (M + Na)⁺ 297.1943, found 297.1949.



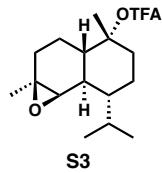
Diisocyanide 23. To a solution of TMS ether **20** (3.4 mg, 0.0098 mmol) in THF (0.2 mL) was added TBAF (20 μL, 1.0 M in THF, 0.0196 mmol). After 1 h, the reaction was quenched with water (1 mL). The aqueous layer was extracted with ether (3 × 2 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over MgSO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude residue was purified using flash chromatography (SiO₂, 15% EtOAc/hexanes) to afford diisocyanide **23** (1.9 mg, 70%) as a thin film. $[\alpha]_D^{23} = -5.9$ (*c* = 0.19, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ 3.68 (s, 1H), 2.04 – 1.88 (m, 3H), 1.87 – 1.60 (m, 5H), 1.57 – 1.28 (m, 5H), 1.44 (s, 3H), 1.43 (br s, 3H), 0.97 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 3H), 0.81 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 158.1 (br t, *J* =

¹¹ White, R. D.; Wood, J. L. *Org. Lett.* **2001**, 3, 1825–1827.

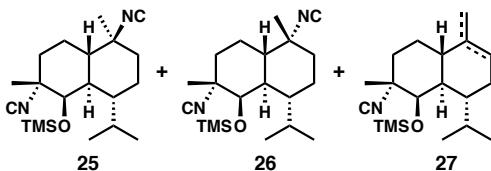
5.5 Hz), 155.4 (br t, J = 4.4 Hz), 70.1, 61.3 (br t, J = 4.4 Hz), 60.9 (br t, J = 5.2 Hz), 42.5, 42.1, 39.2, 36.4, 32.4, 28.6, 27.9, 25.7, 21.4, 21.0, 19.1, 15.2; IR (thin film) ν 3428 (br), 2957, 2874, 2133, 1455, 1377, 1276, 1181, 1001, 833 cm^{-1} ; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{26}\text{N}_2\text{ONa}$ ($M + \text{Na}^+$) 297.1943, found 297.1934.



Isocyanide 24. To a solution of TMS ether **21** (9.0 mg, 0.0282 mmol) in THF (0.28 mL) was added TBAF (60 μL , 1.0 M in THF, 0.0563 mmol). After 1 h, the reaction was quenched with water (1 mL). The aqueous layer was extracted with ether (3 \times 2 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over MgSO_4 , filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude residue was purified using flash chromatography (SiO_2 , 2.5:47.5:50 EtOAc/ CH_2Cl_2 /hexanes) to afford a 7:1 mixture of isocyanides **24** (5.0 mg, 71%) as a thin film. The alkene isomers were characterized as a mixture; only the resonances in the ^1H and ^{13}C NMR spectra for the major Δ^9 -isomer are listed. $[\alpha]_D^{24} = +64.4$ ($c = 0.50$, CHCl_3); ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 500 MHz) δ 5.43 (s, 1H), 3.63 (s, 1H), 2.15 – 1.78 (m, 8H), 1.71 – 1.51 (m, 2H), 1.65 (s, 3H), 1.45 (s, 3H), 1.24 (qd, J = 13.2, 4.0 Hz, 1H), 0.95 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H), 0.77 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 157.6 (br t, J = 4.4 Hz), 134.6, 122.0, 70.9, 60.8 (br t, J = 5.4 Hz), 39.2, 38.6, 37.6, 34.0, 28.5, 25.6, 25.1, 23.8, 21.2, 20.9, 14.9; IR (thin film) ν 3422 (br), 2960, 2934, 2892, 2871, 2153, 2134, 1450, 1378, 1207, 1012 cm^{-1} ; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{25}\text{NONa}$ ($M + \text{Na}^+$) 270.1834, found 270.1833.



Trifluoroacetate S3. A mixture of epoxide **18** (77.1 mg, 0.323 mmol) and pyridine (0.10 mL, 0.647 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (3.2 mL) at 0 °C was treated with trifluoroacetic anhydride (90 µL, 0.647 mmol). After 30 minutes, the reaction was quenched with 1 M HCl (3 mL). The aqueous layer was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 × 5 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with water (10 mL), washed with saturated NaHCO₃ solution (10 mL), dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude residue was purified using flash chromatography (SiO₂, 40% CH₂Cl₂/hexanes) to afford the title compound (70.1 mg, 65%) as a white solid (mp 86–88 °C). [α]_D²⁴ = −12.5 (c = 1.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 600 MHz) δ 3.11 (s, 1H), 2.75 (dt, *J* = 15.0, 3.0 Hz, 1H), 2.25 (quin of d, *J* = 6.9, 3.3 Hz, 1H), 1.92 – 1.80 (m, 3H), 1.69 – 1.64 (m, 1H), 1.61 – 1.55 (m, 1H), 1.56 (s, 3H), 1.45 (tt, *J* = 11.7, 3.3 Hz, 1H), 1.38 (td, *J* = 14.4, 4.2 Hz, 1H), 1.33 (s, 3H), 1.30 – 1.20 (m, 2H), 1.13 (qd, *J* = 13.2, 3.6 Hz, 1H), 0.95 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 0.83 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 156.0 (q, *J* = 40.8 Hz), 114.5 (q, *J* = 285.6 Hz), 89.5, 61.5, 58.6, 43.8, 43.4, 37.9, 34.4, 28.8, 26.5, 24.9, 24.1, 21.5, 21.3, 19.6, 15.1; IR (thin film) ν 2957, 2868, 1777, 1452, 1372, 1207, 1162 cm^{−1}; HRMS (CI) *m/z* calcd for C₁₅H₂₅O (M – C₂O₂F₃)⁺ 221.1905, found 221.1907.



Isocyanides 25, 26, and 27. The following procedure was adopted from Pronin *et al.*⁶ A solution of trifluoroacetate **S3** (18.5 mg, 0.0553 mmol) in TMSCN (50 µL) was cooled to 0 °C. A

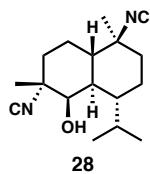
solution of scandium(III) trifluoromethanesulfonate (2.7 mg, 0.00553 mmol) in TMSCN (0.11 mL) was added, and the reaction mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature after 1 h. After 24 h at room temperature, the reaction was quenched with TMEDA (20 μ L) and the volatiles were removed under reduced pressure. The crude residue was dissolved in hexanes (5 mL), washed with saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ solution (3 mL), dried over MgSO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude residue was purified using flash chromatography (SiO₂, 3% EtOAc/hexanes) to afford a 5.7:1 mixture of elimination products **27** (6.8 mg, 38%) as a thin film, diisocyanide **25** (4.3 mg, 22%) as thin film, and diisocyanide **26** (3.8 mg, 20%) as a thin film. The 5.7:1 mixture of alkene isomers (**27**) was characterized as a mixture; only the resonances in the ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra for the major Δ^9 -isomer are listed.

Diisocyanide **25**: $[\alpha]_D^{23} = -3.3$. (c = 0.73, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ 3.83 (s, 1H), 2.04 (dt, *J* = 13.0, 3.3 Hz, 1H), 1.95 – 1.79 (m, 3H), 1.79 – 1.64 (m, 4H), 1.63 – 1.48 (m, 2H), 1.40 (br s, 3H), 1.33 (br s, 3H), 1.30 (dt, *J* = 11.5, 3.8 Hz, 1H), 1.11 (qd, *J* = 13.5, 3.3 Hz, 1H), 0.94 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 3H), 0.81 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 3H), 0.16 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 157.0 (br t, *J* = 4.6 Hz), 152.5 (br t, *J* = 4.6 Hz), 73.2, 61.5 (br t, *J* = 5.1 Hz), 60.5 (br t, *J* = 5.1 Hz), 41.4, 40.44, 40.37, 38.7, 31.4, 27.5, 25.7, 22.2, 21.3, 20.7, 18.9, 15.0, 1.1; IR (thin film) ν 2957, 2900, 2875, 2127, 1456, 1385, 1252, 1131, 1114, 883, 841 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₂₀H₃₄N₂OSiNa (M + Na)⁺ 369.2338, found 369.2338.

Diisocyanide **26**: $[\alpha]_D^{24} = -13.4$ (c = 0.51, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ 3.89 (s, 1H), 1.99 – 1.88 (m, 3H), 1.80 – 1.66 (m, 4H), 1.63 – 1.46 (m, 3H), 1.40 (br s, 6H), 1.37 – 1.20 (m, 2H), 0.95 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 3H), 0.88 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 3H), 0.15 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 157.6 (br t, *J* = 4.9 Hz), 155.6 (br t, *J* = 4.7), 73.3, 61.2 (br t, *J* = 4.6 Hz), 60.9 (br t, *J* = 5.3 Hz), 40.9, 40.7, 39.1, 38.9, 31.3, 28.1, 27.7, 25.9, 22.1, 21.2, 18.8, 15.1, 1.1; IR (thin film) ν

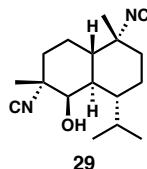
2957, 2930, 2898, 2875, 2132, 1451, 1370, 1252, 1134, 1058, 840 cm^{-1} ; HRMS (ESI) m / z calcd for $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{34}\text{N}_2\text{OSiNa} (\text{M} + \text{Na})^+$ 369.2338, found 369.2331.

Isocyanide 27: $[\alpha]_D^{23} = -20.5$ ($c = 1.27$, CHCl_3); ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 500 MHz) δ 5.40 (s, 1H), 3.89 (s, 1H), 2.17 (t, $J = 11.3$ Hz, 1H), 1.98 – 1.03 (complex, 9H), 1.64 (s, 3H), 1.40 (s, 3H), 0.92 (d, $J = 6.9$ Hz, 3H), 0.85 (d, $J = 6.9$ Hz, 3H), 0.15 (s, 9H); ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 156.2 (br t, $J = 4.9$ Hz), 135.4, 121.6, 73.3, 61.7 (br t, $J = 5.1$ Hz), 41.5, 37.4, 36.1, 33.1, 27.6, 26.03, 25.99, 23.6, 21.1, 21.0, 14.7, 0.96; IR (thin film) ν 2959, 2907, 2127, 1452, 1368, 1252, 1127, 887, 841 cm^{-1} ; HRMS (ESI) m / z calcd for $\text{C}_{19}\text{H}_{33}\text{NOSiNa} (\text{M} + \text{Na})^+$ 342.2229, found 342.2240.

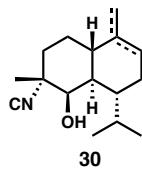


Diisocyanide 28. To a solution of TMS ether **25** (7.3 mg, 0.0211 mmol) in THF (0.21 mL) was added TBAF (40 μL , 1.0 M in THF, 0.0421 mmol). After 1 h, the reaction was quenched with water (1 mL). The aqueous layer was extracted with ether (3 \times 2 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over MgSO_4 , filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude residue was purified using flash chromatography (SiO_2 , 15% EtOAc/hexanes) to afford diisocyanide **28** (3.3 mg, 57%) as a thin film. $[\alpha]_D^{23} = +37.5$ ($c = 0.33$, CHCl_3); ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 500 MHz) δ 3.79 (d, $J = 4.7$ Hz, 1H), 2.06 (dt, $J = 12.8, 3.3$ Hz, 1H), 1.99 – 1.89 (m, 2H), 1.84 – 1.51 (m, 8H), 1.48 (br t, $J = 1.8$ Hz, 3H), 1.44 (ap tt, $J = 12.0, 3.3$ Hz, 1H), 1.35 (br s, 3H), 1.15 (qd, $J = 13.5, 3.5$ Hz, 1H), 0.94 (d, $J = 6.9$ Hz, 3H), 0.70 (d, $J = 6.9$ Hz, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 156.8 (br t), 152.7 (br t), 71.0, 61.0 (br t, $J = 5.3$ Hz), 60.5 (br t, $J = 5.3$ Hz), 41.8, 41.5, 40.6, 38.1, 31.1, 26.6, 25.8, 22.0, 21.5, 20.6, 19.4, 15.3; IR (thin film) ν 3394 (br), 2955, 2873, 2128,

1455, 1386, 1127, 1032, 759 cm^{-1} ; HRMS (ESI) m / z calcd for $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{26}\text{N}_2\text{ONa} (\text{M} + \text{Na})^+$ 297.1943, found 297.1954.

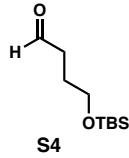


Diisocyanide 29. To a solution of TMS ether **26** (5.1 mg, 0.0147 mmol) in THF (0.2 mL) was added TBAF (30 μL , 1.0 M in THF, 0.0294 mmol). After 1 h, the reaction was quenched with water (1 mL). The aqueous layer was extracted with ether (3×2 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over MgSO_4 , filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude residue was purified using flash chromatography (SiO_2 , 20% EtOAc/hexanes) to afford diisocyanide **29** (2.9 mg, 73%) as a thin film. $[\alpha]_D^{24} = -22.6$ ($c = 0.29$, CHCl_3); ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 500 MHz) δ 3.86 (s, 1H), 2.01 – 1.90 (m, 3H), 1.83 – 1.60 (m, 6H), 1.59 – 1.50 (m, 1H), 1.48 (br t, $J = 1.8$ Hz, 3H), 1.43 – 1.33 (m, 3H), 1.41 (br t, $J = 1.8$ Hz, 3H), 0.95 (d, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 3H), 0.88 (d, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 157.5 (br t), 155.8 (br t), 71.1, 61.2 (br t, $J = 4.4$ Hz), 60.4 (br t, $J = 5.4$ Hz), 41.7, 41.2, 39.3, 38.4, 31.1, 28.0, 26.8, 26.0, 21.8, 21.5, 19.3, 15.4; IR (thin film) ν 3391 (br), 2956, 2939, 2873, 2151, 2128, 1454, 1386, 1179, 1130, 1032 cm^{-1} ; HRMS (ESI) m / z calcd for $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{26}\text{N}_2\text{ONa} (\text{M} + \text{Na})^+$ 297.1943, found 297.1931.



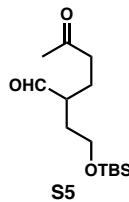
Isocyanide 30. To a solution of TMS ether **27** (12.7 mg, 0.0397 mmol) in THF (0.40 mL) was added TBAF (80 μL , 1.0 M in THF, 0.0795 mmol). After 1 h, the reaction was quenched with water (1 mL). The aqueous layer was extracted with ether (3×3 mL). The combined organic

extracts were dried over MgSO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude residue was purified using flash chromatography (SiO₂, 1:49:50 EtOAc/CH₂Cl₂/hexanes) to afford a 5.6:1 mixture of isocyanides **30** (5.8 mg, 59%) as a thin film. The alkene isomers were characterized as a mixture; only the resonances in the ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra for the major Δ^9 -isomer are listed. $[\alpha]_D^{24} = -4.1$ (*c* = 0.58, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ 5.42 (s, 1H), 3.86 (d, *J* = 4.5 Hz, 1H), 2.11 – 1.51 (m, 10H), 1.65 (s, 3H), 1.49 (t, *J* = 1.8 Hz, 3H), 1.36 (qd, *J* = 13.0, 4.0 Hz, 1H), 0.94 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 3H), 0.84 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 156.0 (br t, *J* = 4.4 Hz), 134.9, 122.0, 71.6, 61.1 (br t, *J* = 5.2 Hz), 41.0, 38.5, 36.5, 32.9, 26.7, 26.1, 25.7, 24.1, 21.3, 21.0, 15.3; IR (thin film) ν 3412 (br), 2957, 2932, 2870, 2151, 2128, 1451, 1387, 1367, 1038 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₁₆H₂₅NONa (M + Na)⁺ 270.1834, found 270.1841.

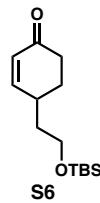


Aldehyde S4. The title compound was prepared according to the literature procedure.¹² The spectral data for this compound are consistent with those reported in the literature.¹² ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.78 (t, *J* = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 3.64 (t, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 2.49 (td, *J* = 7.0, 1.5 Hz, 2H), 1.85 (quin, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 0.88 (s, 9H), 0.03 (s, 6H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 202.8, 62.2, 40.9, 26.0, 25.6, 18.4, -5.3.

¹² Kwan, E. E.; Scheerer, J. R.; Evans, D. A. *J. Org. Chem.* **2013**, 78, 175–203.

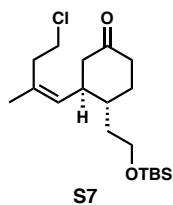


Keto-aldehyde S5. The following procedure was adapted from Hagiwara *et al.*⁸ Diethylamino(trimethyl)silane (90 μ L, 0.473 mmol) was added to a solution of aldehyde S4 (0.478 g, 2.36 mmol) in MeCN (7.9 mL). The reaction mixture was cooled to 0 °C and methyl vinyl ketone (0.29 mL, 3.54 mmol) was added dropwise *via* syringe. The reaction mixture was heated at reflux for 24 h, cooled to room temperature, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude residue was purified using flash chromatography (SiO_2 , 10% EtOAc/hexanes) to afford the title compound (0.561 g, 87%) as a colorless oil. The spectral data for this compound are consistent with those reported in the literature.¹⁸ ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 500 MHz) δ 9.57 (d, J = 2.5 Hz, 1H), 3.68 – 3.59 (m, 2H), 2.56 – 2.32 (m, 3H), 2.13 (s, 3H), 1.96 – 1.84 (m, 2H), 1.77 – 1.65 (m, 2H), 0.86 (s, 9H), 0.02 (s, 6H); ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 208.1, 204.4, 60.6, 48.7, 40.9, 32.7, 30.2, 26.0, 22.3, 18.4, –5.4.



Enone S6. To a solution of keto-aldehyde S5 (2.43 g, 8.92 mmol) in Et_2O (83 mL) and THF (28 mL) was added aqueous KOH solution (89 mL, 0.3 N) and *n*Bu₄NOH (2.9 mL, 40% aq) in one portion. The reaction mixture was heated at reflux for 8 h and cooled to room temperature, at which point additional KOH (1.50 g, 26.7 mmol) was added in one portion. The reaction mixture was heated at reflux for 15 h, and cooled to room temperature. The biphasic reaction mixture was separated, and the aqueous layer was extracted with Et_2O (2 \times 100 mL). The combined organic

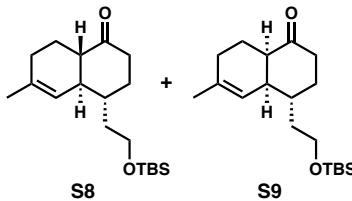
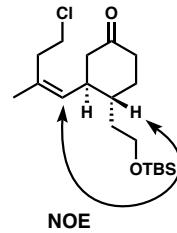
extracts were washed with brine (100 mL), dried over MgSO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude residue was purified using flash chromatography (SiO₂, 10% EtOAc/hexanes) to afford the title compound (1.48 g, 65%) as a colorless oil. The spectral data for this compound are consistent with those reported in the literature.¹³ ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ 6.90 (ddd, *J* = 10.0, 2.8, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 5.97 (ddd, *J* = 10.0, 2.5, 0.75 Hz, 1H), 3.79 – 3.67 (m, 2H), 2.68 – 2.57 (m, 1H), 2.49 (dt, *J* = 16.8, 4.8 Hz, 1H), 2.36 (ddd, *J* = 17.0, 12.3, 5.0 Hz, 1H), 2.17 – 2.08 (m, 1H), 1.79 – 1.66 (m, 2H), 1.66 – 1.56 (m, 1H), 0.89 (s, 9H), 0.06 (s, 6H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 200.0, 155.4, 129.0, 60.5, 37.4, 37.0, 33.1, 28.7, 26.0, 18.4, –5.21, –5.24.



Ketone S7. To a solution of (*Z*)-4-chloro-1-iodo-2-methylbut-1-ene³ (0.313 g, 1.36 mmol) in Et₂O (2.3 mL, previously sparged with argon gas for 20 min) at –78 °C was added *tert*-butyllithium (1.70 mL, 1.60 M in pentane, 2.72 mmol) dropwise *via* syringe. After 20 min, lithium 2-thienylcyanocuprate solution (5.43 mL, 0.25 M in THF, 1.36 mmol) was added dropwise *via* syringe. The reaction mixture was allowed to stir for 1 h at –78 °C. A solution of enone **S6** (0.230 g, 0.905 mmol) in Et₂O (1.0 mL) was added dropwise *via* syringe. The transfer was completed with additional portions of Et₂O (2 × 0.5 mL). After allowing the reaction mixture to warm to –40 °C and stir for 1 h, the reaction was quenched with 9:1 saturated NH₄Cl solution/NH₄OH (10 mL). After warming to room temperature, the solution turned a deep blue color. The aqueous layer was extracted with Et₂O (3 × 15 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with 9:1 saturated NH₄Cl solution/NH₄OH (2 × 10 mL), washed with brine (10

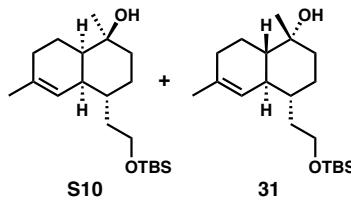
¹³ Houjeiry, T. I.; Poe, S. L.; McQuade, D. T. *Org. Lett.* **2012**, *14*, 4394–4397.

mL), dried over MgSO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude residue was purified using flash chromatography (SiO₂, 5% EtOAc/hexanes) to afford the title compound (0.298 g, 92%) as a colorless oil. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ 5.09 (d, *J* = 9.5 Hz, 1H), 3.71 – 3.60 (m, 2H), 3.56 – 3.48 (m, 2H), 2.55 – 2.24 (m, 6H), 2.24 – 2.10 (m, 2H), 1.88 – 1.79 (m, 1H), 1.73 (s, 3H), 1.69 – 1.59 (m, 1H), 1.39 (qd, *J* = 13.0, 4.8 Hz, 1H), 1.22 – 1.13 (m, 1H), 0.89 (s, 9H), 0.04 (s, 6H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 211.0, 132.0, 131.7, 61.2, 47.6, 43.4, 42.4, 41.0, 38.1, 36.3, 35.3, 31.1, 26.1, 23.0, 18.4, –5.1, –5.2; IR (thin film) ν 2954, 2930, 2897, 2857, 1717, 1255, 1096, 835, 775 cm^{–1}; HRMS (CI) *m/z* calcd for C₁₉H₃₅ClO₂SiNH₄ (M + NH₄)⁺ 376.2439, found 376.2437. ¹H-NOESY-2D (500 MHz, CDCl₃) spectra were obtained for ketone S7 and selected NOE interactions are shown.



Decalones S8 and S9. To a solution of alkyl chloride S7 (0.298 g, 0.829 mmol) in *tert*-butyl alcohol (8.3 mL) at 30 °C was added potassium *tert*-butoxide (0.62 mL, 1.6 M in THF, 0.995 mmol) dropwise *via* syringe. After stirring for 6 h at 30 °C, the reaction was quenched with saturated NH₄Cl solution (16 mL). The aqueous layer was extracted with pentane (3 × 20 mL), and the combined organic extracts were washed with water (4 × 20 mL) and brine (20 mL). The organic layer was dried over MgSO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude residue was purified using flash chromatography (SiO₂, 5% EtOAc/hexanes) to afford a 1:1 mixture of *trans*- and *cis*-decalones (176.4 mg, 71%) as a colorless oil, which was characterized as a mixture. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ 5.54 (s, 1H), 5.30 (s, 1H), 3.78 – 3.62 (m, 4H), 2.51 – 2.34 (m, 4H), 2.33 – 2.25 (m, 2H), 2.22 – 1.77 (m, 14H), 1.70 – 1.29 (m, 6H), 1.67 (s, 3H), 1.63 (s, 3H), 0.897

(s, 9H), 0.895 (s, 9H), 0.059 (s, 6H), 0.058 (s, 6H); ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 214.0, 212.8, 135.7, 124.5, 122.3, 61.6, 61.1, 51.2, 47.1, 46.1, 42.2, 41.1, 38.1, 38.0, 35.9, 35.3, 34.9, 32.7, 39.8, 28.2, 28.1, 26.1, 23.81, 23.80, 23.0, 21.9, 18.4, -5.12, -5.14, -5.17. IR (thin film) ν 2953, 2928, 2857, 1713, 1472, 1254, 1100, 836, 776 cm^{-1} ; HRMS (ESI) m / z calcd for $\text{C}_{19}\text{H}_{34}\text{O}_2\text{SiNa}$ ($\text{M} + \text{Na}$) $^+$ 345.2226, found 345.2226.

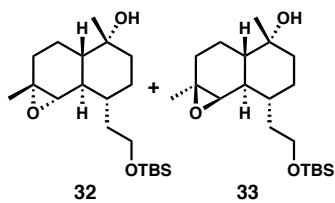


cis-Decalin S10 and *trans*-decalin 31. Methylmagnesium bromide (1.54 mL, 3.0 M in Et_2O , 4.62 mmol) was added dropwise to a solution of a mixture of decalones **S8** and **S9** (0.213 g, 0.923 mmol) in THF (9.2 mL) cooled to 0 °C. The reaction mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature for 30 min, and the reaction was quenched with saturated aqueous NH_4Cl solution (12 mL) at 0 °C. The aqueous layer was extracted with Et_2O (3 x 20 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with brine (20 mL), dried over MgSO_4 , filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude residue was purified using flash chromatography (SiO_2 , 5 → 10% EtOAc/hexanes), yielding *trans*-decalin **31** (0.103 g, 46%) and *cis*-decalin **S10** (0.101 g, 45%) as colorless oils.

cis-Decalin S10: ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 500 MHz) δ 5.57 (d, $J = 4.0$ Hz, 1H), 3.71 – 3.64 (m, 1H), 3.63 – 3.56 (m, 1H), 2.03 – 1.94 (m, 2H), 1.91 – 1.81 (m, 3H), 1.72 – 1.36 (m, 6H), 1.65 (s, 3H), 1.35 – 1.22 (m, 2H), 1.30 (s, 3H), 1.10 (qd, $J = 13.0, 4.0$ Hz, 1H), 0.89 (s, 9H), 0.04 (s, 6H); ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 134.7, 124.9, 72.6, 61.7, 45.5, 40.1, 36.4, 36.2, 35.3, 31.2, 29.4, 28.0, 26.1, 23.7, 18.7, -5.08, -5.12; IR (thin film) ν 3380 (br), 2956, 2929, 2893, 2857, 1462, 1254,

1095, 835, 774 cm^{-1} ; HRMS (ESI) m / z calcd for $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{38}\text{O}_2\text{SiNa} (\text{M} + \text{Na})^+$ 361.2539, found 361.2547.

trans-Decalin **31**: ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 500 MHz) δ 5.53 (s, 1H), 3.74 – 3.67 (m, 1H), 3.67 – 3.59 (m, 1H), 2.06 – 1.86 (m, 4H), 1.85 – 1.76 (m, 1), 1.72 – 1.60 (m, 2H), 1.66 (s, 3H), 1.47 – 1.28 (m, 4H), 1.22 (s, 3H), 1.17 – 1.00 (m, 3H), 0.90 (s, 9H), 0.06 (s, 6H); ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 134.3, 123.5, 70.7, 61.5, 47.8, 40.5, 40.1, 38.5, 36.1, 31.0, 28.6, 27.9, 26.1, 23.8, 22.6, 18.5, –5.07, –5.11; IR (thin film) ν 3455 (br), 2954, 2928, 2857, 1462, 1375, 1255, 1096, 835, 774 cm^{-1} ; HRMS (ESI) m / z calcd for $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{38}\text{O}_2\text{SiNa} (\text{M} + \text{Na})^+$ 361.2539, found 361.2544.

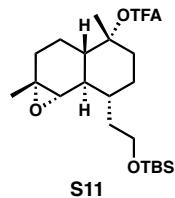


Epoxides 32 and 33. To a solution of *trans*-decalin **31** (0.109 g, 0.321 mmol) in acetone (16.1 mL) was added saturated aqueous NaHCO_3 (10.7 mL). The resulting mixture was cooled to 0 °C and a solution of Oxone® (0.217 g, 0.353 mmol) in H_2O (2 mL) was added dropwise over 5 minutes. The reaction mixture was stirred vigorously for 30 min at 0 °C, diluted with H_2O (20 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (4 x 20 mL). The combined organic extracts were diluted with hexanes until cloudy, dried over MgSO_4 , filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude residue was purified using flash chromatography (SiO_2 , 10 → 20% EtOAc/hexanes) to afford β -epoxide **33** (25.7 mg, 23%) and α -epoxide **32** (72.4 mg, 64%) as colorless oils.

Epoxide **33**: ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 500 MHz) δ 3.78 – 3.71 (m, 1H), 3.71 – 3.63 (m, 1H), 3.17 (s, 1H), 2.02 – 1.93 (m, 1H), 1.90 – 1.78 (m, 2H), 1.69 – 1.56 (m, 4H), 1.55 – 1.38 (m, 4H), 1.30 (s, 3H), 1.20 – 1.06 (m, 2H), 1.16 (s, 3H), 0.99 (s, 1H), 0.89 (s, 9H), 0.05 (s, 6H); ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 70.8, 62.1, 61.3, 58.5, 41.9, 41.1, 40.1, 36.2, 35.9, 29.1, 29.0, 27.7, 26.1, 24.9,

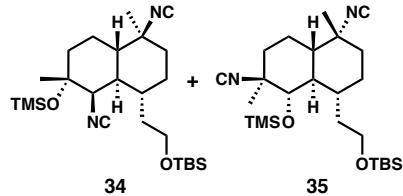
21.7, 18.5, -5.12, -5.16; IR (thin film) ν 3480 (br), 2929, 2857, 1462, 1377, 1255, 1096, 836, 775 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₂₀H₃₈O₃SiNa (M + Na)⁺ 377.2488, found 377.2488.

Epoxide 32: ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ 3.78 – 3.70 (m, 1H), 3.70 – 3.61 (m, 1H), 2.90 (s, 1H), 2.13 – 2.01 (m, 2H), 1.78 – 1.70 (m, 1H), 1.68 – 1.54 (m, 3H), 1.52 – 1.44 (m, 1H), 1.41 – 1.32 (m, 4H), 1.29 (s, 3H), 1.18 (s, 3H), 1.17 – 1.06 (m, 1H), 1.04 (s, 1H), 0.89 (s, 9H), 0.85 (t, *J* = 11.8 Hz, 1H), 0.05 (s, 6H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 70.4, 62.4, 61.1, 58.2, 47.3, 41.4, 39.7, 36.4, 36.3, 30.8, 28.6, 28.2, 26.1, 23.7, 19.6, 18.4, -5.11, -5.18; IR (thin film) ν 3481 (br), 2954, 2928, 2856, 1450, 1378, 1255, 1095, 836, 775 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₂₀H₃₈O₃SiNa (M + Na)⁺ 377.2488, found 377.2483.



Trifluoroacetate S11. A mixture of epoxide **32** (79.3 mg, 0.224 mmol) and pyridine (60 μ L, 0.672 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (2.2 mL) at 0 °C was treated with trifluoroacetic anhydride (50 μ L, 0.335 mmol). After 30 minutes, the reaction was quenched with 1 M HCl (3 mL). The aqueous layer was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 x 3 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with water (5 mL), washed with saturated NaHCO₃ solution (5 mL), dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude residue was purified using flash chromatography (SiO₂, 5% EtOAc/hexanes) to afford the title compound (82.3 mg, 82%) as a colorless oil. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ 3.76 – 3.69 (m, 1H), 3.67 – 3.59 (m, 1H), 2.88 (s, 1H), 2.70 (dt, *J* = 14.8, 3.3 Hz, 1H), 2.15 – 2.02 (m, 2H), 1.86 – 1.79 (m, 1H), 1.68 – 1.52 (m, 3H), 1.57 (s, 3H), 1.49 – 1.21 (m, 4H), 1.30 (s, 3H), 1.05 (qd, *J* = 14.0, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 0.91 (t, *J* = 11.0 Hz, 1H), 0.88 (s, 9H), 0.04 (s, 6H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 156.2 (q, *J* = 41 Hz), 114.5 (q, *J* = 285.4 Hz),

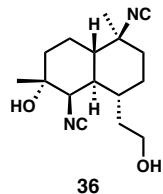
88.2, 62.0, 60.7, 58.0, 48.6, 41.2, 36.2, 35.7, 34.3, 30.8, 27.7, 26.1, 23.73, 23.65, 19.6, 18.4, –5.17, –5.24; IR (thin film) ν 2956, 2930, 2859, 1779, 1452, 1374, 1255, 1157, 1092, 837, 777 cm^{–1}; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₂₂H₃₇F₃O₄SiNa (M + Na)⁺ 473.2311, found 473.2301.



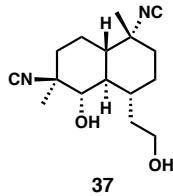
Diisocyanides 34 and 35. The following procedure was adopted from Pronin *et al.*⁶ A solution of trifluoroacetate **S11** (50.7 mg, 0.113 mmol) in TMSCN (0.11 mL) was cooled to 0 °C. A solution of scandium(III) trifluoromethanesulfonate (5.5 mg, 0.0113 mmol) in TMSCN (0.23 mL) was added, and the reaction mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature after 1 h. After 24 h at room temperature, the reaction was quenched with TMEDA (30 μL) and the volatiles were removed under reduced pressure. The crude residue was dissolved in hexanes (5 mL), washed with saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ solution (3 mL), dried over MgSO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude residue was purified using flash chromatography (SiO₂, 3 → 6% EtOAc/hexanes) to afford diisocyanide **34** (5.0 mg, 10%) as thin film and diisocyanide **35** (6.0 mg, 11%) as a 4:1 mixture of C10 epimers.

Diisocyanide **34**: ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ 3.71 – 3.57 (m, 3H), 2.02 (dt, *J* = 13.5, 4.0 Hz, 1H), 1.90 – 1.09 (m, 12H), 1.45 (s, 3H), 1.31 (br s, 3H), 0.90 (s, 9H), 0.13 (s, 9H), 0.06 (s, 6H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 159.0 (br t), 153.3 (br t), 73.5, 61.9 (br t, *J* = 5.1 Hz), 60.7, 60.2 (br t, *J* = 4.9 Hz), 42.6, 40.4, 38.7, 34.8, 34.6, 32.6, 27.6, 26.8, 26.1, 21.1, 20.5, 18.5, 2.4, –5.16, –5.19; IR (thin film) ν 2952, 2935, 2857, 2130, 1462, 1384, 1252, 1103, 1039, 840 cm^{–1}; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₂₅H₄₆N₂O₂Si₂Na (M + Na)⁺ 485.2996, found 485.2990.

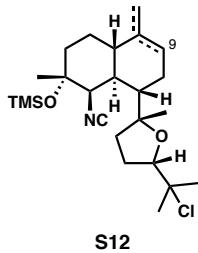
Diisocyanide 35: ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 500 MHz) δ 3.71 (d, $J = 9.0$ Hz, 1H), 3.69 – 3.56 (m, 2H), 2.39 – 2.29 (m, 1H), 2.13 (dt, $J = 10.0, 3.5$ Hz, 1H), 1.98 – 1.73 (m, 4H), 1.51 – 1.06 (m, 7H), 1.41 (s, 3H), 1.40 (s, 3H), 0.88 (s, 9H), 0.28 (s, 9H), 0.03 (s, 6H); ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 156.1 (br t), 155.5 (br t), 81.0, 63.0 (br t, $J = 5.1$ Hz), 60.8, 60.6 (br t, $J = 4.3$ Hz), 47.8, 44.4, 38.4, 38.0, 37.9, 37.3, 28.5, 26.7, 26.1, 21.8, 20.6, 18.4, 1.5, –5.2, –5.3; IR (thin film) ν 2952, 2930, 2897, 2858, 2127, 1463, 1384, 1253, 1104, 840, 775 cm^{-1} ; HRMS (ESI) m / z calcd for $\text{C}_{25}\text{H}_{46}\text{N}_2\text{O}_2\text{Si}_2\text{Na} (\text{M} + \text{Na})^+$ 485.2996, found 485.3009.



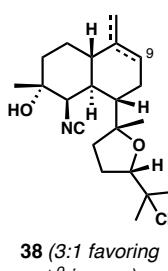
Diisocyanide 36. To a solution of silyl ether **34** (7.8 mg, 0.0169 mmol) in THF (0.2 mL) was added TBAF (90 μL , 1.0 M in THF, 0.0845 mmol). After 24 h, the reaction was quenched with saturated NaHCO_3 solution (1 mL). The reaction mixture was extracted with ether (3×2 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with water (5 mL), washed with brine (5 mL), dried over MgSO_4 , filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude residue was purified using flash chromatography (SiO_2 , 2 \rightarrow 3% MeOH/ CH_2Cl_2) to afford diisocyanide **36** (2.7 mg, 57%) as a thin film. ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 500 MHz) δ 3.78 – 3.64 (s, 3H), 2.05 (dt, $J = 13.0, 3.3$ Hz, 1H), 1.96 – 1.59 (m, 9H), 1.59 – 1.31 (m, 3H), 1.45 (s, 3H), 1.35 (s, 3H), 1.29 – 1.17 (m, 2H); ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 159.0 (br t), 153.2 (br t), 70.5, 61.2 (br t, $J = 5.4$ Hz), 60.21, 60.17 (br t, $J = 5.3$ Hz), 42.8, 40.2, 38.8, 34.8, 34.3, 32.7, 28.8, 26.6, 21.1, 20.8; IR (thin film) ν 3390 (br), 2937, 2871, 2134, 1451, 1384, 1122, 1036, 1003, 733 cm^{-1} ; HRMS (ESI) m / z calcd for $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{24}\text{N}_2\text{O}_2\text{Na} (\text{M} + \text{Na})^+$ 299.1736, found 299.1733.



Diisocyanide 37. To a solution of silyl ether **35** (8.5 mg, 0.0184 mmol) in THF (0.2 mL) was added TBAF (0.10 mL, 1.0 M in THF, 0.0918 mmol). After 24 h, the reaction was quenched with saturated NaHCO₃ solution (1 mL). The reaction mixture was extracted with ether (3 × 2 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with water (5 mL), washed with brine (5 mL), dried over MgSO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude residue was purified using flash chromatography (SiO₂, 3% MeOH/CH₂Cl₂) to afford diisocyanide **37** (3.9 mg, 76%) as a 4:1 mixture of C10 epimers. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ 4.67 (br s, 1H), 3.90 (td, *J* = 10.0, 3.0 Hz, 1H), 3.76 (ddd, *J* = 10.0, 6.5, 4.0 Hz, 1H), 3.55 (d, *J* = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 2.56 (br s, 1H), 2.29 – 2.19 (m, 1H), 2.12 (dt, *J* = 13.5, 3.8 Hz, 1H), 2.06 – 1.17 (m, 10H), 1.42 (br s, 3H), 1.40 (br s, 3H), 1.06 (t, *J* = 12.8 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 155.3 (br t), 153.1 (br t), 79.7, 62.8 (br t, *J* = 5.6 Hz), 60.8 (br t, *J* = 4.6 Hz), 60.1, 48.7, 42.1, 39.4, 39.1, 36.8, 36.3, 28.8, 28.2, 21.6, 19.3; IR (thin film) ν 3357 (br), 2938, 2870, 2130, 1448, 1384, 1116, 1041, 731 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₁₆H₂₄N₂O₂Na (M + Na)⁺ 299.1736, found 299.1727.

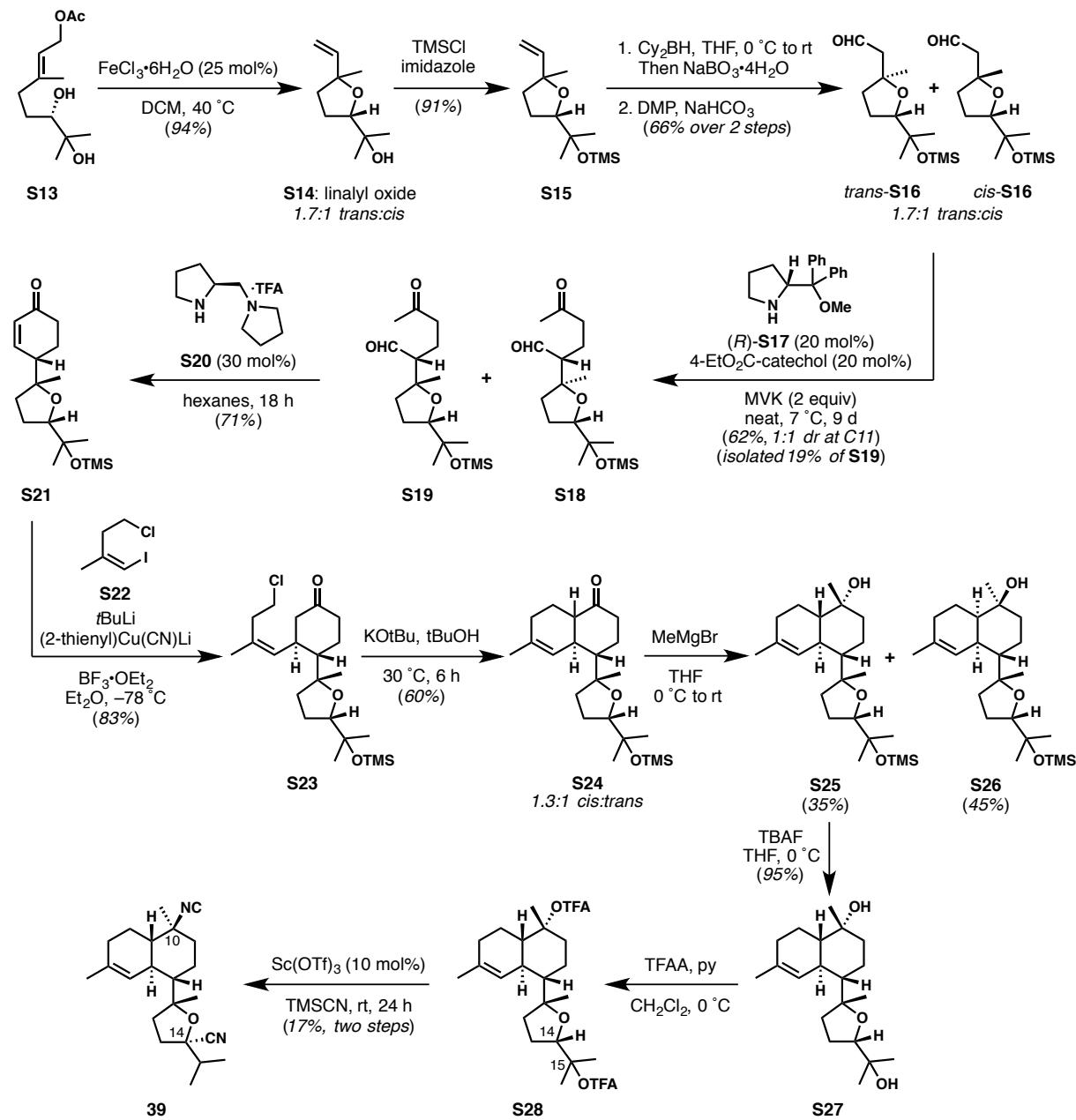


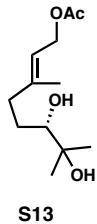
Isocyanide S12. The title compound was isolated as a side product in our previous synthesis of kalihinol B.¹⁴ The crude product was fully characterized after fluoride-mediated removal of the silyl ether.



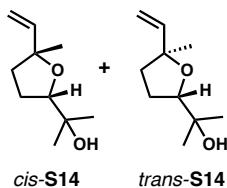
CDCl_3) δ 157.1 (br t), 151.1, 134.9, 120.7, 105.8, 87.8, 87.5, 84.9, 84.8, 71.7, 71.5, 71.1, 70.8, 63.7 (t, $J = 5.8$ Hz), 63.4 (t, $J = 5.6$ Hz), 47.6, 43.4, 42.0, 38.9, 38.8, 38.2, 37.8, 36.9, 36.0, 34.2, 32.8, 31.2, 30.7, 30.3, 29.8, 28.79, 28.76, 28.7, 26.0, 25.9, 25.7, 25.6, 24.1, 20.9, 17.9, 17.1; IR (thin film) ν 3418 (br), 2971, 2933, 2892, 2852, 2156, 2139, 1457, 1382, 1122, 1025, 758 cm^{-1} ; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{21}\text{H}_{32}\text{ClNO}_2\text{Na} (\text{M} + \text{Na})^+$ 388.2019, found 388.2006.

Scheme S1. Synthesis of C14-nitrile **39**.





(*S,E*)-6,7-Dihydroxy-3,7-dimethyloct-2-enyl acetate (S13). (*S,E*)-6,7-Dihydroxy-3,7-dimethyloct-2-enyl acetate (**S13**) was prepared according to the literature procedure using a Sharpless dihydroxylation of geranyl acetate.¹⁵ The spectral data for this compound are consistent with those reported in the literature.¹⁵ $[\alpha]_D^{24} = -22.5$ ($c = 1.0$, CHCl_3), lit.¹⁵ $[\alpha]_D^{23} = +26.8$ ($c = 1.0$, CHCl_3) for the (*R*)-form; ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 500 MHz) δ 5.39 (t, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 1H), 4.58 (d, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 2H), 3.34 (ddd, $J = 10.5, 4.5, 1.5$ Hz, 1H), 2.37 – 2.28 (m, 1H), 2.25 (d, $J = 4.5$ Hz, 1H), 2.15 – 2.06 (m, 1H), 2.05 (s, 3H), 1.98 (s, 1H), 1.72 (s, 3H), 1.64 – 1.56 (m, 1H), 1.49 – 1.39 (m, 1H), 1.21 (s, 3H), 1.16 (s, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 171.3, 142.2, 118.9, 78.2, 73.2, 61.5, 36.7, 29.6, 26.6, 23.4, 21.2, 16.6. The enantiomeric excess of **S13** was determined as 90% by ^1H NMR analysis of its corresponding mono-(*R*)-MTPA ester. ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 5.30 ppm (t, 1H) for the *S* enantiomer; δ 5.23 ppm (t, 1H) for the *R* enantiomer, corresponding to the methyl group on the methoxy group of the ester.



***cis*- and *trans*-Linalyl oxides (S14).** The following procedure was adapted from Guérinot *et al.*¹⁶ To a solution of diol **S13** (4.23 g, 18.37 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (184 mL) was added $\text{FeCl}_3 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$ (1.24 g, 4.59 mmol) in one portion. After stirring at 40 °C for 5 h, the reaction mixture was cooled to

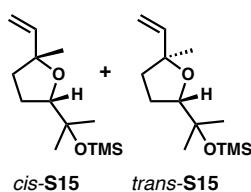
¹⁵ Surendra, K.; Corey, E. J. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2008**, *130*, 8865–8869.

¹⁶ Guérinot, A.; Serra-Muns, A.; Gnamm, C.; Bensoussan, C.; Reymond, S.; Cossy, J. *Org. Lett.* **2010**, *12*, 1808–1811.

room temperature and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude residue was purified using flash chromatography (SiO_2 , 25 → 30% Et_2O /pentane) to afford a 1:1.7 mixture of *cis*- and *trans*-linalyl oxides (3.06 g, 97%) as a colorless oil. The *cis*- and *trans*-THFs were separated for analytical purposes, and the spectral data for these compounds are consistent with those reported in the literature.^{17,18,19,20}

trans-**S14**: $[\alpha]_D^{23} = +5.7$ ($c = 0.95$, CHCl_3), lit.¹⁷ $[\alpha]_D^{25} = +4.73$ ($c = 2.07$, CHCl_3); ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 500 MHz) δ 5.88 (dd, $J = 17.5, 10.5$ Hz, 1H), 5.19 (dd, $J = 17.0, 1.5$ Hz, 1H), 5.00 (dd, $J = 10.5, 1.5$ Hz, 1H), 3.79 (t, $J = 7.3$ Hz, 1H), 2.16 (s, 1H), 1.94 – 1.80 (m, 3H), 1.76 – 1.69 (m, 1H), 1.31 (s, 3H), 1.23 (s, 3H), 1.13 (s, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 143.8, 111.5, 85.7, 83.2, 71.3, 37.6, 27.4, 27.0, 26.4, 24.3.

cis-**S14**: $[\alpha]_D^{23} = -3.8$ ($c = 0.72$, CHCl_3), lit.¹⁷ $[\alpha]_D^{25} = -2.94$ ($c = 2.14$, CHCl_3); ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 500 MHz) δ 5.97 (dd, $J = 17.3, 10.8$ Hz, 1H), 5.20 (dd, $J = 17.3, 1.3$ Hz, 1H), 5.01 (dd, $J = 10.5, 1.0$ Hz, 1H), 3.86 (t, $J = 7.3$ Hz, 1H), 2.07 (s, 1H), 1.96 – 1.74 (m, 4H), 1.32 (s, 3H), 1.23 (s, 3H), 1.13 (s, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 144.5, 111.7, 85.7, 82.9, 71.3, 38.1, 27.6, 26.6, 26.2, 24.5.



cis- and *trans*-Silyl ethers S15. Imidazole (1.21 g, 17.8 mmol) was added in one portion to a solution of *cis*- and *trans*-linalyl oxides (**S14**) (1.01 g, 5.92 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (12 mL). Chlorotrimethylsilane (1.13 mL, 8.88 mmol) was added dropwise *via* syringe. After 30 min,

¹⁷ Méou, A.; Bouanah, N.; Archelas, A.; Zhang, X. M.; Guglielmetti, R.; Furstoss, R. *Synthesis* **1990**, 752–753.

¹⁸ Howell, A. R.; Pattenden, G. *J. Chem. Soc. Perkin Trans. I* **1990**, 2715–2720.

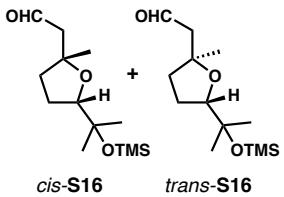
¹⁹ Fournier-Nguefack, C.; Lhoste, P.; Sinou, D. *Tetrahedron* **1997**, 53, 4353–4362.

²⁰ Wan, K. K.; Litz, J. P.; Vosburg, D. A. *Tetrahedron: Asymmetry* **2010**, 21, 2425–2428.

saturated NaHCO₃ solution (15 mL) was added to the reaction mixture. The reaction mixture was diluted with CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) and water (10 mL). The biphasic mixture was separated, and the aqueous phase was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 × 15 mL). The combined organic phases were washed with water (30 mL), dried over MgSO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude residue was purified using flash chromatography (SiO₂, 2.5% Et₂O/pentane) to afford a 1:1.7 mixture of *cis*-**S15** and *trans*-**S15** (1.30 g, 91%) as a colorless oil. The diastereomers were separated for analytical purposes.

trans-**S15**: [α]_D²³ = +7.1 (c = 1.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ 5.86 (dd, *J* = 17.3, 10.8 Hz, 1H), 5.16 (dd, *J* = 17.3, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 4.97 (dd, *J* = 10.8, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 3.74 (t, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 1H), 1.94 – 1.75 (m, 3H), 1.71 – 1.62 (m, 1H), 1.30 (s, 3H), 1.21 (s, 3H), 1.20 (s, 3H), 0.11 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 144.3, 111.2, 86.4, 83.4, 75.2, 37.4, 27.9, 26.7, 26.4, 25.5, 2.7; IR (thin film) ν 2972, 2873, 1465, 1365, 1249, 1171, 1044, 839 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₁₃H₂₆O₂SiNa (M + Na)⁺ 265.1600, found 265.1604.

cis-**S15**: [α]_D²³ = -0.27 (c = 1.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ 5.97 (dd, *J* = 17.5, 11.0 Hz, 1H), 5.20 (dd, *J* = 17.3, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 4.95 (dd, *J* = 11.0, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 3.78 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 1.94 – 1.86 (m, 2H), 1.85 – 1.78 (m, 1H), 1.74 – 1.65 (m, 1H), 1.28 (s, 3H), 1.21 (s, 3H), 1.20 (s, 3H), 0.11 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 144.8, 111.3, 86.3, 83.1, 75.2, 38.0, 27.9, 26.6, 25.73, 25.70, 2.7; IR (thin film) ν 2972, 2872, 1459, 1365, 1250, 1172, 1045, 840 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₁₃H₂₆O₂SiNa (M + Na)⁺ 265.1600, found 265.1597.

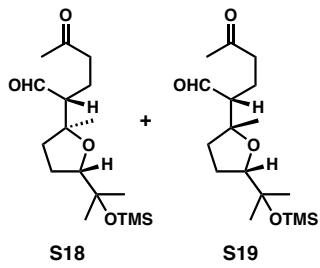


***cis*- and *trans*-Aldehydes S16.** A solution of $\text{BH}_3\text{-DMS}$ (0.60 mL, 6.31 mmol) in THF (10.5 mL) was cooled to 0 °C. Cyclohexene (1.28 mL, 12.62 mmol) was added dropwise *via* syringe over 2 min. After 20 min, the reaction mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature. After 2 h, the reaction mixture was cooled to 0 °C and a 1:1.7 mixture of *cis*- and *trans*-S15 (1.02 g, 4.21 mmol) was added as a solution in THF (10.5 mL). The transfer was completed with additional portions of THF (2 × 2 mL). The reaction mixture was allowed to stir at 0 °C for one hour before allowing to warm to room temperature. After 3 h, the reaction was quenched with water (30 mL) and $\text{NaBO}_3\text{-}4\text{H}_2\text{O}$ (3.24 g, 21.04 mmol) was added in one portion. The reaction mixture was allowed to stir vigorously for 16 h. The reaction mixture was diluted with water (30 mL) and extracted with Et_2O (3 × 60 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with brine (50 mL), dried over MgSO_4 , filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude residue was purified using flash chromatography (SiO_2 , 20% $\text{EtOAc}/\text{hexanes}$) to afford a mixture of *cis*- and *trans*-THFs contaminated with cyclohexanol. ^1H NMR and ^{13}C NMR spectra were complicated by the mixture of tetrahydrofuran diastereomers and cyclohexanol contaminant. Sodium bicarbonate (2.12 g, 25.18 mmol) was added to a solution of DMP (4.27 g, 10.07 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (40 mL) in one portion. A solution of *cis*- and *trans*-THFs contaminated with cyclohexanol (1.312 g, 5.036 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (5 mL) was added dropwise over 2 min. The transfer was completed with additional portions of CH_2Cl_2 (2 × 2.5 mL). After 2 h, the reaction was quenched with a 1:1 mixture of saturated NaHCO_3 solution and saturated $\text{Na}_2\text{S}_2\text{O}_3$ solution (50 mL), and allowed to stir until bubbling ceased (20 min). The phases were separated, and the

aqueous phase was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 × 50 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with 1 M NaOH (1 × 50 mL) and water (1 × 50 mL), dried over MgSO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude residue was purified using flash chromatography (SiO₂, 8.5% Et₂O/pentane) to afford a 1:1.7 mixture of *cis*-**S16** and *trans*-**S16** (0.714 g, 66% over two steps) as a colorless oil. The diastereomers were separated for analytical purposes using flash chromatography (SiO₂, 100% CH₂Cl₂).

trans-**S16**: [α]_D²² = +11.2 (c = 0.90, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ 9.82 (t, *J* = 3.0 Hz, 1H), 3.73 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 2.58 (dd, *J* = 14.8, 2.8 Hz, 1H), 2.52 (dd, *J* = 14.5, 3.0 Hz, 1H), 2.00 – 1.72 (m, 4H), 1.31 (s, 3H), 1.21 (s, 3H), 1.17 (s, 3H), 0.11 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 203.0, 87.0, 81.4, 74.8, 54.4, 38.0, 27.7, 27.5, 26.4, 25.9, 2.7; IR (thin film) ν 2972, 2898, 2873, 2736, 1724, 1458, 1380, 1250, 1175, 1068, 1044, 840 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₁₃H₂₆O₃SiNa (M + Na)⁺ 281.1549, found 281.1554.

cis-**S16**: [α]_D²² = -49.4 (c = 1.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ 9.86 (dd, *J* = 3.5, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 3.77 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 2.65 (dd, *J* = 15.0, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 2.46 (dd, *J* = 15.0, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 2.02 – 1.88 (m, 2H), 1.87 – 1.80 (m, 1H), 1.79 – 1.72 (m, 1H), 1.29 (s, 3H), 1.24 (s, 3H), 1.16 (s, 3H), 0.10 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 203.9, 86.8, 81.4, 74.9, 54.4, 38.0, 27.3, 27.0, 26.6, 26.2, 2.6; IR (thin film) ν 2970, 2873, 2736, 1723, 1456, 1380, 1250, 1177, 1040, 840 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₁₃H₂₆O₃SiNa (M + Na)⁺ 281.1549, found 281.1539.



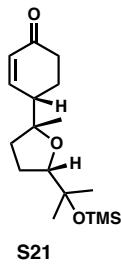
Keto-aldehydes S18 and S19. The following procedure was adapted from Peelen *et al.*²¹ A 2-dram vial was charged with a mixture of *cis*- and *trans*-aldehydes **S16** (0.714 g, 2.76 mmol), prolinol catalyst **S17**²² (0.148 g, 0.553 mmol), and 4-EtO₂C-catechol (0.101 g, 0.553 mmol). The vial was sealed with a septum, the headspace was purged with argon, and the reaction mixture was cooled to 0 °C. Methyl vinyl ketone (0.45 mL, 5.53 mmol) was added *via* syringe. The reaction mixture was allowed to stir at 0 °C until the solution became homogenous (30 min) before being placed in a 7 °C refrigerator for 9 days. The reaction mixture was purified directly using flash chromatography (SiO₂, 12.5% EtOAc/hexanes) to afford keto-aldehyde **S19** (0.177 g, 19%) as a colorless oil and keto-aldehyde **S18** (0.318 g, 35%) containing ca. 25% other diastereomers.

Keto-aldehyde **S18**: $[\alpha]_D^{22} = -48.6$ ($c = 1.0$, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ 9.70 (d, $J = 3.0$ Hz, 1H), 3.59 (dd, $J = 8.5, 6.5$ Hz, 1H), 2.51 (ddd, $J = 18.0, 8.5, 5.8$ Hz, 1H), 2.45 – 2.34 (m, 2H), 2.11 (s, 3H), 1.97 – 1.77 (m, 6H), 1.74 – 1.59 (m, 1H), 1.20 (s, 5H), 1.14 (s, 3H), 0.09 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 208.3, 205.1, 87.3, 83.8, 74.4, 60.6, 41.7, 35.9, 30.1, 27.5, 26.2, 26.0, 25.7, 19.0, 2.7; IR (thin film) ν 2972, 2896, 2873, 2730, 1718, 1455, 1363, 1249, 1175, 1041, 839 cm⁻¹; HRMS (CI) *m* / *z* calcd for C₁₇H₃₂O₄SiH (M + H)⁺ 329.2148, found 329.2133.

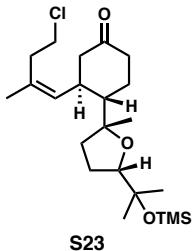
²¹ Peelen, T. J.; Chi, Y.; Gellman, S. H. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2005**, *127*, 11598–11599.

²² Enders, D.; Kipphardt, H.; Gerdes, P.; Breña Valle, L. J.; Bhushan, V. *Bull. Soc. Chim. Belg.* **1988**, *97*, 691–704.

Keto-aldehyde **S19**: $[\alpha]_D^{22} = -92.7$ ($c = 1.0$, CHCl_3); ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 500 MHz) δ 9.90 (br s, 1H), 3.77 (t, $J = 7.3$ Hz, 1H), 2.56 (ddd, $J = 18.0, 8.0, 5.5$ Hz, 1H), 2.50 (dt, $J = 11.0, 1.8$ Hz, 1H), 2.33 (dt, $J = 18.0, 7.5$ Hz, 1H), 2.09 (s, 3H), 2.06 – 1.77 (m, 4H), 1.70 – 1.63 (m, 1H), 1.61 – 1.52 (m, 1H), 1.23 (s, 3H), 1.14 (s, 3H), 1.12 (s, 3H), 0.07 (s, 9H); ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 208.3, 207.1, 87.0, 85.0, 74.9, 59.5, 41.9, 37.2, 30.1, 27.2, 26.8, 25.8, 23.4, 19.5, 2.6; IR (thin film) ν 2970, 2873, 2730, 1718, 1449, 1364, 1250, 1176, 1038, 840 cm^{-1} ; HRMS (CI) m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{32}\text{O}_4\text{SiH}$ ($M + \text{H}$) $^+$ 329.2148, found 329.2138.

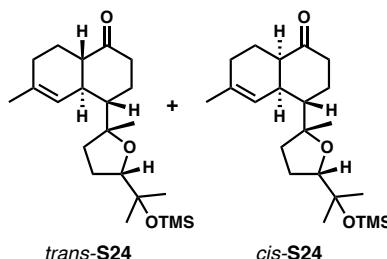
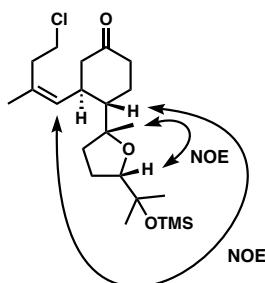


Enone S21. A solution of keto-aldehyde **S19** (0.177 g, 0.539 mmol) and catalyst **S20**¹³ (43.4 mg, 0.162 mmol) in hexanes (5.4 mL, previously sparged with argon gas for 20 min) was stirred at room temperature for 21 h. The reaction mixture was concentrated *in vacuo*, and the resulting crude residue was purified using flash chromatography (SiO_2 , 7.5% EtOAc/hexanes) to afford the title compound (0.119 g, 71%) as a colorless oil. $[\alpha]_D^{23} = -54.0$ ($c = 1.0$, CHCl_3); ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 500 MHz) δ 7.22 (dt, $J = 10.5, 1.5$ Hz, 1H), 6.06 (dd, $J = 10.3, 2.8$ Hz, 1H), 3.77 (t, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 1H), 2.67 – 2.60 (m, 1H), 2.50 (dt, $J = 16.3, 3.8$ Hz, 1H), 2.33 (td, $J = 15.5, 5.0$ Hz, 1H), 2.05 – 1.98 (m, 1H), 1.97 – 1.81 (m, 3H), 1.75 – 1.58 (m, 2H), 1.23 (s, 3H), 1.15 (s, 3H), 1.11 (s, 3H), 0.08 (s, 9H); ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 200.1, 154.2, 129.9, 86.4, 84.3, 74.9, 46.4, 37.8, 35.9, 27.3, 26.6, 26.3, 25.6, 22.7, 2.6; IR (thin film) ν 2969, 2872, 1683, 1452, 1380, 1249, 1178, 1042, 839 cm^{-1} ; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{30}\text{O}_3\text{SiNa}$ ($M + \text{Na}$) $^+$ 333.1862, found 333.1850.



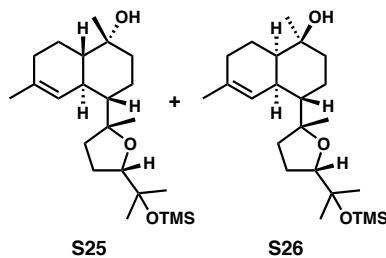
Ketone S23. To a solution of (*Z*)-4-chloro-1-iodo-2-methylbut-1-ene (**S22**)³ (0.154 g, 0.669 mmol) in Et₂O (1.1 mL, previously sparged with argon gas for 20 min) at -78 °C was added *tert*-butyllithium (0.84 mL, 1.59 M in pentane, 1.34 mmol) dropwise *via* syringe. After 20 min, lithium 2-thienylcyanocuprate solution (2.70 mL, 0.25 M in THF, 0.669 mmol) was added dropwise *via* syringe. The reaction mixture was allowed to stir for 1 h at -78 °C. A solution of enone **S21** (0.139 g, 0.446 mmol) in Et₂O (0.5 mL) was added dropwise *via* syringe. The transfer was completed with additional portions of Et₂O (2 × 0.25 mL). Immediately following this addition, BF₃•OEt₂ (75 µL, 0.580 mmol) was added dropwise *via* syringe. After allowing the reaction mixture to stir for 3 h at -78 °C, the reaction was quenched with 9:1 saturated NH₄Cl solution/NH₄OH (12 mL). After warming to room temperature, the solution turned a deep blue color. The aqueous layer was extracted with Et₂O (3 × 15 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with 9:1 saturated NH₄Cl solution/NH₄OH (2 × 15 mL), washed with brine (15 mL), dried over MgSO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude residue was purified using flash chromatography (SiO₂, 7.5% EtOAc/hexanes) to afford the title compound (0.150 g, 81%) as a white solid (mp 56–58 °C). [α]_D²³ = -4.3 (c = 1.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ 5.37 (d, *J* = 9.5 Hz, 1H), 3.69 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 3.61 – 3.48 (m, 2H), 2.76 (ddd, *J* = 18.5, 9.8, 4.5 Hz, 1H), 2.58 (quin, *J* = 5.9 Hz, 1H), 2.47 – 2.35 (m, 3H), 2.29 (td, *J* = 15.0, 5.5 Hz, 1H), 2.15 (dd, *J* = 14.5, 10.0 Hz, 1H), 2.11 – 2.05 (m, 1H), 1.86 (dt, *J* = 9.5, 6.5 Hz, 1H), 1.79 (ddd, *J* = 11.8, 8.5, 3.8 Hz, 1H), 1.72 – 1.62 (m, 1H), 1.68 (s, 3H), 1.62 – 1.51 (m, 3H), 1.19

(s, 3H), 1.17 (s, 3H), 1.07 (s, 3H), 0.10 (s, 9H); ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 211.9, 133.9, 127.4, 85.6, 85.1, 75.3, 50.7, 47.7, 42.5, 40.4, 38.4, 36.7, 35.2, 28.1, 27.2, 25.5, 23.0, 21.8, 2.8; IR (thin film) ν 2964, 2873, 1718, 1454, 1378, 1249, 1174, 1043, 839 cm^{-1} ; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{22}\text{H}_{39}\text{ClO}_3\text{SiNa} (\text{M} + \text{Na})^+$ 437.2255, found 437.2252. ^1H -NOESY-2D (500 MHz, CDCl_3) spectra were obtained for ketone **S23** and selected NOE interactions are shown.



***cis-* and *trans*-Decalones S24.** To a solution of alkyl chloride **S23** (0.150 g, 0.362 mmol) in *tert*-butyl alcohol (1.81 mL) at 30 °C was added potassium *tert*-butoxide (0.27 mL, 1.6 M in THF, 0.434 mmol) dropwise *via* syringe. After stirring for 6 h at 30 °C, the reaction was quenched with saturated NH_4Cl solution (12 mL). The aqueous layer was extracted with pentane (4 \times 10 mL), and the combined organic extracts were washed with water (3 \times 10 mL) and brine (10 mL). The organic layer was dried over MgSO_4 , filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude residue was purified using flash chromatography (SiO_2 , 5% EtOAc/hexanes) to afford a 1.3:1 mixture of *cis*- and *trans*-decalones (99.7 mg, 73%) as a colorless oil, which was characterized as a mixture. $[\alpha]_D^{22} = -79.2$ ($c = 1.0, \text{CHCl}_3$); ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 500 MHz) δ 6.27

(s, 1H), 5.38 (s, 1H), 3.80 (t, J = 6.3 Hz, 1H), 3.73 (dd, J = 7.9, 5.5 Hz, 1H), 2.80 – 2.72 (m, 1H), 2.68 – 2.61 (m, 1H), 2.44 – 2.34 (m, 3 H), 2.26 – 2.15 (m, 4H), 2.13 – 1.38 (m, 21H), 1.64 (s, 3H), 1.58 (s, 3H), 1.20 (s, 3H), 1.18 (s, 9H), 1.17 (s, 3H), 1.07 (s, 3H), 0.11 (s, 9H), 0.10 (s, 9H); ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 215.2, 213.1, 133.1, 133.0, 127.7, 125.5, 86.4, 86.1, 85.4, 85.2, 75.6, 75.4, 51.4, 50.8, 50.0, 45.6, 44.4, 41.0, 38.8, 38.6, 36.5, 36.4, 29.9, 29.6, 28.0, 27.9, 27.2, 26.0, 25.7, 25.1, 24.8, 24.2, 23.84, 23.77, 22.7, 22.2, 22.0, 19.4, 2.77, 2.74; IR (thin film) ν 2963, 2875, 1714, 1454, 1378, 1249, 1172, 1041, 839 cm^{-1} ; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{22}\text{H}_{38}\text{O}_3\text{SiNa}$ ($\text{M} + \text{Na}$)⁺ 401.2488, found 401.2474.

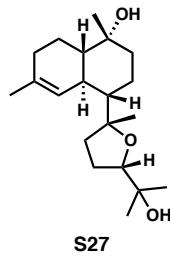


Decalins S25 and S26. Methylmagnesium bromide (0.44 mL, 3.0 M in Et_2O , 1.32 mmol) was added dropwise to a solution of a mixture of *cis*- and *trans*-decalones **S24** (99.7 mg, 0.263 mmol) in THF (2.63 mL) cooled to 0 °C. The reaction mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature for 30 min, and the reaction was quenched with saturated aqueous NH_4Cl solution (6 mL) at 0 °C. The aqueous layer was extracted with Et_2O (3 × 6 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with brine (10 mL), dried over MgSO_4 , filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude residue was purified using flash chromatography (SiO_2 , 10% EtOAc/hexanes), yielding *trans*-decalin **S25** (36.5 mg, 35%) as a colorless oil and *cis*-decalin **S26** (47.1 mg, 45%) as a white solid (mp 82–84 °C).

cis-Decalin **S26**: $[\alpha]_D^{22} = +62.4$ ($c = 1.0, \text{CHCl}_3$); ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 500 MHz) δ 5.74, (d, J = 5.0 Hz, 1 H), 3.71 (t, J = 6.3 Hz, 1H), 2.24 – 2.15 (m, 1H), 2.00 – 1.80 (m, 5H), 1.66 – 1.44 (m, 9H),

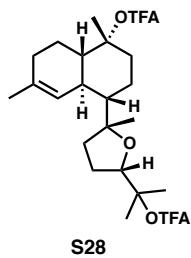
1.61 (s, 3H), 1.31 (s, 3H), 1.28 – 1.10 (m, 1H), 1.13 (s, 3 H), 1.11 (s, 3H), 1.08 (s, 3H), 0.07 (s, 9H); ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 130.2, 128.1, 86.2, 85.4, 75.7, 72.5, 49.1, 46.2, 38.2, 36.9, 35.3, 31.0, 28.2, 28.0, 26.8, 25.10, 25.07, 23.6, 19.9, 18.7, 2.7; IR (thin film) ν 3370 (br), 2963, 2940, 2894, 2872, 1458, 1376, 1249, 1043, 839 cm^{-1} ; HRMS (ESI) m / z calcd for $\text{C}_{23}\text{H}_{42}\text{O}_3\text{SiNa}$ ($\text{M} + \text{Na}$) $^+$ 417.2801, found 417.2801.

trans-Decalin **S25**: $[\alpha]_D^{22} = -22.3$ ($c = 1.0$, CHCl_3); ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 500 MHz) δ 6.31 (s, 1H), 3.79 (dd, $J = 7.0, 5.5$ Hz, 1H), 2.17 (ap t, $J = 10.3$ Hz, 1H), 2.06 – 1.89 (m, 3H), 1.87 – 1.78 (m, 2H), 1.73 – 1.67 (m, 1H), 1.66 – 1.11 (m, 9H), 1.62 (s, 3H), 1.21 (s, 3H), 1.19 (s, 3H), 1.14 (s, 3H), 1.09 (s, 3H), 0.09 (s, 9H); ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 131.7, 126.6, 87.1, 85.1, 75.7, 70.7, 52.3, 47.8, 40.7, 38.7, 38.5, 30.9, 28.6, 28.1, 25.6, 24.8, 24.7, 23.8, 22.9, 19.1, 2.8; IR (thin film) ν 3464 (br), 2962, 2871, 1453, 1377, 1249, 1171, 1083, 1043, 839 cm^{-1} ; HRMS (ESI) m / z calcd for $\text{C}_{23}\text{H}_{42}\text{O}_3\text{SiNa}$ ($\text{M} + \text{Na}$) $^+$ 417.2801, found 417.2801.



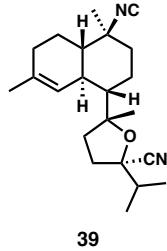
Diol S27. To a solution of *trans*-decalin **S25** (36.5 mg, 0.0925 mmol) in THF (0.93 mL) cooled to 0 °C was added TBAF (0.19 mL, 1.0 M in THF, 0.185 mmol). After 1 h, added additional TBAF (0.19 mL, 1.0 M in THF, 0.185). After 20 min, the reaction was quenched with water (5 mL). The reaction mixture was extracted with ether (4 x 5 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over MgSO_4 , filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude residue was purified using flash chromatography (SiO_2 , 15% EtOAc/hexanes) to afford diol **S27** (28.2 mg, 95%) as a white solid (mp 98–100 °C). $[\alpha]_D^{23} = -21.1$ ($c = 0.77$, CHCl_3); ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 500 MHz) δ

6.25, (s, 1H), 3.85 (dd, J = 7.8, 6.8 Hz, 1H), 2.27 – 2.18 (m, 1H), 2.17 – 1.88 (m, 4H), 1.85 – 1.60 (m, 6H), 1.64 (s, 3H), 1.52 – 1.40 (m, 3H), 1.35 (ddd, J = 24.5, 12.3, 5.8 Hz, 1H), 1.28 – 1.12 (m, 2H), 1.24 (s, 3H), 1.22 (s, 3H), 1.15 (s, 3H), 1.10 (s, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 132.8, 125.9, 87.1, 84.4, 71.4, 70.7, 52.3, 47.9, 40.7, 38.7, 38.5, 30.7, 28.7, 27.7, 25.8, 24.5, 24.3, 24.0, 22.8, 19.2; IR (thin film) ν 3436 (br), 2965, 2936, 2870, 1453, 1375, 1147, 1078, 892, 756 cm^{-1} ; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{34}\text{O}_3\text{Na}$ ($M + \text{Na}^+$) 345.2406, found 345.2415.

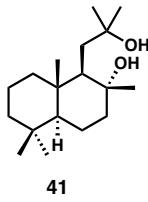


Bis(trifluoroacetate) S28. A mixture of diol **S27** (10.2 mg, 0.0316 mmol) and pyridine (30 μL , 0.371 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (0.32 mL) at 0 °C was treated with trifluoroacetic anhydride (20 μL , 0.144 mmol). After 20 min, added additional pyridine (20 μL , 0.247 mmol) and trifluoroacetic anhydride (20 μL , 0.144 mmol). After 20 min, the reaction was quenched with 1 M HCl (2 mL). The aqueous layer was extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (3 \times 2 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with water (5 mL), washed with saturated NaHCO_3 solution (5 mL), dried over MgSO_4 , filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude residue was used directly in the subsequent reaction. $[\alpha]_D^{23} = -30.0$ ($c = 1.0$, CHCl_3); ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 500 MHz) δ 6.20 (s, 1H), 4.07 (dd, J = 9.3, 3.8 Hz, 1H), 2.75 (dt, J = 14.8, 3.3 Hz, 1H), 2.33 (ap t, J = 10.3 Hz, 1H), 2.08 – 1.92 (m, 4H), 1.86 – 1.78 (m, 1H), 1.73 – 1.49 (m, 7H), 1.62 (s, 3H), 1.57 (s, 3H), 1.53 (s, 3H), 1.44 (td, J = 14.3, 3.8 Hz, 1H), 1.33 (td, J = 12.5, 2.8 Hz, 1H), 1.19 (t, J = 11.8 Hz, 1H), 1.16 – 1.06 (m, 1H), 1.08 (s, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 156.3 (q, J = 36.3 Hz), 156.2 (q, J = 40.8 Hz), 132.5, 125.3, 114.6 (q, J = 285.6 Hz), 114.5 (q, J = 285.3 Hz), 89.9, 89.0, 87.6, 82.9, 51.2,

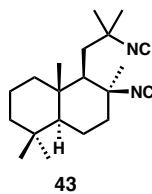
48.8, 38.2, 37.8, 34.9, 30.5, 25.1, 25.0, 23.72, 23.70, 22.6, 21.2, 21.3, 18.7; IR (thin film) ν 2962, 2931, 2877, 1779, 1456, 1375, 1220, 1156 cm^{-1} ; HRMS (ESI) m / z calcd for $\text{C}_{24}\text{H}_{32}\text{F}_6\text{O}_5\text{Na}$ ($M + \text{Na}$)⁺ 537.2051, found 537.2051.



C14-Nitrile 39. The following procedure was adopted from Pronin *et al.*⁶ Trifluoroacetate **S28** (10.2 mg, 0.0316 mmol) was dissolved in TMSCN (60 μL) and cooled to 0 °C. A solution of scandium(III) trifluoromethanesulfonate (1.6 mg, 0.00316 mmol) in TMSCN (0.11 mL) was added to the reaction mixture dropwise *via* syringe. After 30 min, the reaction mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature. After 4 h, the reaction was quenched with TMEDA (20 μL) and the volatiles were removed under reduced pressure. The crude residue was dissolved in hexanes (6 mL), washed with saturated aqueous NaHCO_3 solution (6 mL), dried over MgSO_4 , filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude residue was purified using flash chromatography (SiO_2 , 3 → 5% EtOAc/hexanes) to afford the title compound (2.0 mg, 19%) as a thin film. $[\alpha]_D^{22} = +32.1$ ($c = 0.20$, CHCl_3); ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 500 MHz) δ 6.02 (s, 1H), 2.28 – 2.20 (m, 1H), 2.20 – 2.02 (m, 4H), 2.02 – 1.77 (m, 7H), 1.72 – 1.48 (m, 3H), 1.65 (s, 3H), 1.39 – 1.27 (m, 1H), 1.31 (br s, 3H), 1.15 (d, $J = 6.5$ Hz, 3H), 1.08 (s, 3H), 1.05 (d, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 152.6 (br t), 133.8, 123.8, 120.8, 88.9, 85.0, 60.6 (br t, $J = 5.1$ Hz), 51.9, 47.5, 40.6, 38.9, 38.7, 37.9, 35.5, 30.4, 25.3, 24.0, 21.8, 20.3, 18.2, 17.9; IR (thin film) ν 2965, 2933, 2875, 2128, 1453, 1384, 1063 cm^{-1} ; HRMS (ESI) m / z calcd for $\text{C}_{22}\text{H}_{32}\text{N}_2\text{O}\text{Na}$ ($M + \text{Na}$)⁺ 363.2412, found 363.2417.

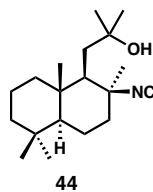


Diol 41. Methylmagnesium bromide (0.47 mL, 3.0 M in Et₂O, 1.40 mmol) was added dropwise to a solution of (3a*R*)-(+)-sclareolide (**40**) (70.0 mg, 0.280 mmol) in THF (2.8 mL) cooled to 0 °C. The reaction mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature for 30 min, and the reaction was quenched with saturated aqueous NH₄Cl solution (5 mL) at 0 °C. The aqueous layer was extracted with Et₂O (3 × 15 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with brine (15 mL), dried over MgSO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude residue was purified using flash chromatography (SiO₂, 25% EtOAc/hexanes), yielding diol **41** (69.4 mg, 88%) as a white solid (mp 166–168 °C). [α]_D²³ = +8.1 (c = 1.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ 4.06 (s, 2H), 1.88 (dt, *J* = 12.5, 3.0 Hz, 1H), 1.74 – 1.32 (m, 7H), 1.30 – 1.07 (m, 3H), 1.27 (s, 3H), 1.22 (s, 3H), 1.19 (s, 3H), 0.98 – 0.82 (m, 3H), 0.87 (s, 3H), 0.78 (s, 3H), 0.75 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 73.4, 69.8, 56.3, 54.8, 44.4, 42.0, 40.1, 38.9, 38.5, 33.6, 33.3, 28.5, 25.1, 21.8, 20.4, 18.7, 15.6; IR (thin film) ν 3230 (br), 2964, 2934, 2868, 1467, 2128, 1451, 1386, 1155, 1124, 940, 756 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₁₈H₃₄O₂Na (M + Na)⁺ 305.2456, found 305.2451.



Diisocyanide 43. The following procedure was adopted from Pronin *et al.*⁶ A mixture of diol (**41**) (25.8 mg, 0.0913 mmol) and pyridine (40 μL, 0.383 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (0.91 mL) at 0 °C was treated with trifluoroacetic anhydride (0.1 mL, 1.92 M in CH₂Cl₂, 0.192 mmol). After 15

minutes, the reaction was quenched with 1 M HCl (2 mL). The aqueous layer was extracted with hexanes (2 × 3 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with water (5 mL), washed with saturated NaHCO₃ solution (5 mL), dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude trifluoroacetate was dissolved in TMSCN (0.1 mL) and cooled to 0 °C. A solution of scandium(III) trifluoromethanesulfonate (1.3 mg, 0.00274 mmol) in TMSCN (0.1 mL) was added. After 30 min, the reaction mixture was placed in a 3°C refrigerator for 18 h. The reaction was quenched with TMEDA (20 μL) and the volatiles were removed under reduced pressure. The crude residue was suspended in hexanes (5 mL), washed with saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ solution (5 mL), dried over MgSO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude residue was purified using flash chromatography (SiO₂, 2.5% EtOAc/hexanes) to afford the title compound (6.3 mg, 23%) as a thin film. [α]_D²⁴ = +17.1 (c = 0.60, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ 2.13 (dt, *J* = 14.0, 3.0 Hz, 1H), 1.87 – 1.31 (m, 7H), 1.53 (s, 3H), 1.50 (s, 3H), 1.48 (s, 3H), 1.29 – 1.11 (m, 3H), 1.09 – 1.75 (m, 3H), 1.04 (s, 3H), 0.90 (s, 3H), 0.85 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 157.0 (br t), 156.4 (br t), 61.4 (br t, *J* = 4.4 Hz), 57.4 (br t, *J* = 4.8 Hz), 55.4, 52.5, 42.0, 41.6, 40.9, 39.4, 37.9, 33.6, 33.5, 33.1, 32.6, 32.1, 21.9, 18.7, 18.1, 15.4; IR (thin film) ν 2929, 2841, 2133, 1465, 1444, 1392, 1367, 1156, 1131 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₂₀H₃₂N₂Na (M + Na)⁺ 323.2463, found 323.2456.



Isocyanide 44. The following procedure was adopted from Pronin *et al.*⁶ A mixture of diol (**41**) (69.4 mg, 0.246 mmol) and pyridine (80 μL, 1.03 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (2.5 mL) at 0 °C was treated with trifluoroacetic anhydride (70 μL, 0.516 mmol). After 15 minutes, the reaction was quenched

with 1 M HCl (3 mL). The aqueous layer was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 × 5 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with water (5 mL), washed with saturated NaHCO₃ solution (5 mL), dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude trifluoroacetate was dissolved in TMSCN (0.25 mL) and cooled to 0 °C. A solution of scandium(III) trifluoromethanesulfonate (2.4 mg, 0.00492 mmol) in TMSCN (0.16 mL) was added. After 2 h at 0 °C, the reaction was quenched with pyridine (50 μL) and the volatiles were removed under reduced pressure. The crude residue was dissolved in MeOH (2 mL) and cooled to 0 °C. Potassium carbonate (68.0 mg, 0.492 mmol) was added in one portion. After 15 min, the reaction mixture was filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude residue was purified using flash chromatography (SiO₂, 10% EtOAc/hexanes) to afford the title compound (14.8 mg, 21%) as a solid (mp 156–158 °C). [α]_D²¹ = +27.3 (c = 1.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ 2.10 (ap d, *J* = 14.0 Hz, 1H), 1.77 – 1.54 (m, 6H), 1.54 – 1.33 (m, 3H), 1.40 (s, 3H), 1.28 (s, 3H), 1.25 (s, 3H), 1.22 – 1.04 (m, 3H), 1.03 (s, 3H), 0.95 – 0.86 (m, 2H), 0.88 (s, 3H), 0.84 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 156.0 (br t, *J* = 4.9 Hz), 70.3, 61.7 (br t, *J* = 4.3 Hz), 55.6, 51.7, 42.3, 41.8, 40.6, 39.4, 38.9, 33.57, 33.55, 32.8, 32.3, 31.7, 21.9, 18.8, 18.2, 15.1; IR (thin film) ν 3486 (br), 2950, 2919, 2839, 2134, 1466, 1442, 1389, 1365, 1154, 1129 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₁₉H₃₃NONa (M + Na)⁺ 314.2460, found 314.2469.

IV. Evaluation of Inhibition of *P. falciparum* Growth

Method: Drug sensitive and resistant strains of *P. falciparum* malaria (BEI Resources, MR4/ATCC, Manassas, VA) were cultured in human type O+ erythrocytes in complete medium consisting of RPMI 1640 (Gibco), 0.043 mg/mL gentamicin (Gibco), 0.014 mg/mL hypoxanthine (Acros), 38.5 mM HEPES (Sigma), 0.18% sodium bicarbonate (Cellgro), 0.20% glucose (MP Biomedical), 0.003 mM NaOH (Sigma), 0.2% Albumax (Gibco), and 5% human serum as previously described.²³ Briefly, cultures were maintained in 25-cm² flasks (Corning) at a volume of 10 mL, gassed for 30 s with 3% CO₂, 1% O₂, and 96% N₂, and were finally incubated at 37 °C. The antiplasmodial activity was determined with an SYBR Green based parasite proliferation assay as previously described.²⁴ After 72 h of incubation in the presence of serial dilutions of compounds, the increase of parasite DNA contained in human red blood cells was evaluated. The relative fluorescence values were measured using a Molecular Devices SpectraMAX Gemini EM fluorimeter (excitation 495 nm, and emission 525 nm). Data were analyzed using Microsoft Excel and were plotted using SigmaPlot 10 (Systat).

²³ Le Roch, K. G.; Zhou, Y.; Blair, P. L.; Grainger, M.; Moch, J. K.; Haynes, J. D.; De La Vega, P.; Holder, A. A.; Batalov, S.; Carucci, D. J. *Science* **2003**, *301*, 1503–1508.

²⁴ Prudhomme, J.; McDaniel, E.; Ponts, N.; Bertani, S.; Fenical, W.; Jensen, P.; Le Roch, K. *PLoS One* **2008**, *3*, e2335.

Table S1. Activity of synthetic ICTs against wild-type (3D7) and chloroquine-resistant (Dd2) *P. falciparum*.

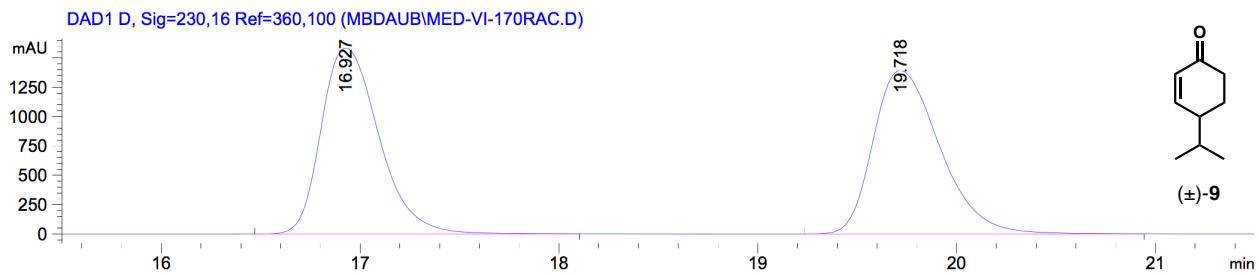
Compound	Pf strain ^a	IC50 [nM]	IC50 [μ g/mL]	std error ^b	R	hillslope	Chloroquine ^c IC50 [μ M]	std error
2	3D7	8.4	0.0033	0.0007	0.9914	1.342	0.0063	0.002
2	Dd2	4.6	0.0018	0.0002	0.9938	2.937	0.0399	0.0035
38	3D7	139	0.0508	0.0072	0.9952	2.3689	0.0052	0.0001
38	Dd2	144	0.0526	0.0093	0.9959	1.4242	0.0275	0.0086
39	3D7	175	0.0596	0.0117	0.9903	1.4691	0.0066	0.0004
39	Dd2	123	0.0418	0.0188	0.9808	0.6601	0.0413	0.0037
(±)- 15	3D7	705	0.1631	0.0894	0.9899	0.5629	0.0059	0.0009
(±)- 15	Dd2	247	0.057	0.0234	0.9961	0.5342	0.0322	0.0039
(±)- 16^d	3D7	180	0.0417	0.0191	0.9748	0.8015	0.0091	0.0007
(±)- 16^d	Dd2	45	0.0104	0.0073	0.9882	0.2933	0.0337	0.0031
22	3D7	12	0.0034	0.0006	0.9963	7.3863	0.0089	0.0018
22	Dd2	16	0.0043	0.0001	0.9979	4.6016	0.0497	0.0157
23	3D7	2.9	0.0008	0.0002	0.984	1.3984	0.0089	0.0018
23	Dd2	31	0.0084	0.0016	0.9917	1.5004	0.0497	0.0157
24	3D7	138	0.0342	0.0037	0.9935	2.6747	0.0089	0.0018
24	Dd2	200	0.0495	0.0089	0.9939	1.3615	0.0497	0.0157
28	3D7	15	0.0041	0.0006	0.9954	1.6148	0.0089	0.0018
28	Dd2	17	0.0047	0.0003	0.9983	3.1883	0.0497	0.0157
(±)- 28^e	3D7	27	0.0074	0.0013	0.9927	--	0.0058	0.0005
(±)- 28^e	Dd2	46	0.0127	0.0016	0.9918	--	0.0521	0.0274
29	3D7	1150	0.3155	0.0179	0.9989	2.0297	0.0089	0.0018
29	Dd2	958	0.2628	0.0427	0.9962	1.0929	0.0497	0.0157
30	3D7	312	0.0771	0.0032	0.9995	2.1804	0.0089	0.0018
30	Dd2	529	0.1308	0.0057	0.999	2.8612	0.0497	0.0157
(±)- 36^f	3D7	302	0.0836	0.018	0.9773	4.7837	0.0091	0.0007
(±)- 36^f	Dd2	205	0.0566	0.007	0.9833	3.2312	0.0337	0.0031
(±)- 37^g	3D7	27	0.0075	0.0009	0.9831	2.043	0.0091	0.0007
(±)- 37^g	Dd2	24	0.0065	0.0009	0.9879	1.2806	0.0337	0.0031
43	3D7	1.9	0.0006	0.0002	0.9833	1.7569	0.0059	0.0009
43	Dd2	1.6	0.0005	0.0002	0.9903	0.7528	0.0322	0.0039
44	3D7	244	0.0745	0.0083	0.997	1.4462	0.0061	0.0005
44	Dd2	416	0.1271	0.0438	1.2621	1.2721	0.0419	0.0905

^a3D7 is a chloroquine-sensitive strain of *P. falciparum*. Dd2 is a chloroquine-resistant strain of *P. falciparum*. ^bn = 3.

^cChloroquine was used as the antimalarial standard. ^dPrecipitate at 33.3 μ g/mL. ^eAverage of three separate assays.

^fPrecipitate at 11.1 μ g/mL. ^gPrecipitate at 3.7 μ g/mL.

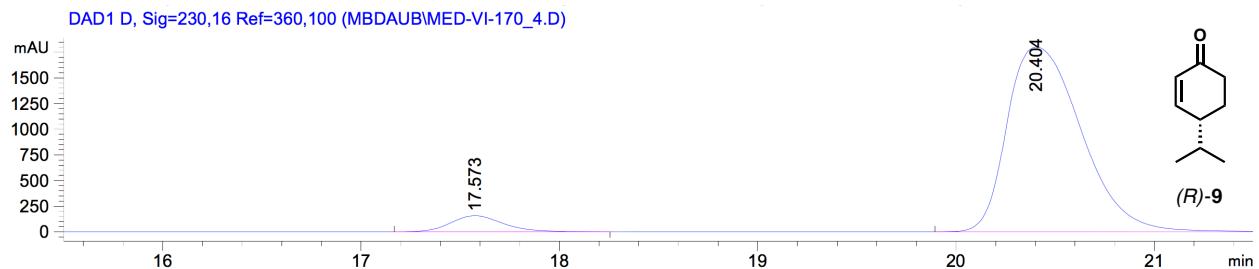
Determination of enantiomeric excess of (*R*)-cryptone (**9**)
 Chiralpak AD-H column, 2% *i*PrOH in hexanes, flow rate of 0.5 mL/min



Signal 3: DAD1 D, Sig=230,16 Ref=360,100

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
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2	19.718	BB	0.3625	3.25110e4	1391.95129	50.4496

Totals : 6.44426e4 2975.43774

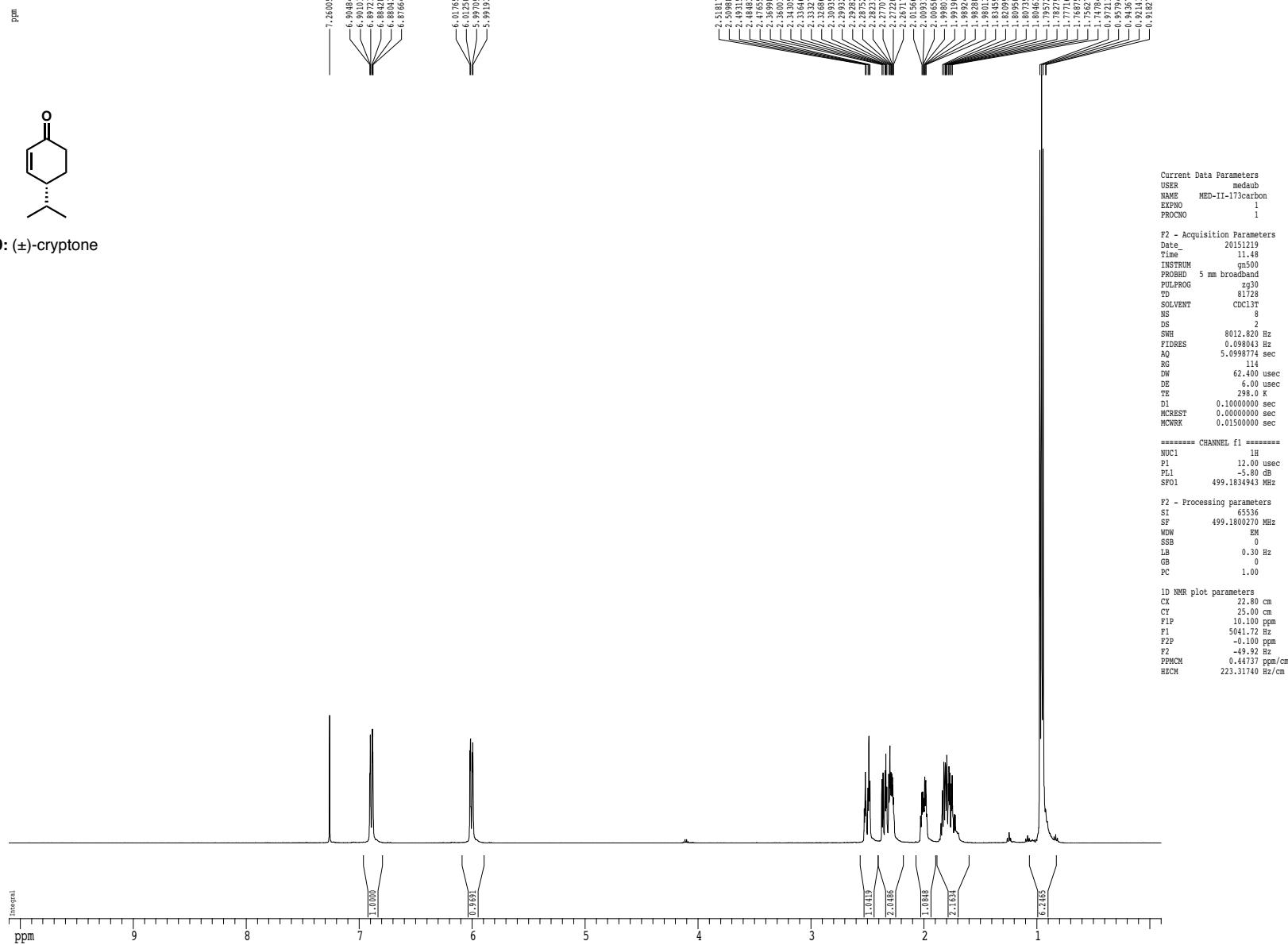


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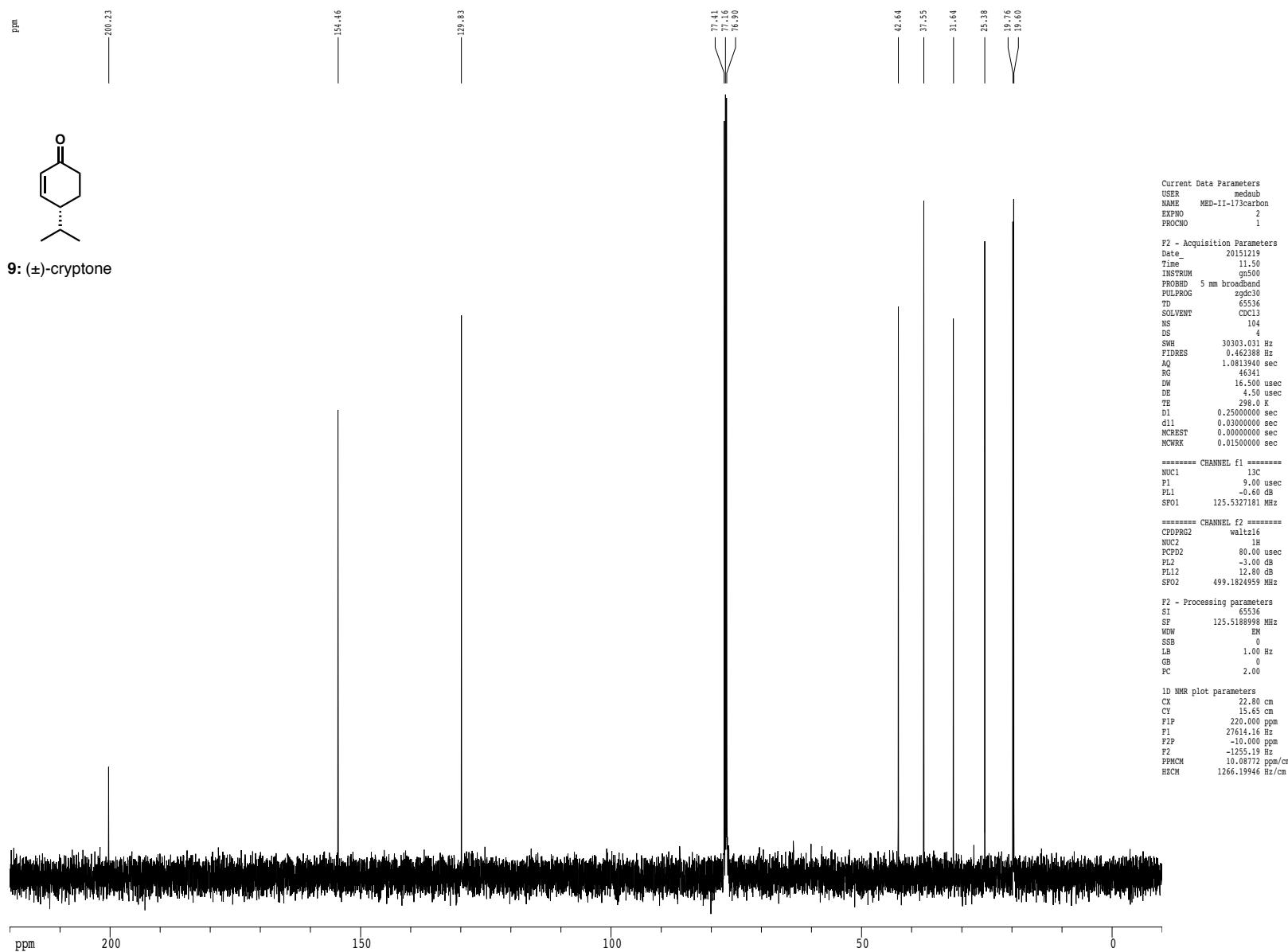
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Totals : 4.96805e4 1956.46533

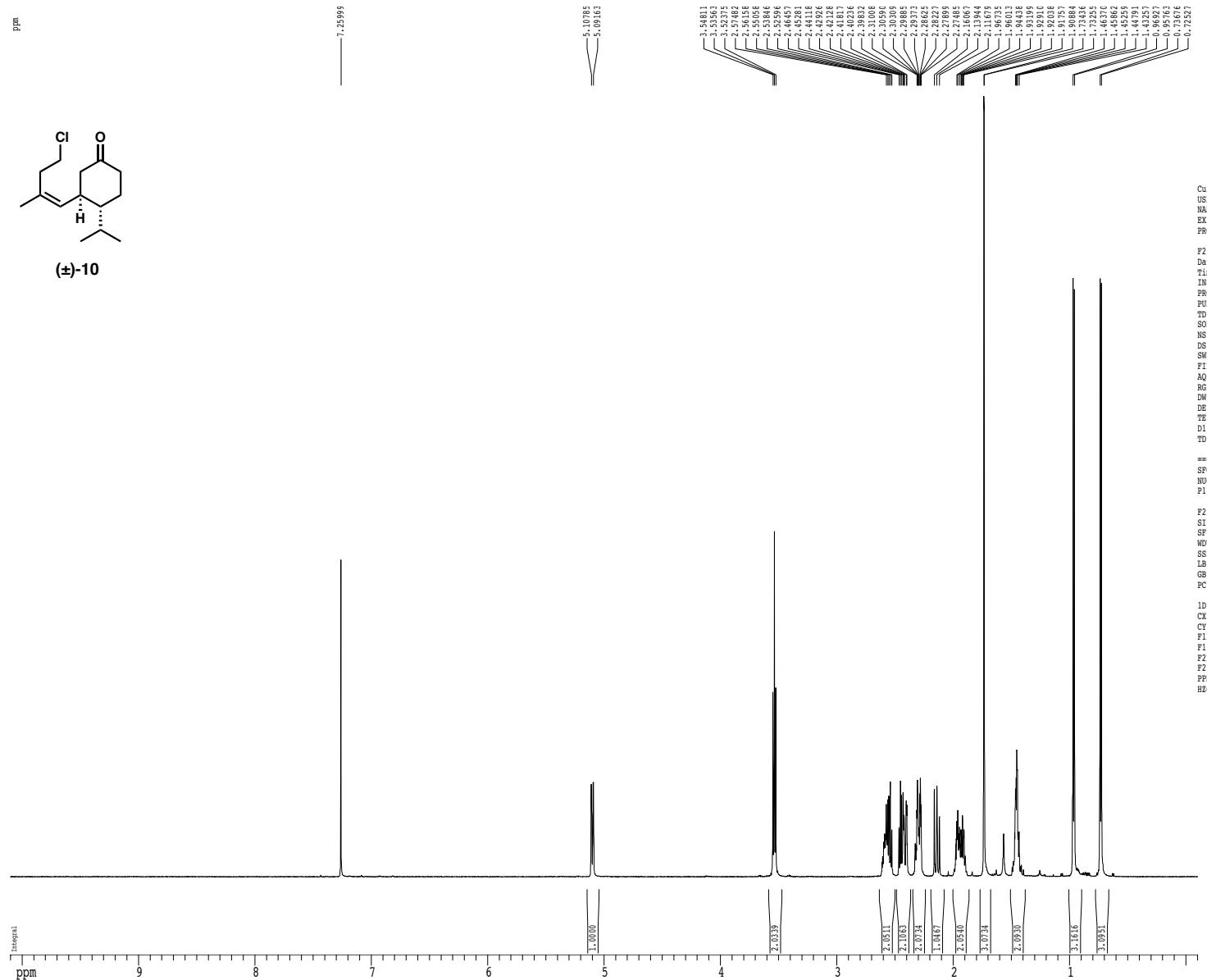
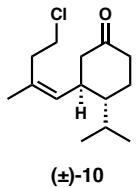
1H spectrum



¹³C spectrum with ¹H decoupling

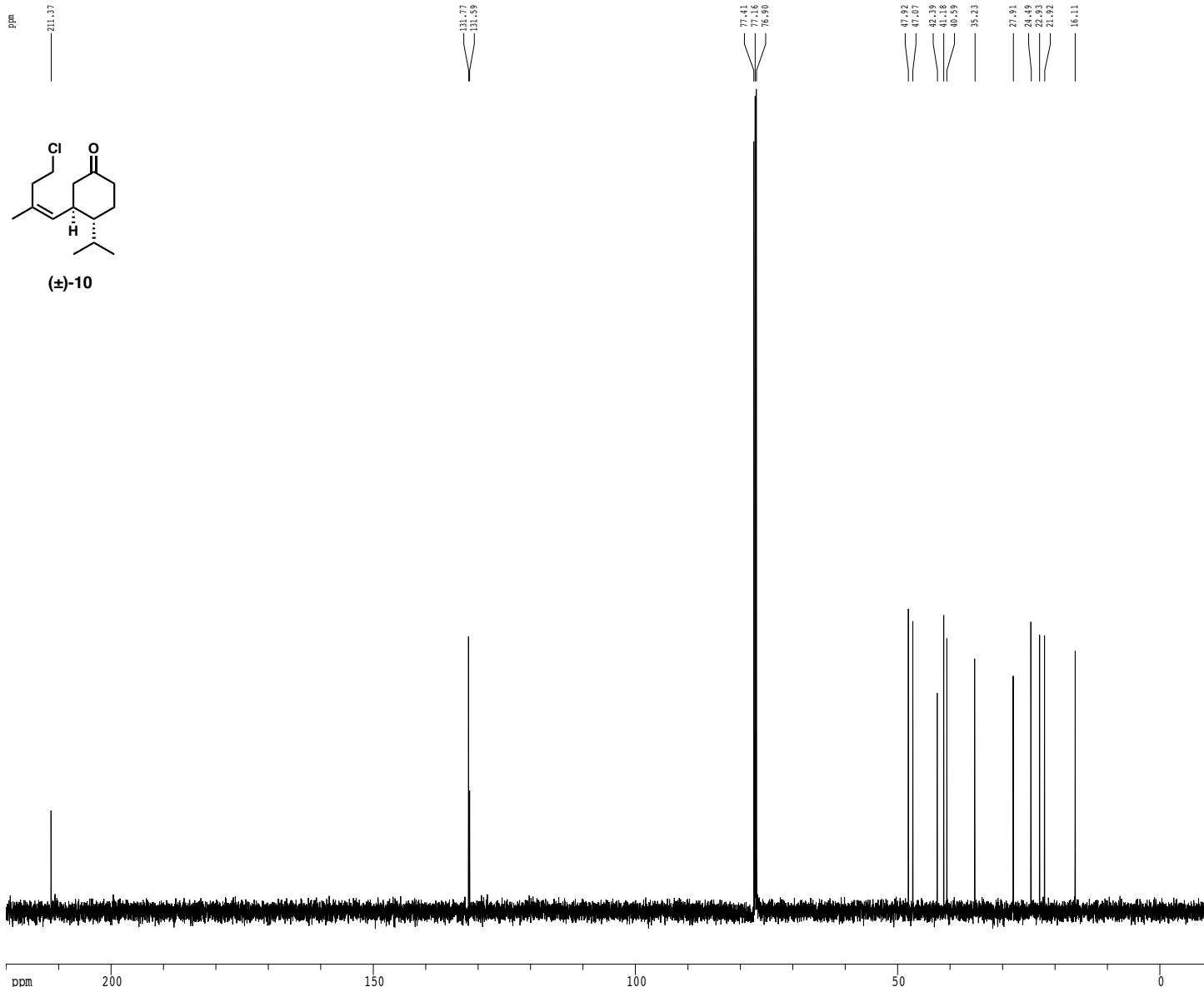


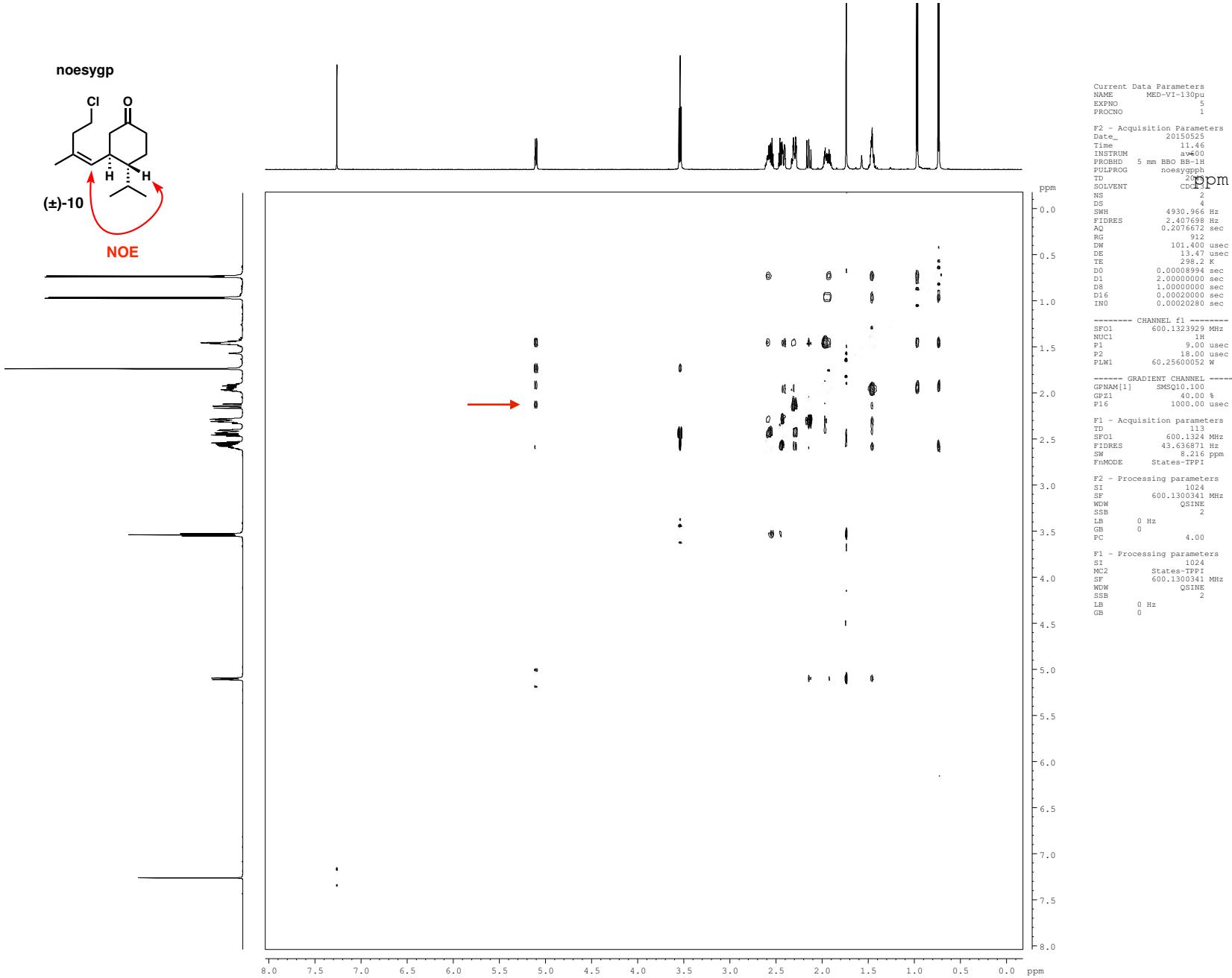
¹H spectrum



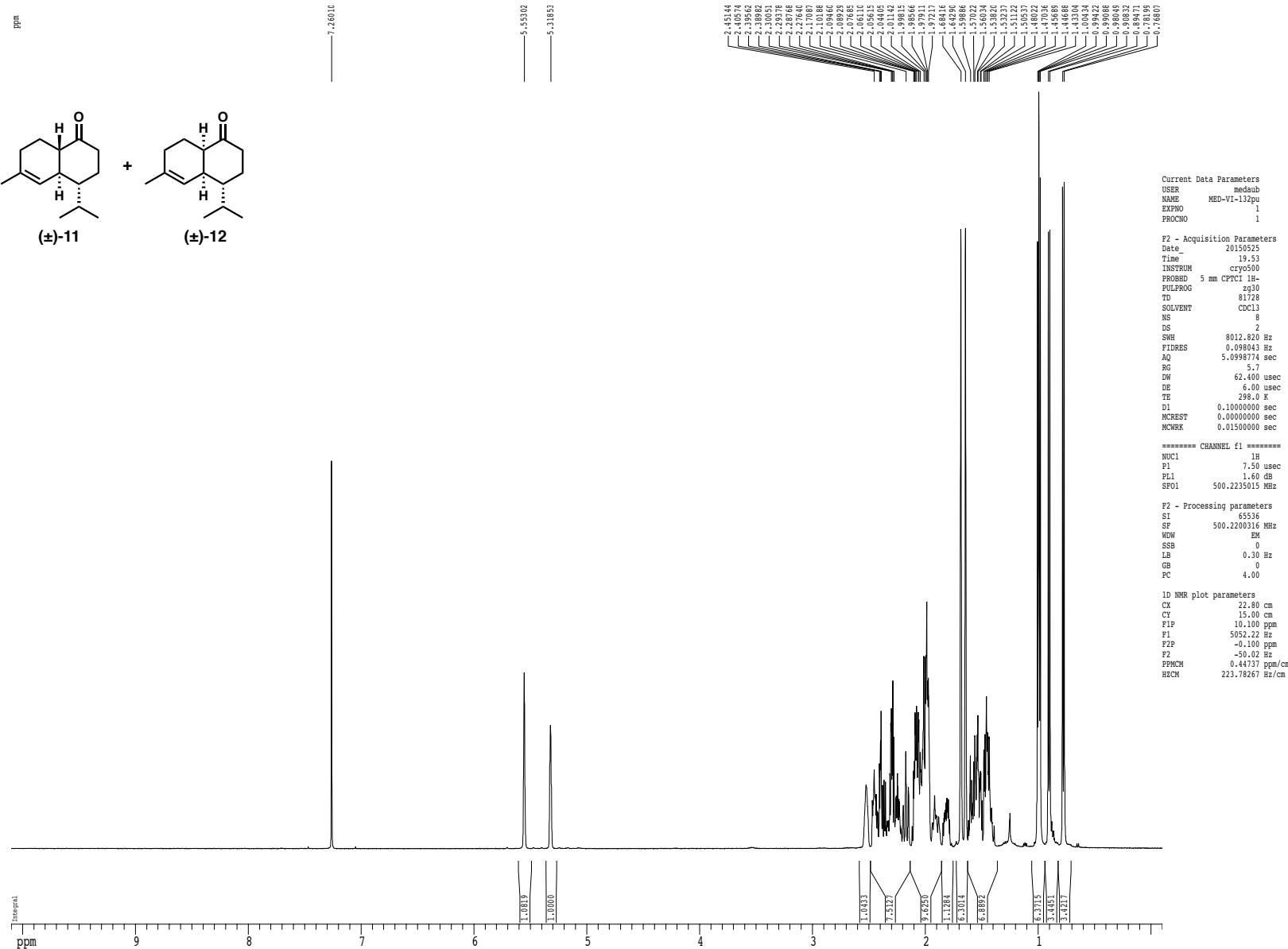
S54

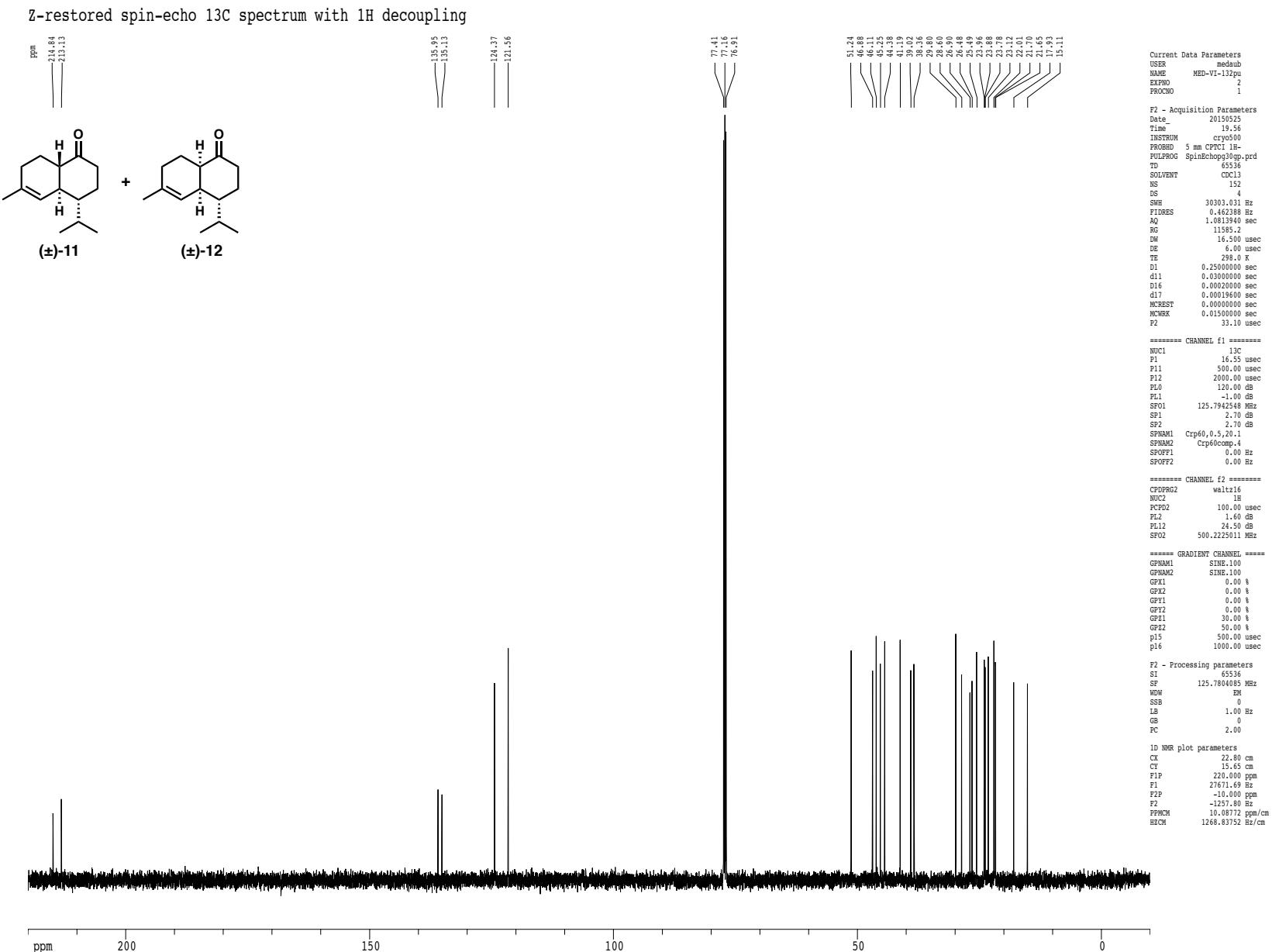
Z-restored spin-echo ^{13}C spectrum with ^1H decoupling



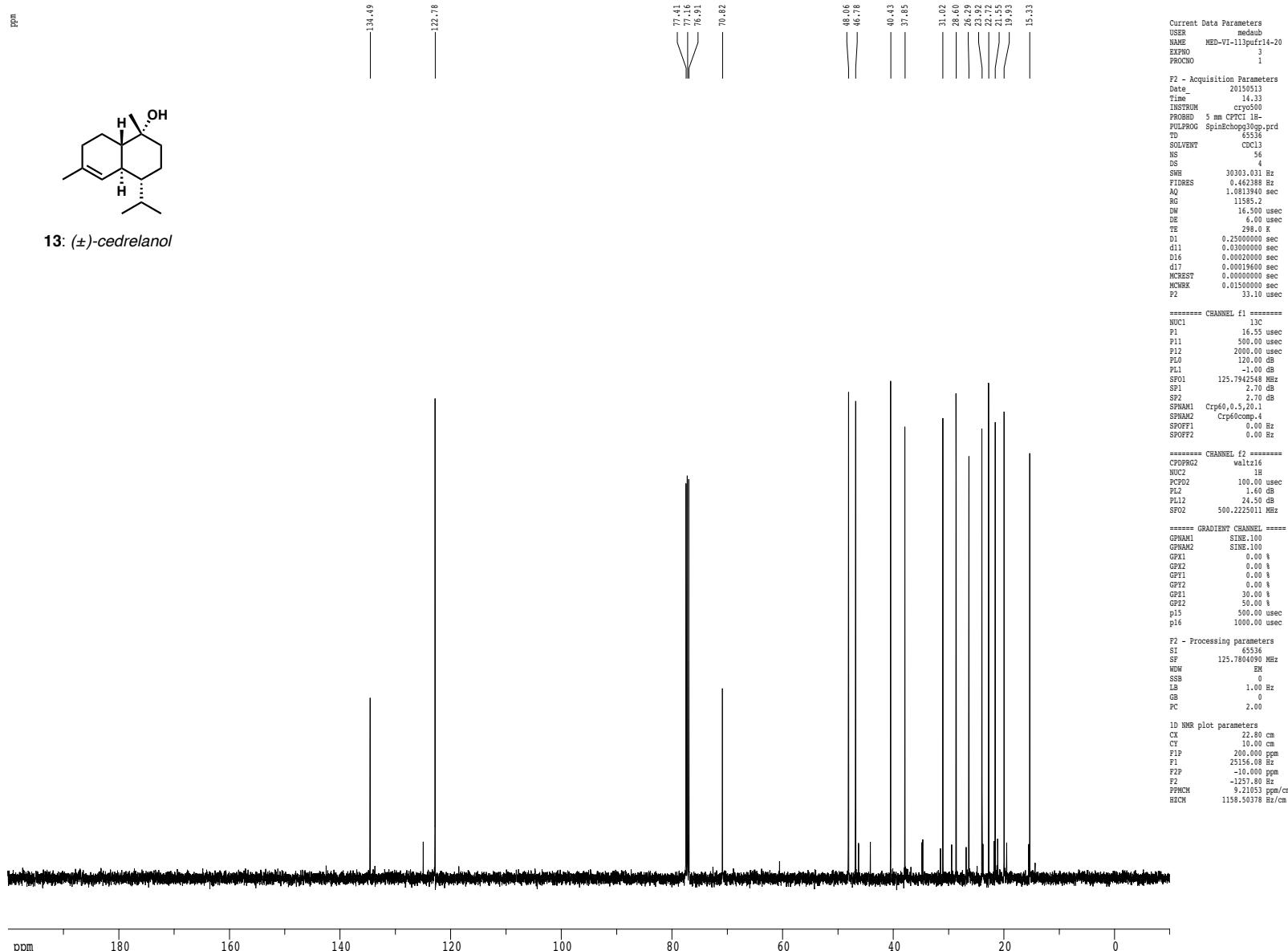


¹H spectrum

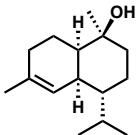




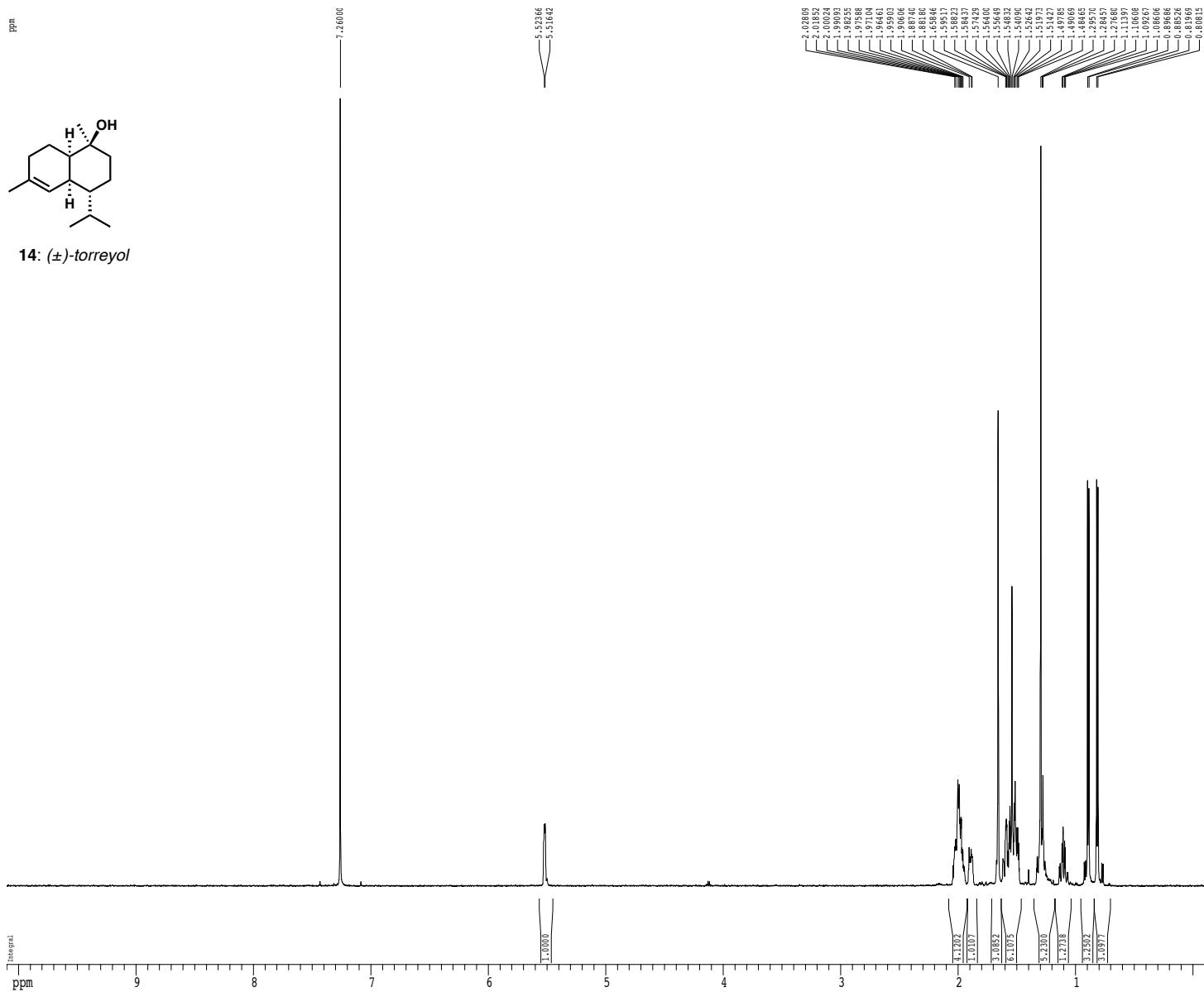
Z-restored spin-echo ^{13}C spectrum with ^1H decoupling



^1H spectrum



14: (\pm)-torreyol



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EVRNO 1

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RG        645
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T90

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P1 9.00 usec

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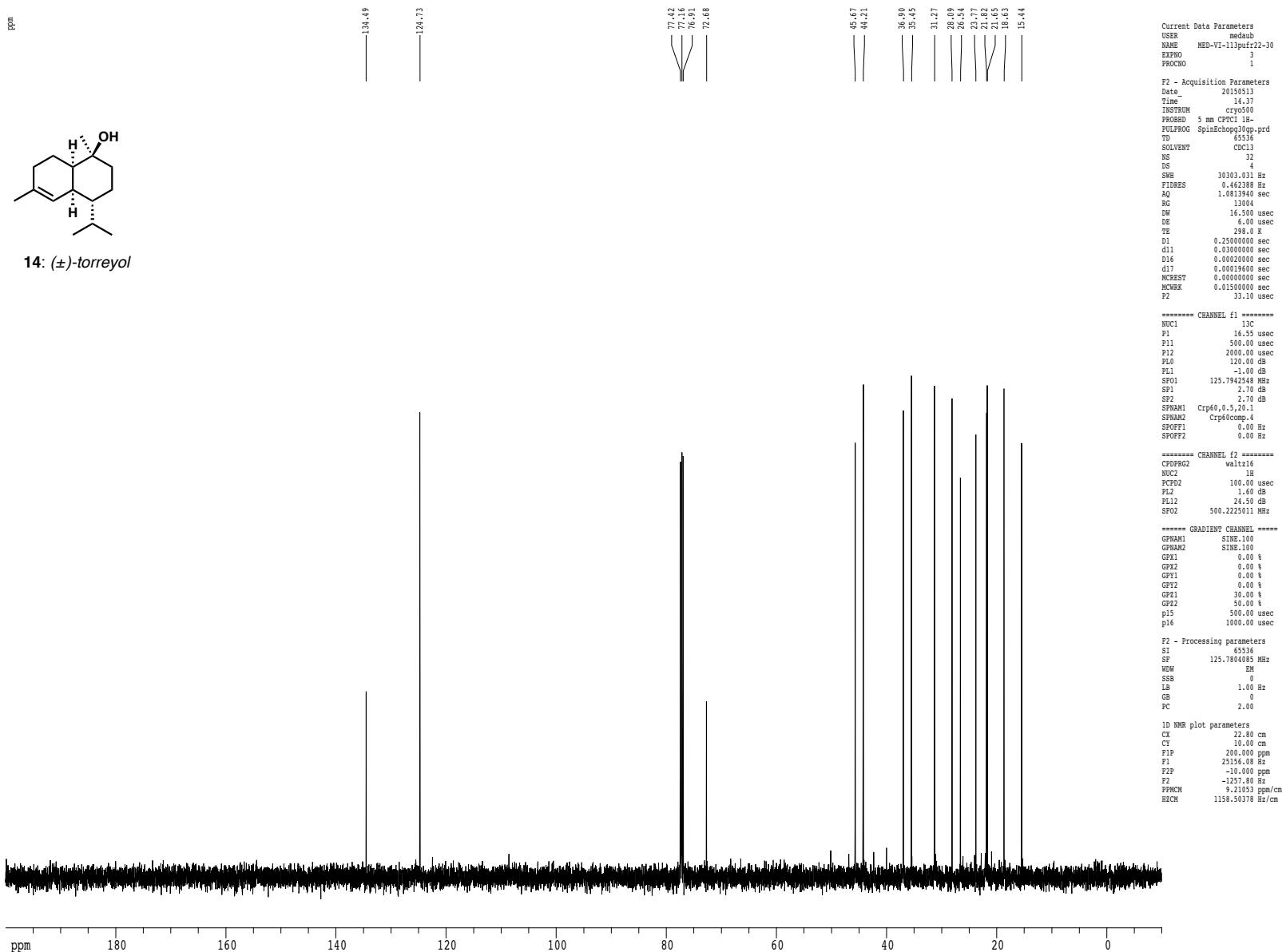
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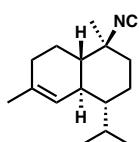
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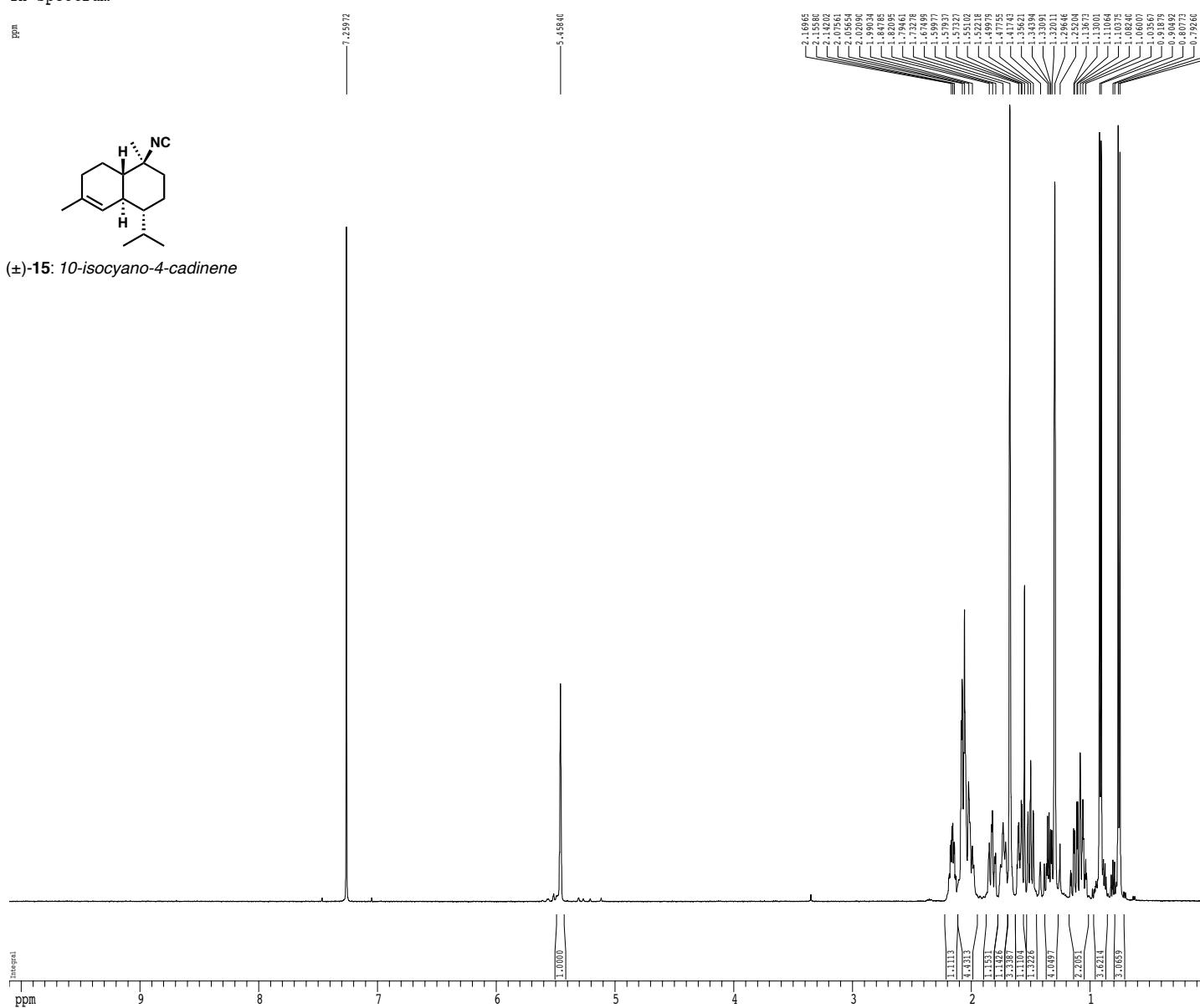
Z-restored spin-echo ^{13}C spectrum with ^1H decoupling



¹H spectrum



(±)-15: 10-isocyano-4-cadinene



Current Data Parameters
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EXPNO 2
PROCNO 1

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PL1 1.60 dB
SF01 500.2235015 MHz

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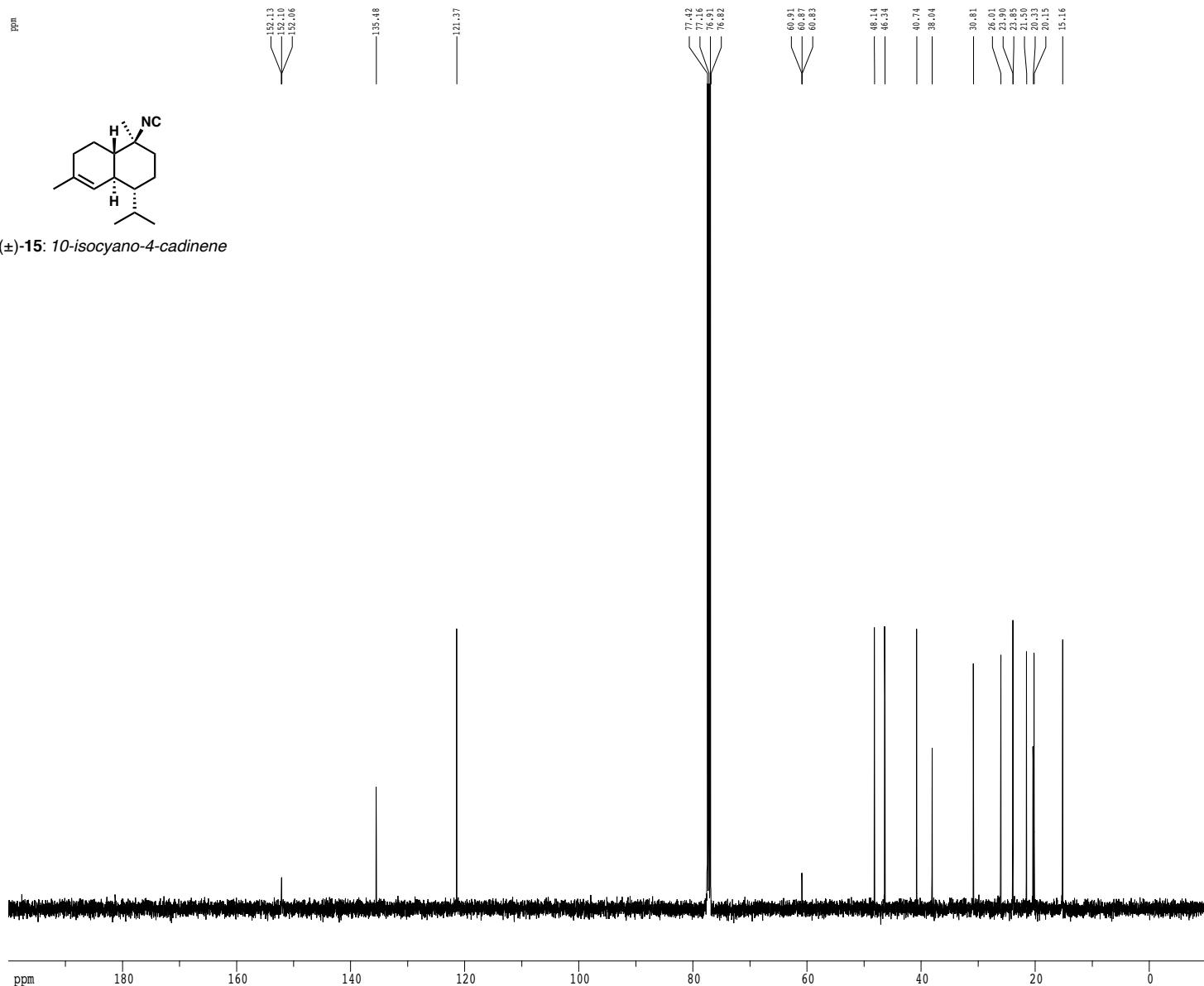
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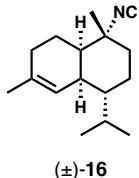
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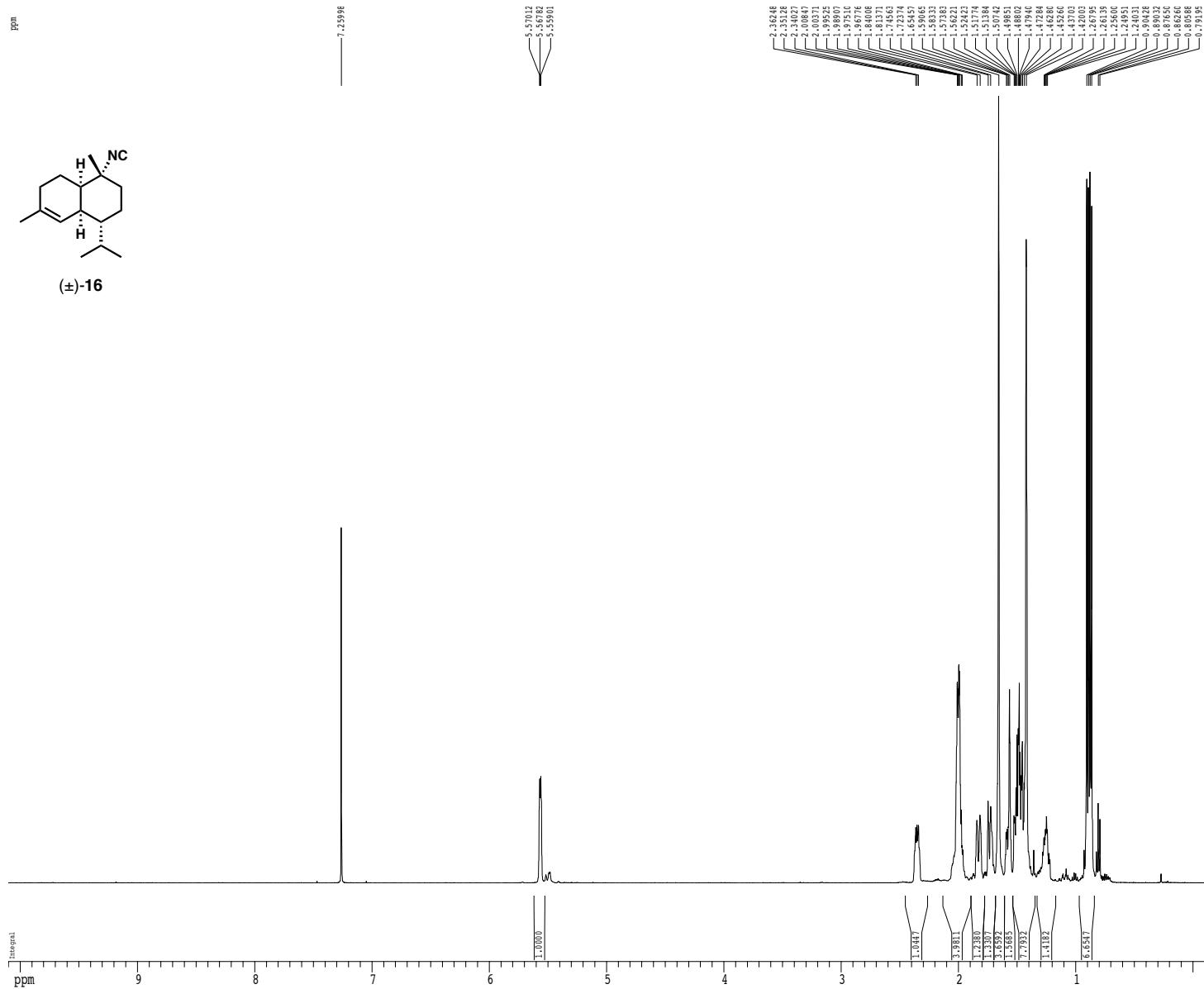
Z-restored spin-echo ^{13}C spectrum with ^1H decoupling



^1H spectrum



(±)-16



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AQ      5.098977 sec
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DE      6.00 usec
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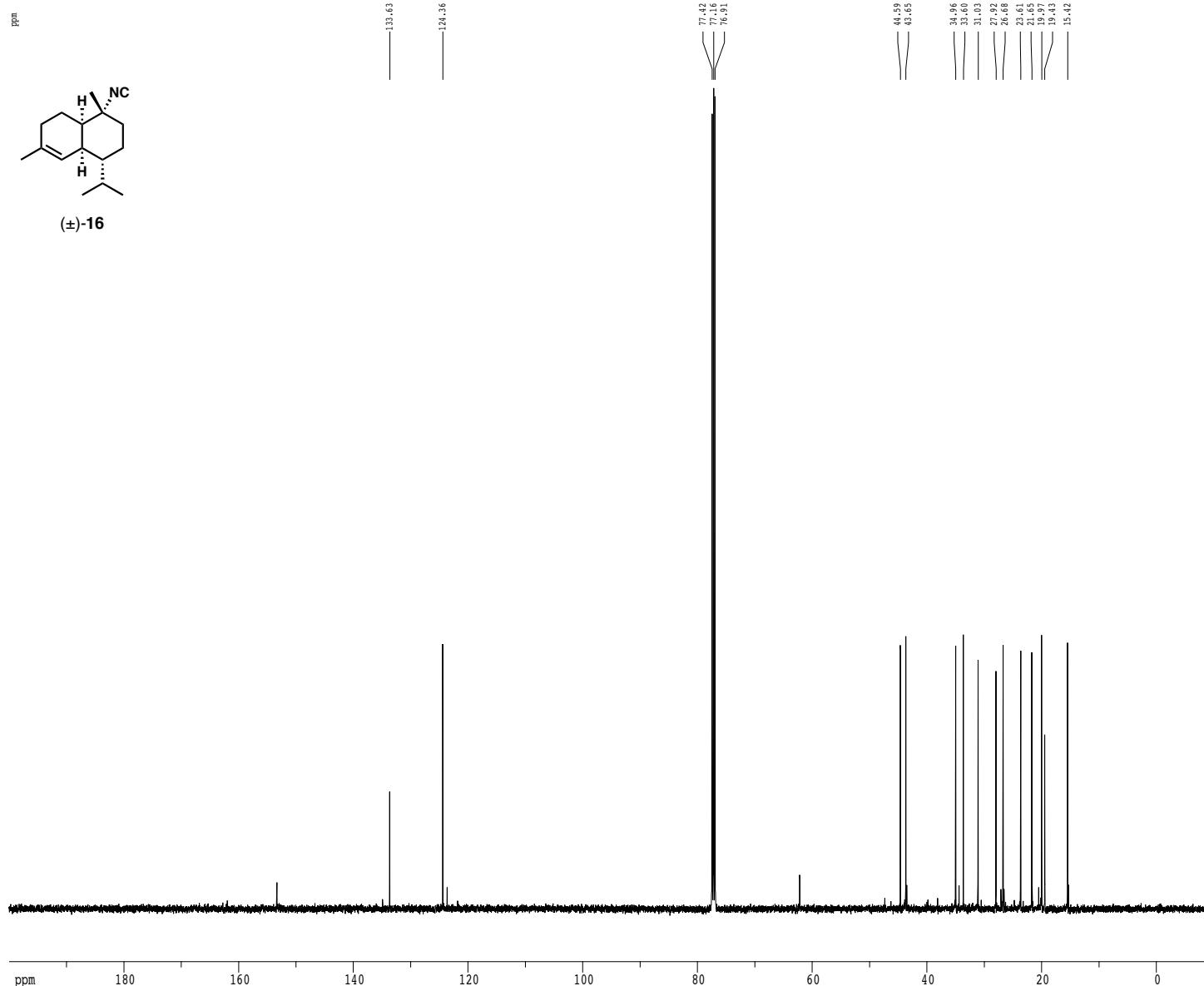
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PC      4.00

F2 - Processing parameters
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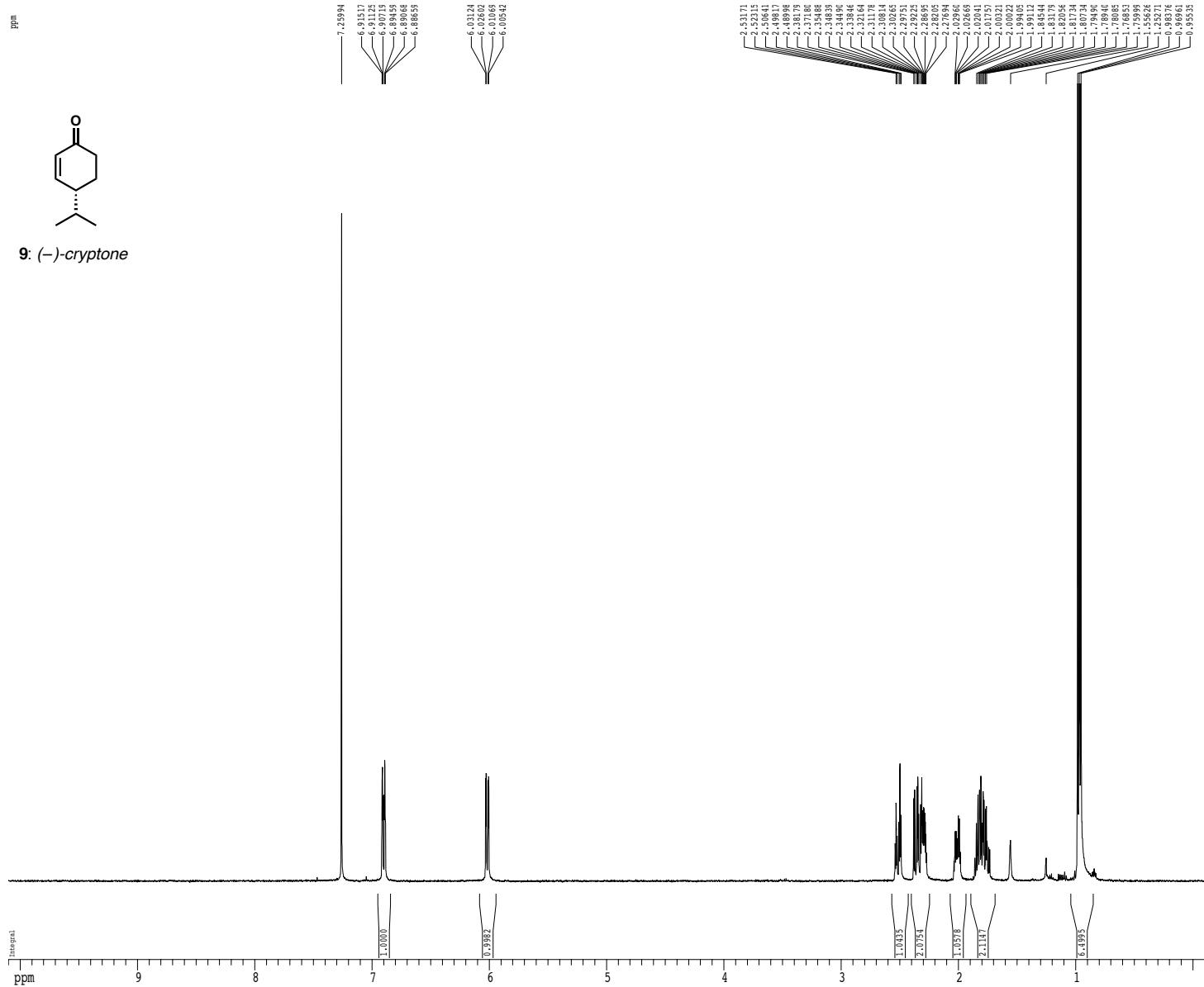
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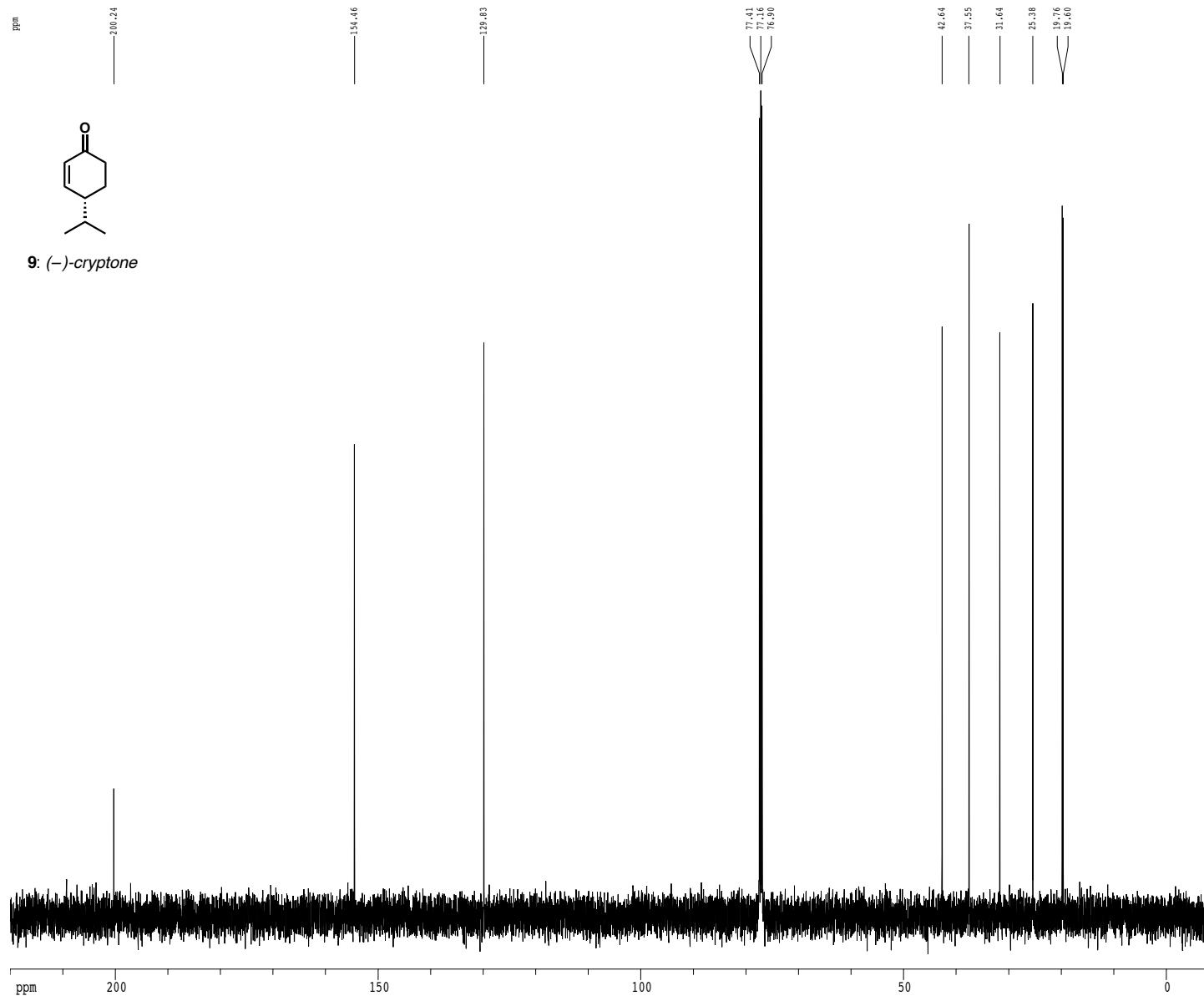
Z-restored spin-echo ^{13}C spectrum with ^1H decoupling



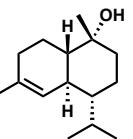
¹H spectrum



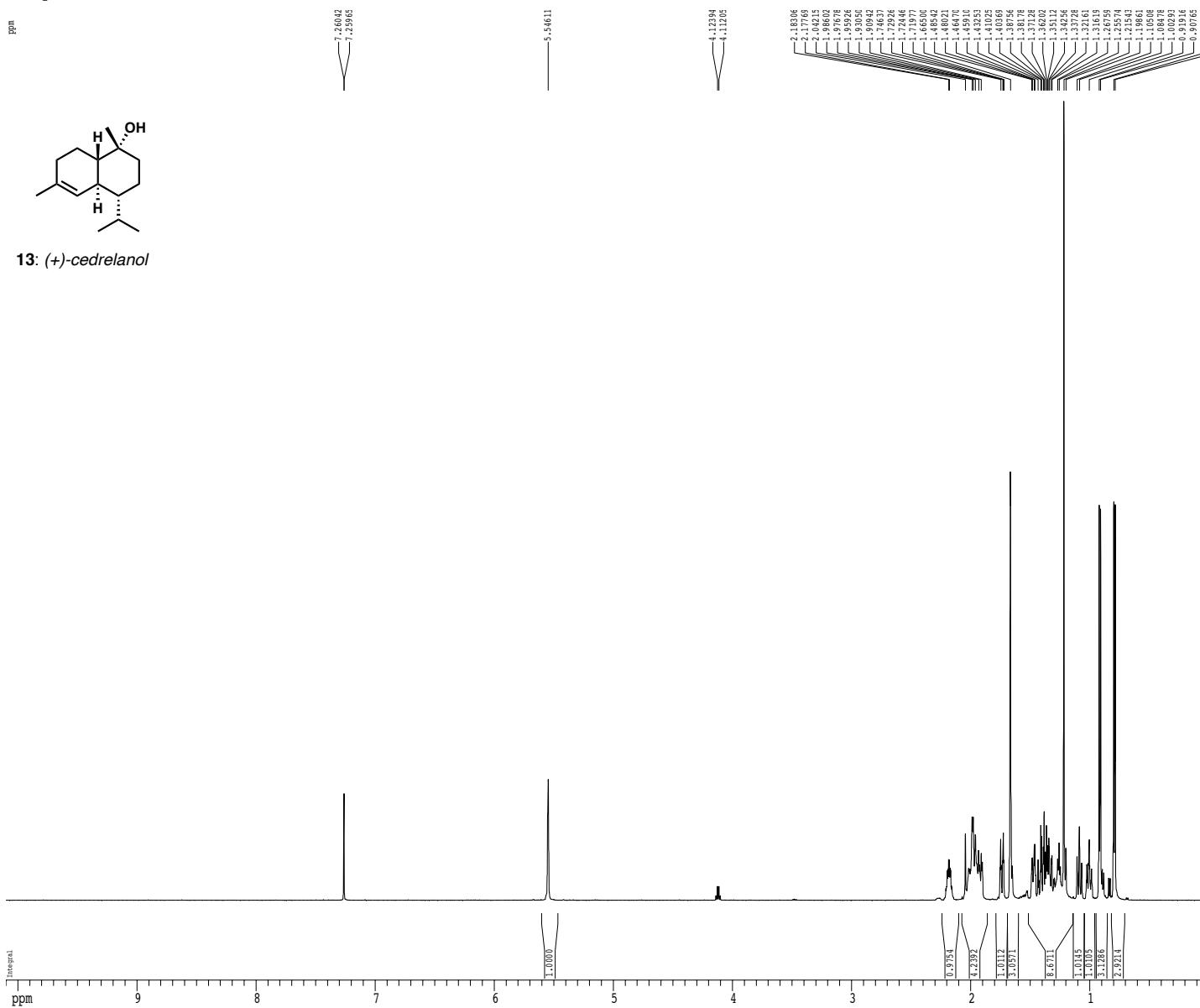
¹³C spectrum with ¹H decoupling



1H spectrum



13: (+)-cedrelanol



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AQ            5.0989879 sec
RG            203
DW            52.0000 used
DE            14.33 used
TE            294.7 K
D1           0.1000000 sec
D1n          0.1000000 sec

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===== CHANNEL f1 =====
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NUC1 1H
P1 9.00 us/00

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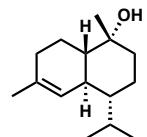
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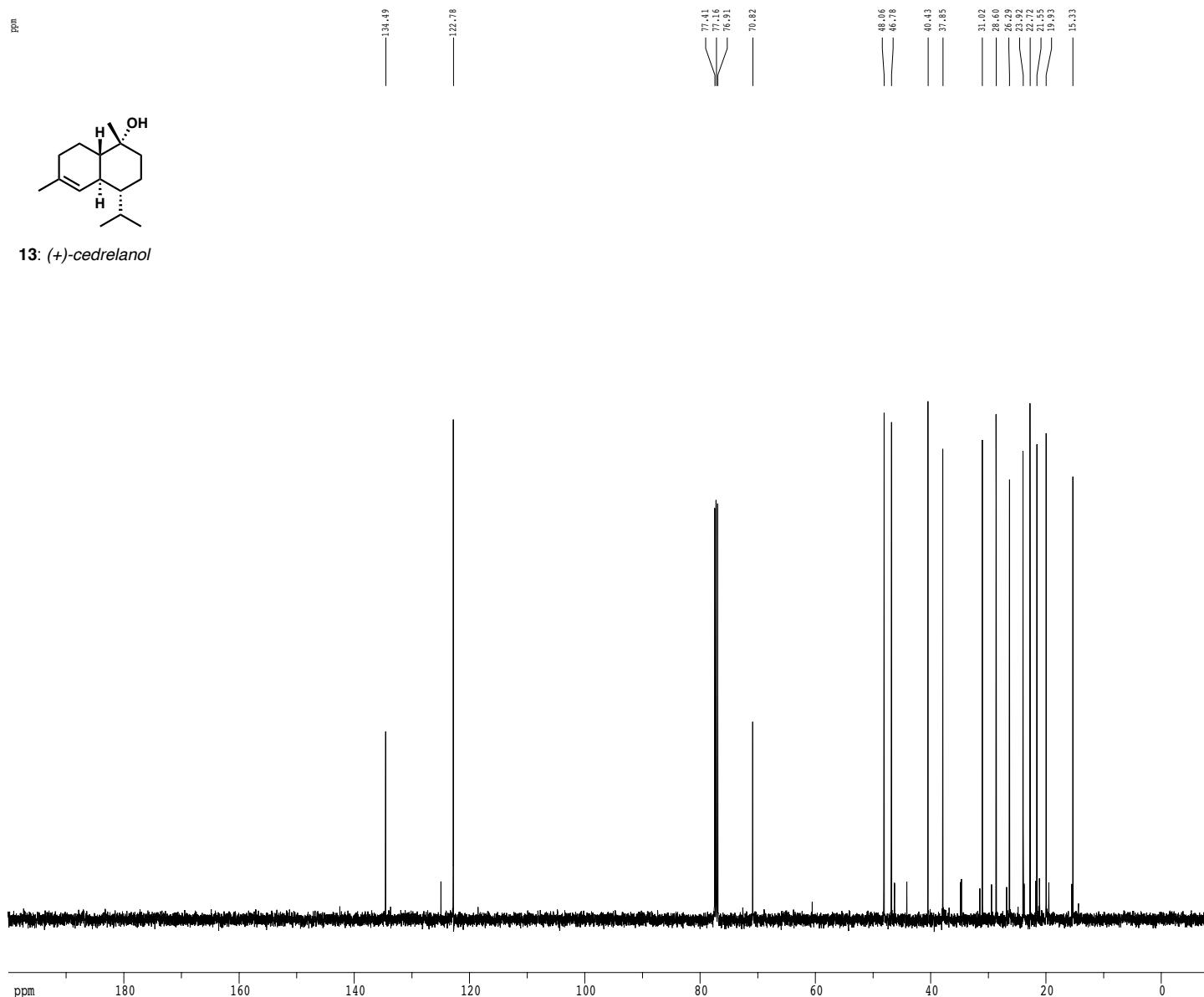
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F1P          10.100 ppm
F1           6061.31 Hz
F2P          -10.000 ppm
F2           -60.01 Hz
PPMCM        0.44737 ppm/cm-1
HZCM        268.47925 Hz/cm

```

Z-restored spin-echo ^{13}C spectrum with ^1H decoupling



13: (+)-cedrelanol



Current Data Parameters
USER medaub
NAME MED-VI-113pufr14-20
EXPNO 3
PROCNO 1

```

FZ - Acquisition Parameters
Data_          20150126
Time_          14.33
INSTRUM       cryo500
PROBHD       5 mm CPTC1 1H-
PULPROG      SpinEchoProg,prg
TD            65536
SOLVENT        CDCl3
NS             1
DS             4
SWH           30303.031 Hz
FIODRES     0.4462388 Hz
AQ            1.0813940 sec
RG            11855.2
DW            16.500 usec
DE            6.00 usec
TE            298.0 K
CPDPRGMM    0.2500000 sec
TDZ          10000000
D11          0.00020000 sec
D16          0.00020000 sec
D17          0.00019600 sec
MCREST      0.00000000 sec
MCNRK      0.01500000 sec
D1            33.10 usec

```

```
===== CHANNEL f1 =====
NUC1          13C
P1            16.55 usec
P11           500.00 usec
P12           2000.00 usec
PL0           120.00 dB
PL1           -1.00 dB
SPF01         125.794258 MHz
SP1            2.70 dB
SP2            2.70 dB
SPNAM1        Crp60_0,5,20,1
SPNAM2        Crp600comp.4
SPOFF1        0.00 Hz
SPOFF2        0.00 Hz
```

```
===== CHANNEL f2 ======  
CPDPRG2          waltz16  
NUC2              1H  
PCPD2            100.00 usec  
PL2               1.60 dB  
PL12              24.50 dB  
SF02             500.2225011 MHz
```

```
===== GRADIENT CHANNEL =====
GPNAME1      SINE.100
GPNAME2      SINE.100
GPX1         0.00 %
GPX2         0.00 %
GPY1         0.00 %
GPY2         0.00 %
GPZ1        30.00 %
GPZ2        50.00 %
p15          500.00 usec
r15          1000.00 usec
```

```

F2 - Processing parameters
SI           65536
SF          125.7804090 MHz
WDW          EM
SSB           0
LB           1.00 Hz
GB           0
NS          0.00

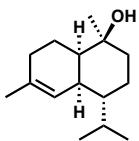
```

```

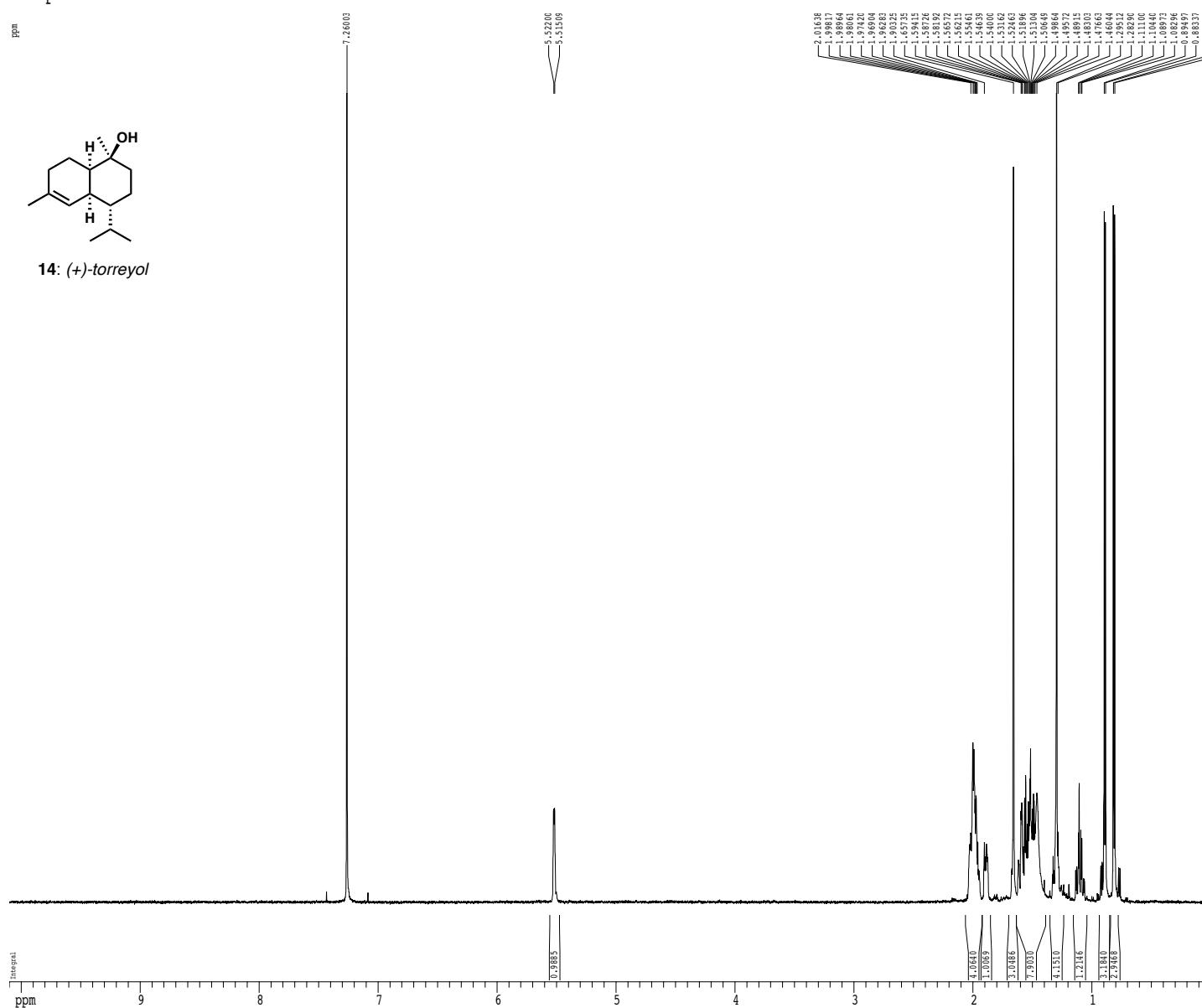
1D NMR plot parameters
CX           22.80 cm
CY           10.00 cm
F1P          200.000 ppm
F1           25156.08 Hz
F2P          -10.000 ppm
F2           -1257.80 Hz
PPMCM        9.21053 ppm/
HzCM        1158.50378 Hz/cm

```

^1H spectrum



14: (+)-torreyol



Current Data Parameters	
USER	medaub
NAME	MED-VI-191pufr30-44
EXPNO	1
PROCNO	1

F2 - Acquisition Parameters

```

Date_      20150720
Time_      18.15
INSTRUM_   av600
PROBHD_   5 mm BBO 8B-1H
PULPROG_  zg30
TD_        98074
SOLVENT_  CDCl3
NS_        8
DS_        2
SWH_       9615.385 Hz
FIDRES_   0.098040 usec
AQ_        5.0998979 sec
RG_        724
DW_        52.0000 usec
DE_        14.33 usec
TE_        294.6 K
D1_        0.1000000 sec
TDO_       1

```

===== CHANNEL f1 =====
SFO1 600.1342009 MHz
NUC1 1H
P1 9.00 usec

```

F2 - Processing parameters
SI      65536
SF      600.1300347 MHz
WDW      EM
SSB      0
LB      0.30 Hz
GB      0
PC      1.00

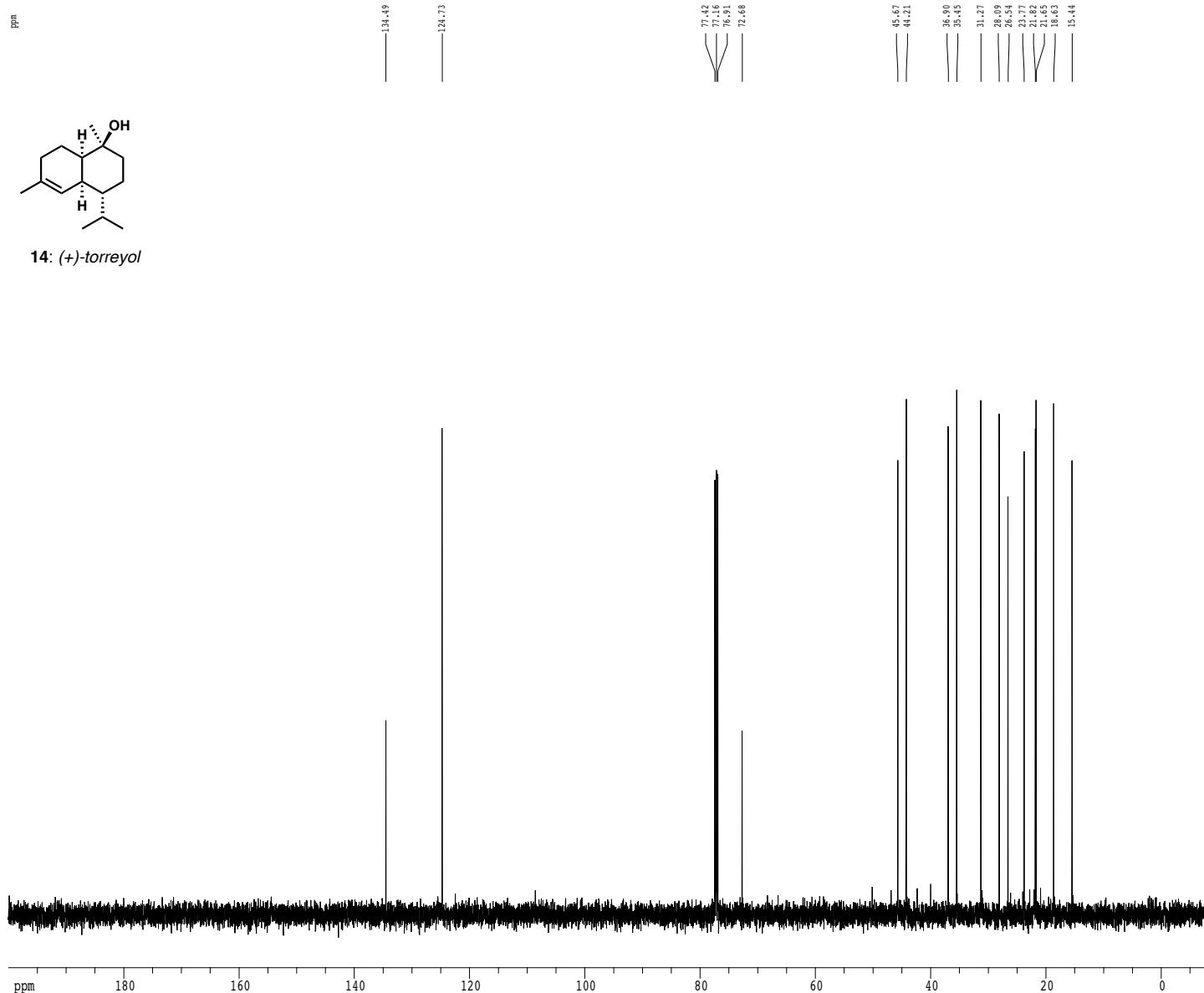
```

```

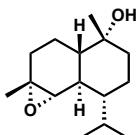
1D NMR plot parameters
CX           22.80 cm
CY           35.00 cm
F1P          10.100 ppm
F1           6061.31 Hz
F2P          -0.100 ppm
F2           -60.01 Hz
PPMCM        0.44737 ppm/cm
HZCM         268.47925 Hz/cm

```

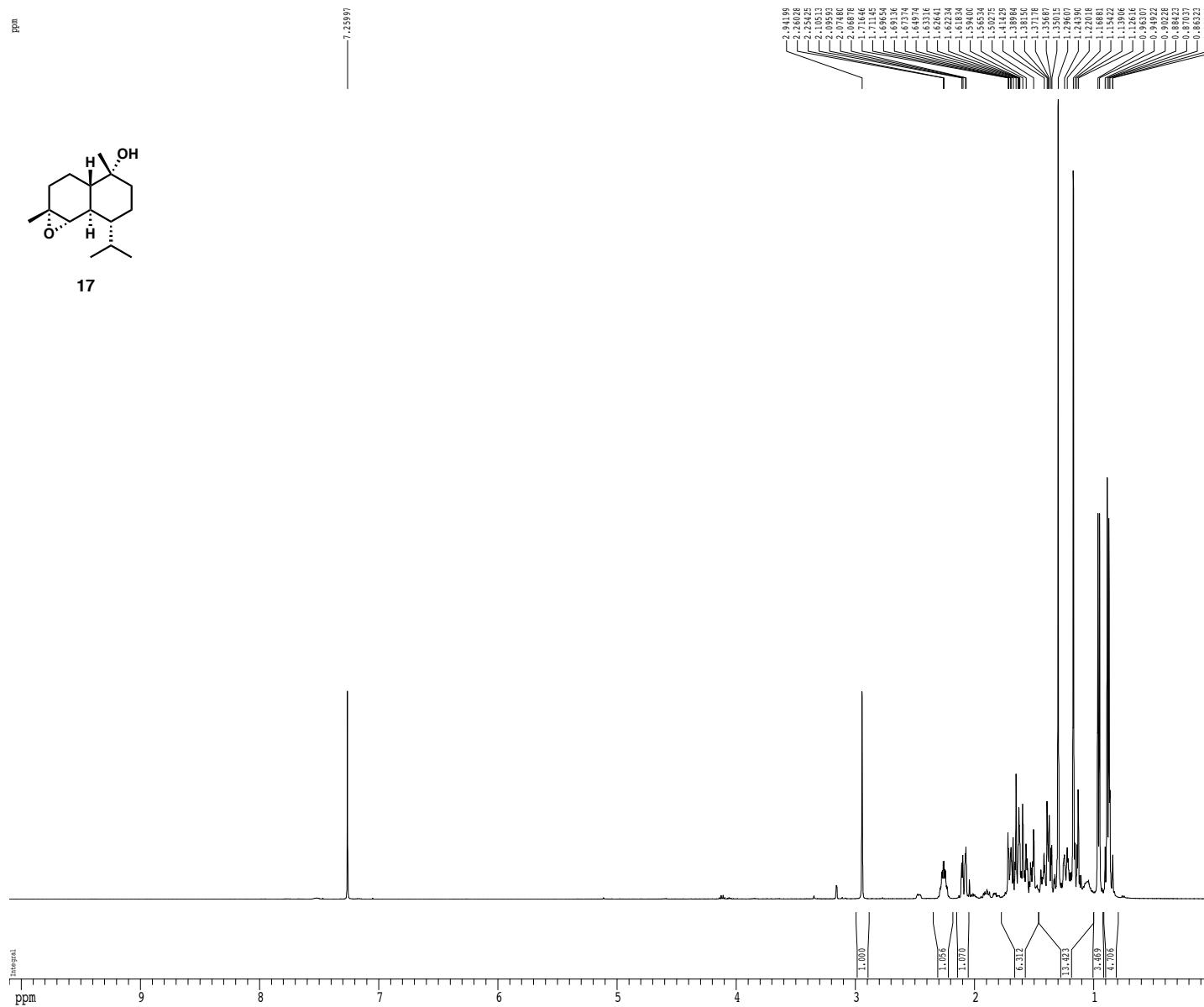
Z-restored spin-echo ^{13}C spectrum with ^1H decoupling



¹H spectrum

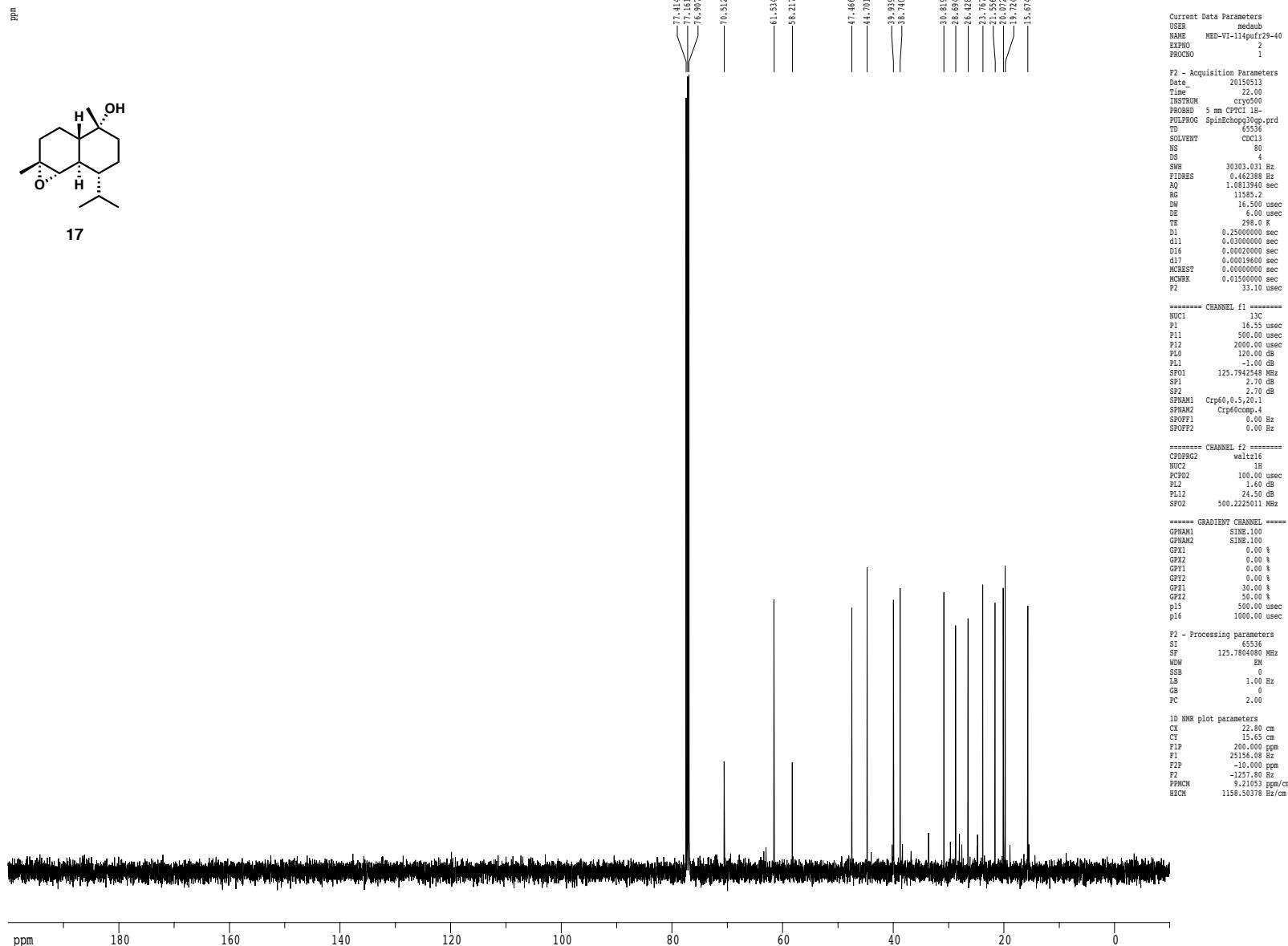


17



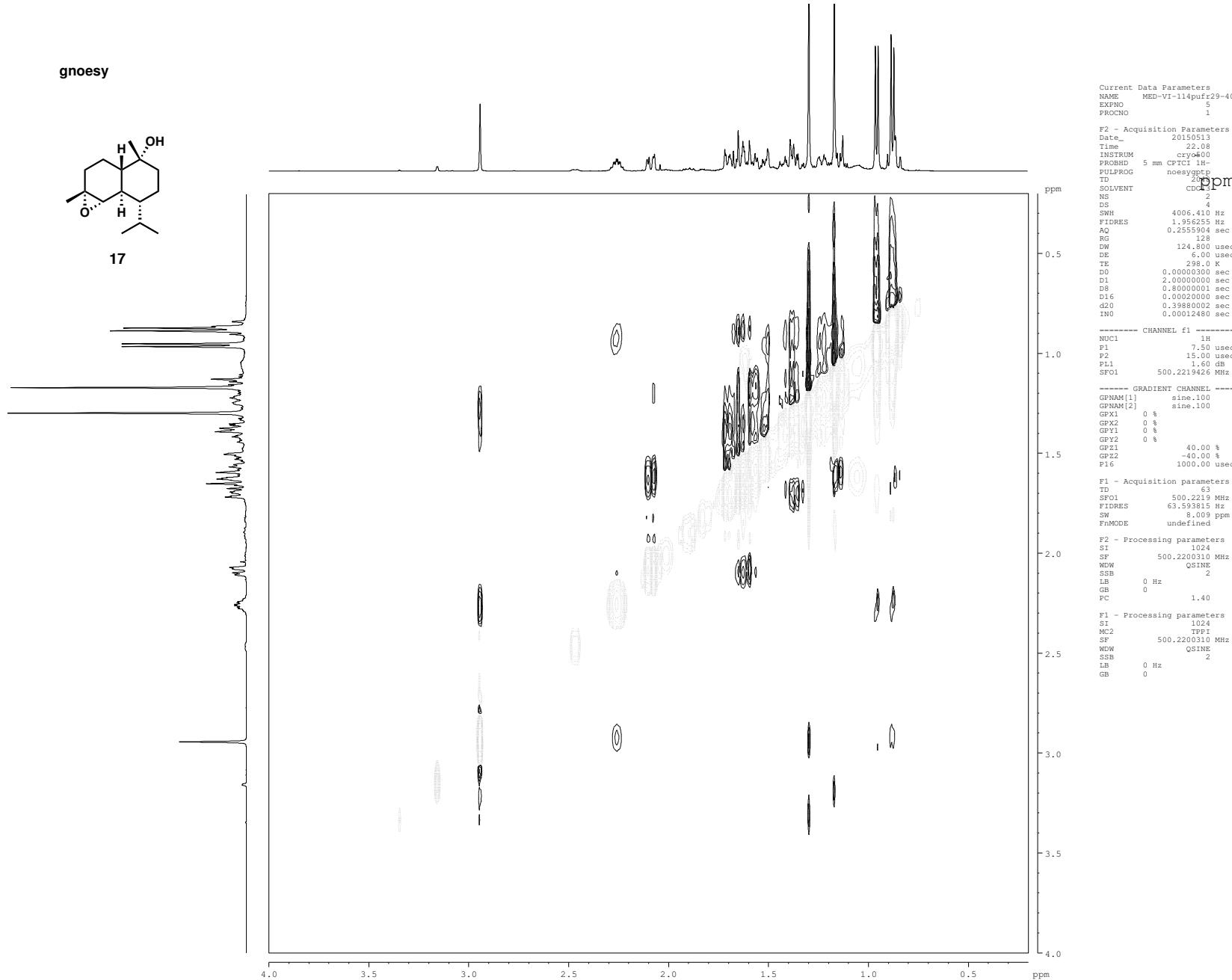
S73

Z-restored spin-echo ^{13}C spectrum with ^1H decoupling

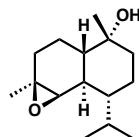


ppm 180 160 140 120 100 80 60 40 20 0

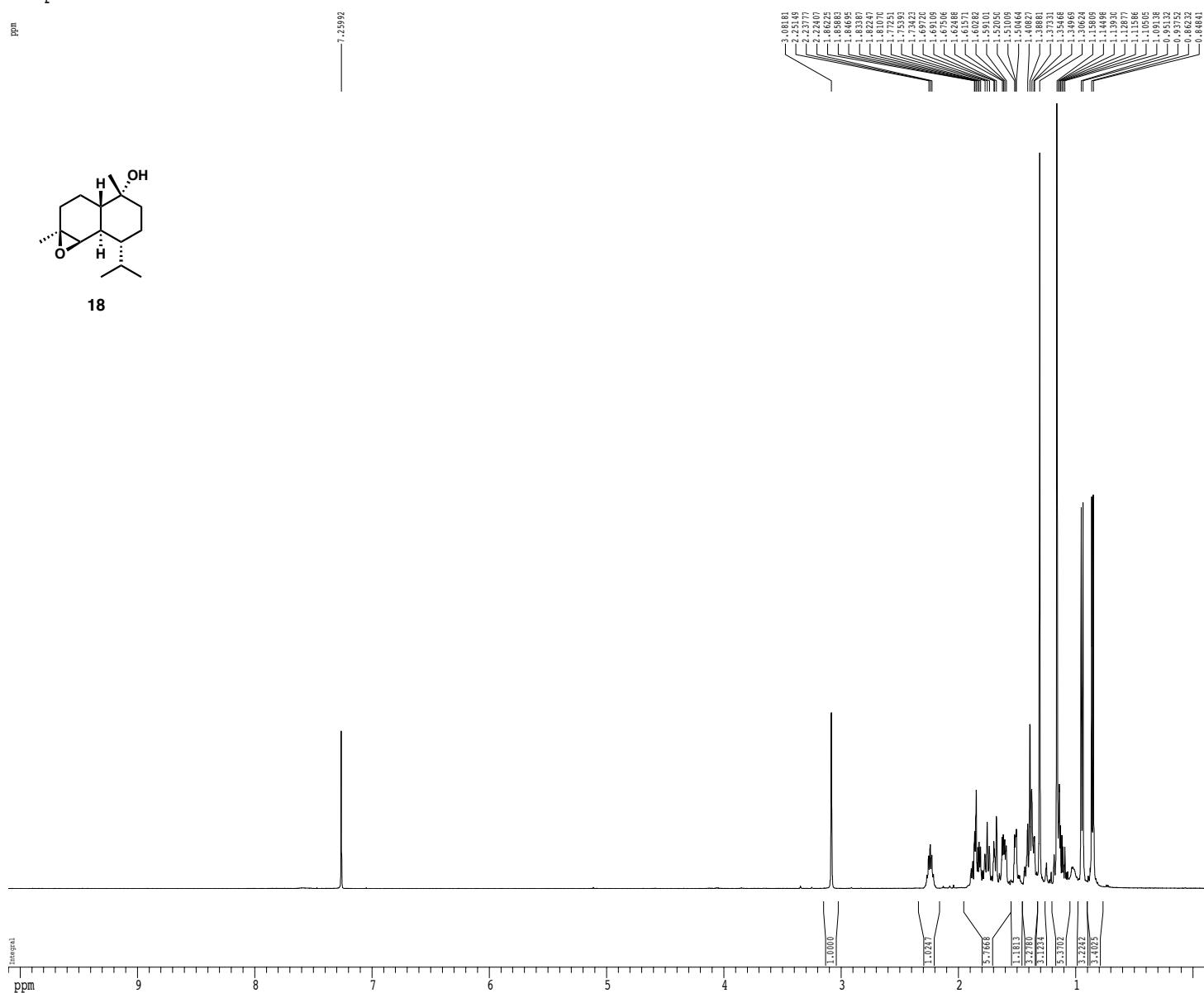
gnoesy



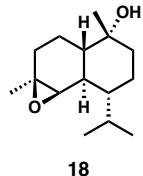
1H spectrum



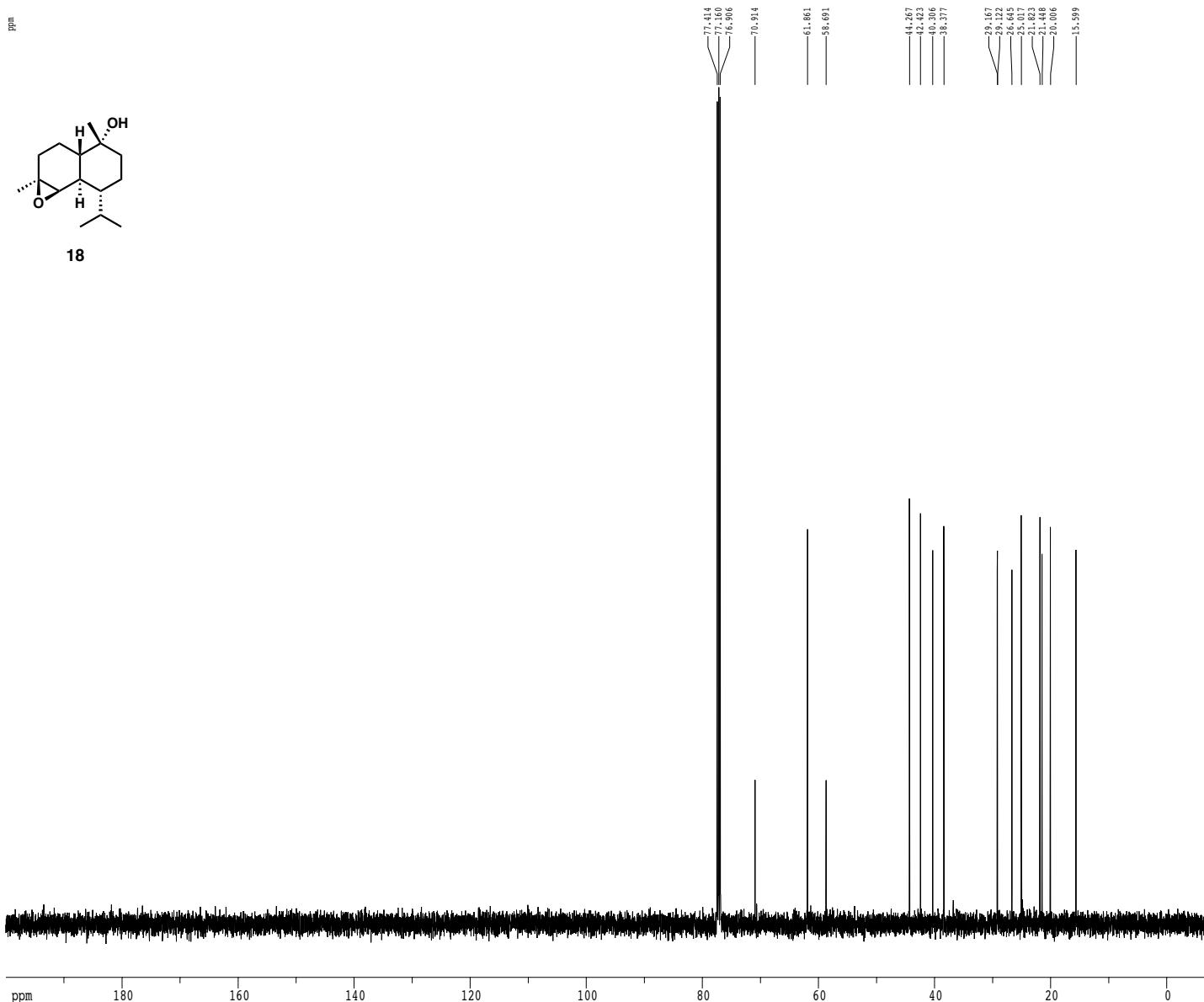
18



Z-restored spin-echo ^{13}C spectrum with ^1H decoupling



18



Current Data Parameters
USER medaub
NAME MED-VI-114pufr21-2
EXPNO 2
PROCNO 1

```

F2 - Acquisition Parameters
Date          20150513
Time          21.37
INSTRUM      cryo500
PROBHD      5 mm CPC1 1H-
PULPROG    SpinChopg30gp_r
TD           65536
SOLVENT      CDCl3
NS            88
DS             4
SWH         3003.03 Hz
ETIMES       0.462388 sec
AQ           1.0813840 sec
RG           13004
DW           16,500 usec
DE            6.00 usec
TE           298.0
D1        0.2500000 sec
d11       0.0300000 sec
D16       0.0002000 sec
MC1EST     0.0000000 sec
MCWRF      0.0150000 sec

```

```
===== CHANNEL f1 =====
NUC1          13C
P1            16.55 usec
P11           500.00 usec
P12           2000.00 usec
PL0           120.00 dB
PL1           -1.00 dB
SF01          125.7942548 MHz
SP1            2.70 dB
SP2            2.70 dB
SPNAM1        Crp60,5.0,20,1
SPNAM2        Crp60comp,4
SPOFF1        0.00 Hz
SPOFF2        0.00 Hz
```

```
===== CHANNEL f2 =====
CPDPRG2          waltz16
NUC2              1H
PCPD2            100.00 usec
PL2               1.60 dB
PL12              24.50 dB
SEF02             500.2225011 MHz
```

```

===== GRADIENT CHANNEL =====
GPNAM1      SINE.100
GPNAM2      SINE.100
GPX1        0.00   %
GPX2        0.00   %
GPY1        0.00   %
GPY2        0.00   %
GPZ1        30.00   %
GPZ2        50.00   %
p15        500.00 USE
p16        1000.00 USE

```

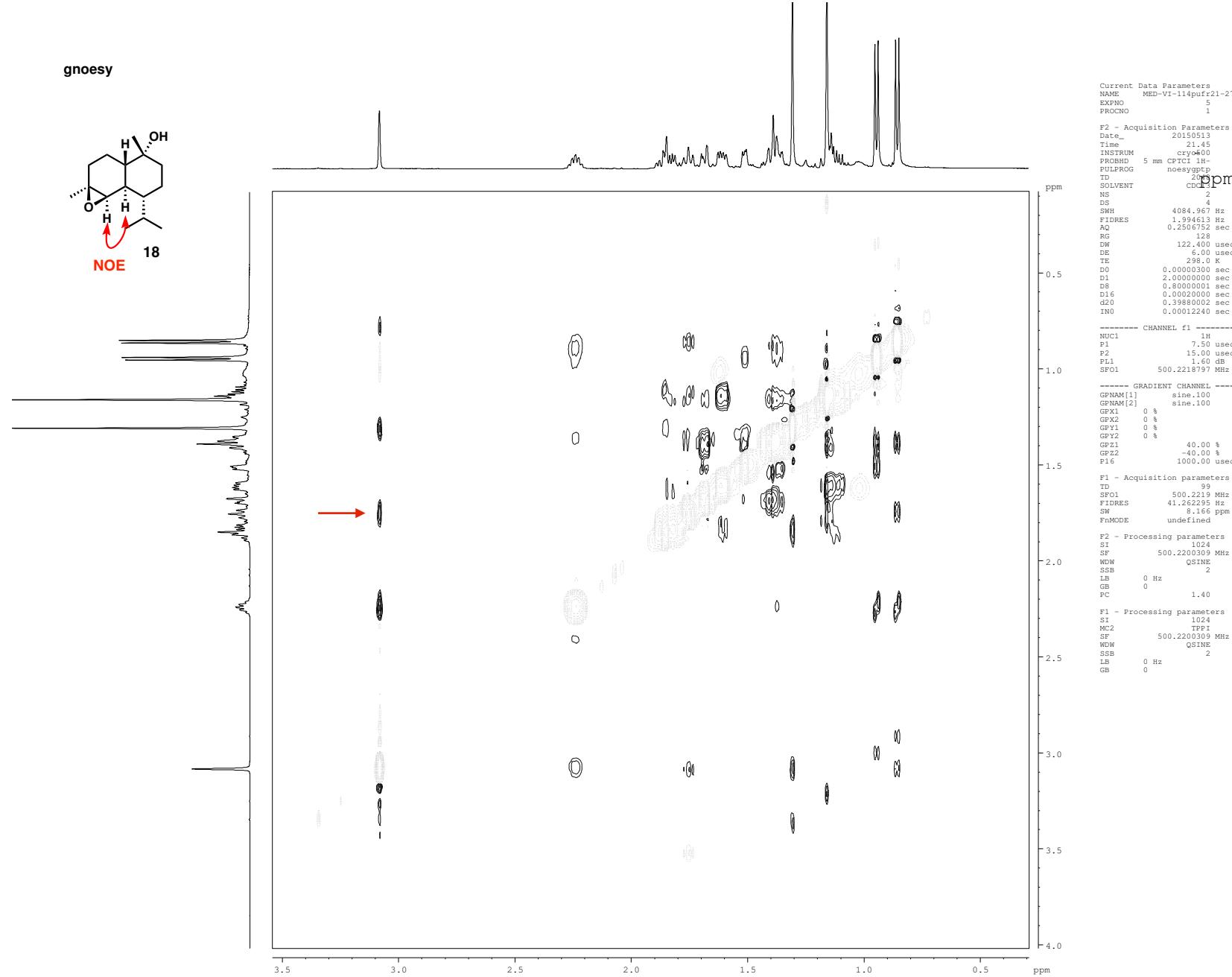
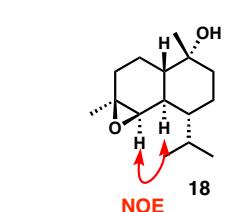
F2 - Processing parameters
SI 65536
SF 125.7804080 MHz
WDW EM
SSB 0
LB 1.00 Hz
GB 0
PC 2.00

```

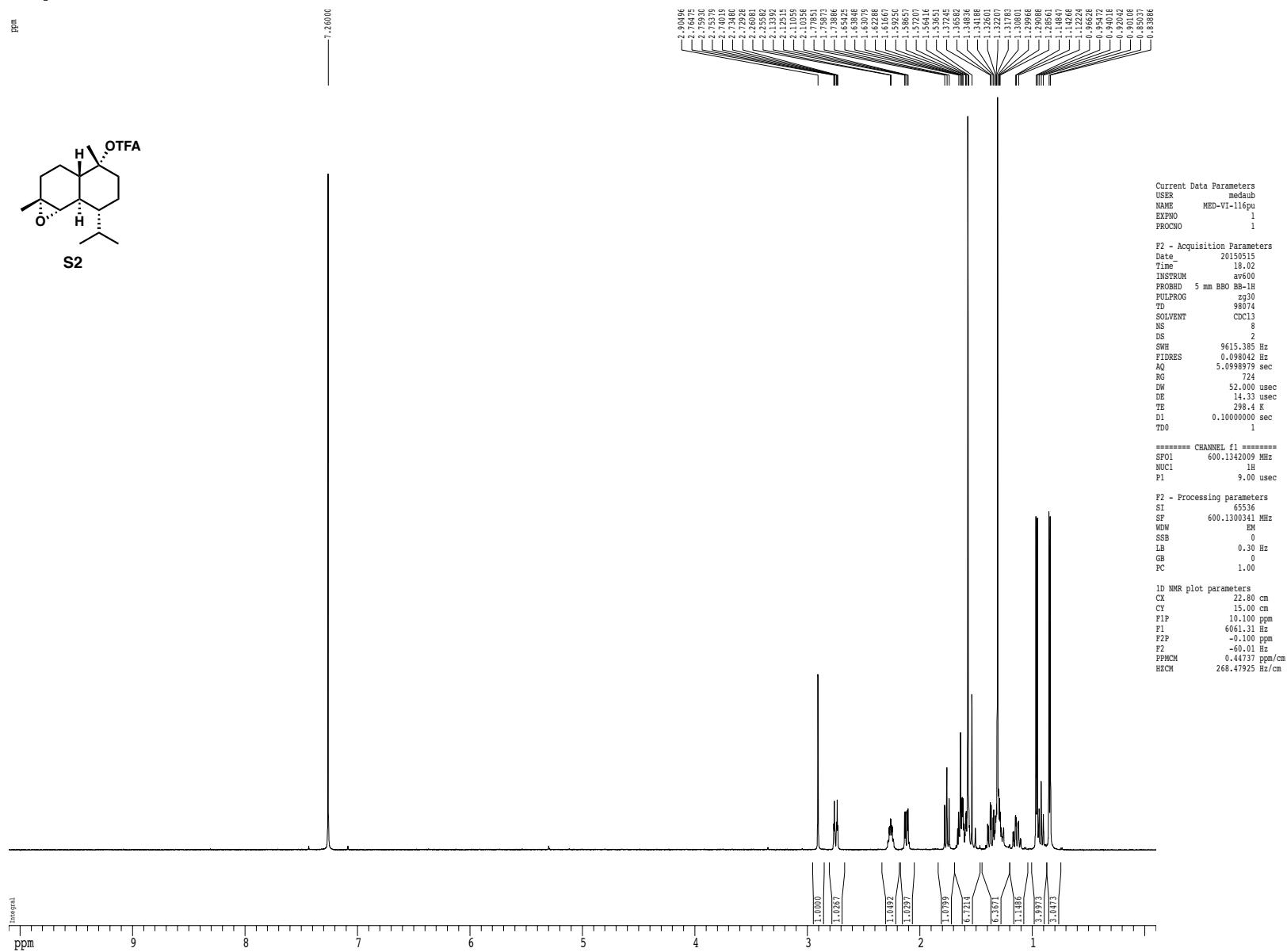
1D NMR plot parameters
CX           22.80 cm
CY           15.65 cm
F1P          200.000 ppm
F1           25156.08 Hz
F2P          -10.000 ppm
F2           -1257.80 Hz
PPMCM        9.21053 ppm
HZCM         1158.50378 Hz

```

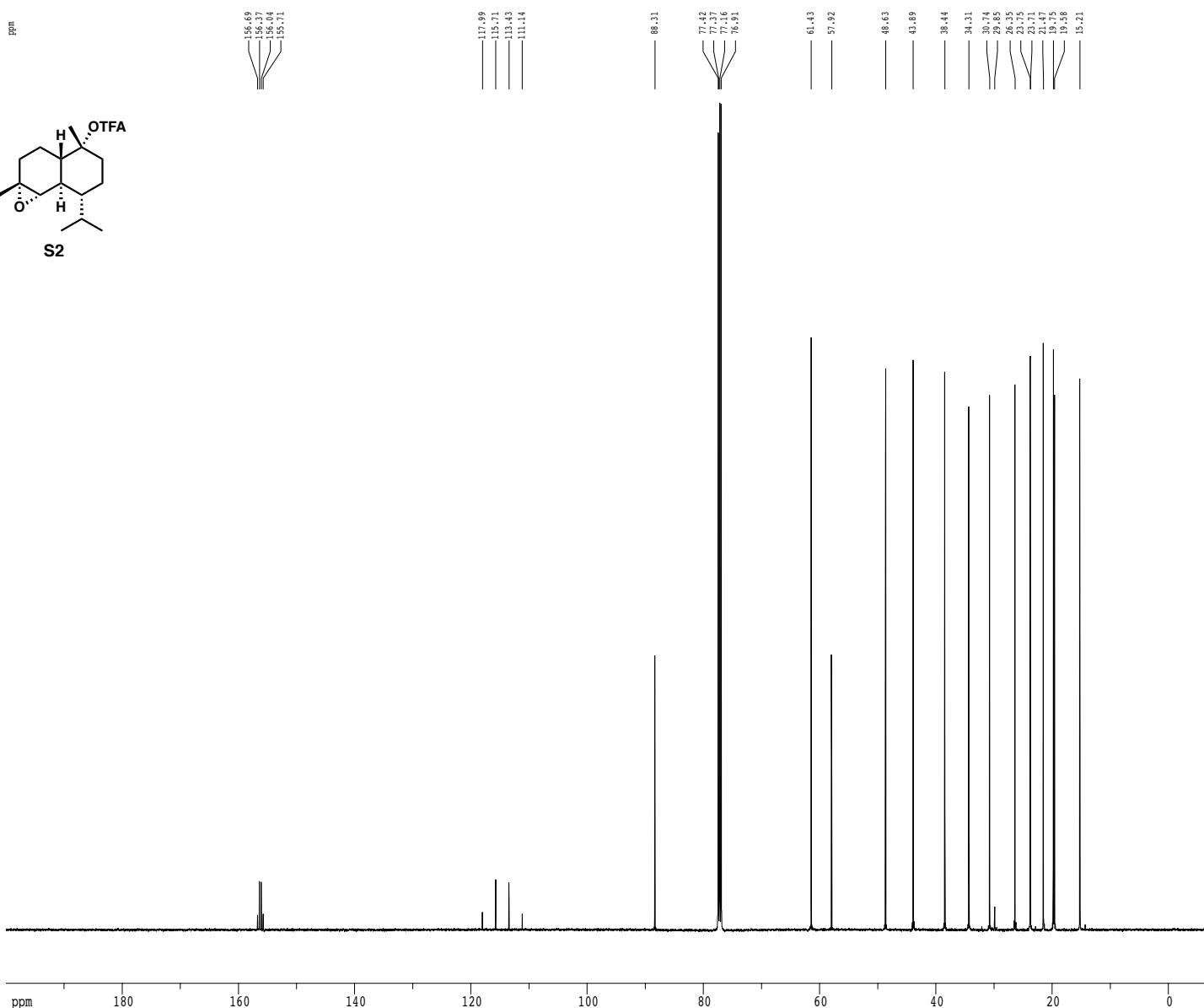
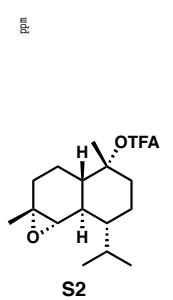
gnoesy



¹H spectrum



Z-restored spin-echo ^{13}C spectrum with ^1H decoupling



Current Data Parameters
USER medaub
NAME MED-VI-116pu
EXPNO 3
PROCNO 1

```

F2 - Acquisition Parameter
Date_          2015015
Time_          21.59
INSTRUM       cryo500
PROBHD        5 mm CPC11H
FULPROG      SpinEchborg30gp.prg
TD            65536
SOLVENT       D5CL13
TE            120.54
DS            4
SNR           30303.03 Hz
FIDRES       0.462388 Hz
AQ            1.081934 sec
RG            13004
DW            16.500 us
DE            6.4 us
TF            1000.000 ms
D1            1.5000000 sec
d11           0.0300000 sec
D16           0.0020000 sec
d17           0.0001960 sec
NCREST        0.0000000 sec
NCRW         0.0150000 sec
P2            31.000 us

```

```
===== CHANNEL f1 =====
NUC1          13C
P1           15.50 use
P11          500.00 use
P12          2000.00 use
PL0          120.00 dB
PL1          -1.00 dB
SF01         125.7942548 MHz
SP1           3.20 dB
SP2           3.20 dB
SPNAM1       Crp60,0.5,20.1
SPNAM2       Crp60ccomp.4
SPOFF1        0.00 Hz
SPOFF2        0.00 Hz
```

```
===== CHANNEL f2 =====
CPDPRG2          waltz16
NUC2              1H
PCPD2            100.00 usec
PL2               1.60 dB
PL12              24.60 dB
SF02             500.2225011 MHZ
```

```

===== GRADIENT CHANNEL =====
GPNAME1      SINE.100
GPNAME2      SINE.100
GPX1         0.00 %
GPX2         0.00 %
GPy1         0.00 %
GPy2         0.00 %
GPZ1         30.00 %
GPZ2         50.00 %
p15          500.00 US
p16          1000.00 US

```

```

F2 - Processing parameters
SI      65536
SF      125.7804076 MHz
WDW      EM
SSB      0
LB      1.00 Hz
GB      0
PS      0.00

```

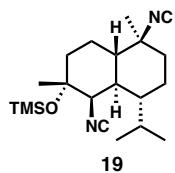
```

1D NMR plot parameters
CX           22.80 cm
CY           15.65 cm
F1P          200.000 ppm
F1           25156.08 Hz
F2P          -10.000 ppm
F2           -1257.80 Hz
PPMCM        9.21053 ppm
HZCM        1158.50378 Hz/cm

```

¹H spectrum

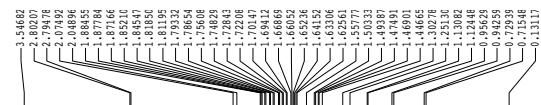
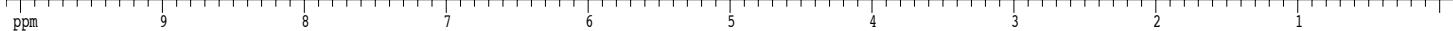
ppm



19

Integral

7.26003



Current Data Parameters
USER medlab
NAME MED-VI-285p21r8-14
EXPNO 1
PROCNO 1

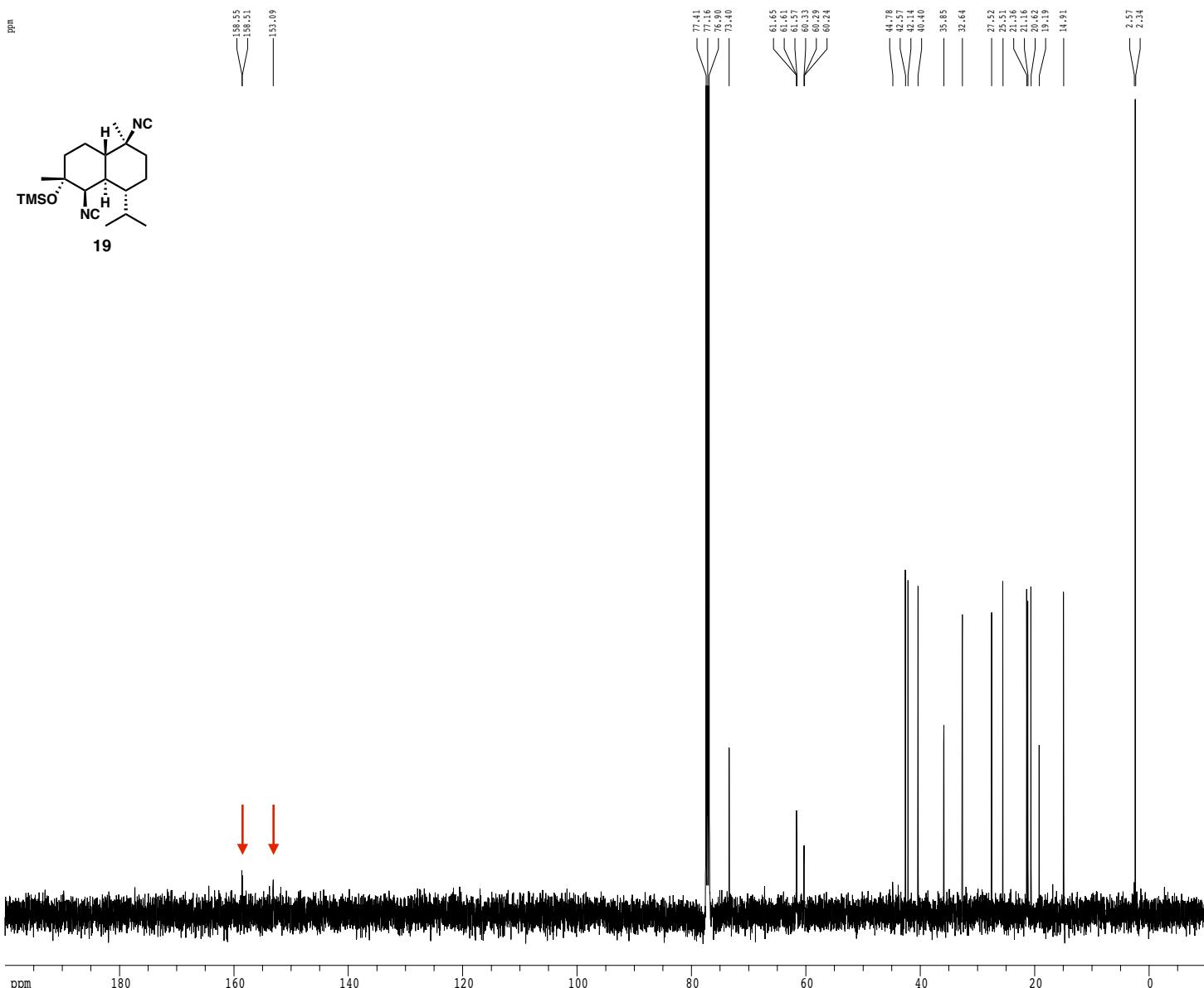
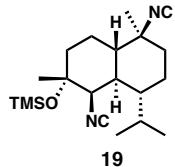
F2 - Acquisition Parameters
Date 20151003
Time 10:49
INSTRUM cryo500
PROBHD 5 mm CCPCI 1H-
PULPROG zg30
TD 81728
SOLVENT CDCl3
NS 3
DS 2
SWB 8012.820 Hz
FIDRES 0.098043 Hz
AQ 5.0998774 sec
RG 1
DW 62.400 usec
DE 6.00 usec
TE 298.0 K
D1 0.1000000 sec
MCVEST 0.0150000 sec
MCRW0K 0.0150000 sec

===== CHANNEL f1 ======
NUC1 1H
P1 7.50 usec
PL1 1.60 dB
SF01 500.2235013 MHz

F2 - Processing parameters
SI 65536
SF 500.2200305 MHz
FOOT EN
SSB 0
LB 0.30 Hz
GB 0
PC 1.00

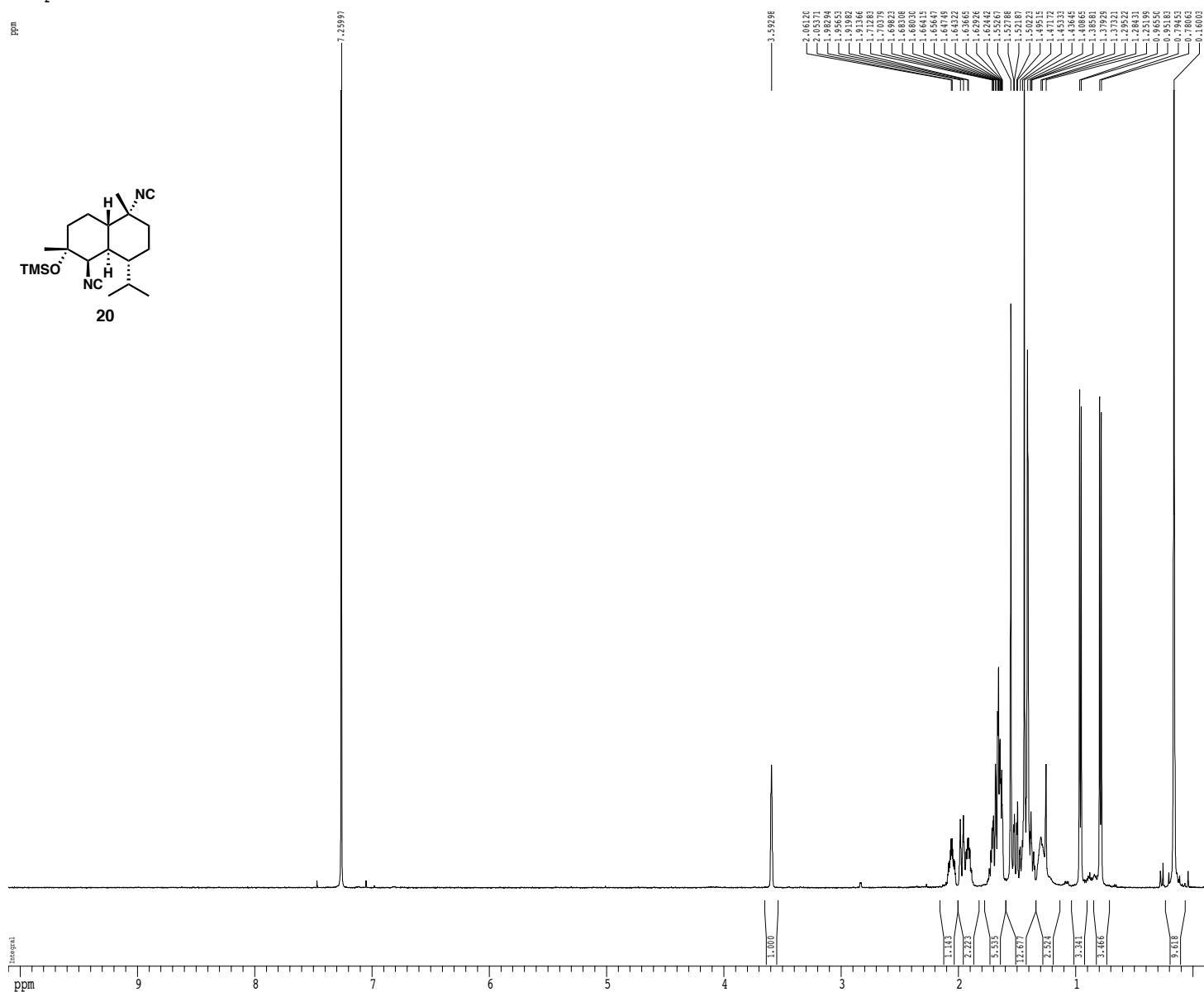
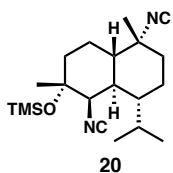
1D NMR plot parameters
CX 22.80 cm
CY 55.00 cm
F1P 10.100 ppm
F1 5052.22 Hz
F2P -0.100 ppm
F2 -50.00 Hz
PPMCH 0.44337 ppm/cm
HDCM 223.78267 Hz/cm

Z-restored spin-echo ^{13}C spectrum with ^1H decoupling



S82

1H spectrum



Current Data Parameter
USER meda
NAME MED-VI-285p
EXPNO
PROCNO

```

F2 - Acquisition Parameters
Date _ 20151223
Time 13.02
INSTRUM cryo500
PROBHD 5 mm CPTC1 LH-
PULPROG zg30
TD 81728
SOLVENT CDC13
NS 8
DS 2
SWH 812.820 Hz
FIDRES 0.098043 Hz
AQ 5.0998774 sec
RG 7.1 sec
DW 62,400 usec
DE 6.0 usec
TE 298.0 K
D1 0.1000000 sec
MCREST 0.0000000 sec
MCRW 0.0150000 sec

```

===== CHANNEL f1 =====
NUC1 1H
P1 7.50 usec
PL1 1.60 dB
SEQ1 500 2235015 MHz

```

F2 - Processing parameters
SI           65536
SF          500.2200306 MHz
WDW          EM
SSB           0
LB            0.30 Hz
GB           0
PC          2.00

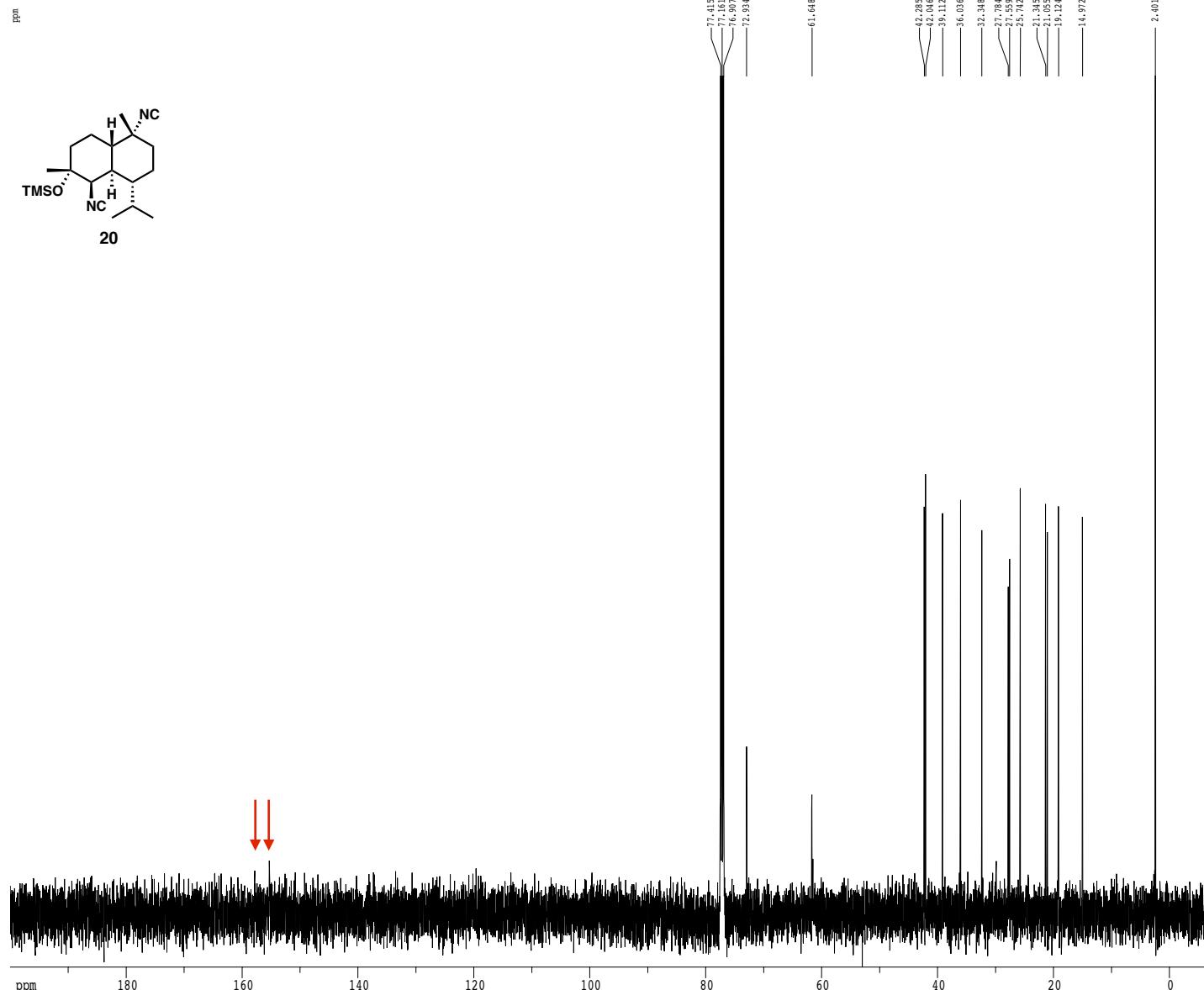
```

```

1D NMR plot parameters
CX           22.80 cm
CY           60.00 cm
F1P          10.100 ppm
F1           5052.22 Hz
F2P          -0.100 ppm
F2           -50.02 Hz
PPCMC        0.44737 ppm/cm
HZCM         223.78267 Hz/cm

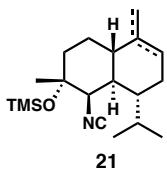
```

Z-restored spin-echo ^{13}C spectrum with ^1H decoupling



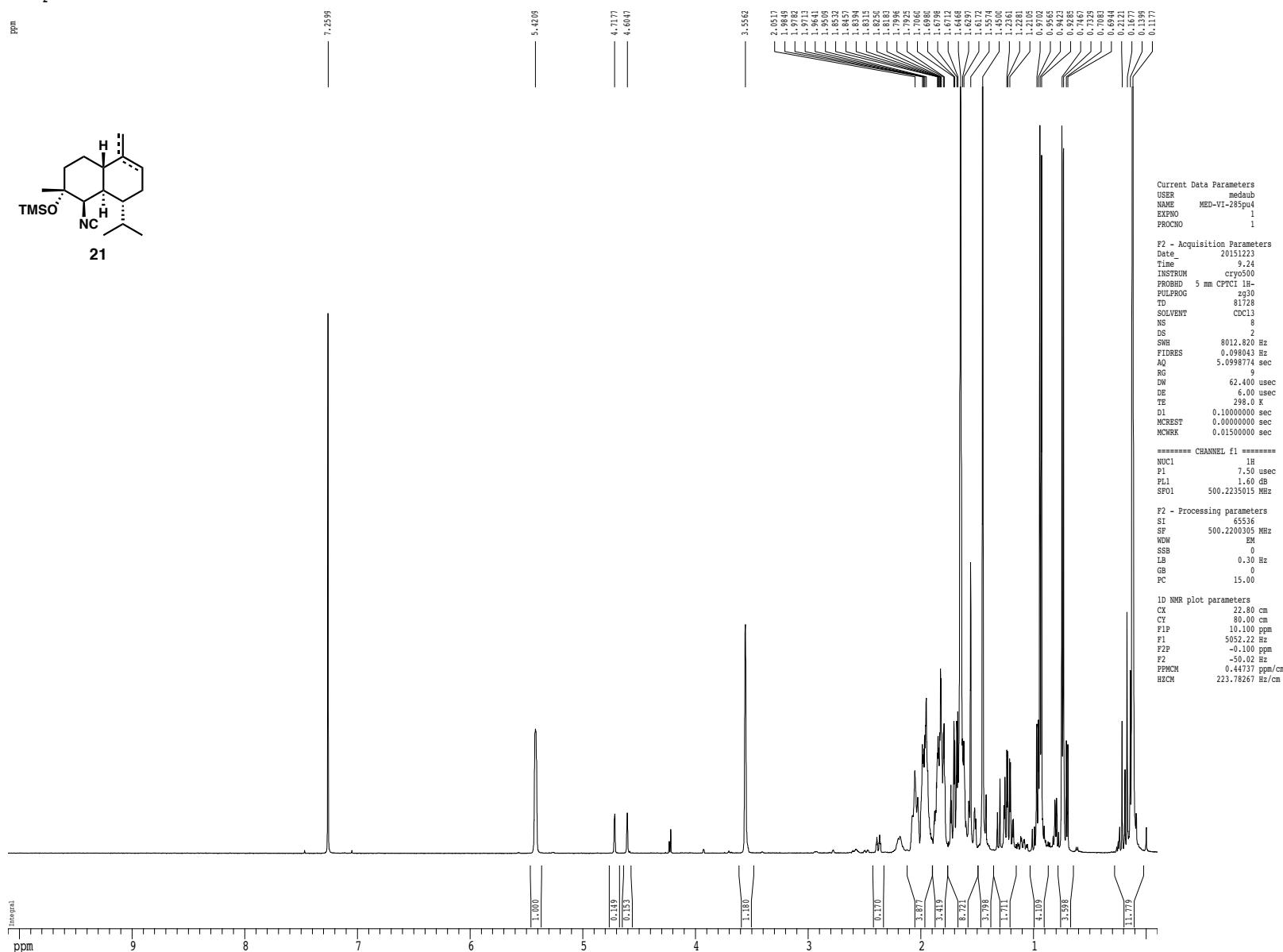
¹H spectrum

ppm



Integral

7 6 5 4 3 2 1



Current Data Parameters
USER medab
NAME MED-VI-285pu4
EXPNO 1
PROCNO 1

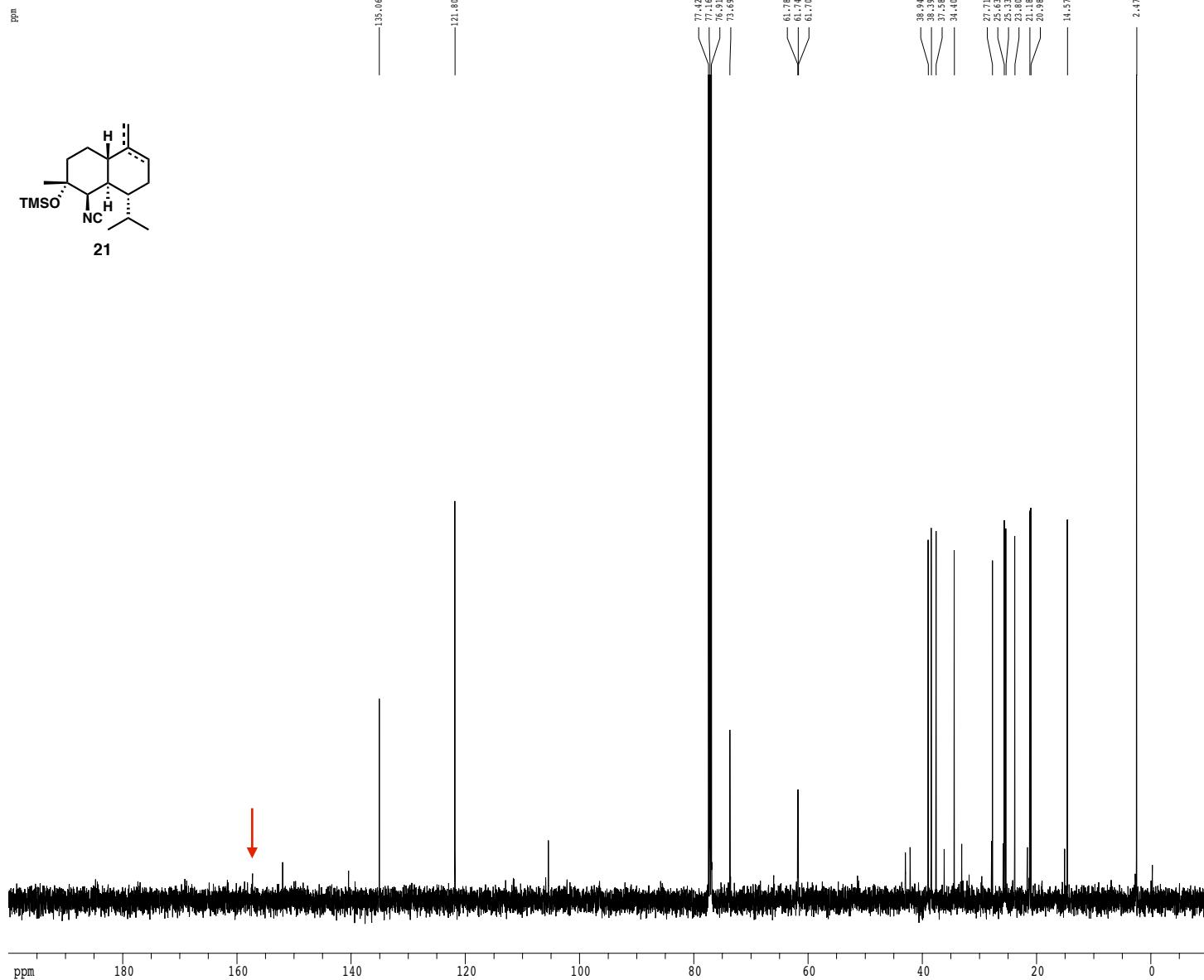
F2 - Acquisition Parameters
Date 20151223
Time 9.24
INSTRUM cryo500
PROBHD 5 mm CPTCI 1H-
PULPROG 2310
TD 32768
SOLVENT CDCl₃
NS 8
DS 2
SWH 8012.820 Hz
FIDRES 0.098043 Hz
AQ 5.0998774 sec
RG 1
DW 62.400 usec
DE 6.00 usec
TE 298.0 K
D1 0.1000000 sec
MCREST 0.0000000 sec
MCRXK 0.01500000 sec

===== CHANNEL f1 ======
SPC1 1H
P1 7.250 usec
PL1 1.460 dB
SF01 500.2235015 MHz

F2 - Processing parameters
SI 65536
SF 500.2200305 MHz
WDW EM
SSB 0
LB 0.100 Hz
GB 0
PC 15.00

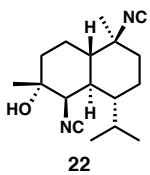
ID NMR plot parameters
CX 22.80 cm
CY 80.00 cm
PIP 10.100 ppm
TD 50321.22 Hz
F1 50321.22 Hz
F2P -0.100 ppm
F2 -50.02 Hz
PPMCM 0.44737 ppm/cm
HZCM 223.78267 Hz/cm

Z-restored spin-echo ^{13}C spectrum with ^1H decoupling



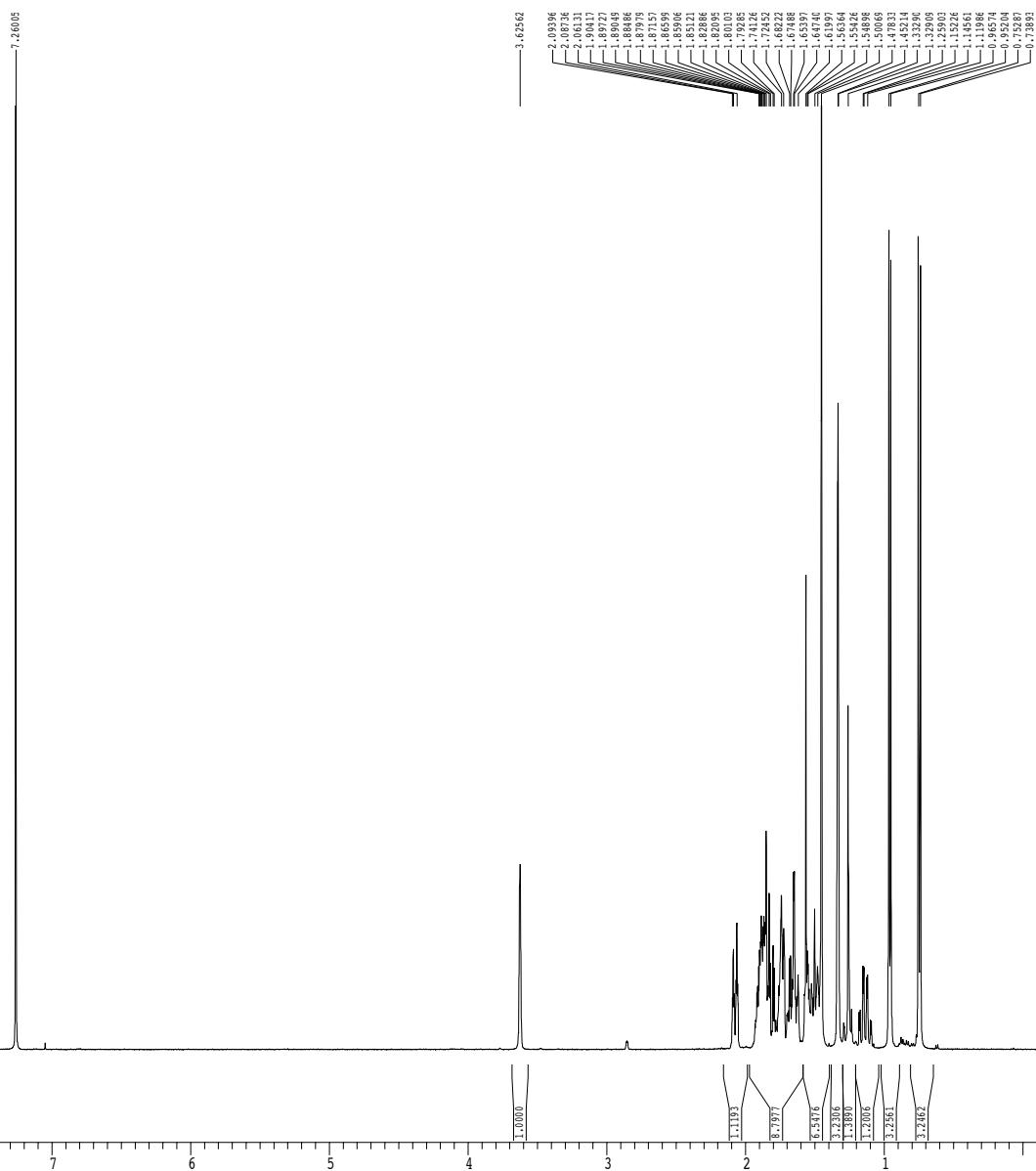
¹H spectrum

ppm



Integral

9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1



Current Data Parameters
 USER medab
 NAME NED-VI-295pu
 EXPNO 1
 FROCH 1

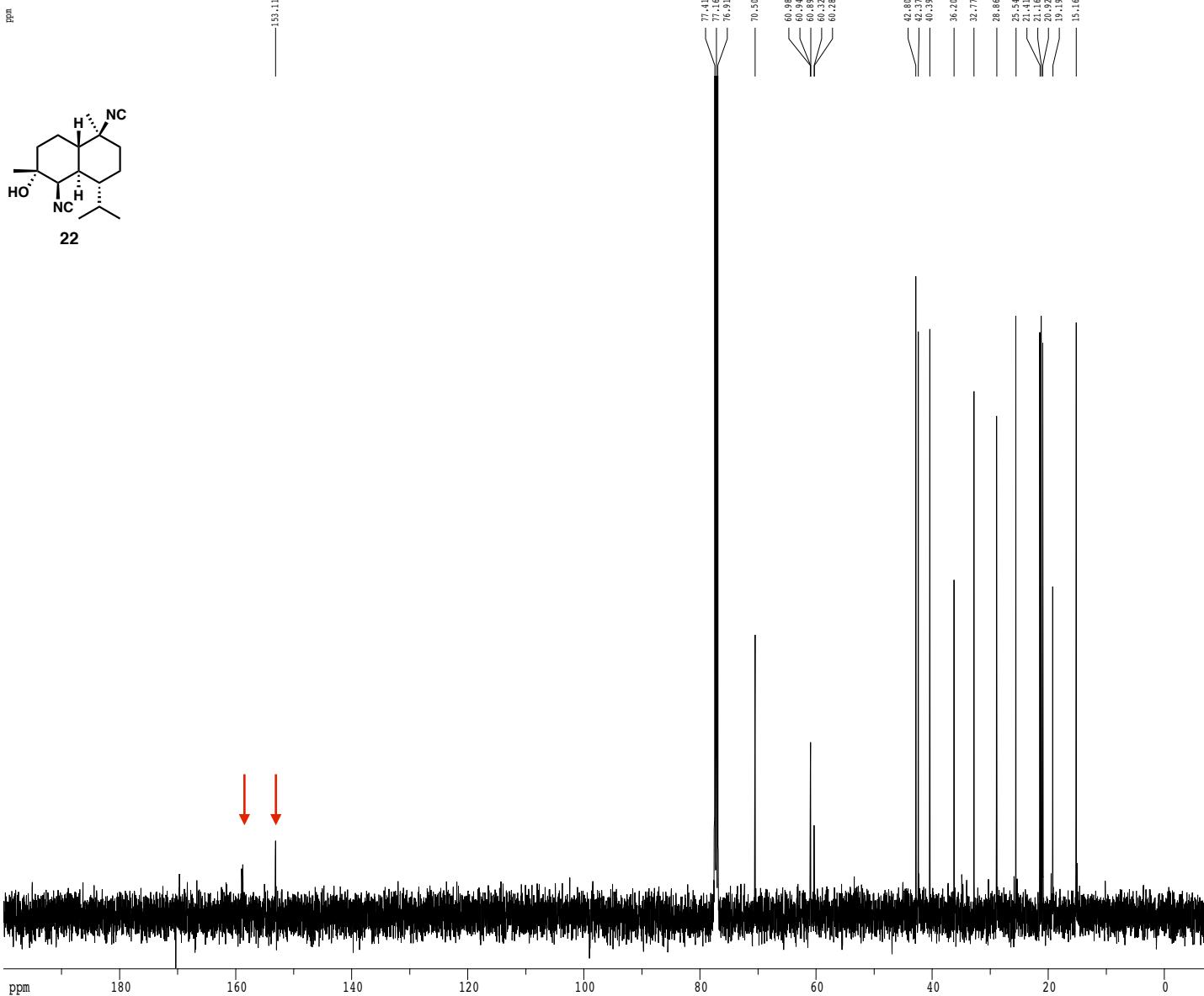
F2 - Acquisition Parameters
 Date 20160109
 Time 11.13
 INSTRUM cryo500
 PROBHD 5 mm CPTCI 1H-
 PULPROG 2910
 TD 81928
 SOLVENT CDCl₃
 NS 8
 DS 2
 SWH 8012.820 Hz
 FIDRES 0.098043 Hz
 AQ 5.0998774 sec
 RG 1
 DW 62.400 usec
 DE 6.00 usec
 TE 298.0 K
 D1 0.1000000 sec
 MCREST 0.0000000 sec
 MCNRK 0.01500000 sec

===== CHANNEL f1 =====
 SP01 1H
 F1 7.25 usec
 PL1 1.40 dB
 SF01 500.2235015 MHz

F2 - Processing parameters
 SI 65536
 SF 500.2200305 MHz
 WDW EM
 SSB 0
 LB 0.10 sec
 GB 0
 PC 4.00

ID NMR plot parameters
 CX 22.80 cm
 CY 25.00 cm
 F1P 10.100 ppm
 F1 5052.22 Hz
 F2P -0.100 ppm
 F2 -50.02 Hz
 PPNCM 0.44737 ppm/cm
 HZCM 223.78267 Hz/cm

Z-restored spin-echo ^{13}C spectrum with ^1H decoupling



Current Data Parameters
USER medaub
NAME MED-VI-295pu
EXPNO 2
PROCNO 1

```

F2 - Acquisition Parameters
Date_      20160109
Time_      11.16
INSTRUM   cryo500
PROBHD   5 mm PCPCT1 1H
PULPROG  SpinChop30.prd
TD        65536
SOLVENT    CDCl3
NS        616
DS        1
SWH       30303.031 Hz
FIDRES   0.4462388 Hz
AQ        1.0813940 sec
RG        11585.2
DW        16.500 used
DE        6.00 used
TE        298.0 K
TM        1.000 sec
D11       0.03000000 sec
D16       0.00000000 sec
D17       0.00019600 sec
MCREST   0.00000000 sec
MWNRK    0.01500000 sec
P2        31.00 used

```

```
===== CHANNEL f1 =====
NUC1          13C
P1           15.50 used
P11          500.00 used
P12          2000.00 used
PL0           120.00 dB
PL1           -1.00 dB
SF01         125.7942548 MHz
SP1            3.20 dB
SP2            3.20 dB
SPNAM1      Crp60,0,5,20,1
SPNAM2      Crp60comp.4
SPOFP1        0.00 Hz
SPOFP2        0.00 Hz
```

===== CHANNEL f2 =====
CPDPRG2 waltz16
NUC2 1H
PCPD2 100.00 used
PL2 1.60 dB
PL12 24.60 dB
SE02 500.2225011 MHz

```
===== GRADIENT CHANNEL =====
GPNAME1      SINE.100
GPNAME2      SINE.100
GPX1         0.00 %
GPX2         0.00 %
GPy1         0.00 %
GPy2         0.00 %
GPZ1        30.00 %
GPZ2        50.00 %
p15        500.00 used
p16        1000.00 used
```

```

F2 - Processing parameters
SI           65536
SF          125.7804076 MHz
WDW          EM
SSB            0
LB           1.00 Hz
GB            0
PC           2.00

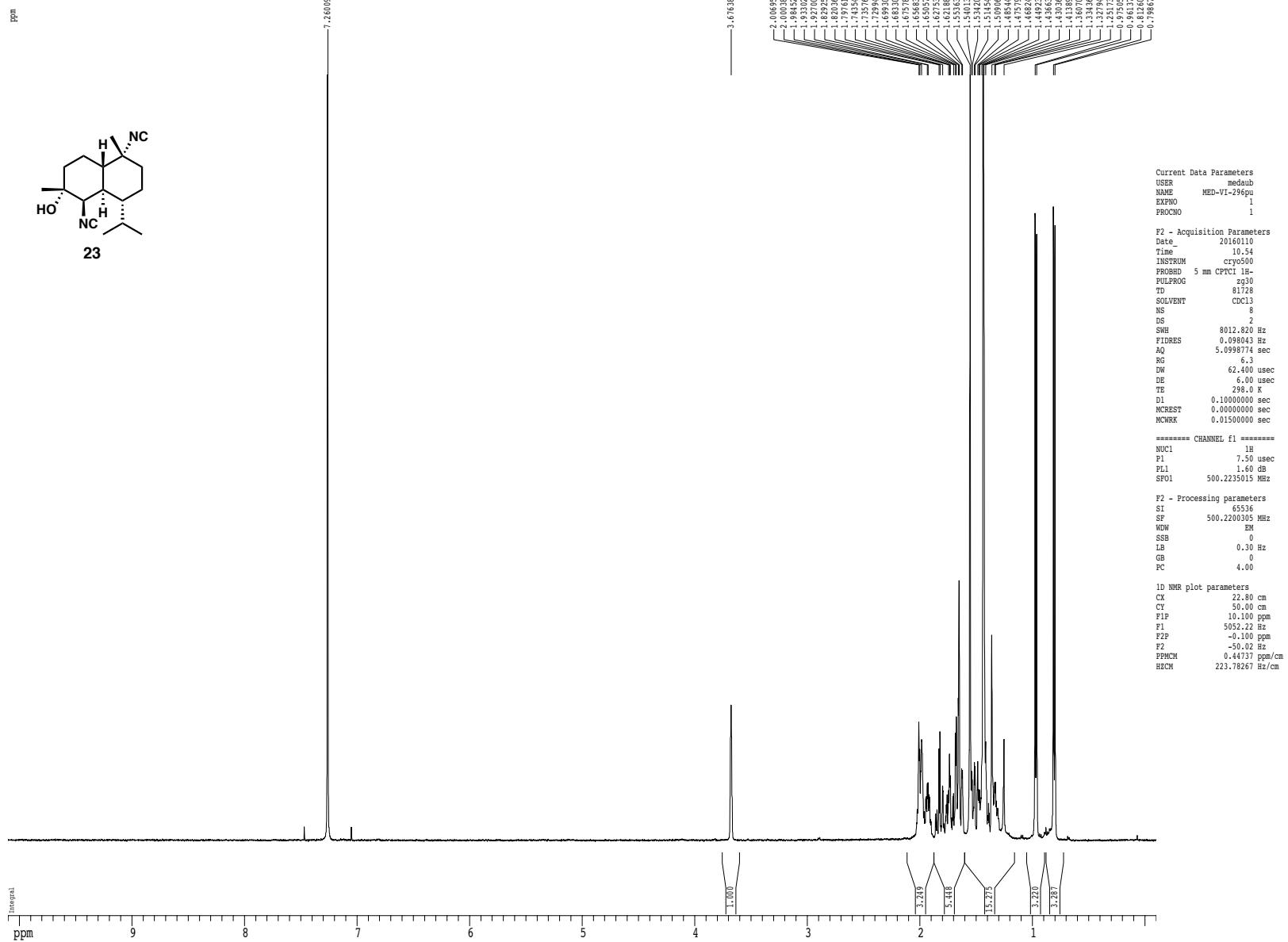
```

```

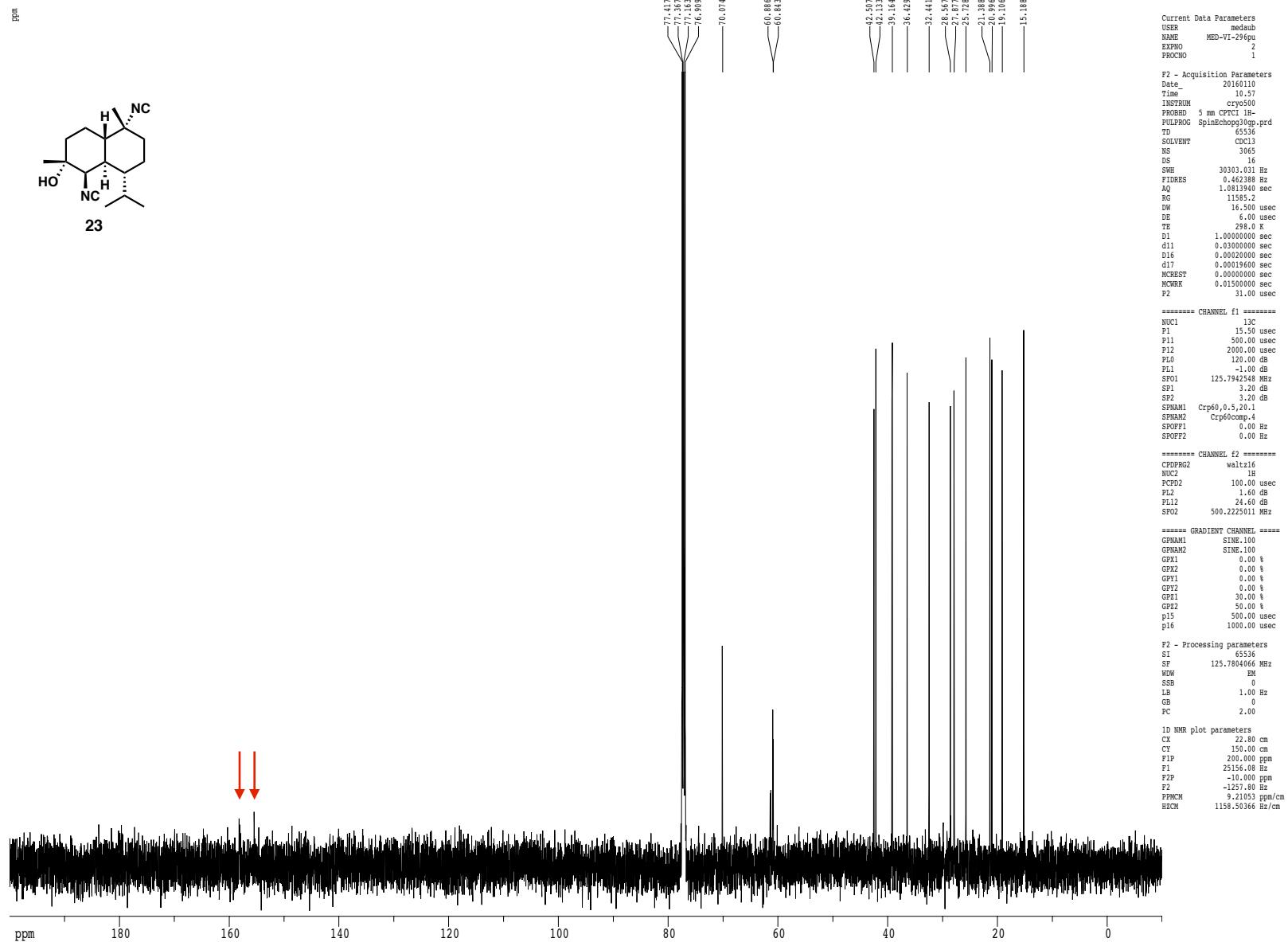
1D NMR plot parameters
CX           22.80 cm
CY           75.00 cm
F1P          200.000 ppm
F1           25156.08 Hz
F2P          -10.000 ppm
F2           -1257.80 Hz
PPMCM        9.21053 ppm
HZCM        1158.50378 Hz

```

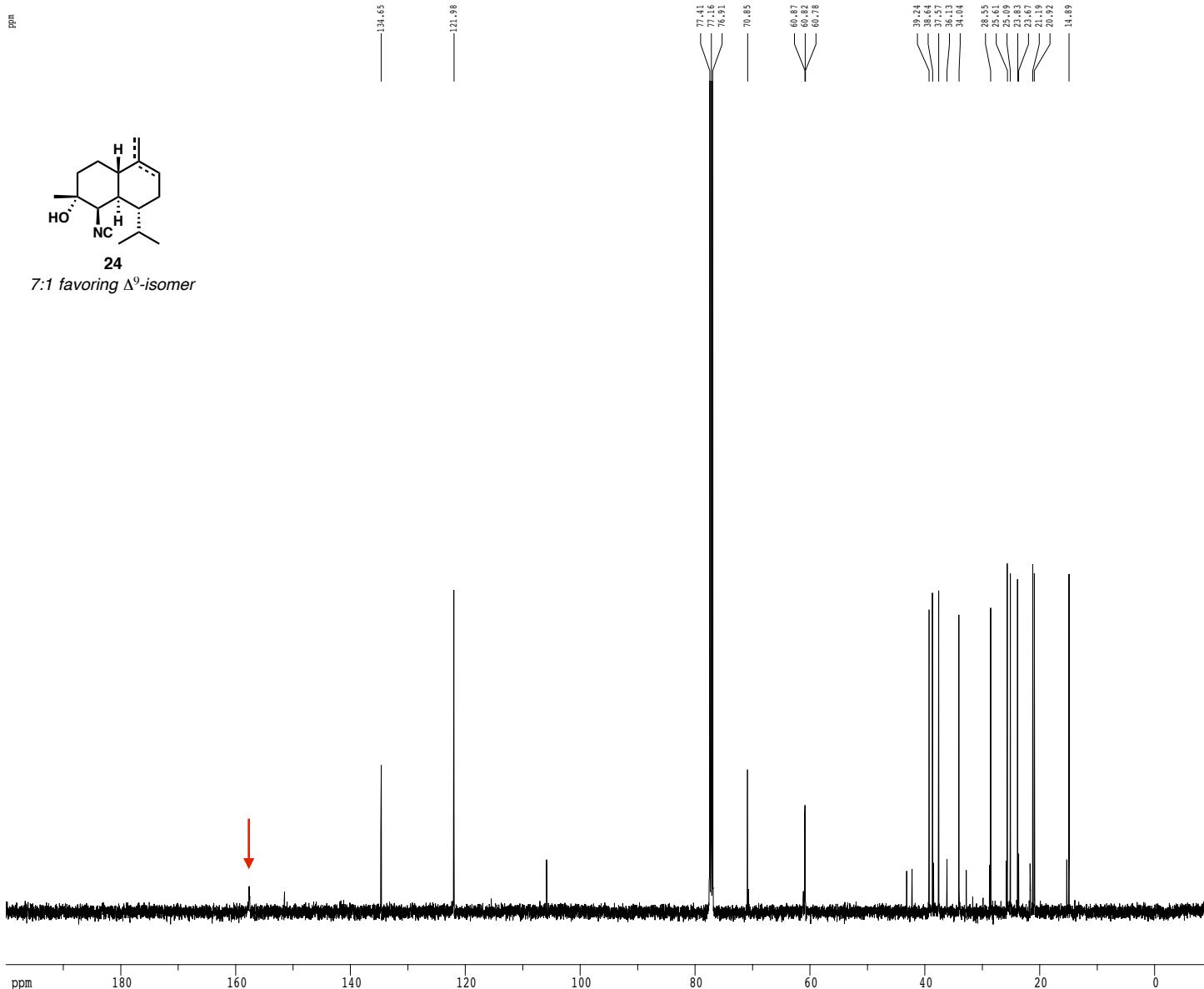
¹H spectrum



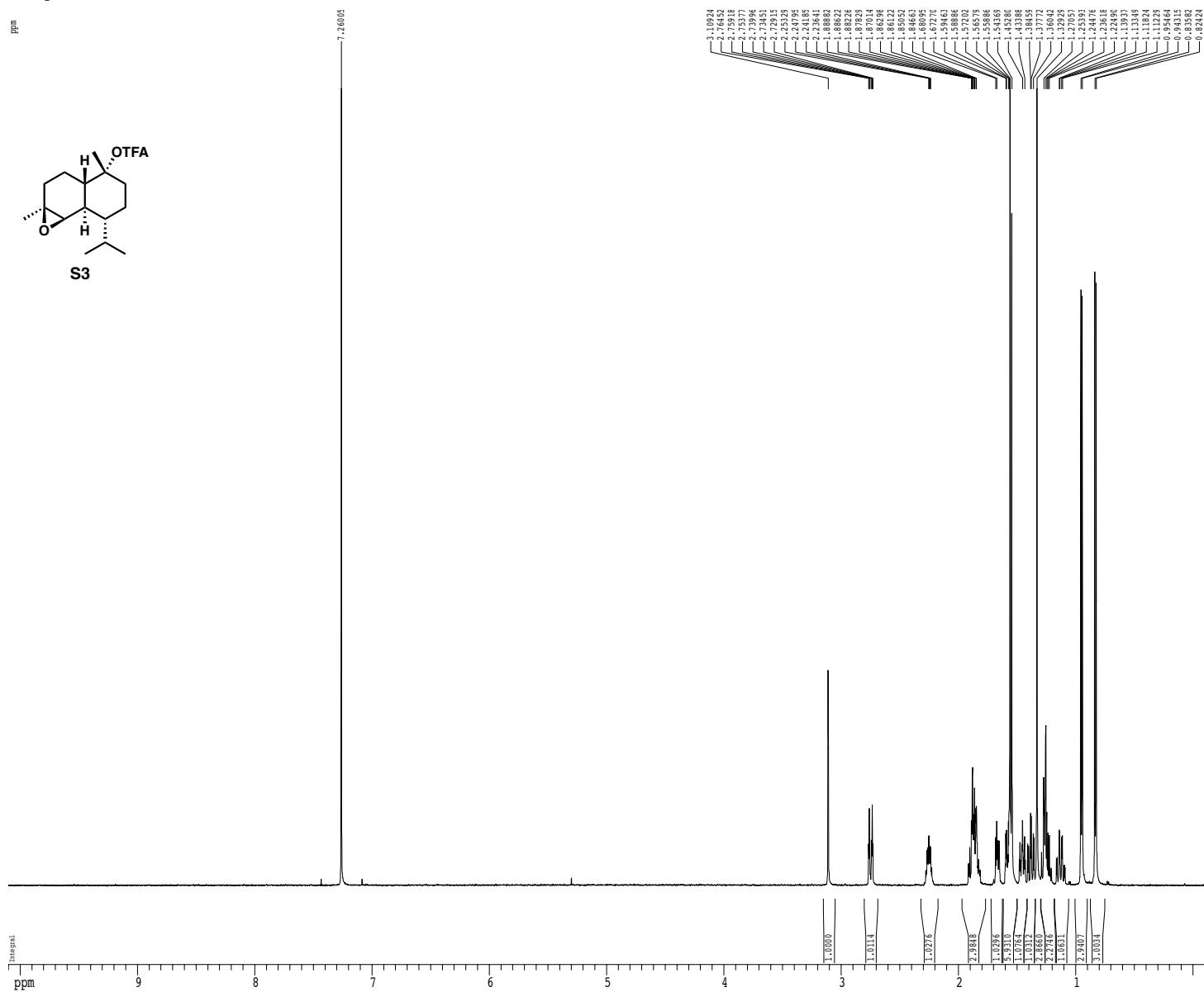
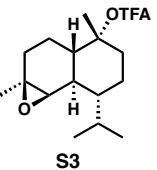
Z-restored spin-echo ^{13}C spectrum with ^1H decoupling



Z-restored spin-echo ^{13}C spectrum with ^1H decoupling

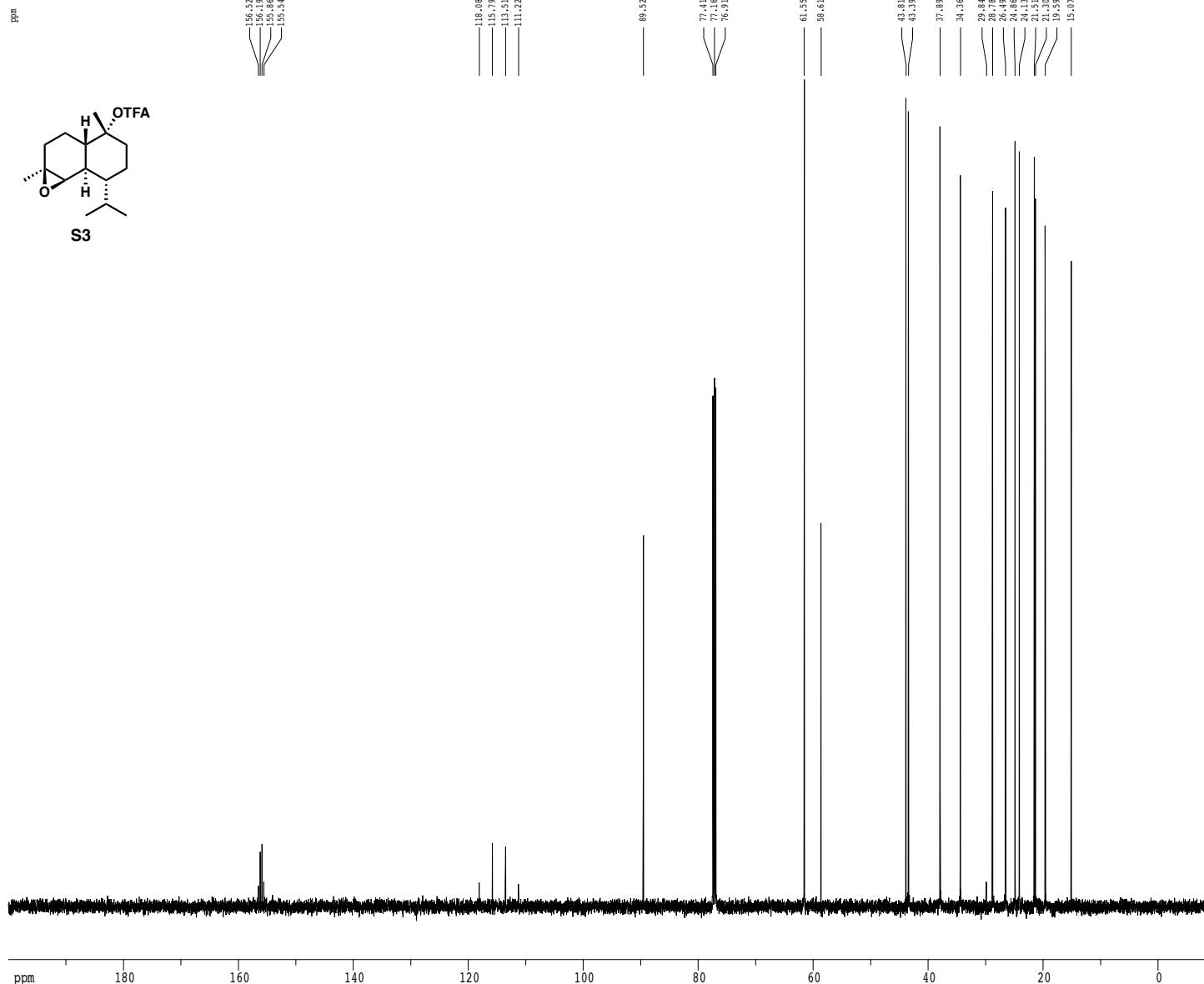


^1H spectrum

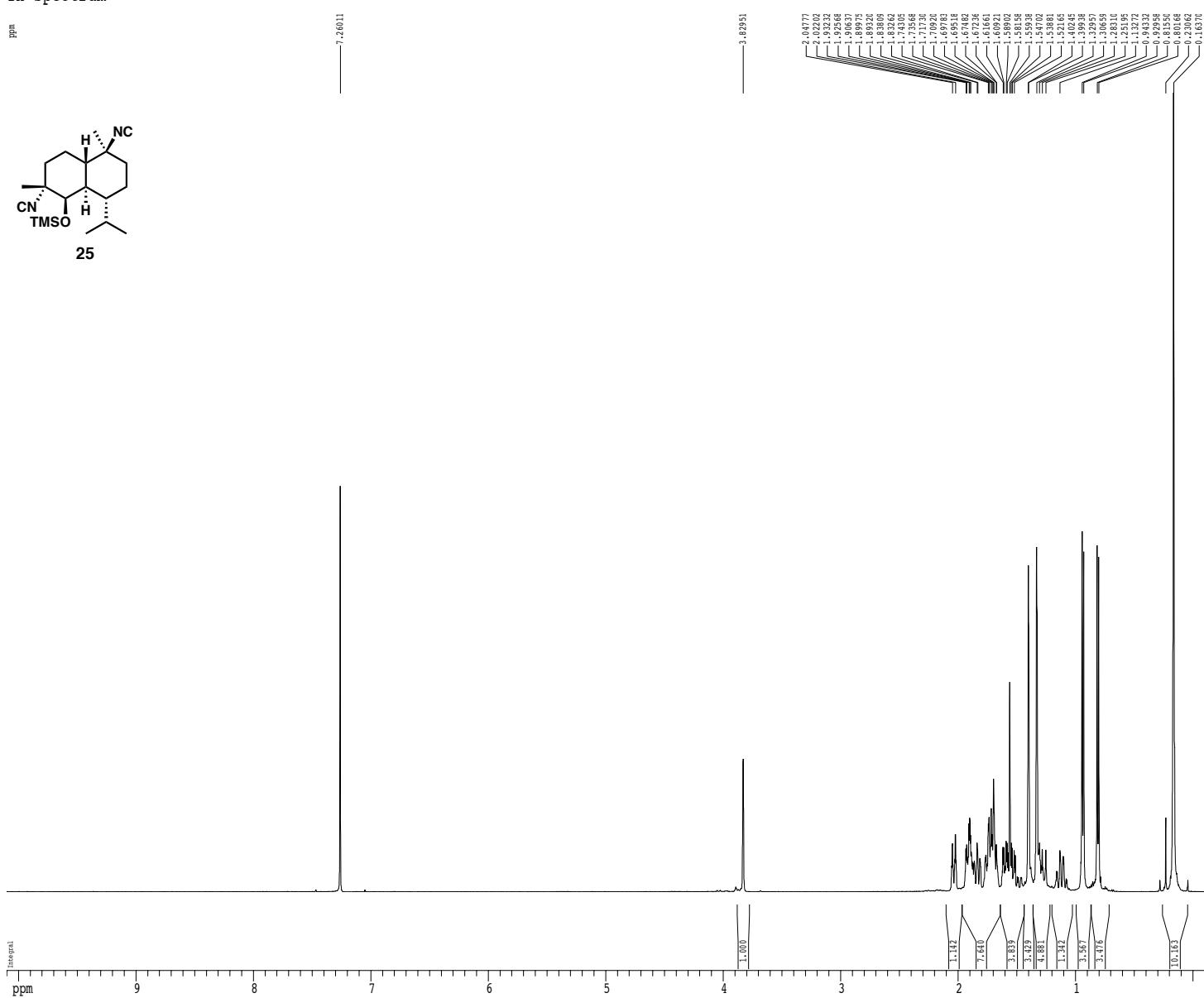
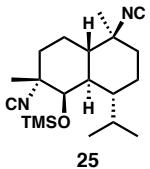


S93

Z-restored spin-echo ^{13}C spectrum with ^1H decoupling

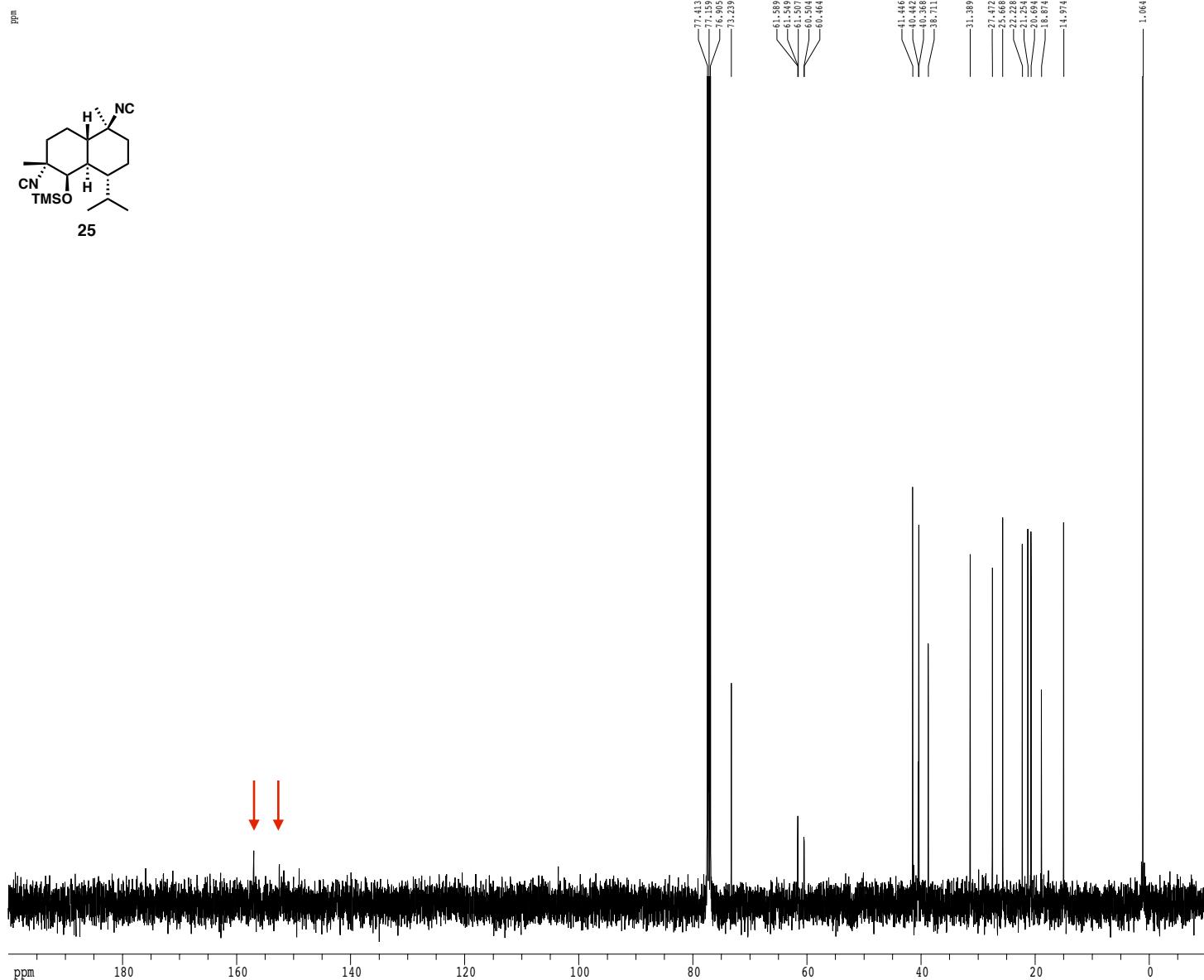


^1H spectrum

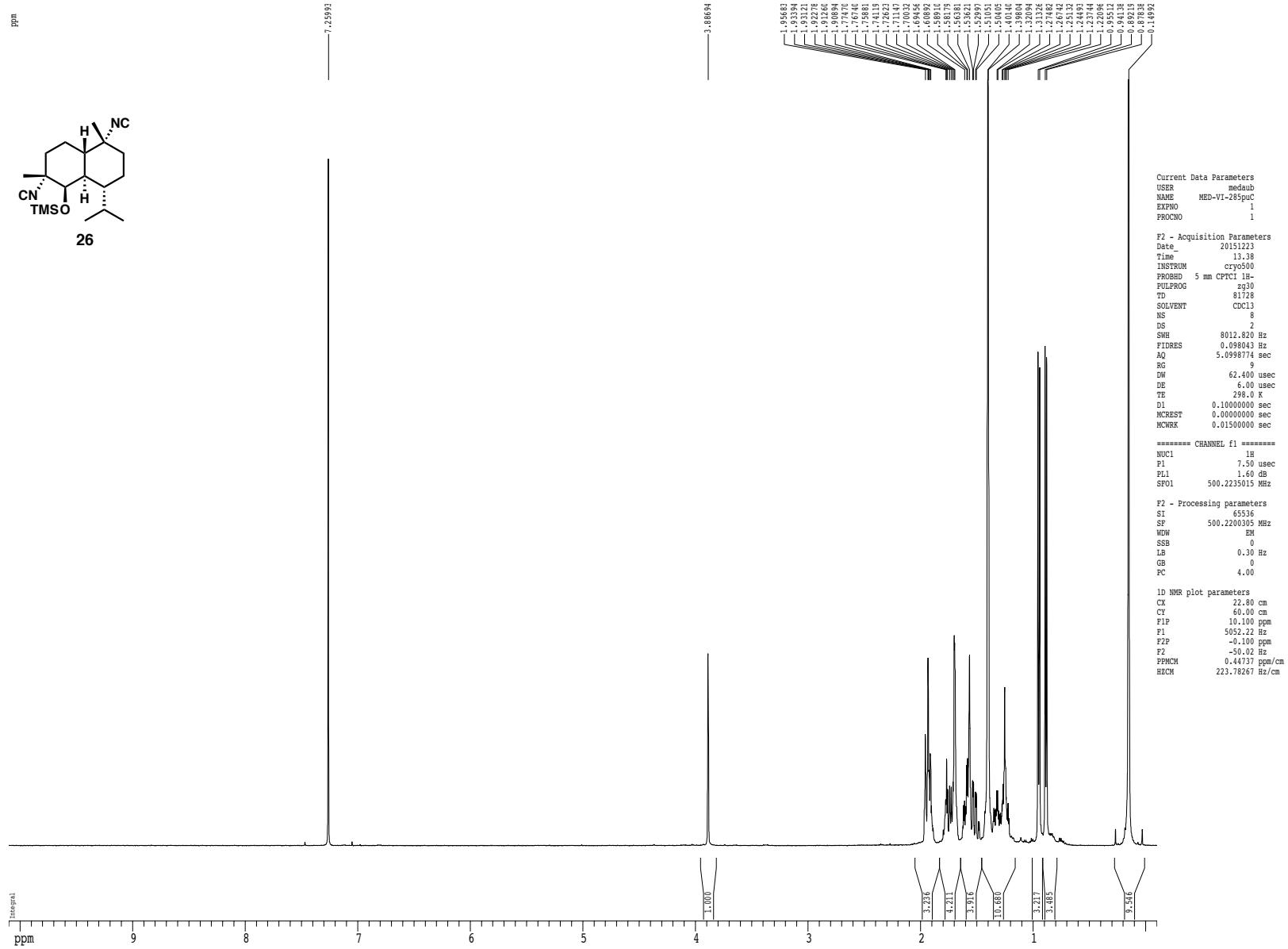


S95

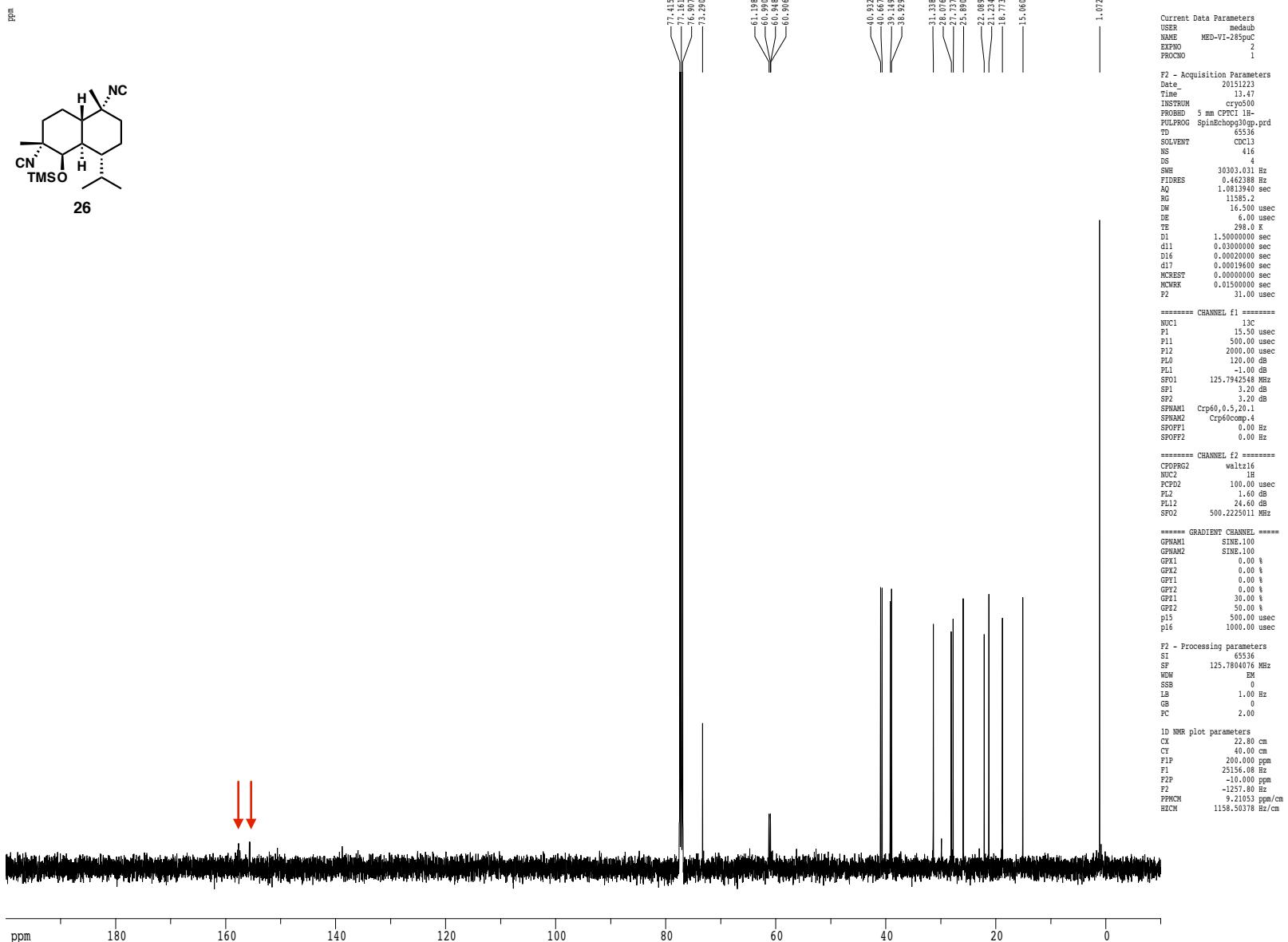
Z-restored spin-echo ^{13}C spectrum with ^1H decoupling



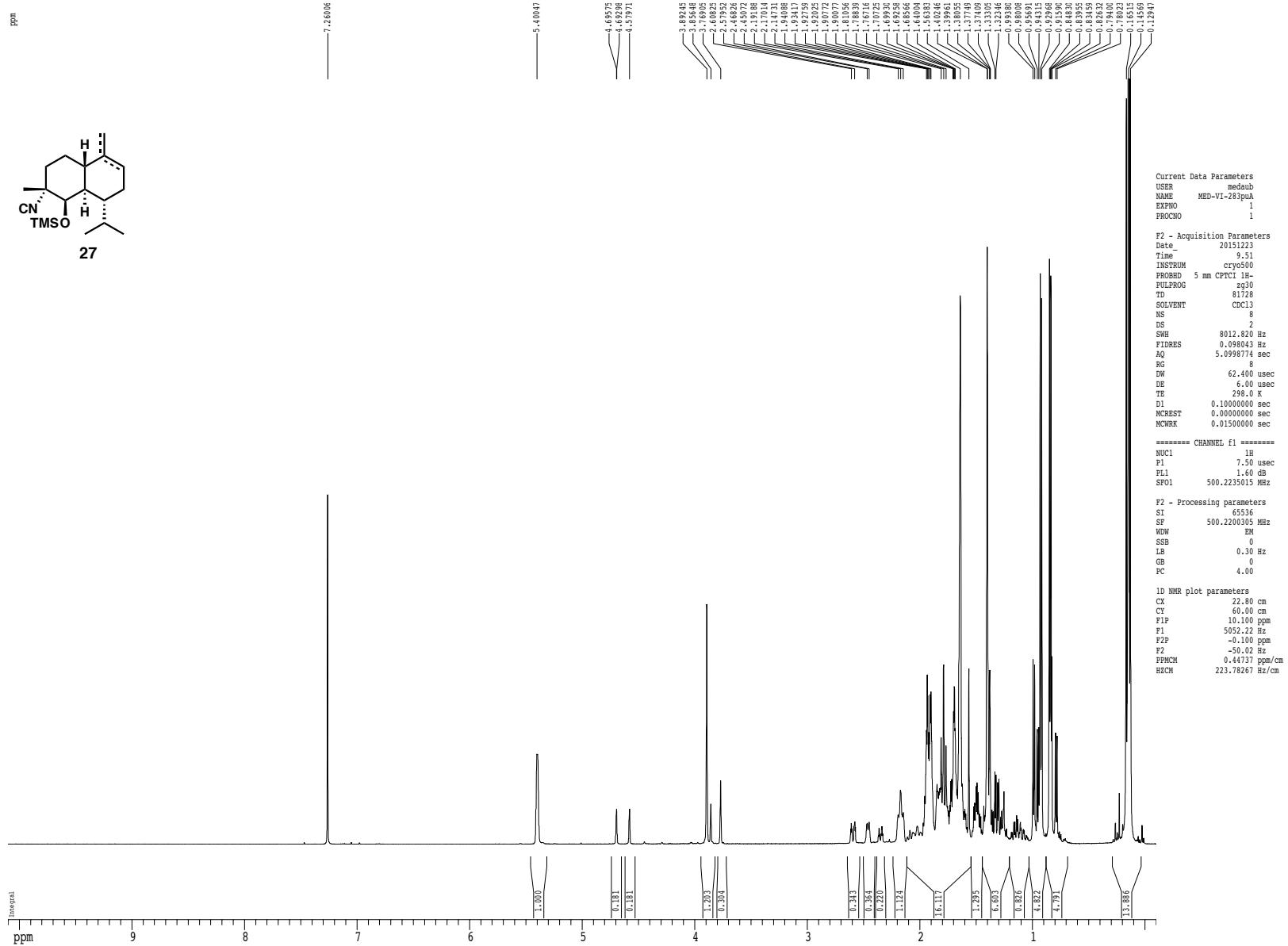
¹H spectrum



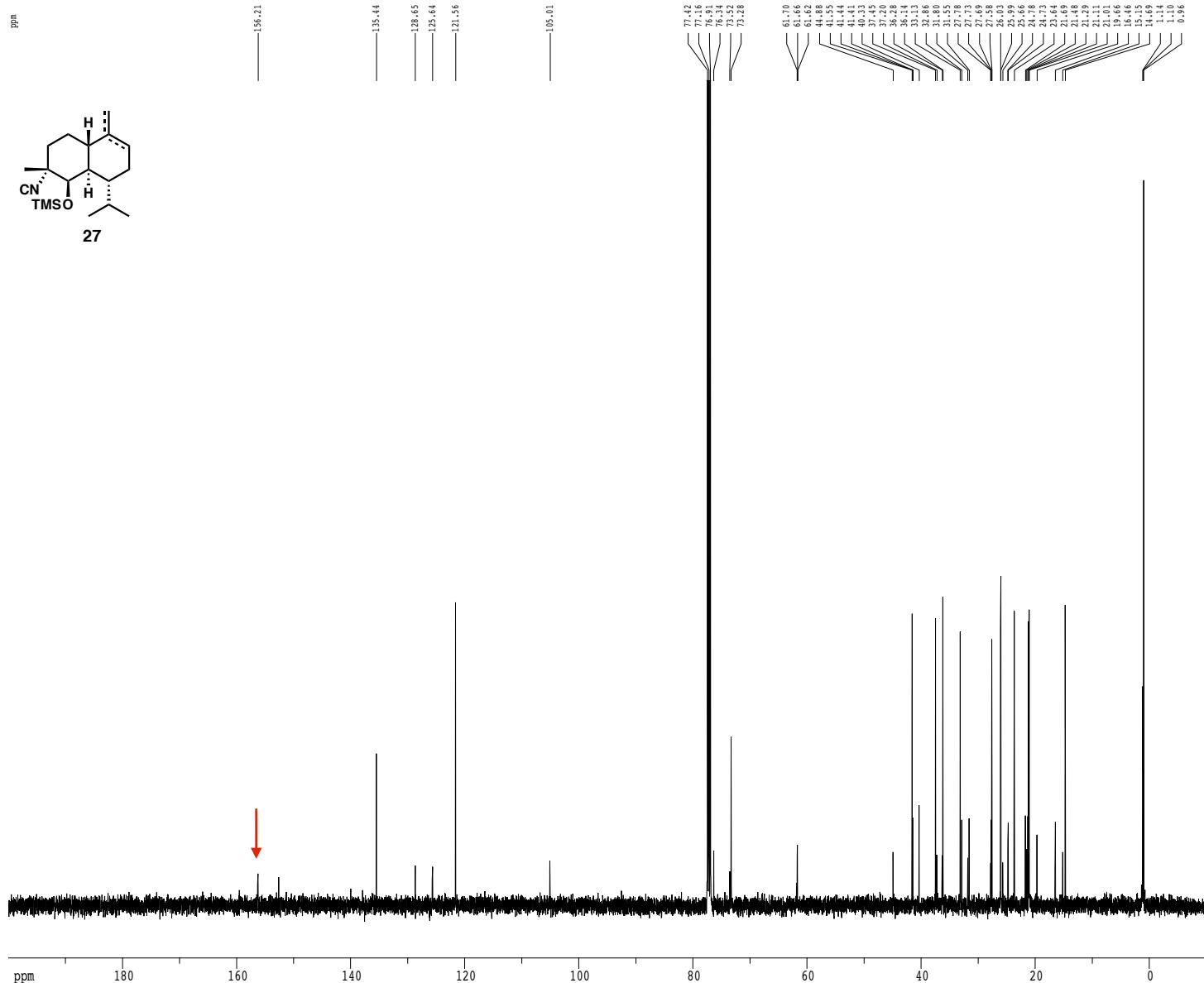
Z-restored spin-echo ^{13}C spectrum with ^1H decoupling



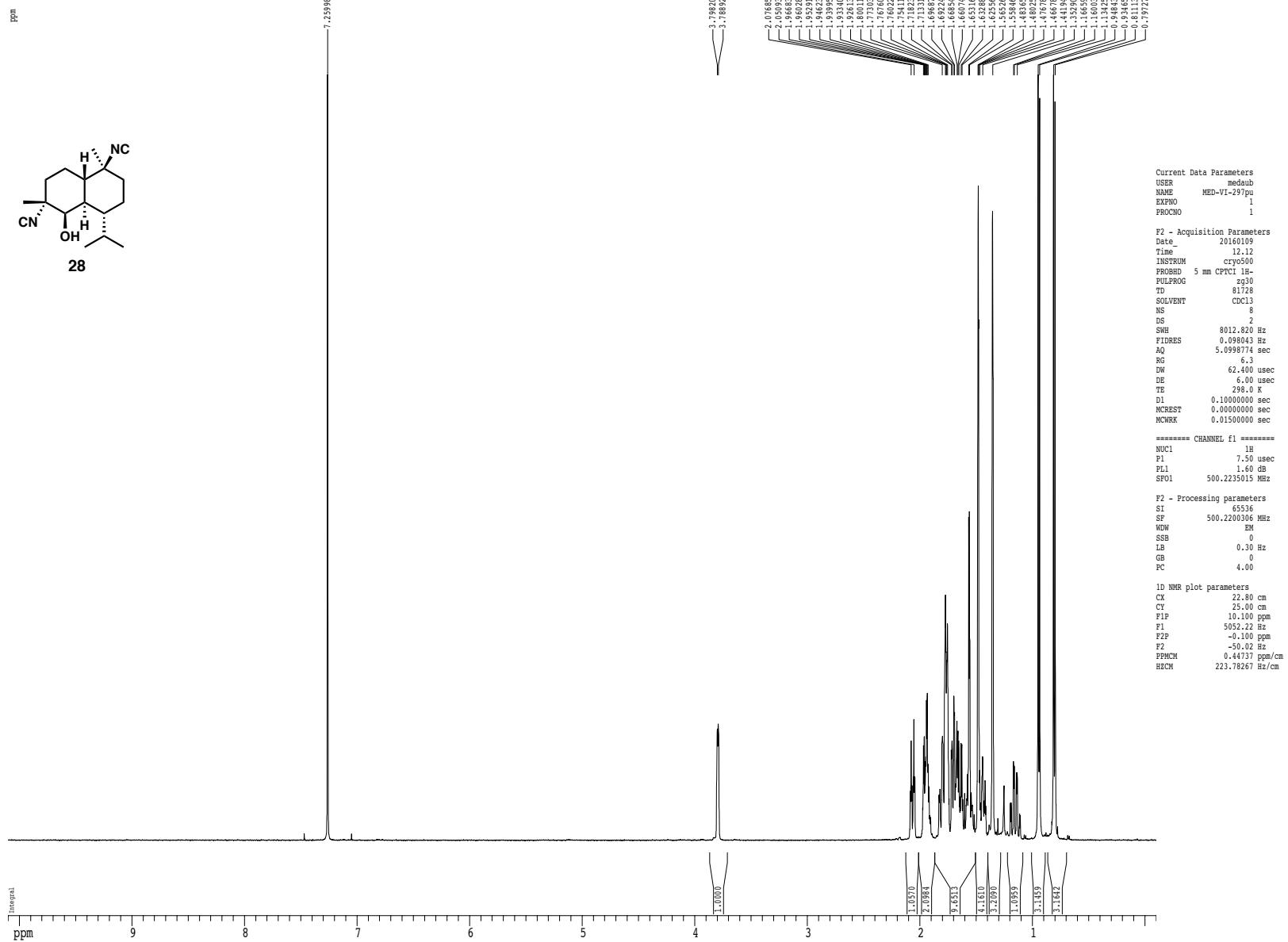
¹H spectrum



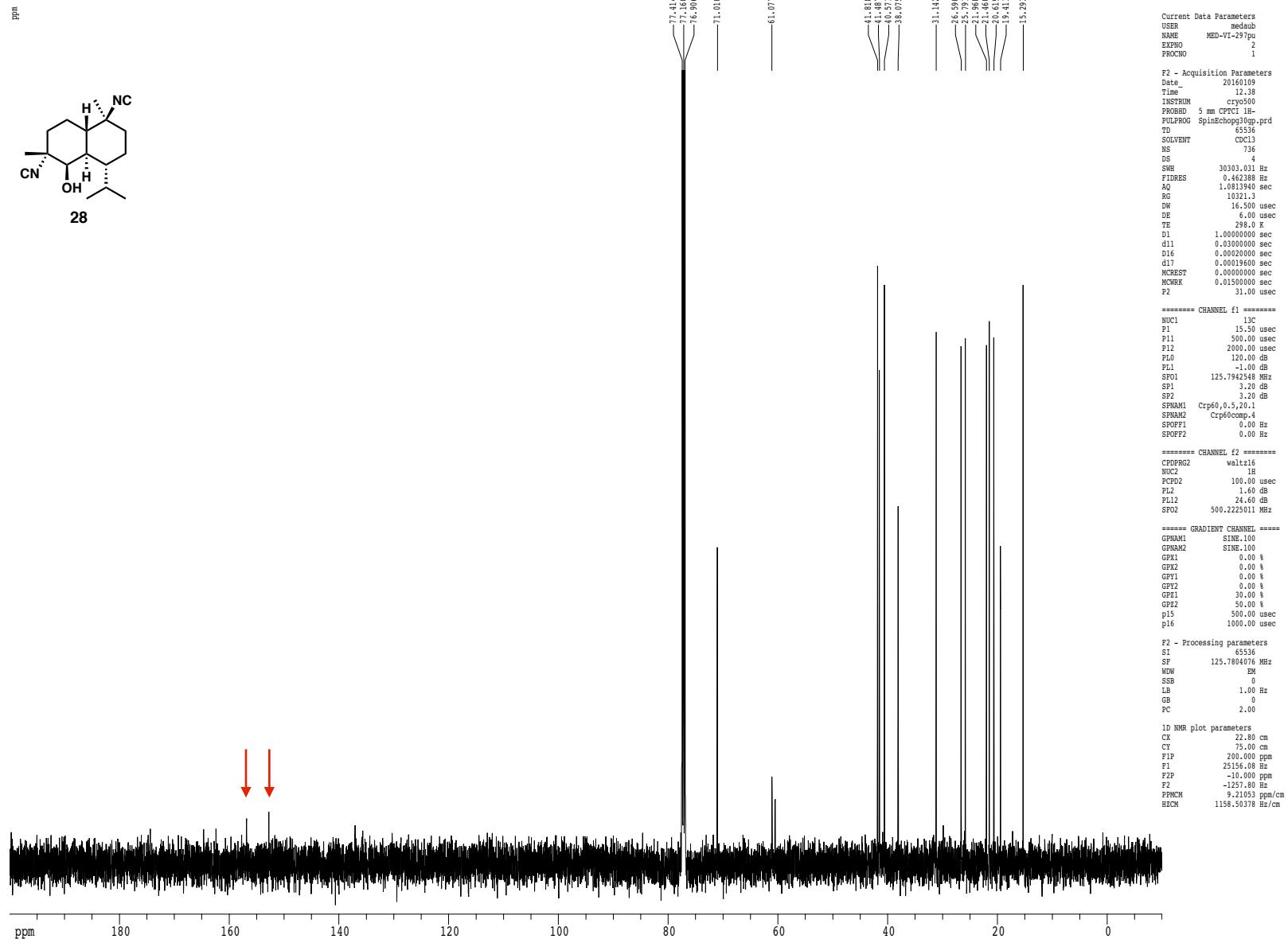
Z-restored spin-echo ^{13}C spectrum with ^1H decoupling



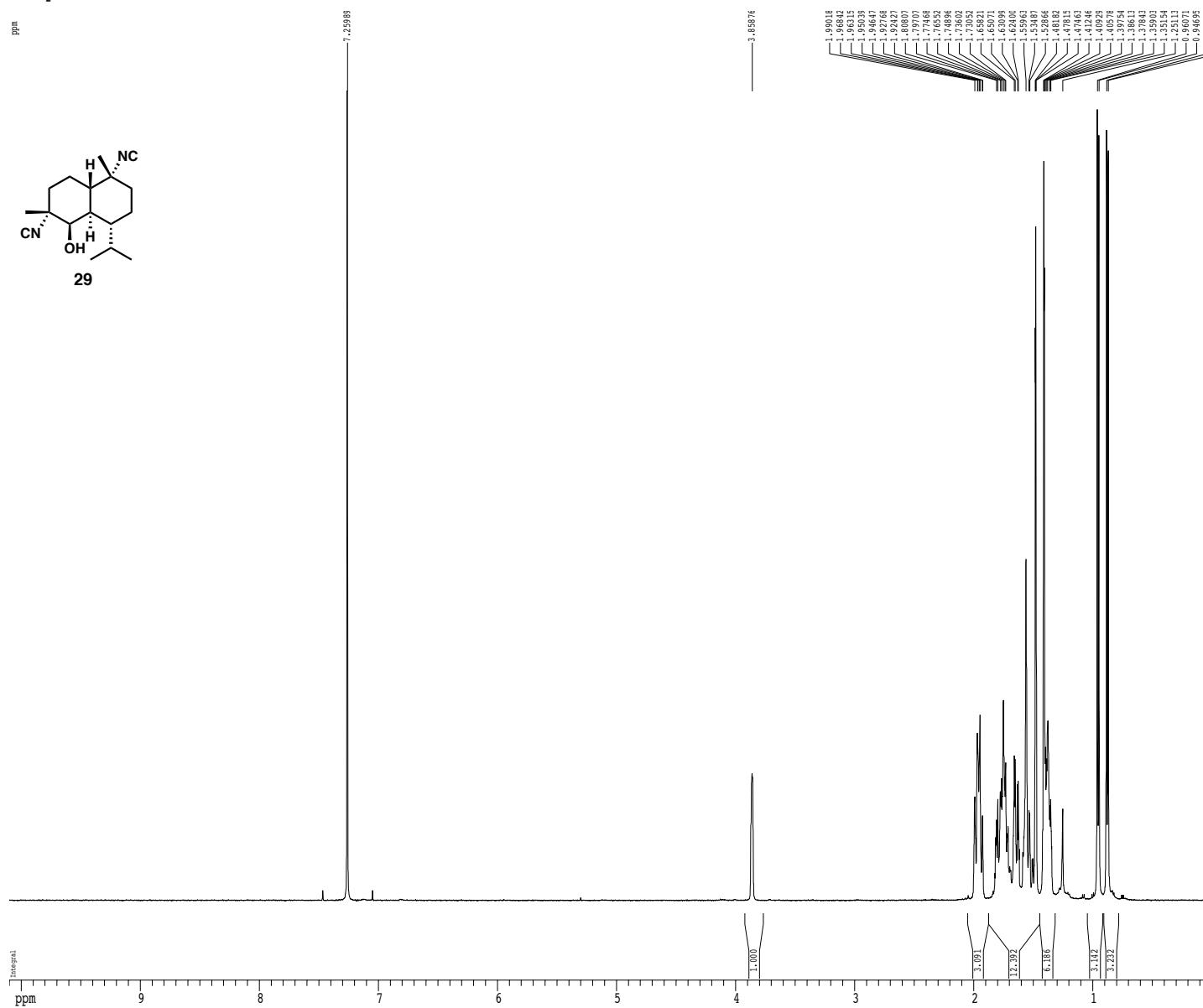
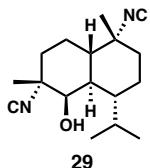
¹H spectrum



Z-restored spin-echo ^{13}C spectrum with ^1H decoupling

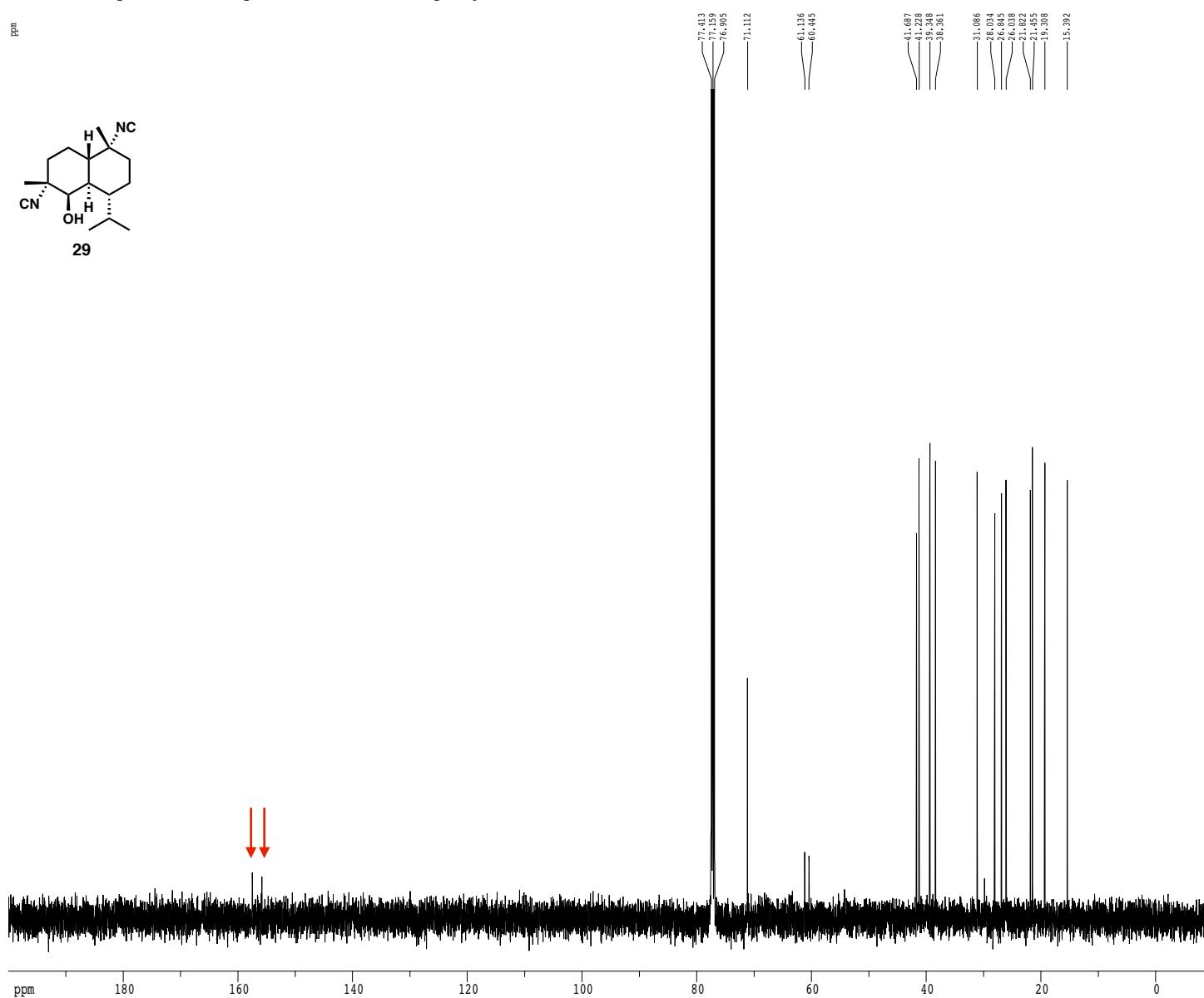
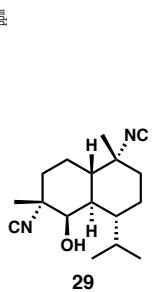


¹H spectrum



S103

Z-restored spin-echo ^{13}C spectrum with ^1H decoupling



Current Data Parameters
USER medaub
NAME MED-VI-298pu
EXPNO 2
PROCNO 1

```

F2 - Acquisition Parameters
Date          20161010
Time          12:53
INSTRUM      cryo500
PROBHD      5 mm CPTC1 1H
PROBPG      SpinChop30cp.prd
TD           55536
SWFID        G0013
SOLVENT       CDCl3
NS            1024
DS             4
SWH         30303.031 Hz
FIDRES       0.4622000 Hz
AQ        1.0813940 sec
RG            13004
DW           16.500 usec
DE            6.00 usec
TE            298.0 K
D1    1.0000000 sec
d11       0.0300000 sec
D16       0.0020000 sec
d17       0.0019600 sec
MCREST      0.0000000 sec
MWCRW       0.0150000 sec
P2            31.00 usec

```

```
===== CHANNEL f1 =====
NUC1          13C
P1           15.50 used
P11          500.00 used
P12          2000.00 used
PL0          120.00 dB
PL1          -1.00 dB
SF01         125.7942548 MHz
SP1           3.20 dB
SP2           3.20 dB
SPNAM1       Crp60,0,5,20,1
SPNAM2       Crp60comp.4
SPOFP1        0.00 Hz
SPOFP2        0.00 Hz
```

===== CHANNEL f2 =====
CPDPRG2 waltz16
NUC2 1H
PCPD2 100.00 usec
PL2 1.60 dB
PL12 24.60 dB
SE02 500.2225011 MHz

```
===== GRADIENT CHANNEL =====  
GPNAME1      SINE.100  
GPNAME2      SINE.100  
GPX1          0.00 %  
GPX2          0.00 %  
GPY1          0.00 %  
GPY2          0.00 %  
GPE1          30.00 %  
GPE2          50.00 %  
p15           500.00 used  
p16           1000.00 used
```

```

F2 - Processing parameters
SI           65536
SF          125.7804076 MHz
WDW          EM
SSB            0
LB           1.00 Hz
GB            0
PC           2.00

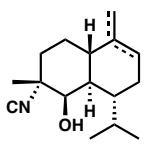
```

```

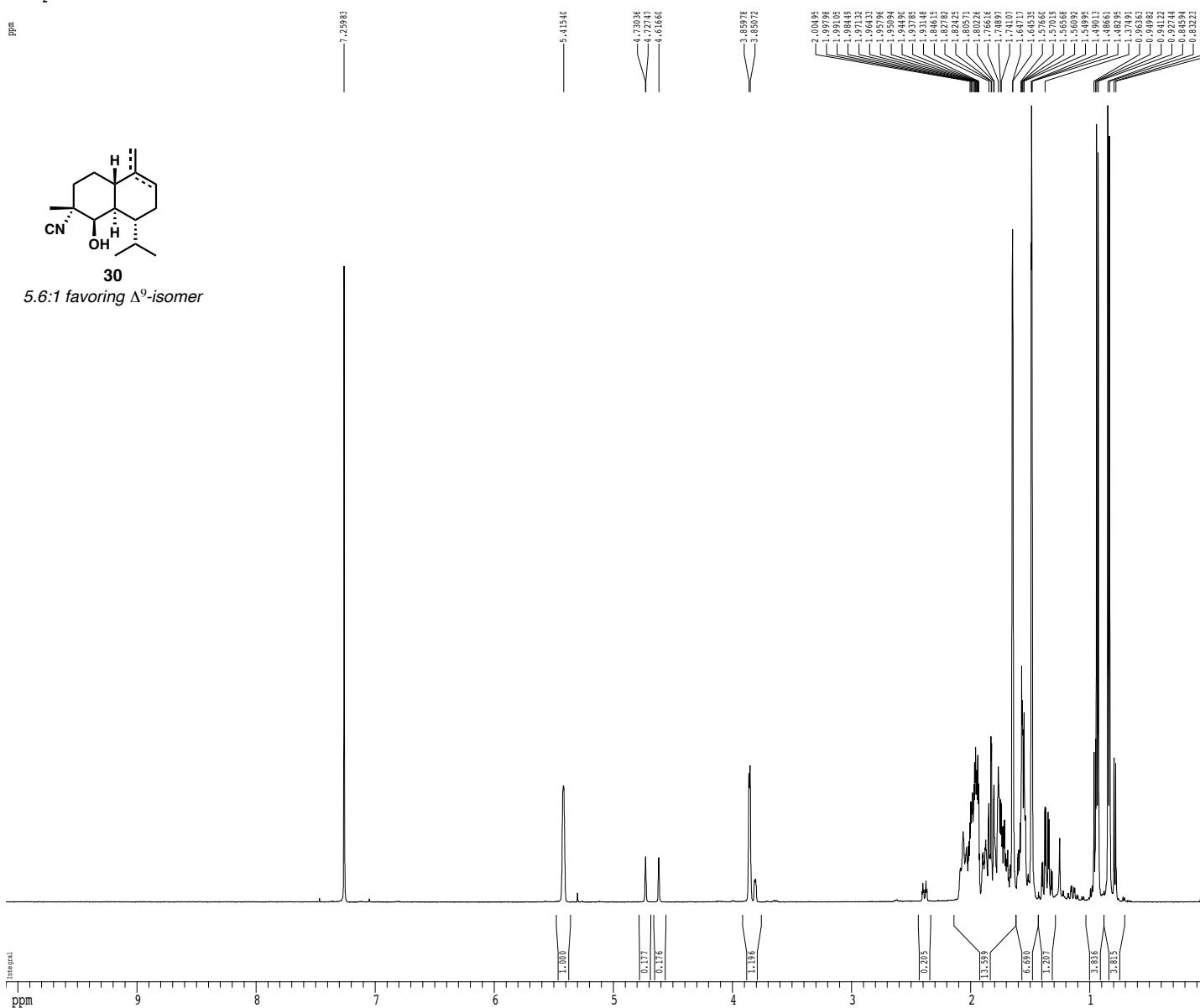
1D NMR plot parameters
CX           22.80 cm
CY           70.00 cm
F1P          200.000 ppm
F1           25156.08 Hz
F2P          -10.000 ppm
F2           -12578.80 Hz
PPMCM        9.21053 ppm
HZCM        1158.50378 Hz

```

1H spectrum



5.6:1 favoring Δ^9 -isomer



Current Data Parameter
USER medau
NAME MED-VI-300p
EXPNO
PROCNO

```

F2 - Acquisition Parameter
Date 20160110
Time 14.07
INSTRUM cryo500
PROBHD 5 mm CPTC1 1H
PULPROG zg30
TD 81728
SOLVENT CDCl3
NS 8
DS 2
SWH 8012.820 Hz
FIDRES 0.098043 Hz
AQ 5.099874 se
RG 8
DW 62,400 us
DE 6.00 us
TE 298.0 K
D1 0.1000000 se
MCREST 0.0000000 se
MCRW 0.0150000 se

```

```

===== CHANNEL f1 =====
NUC1          1H
P1           7.50 us
PL1          1.60 dB
SFO1      500.2235015 MHz

```

```

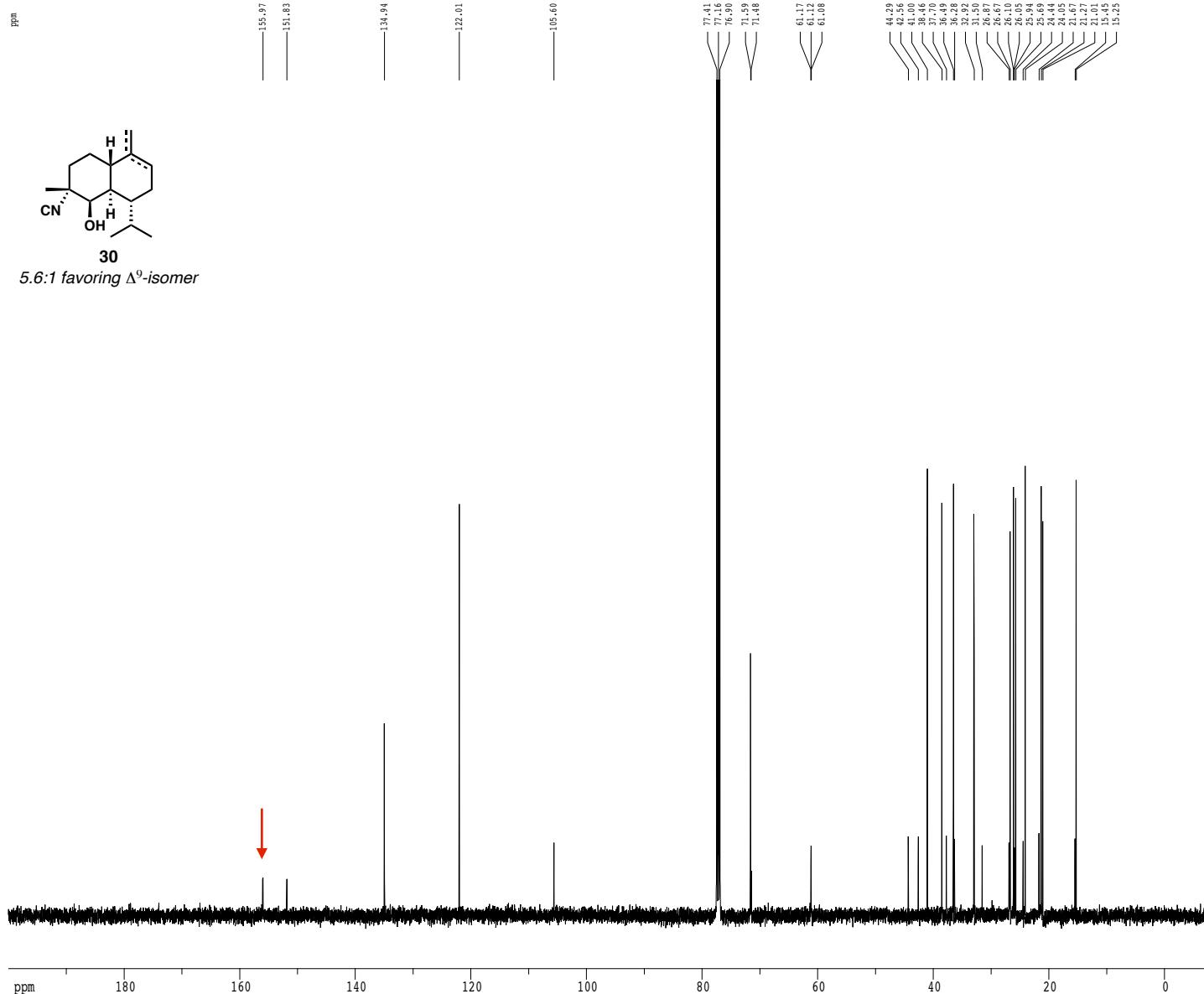
F2 - Processing parameters
SI          65536
SF        500.2200307 MHZ
WDW         EM
SSB          0
LB        0.30 Hz
GB          0
PC        4.00

```

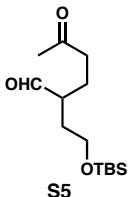
1D NMR plot parameters

CX	22.80	cm
CY	15.00	cm
F1P	10.100	ppm
F1	5052.22	Hz
F2P	-0.100	ppm
F2	-50.02	Hz
PPMCM	0.44737	ppm/
HZCM	223.78267	Hz/cm

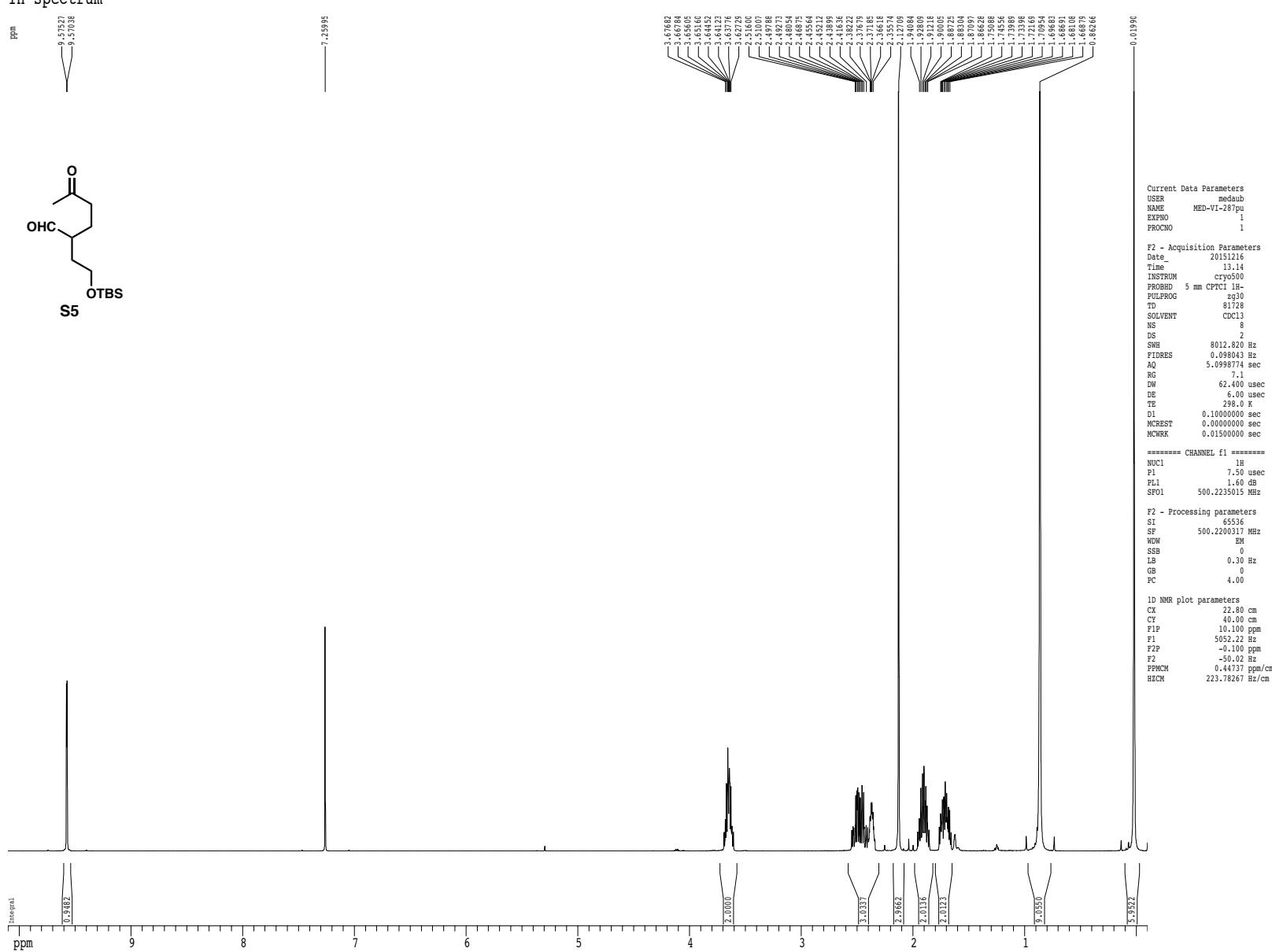
Z-restored spin-echo ^{13}C spectrum with ^1H decoupling



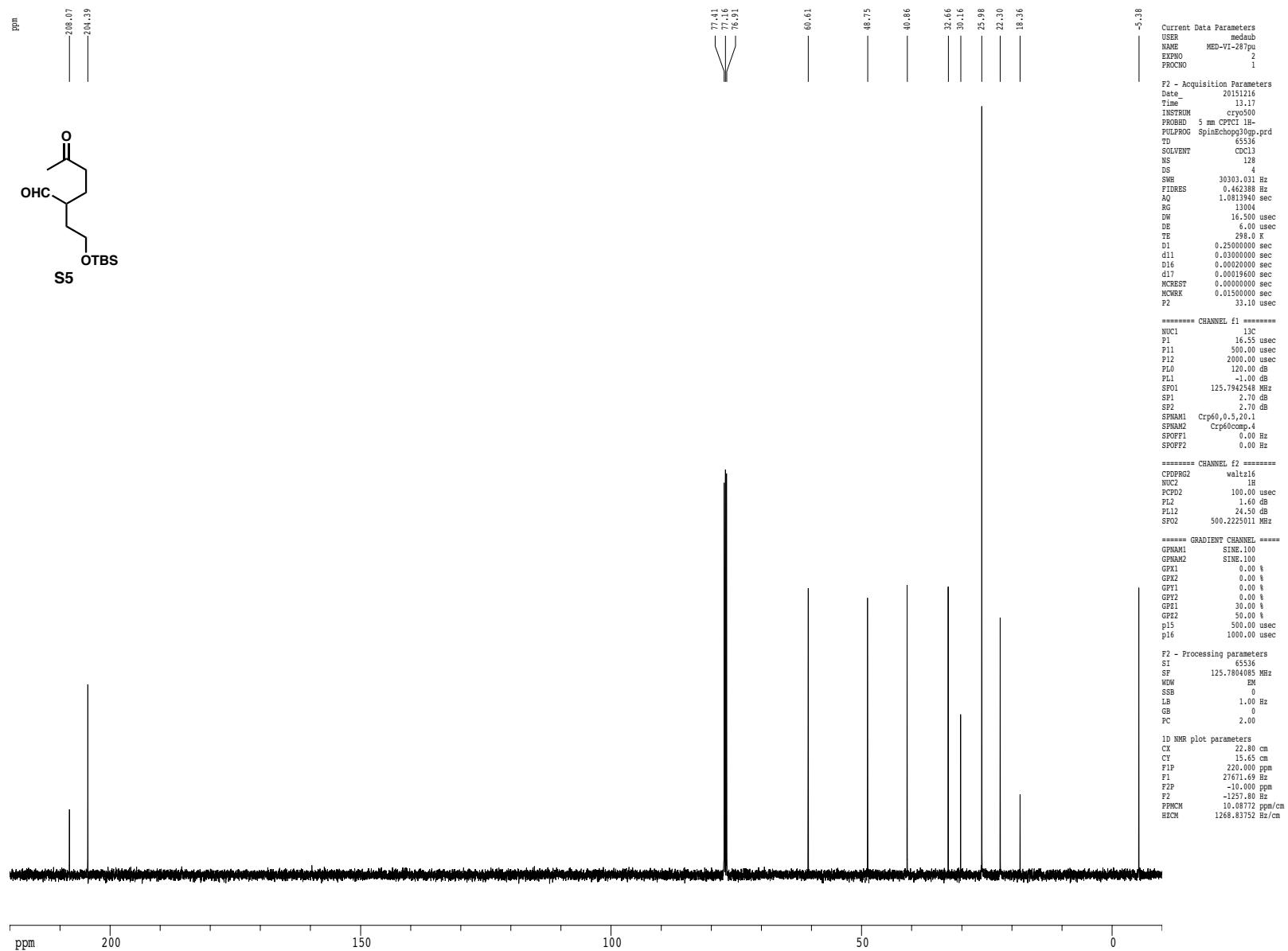
^1H spectrum



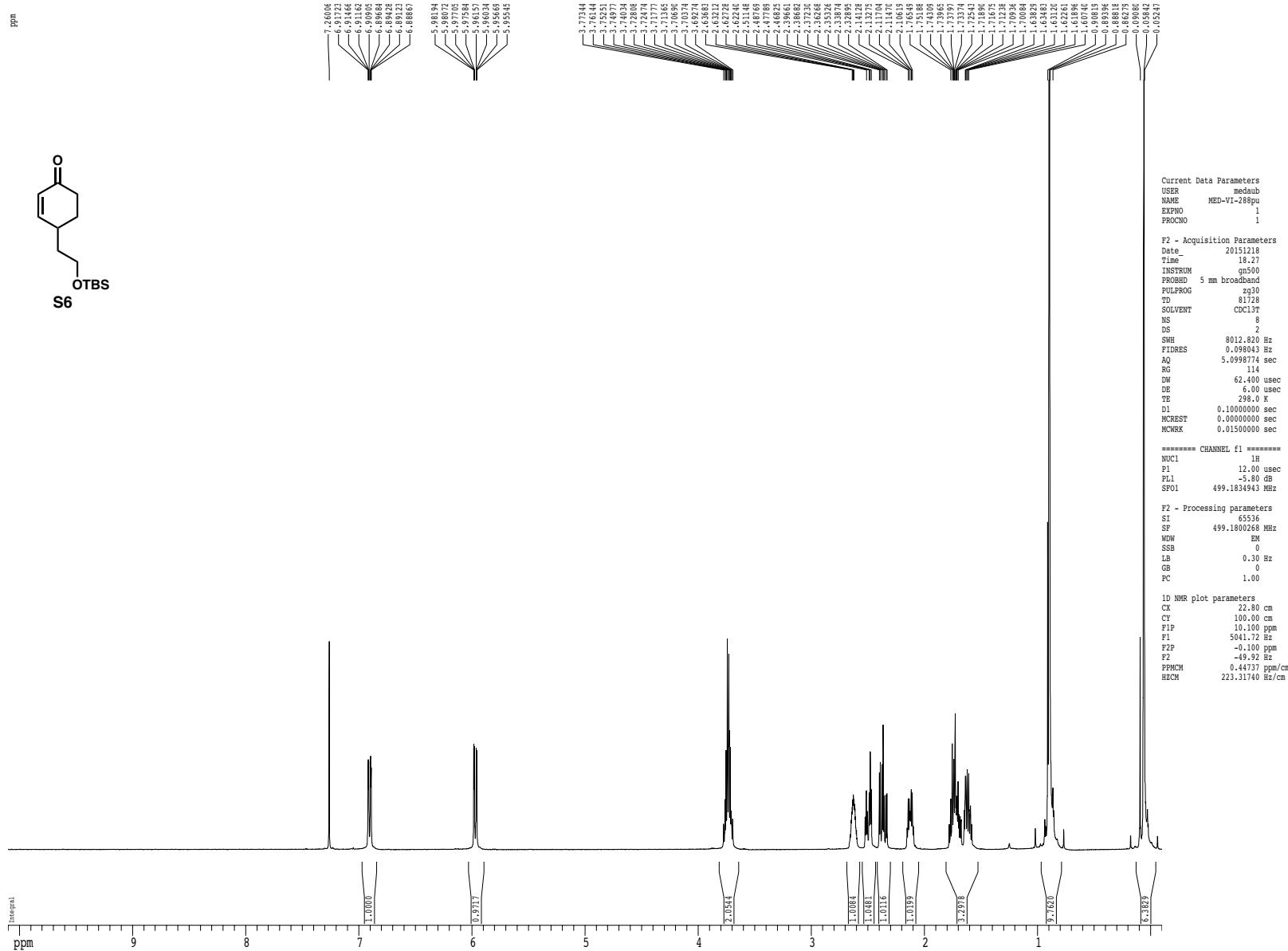
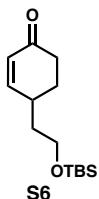
S5



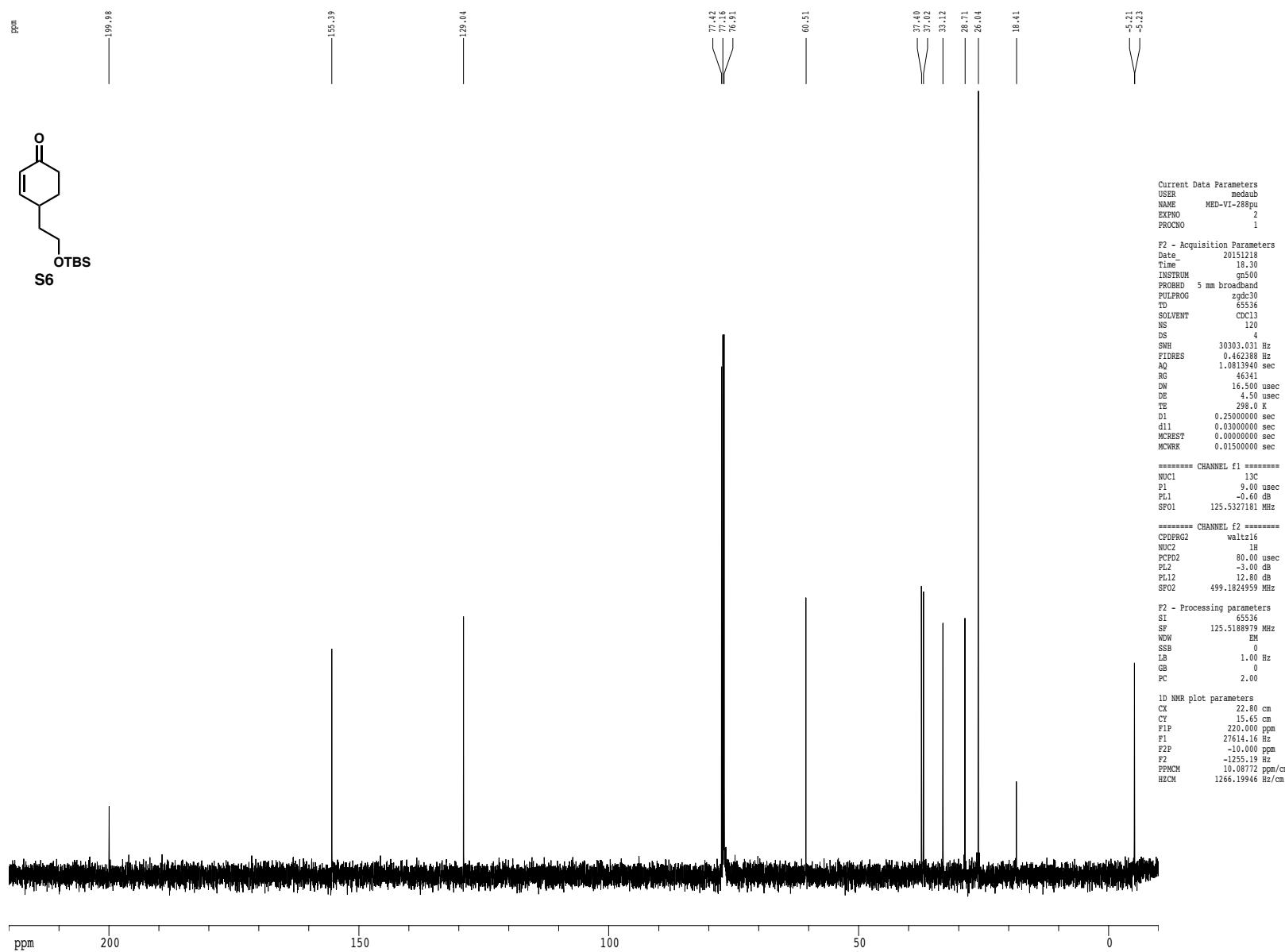
Z-restored spin-echo ^{13}C spectrum with ^1H decoupling



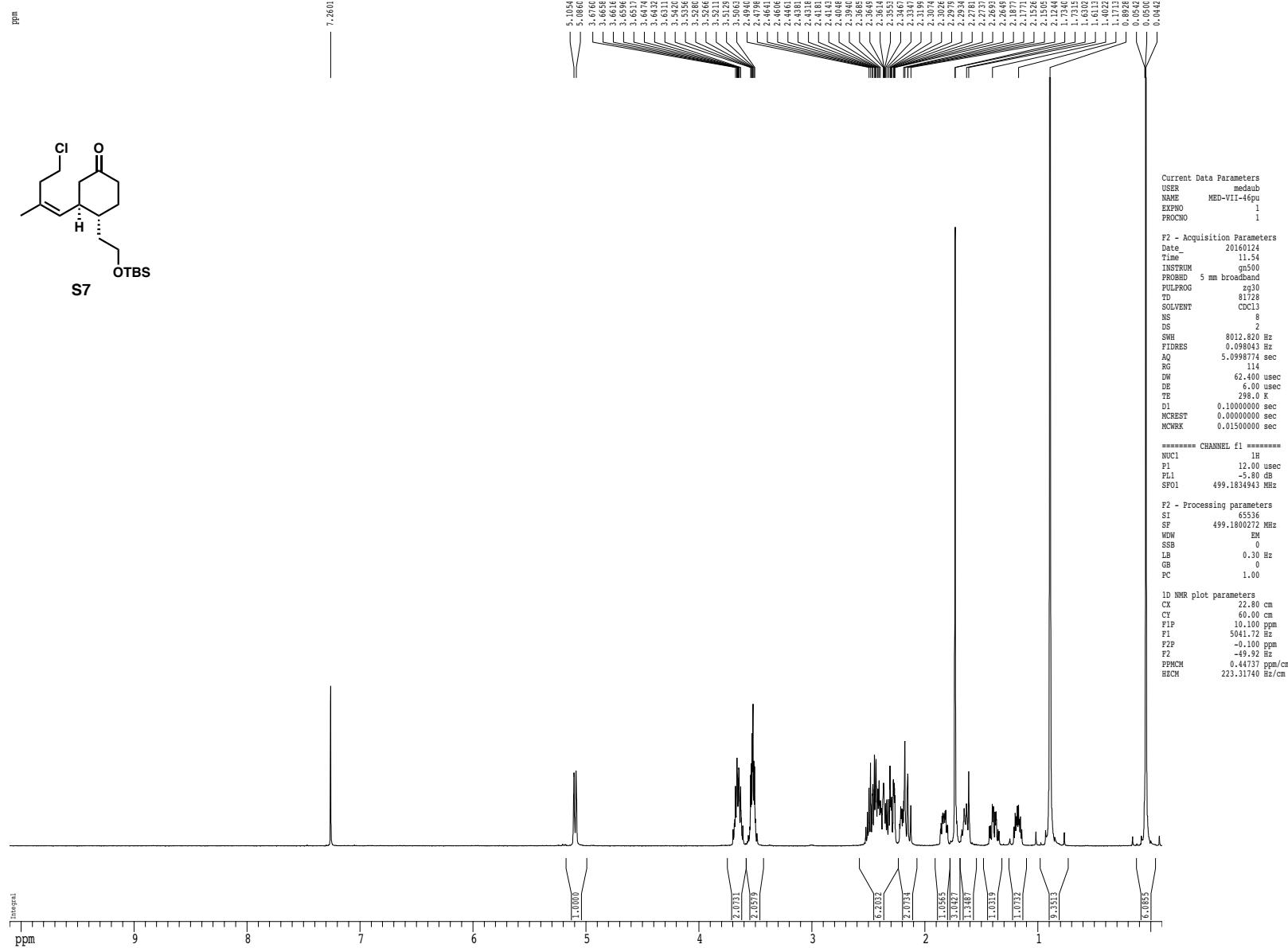
^1H spectrum



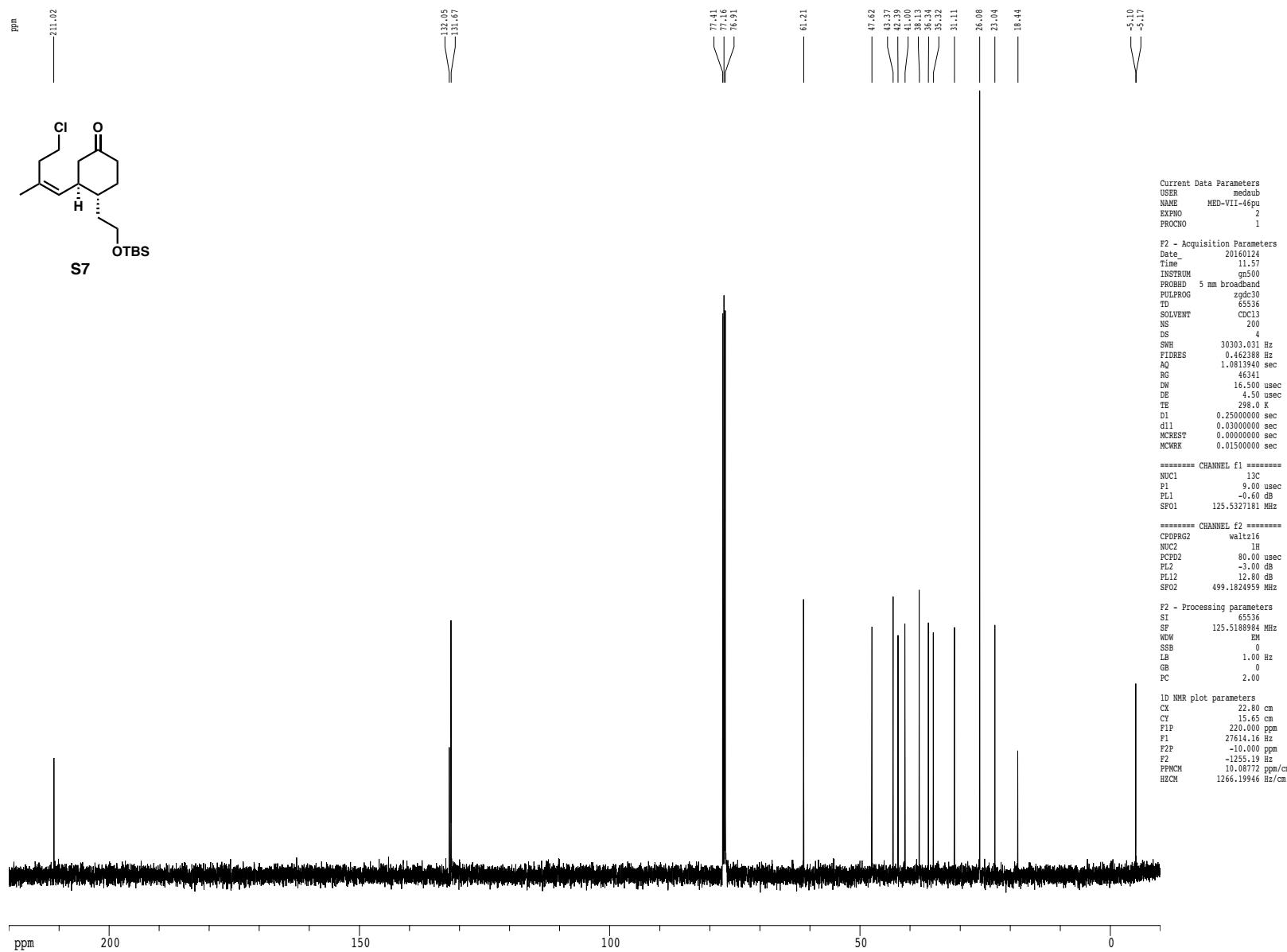
¹³C spectrum with ¹H decoupling



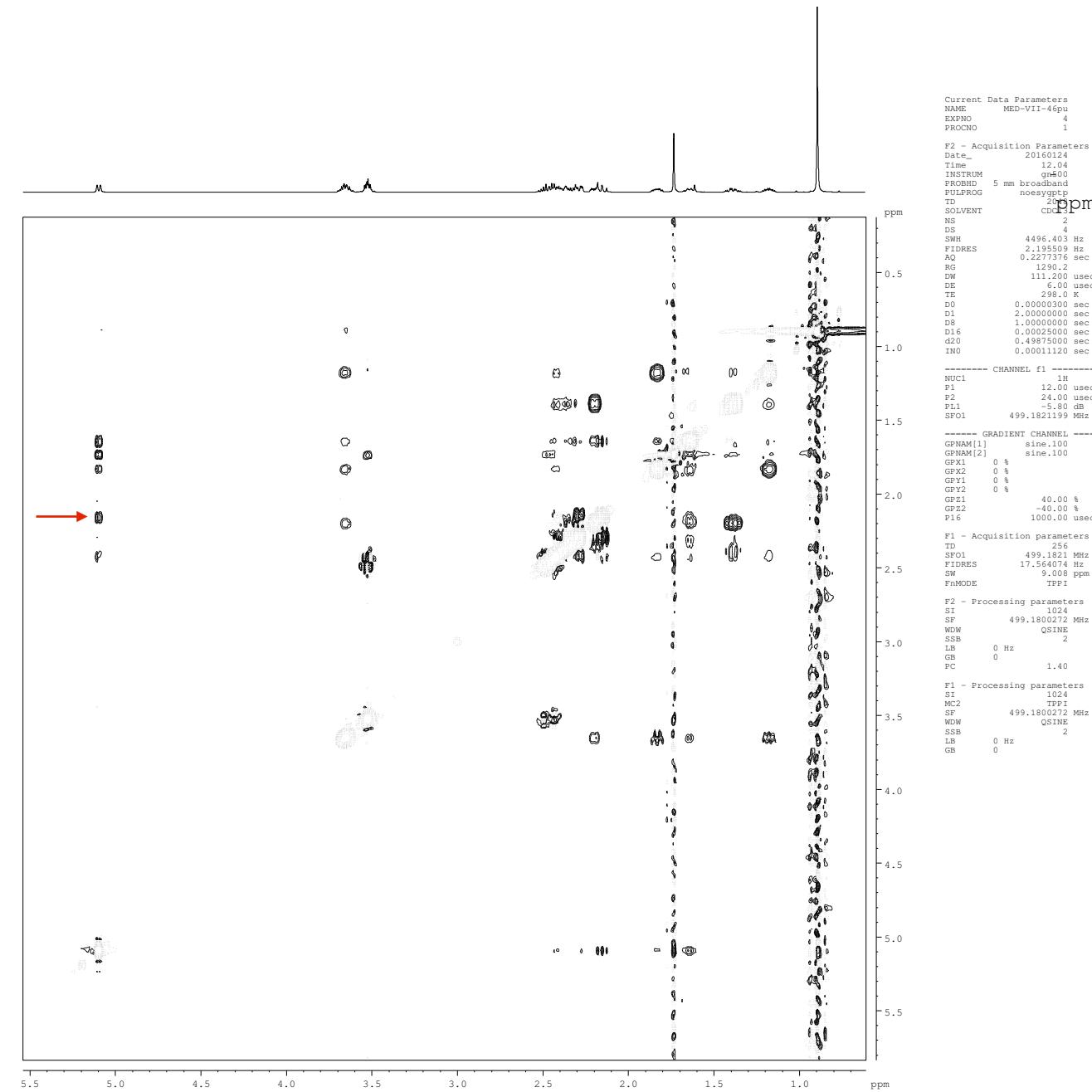
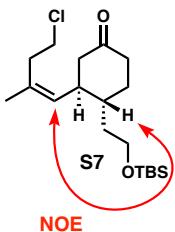
¹H spectrum



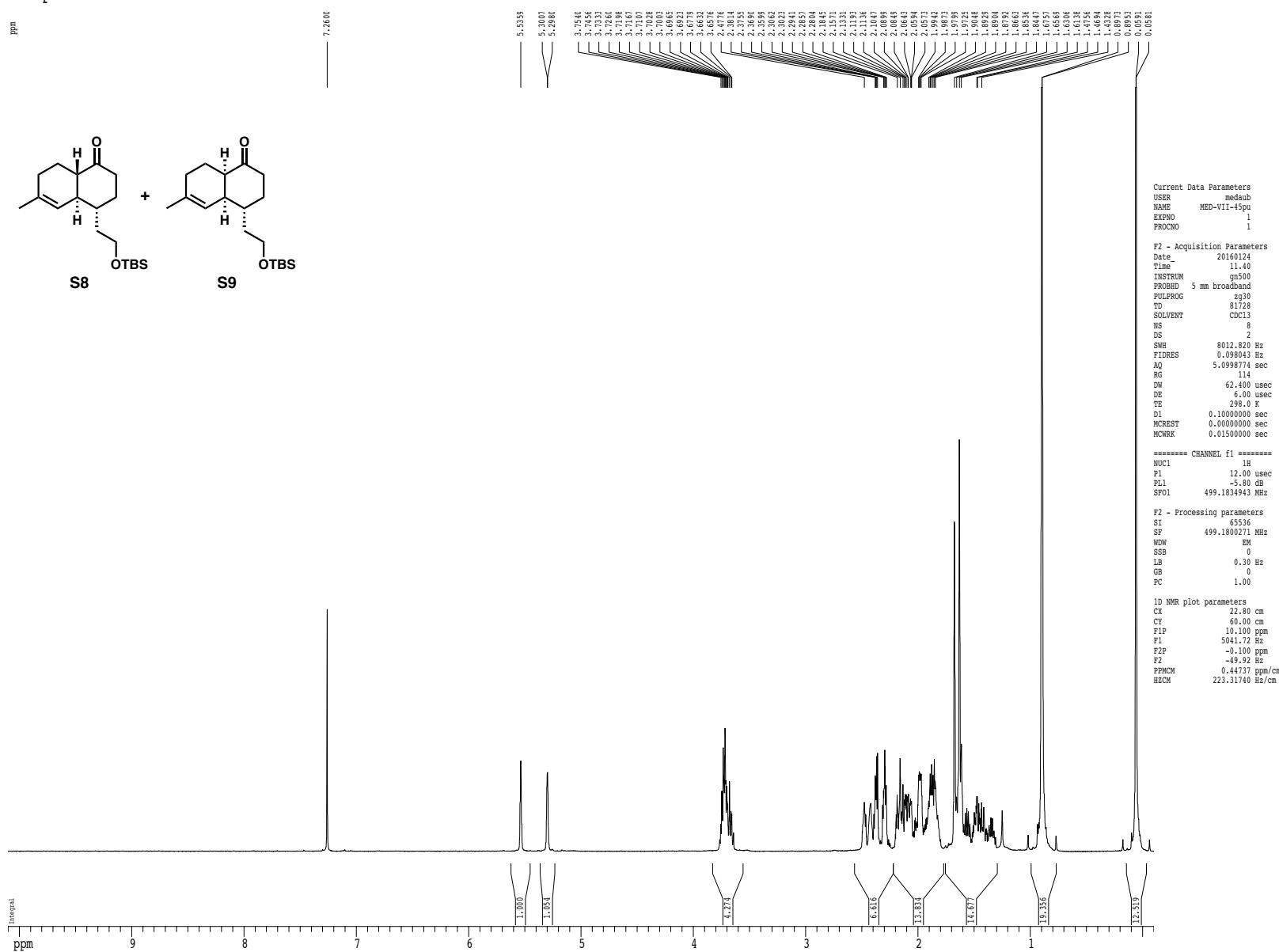
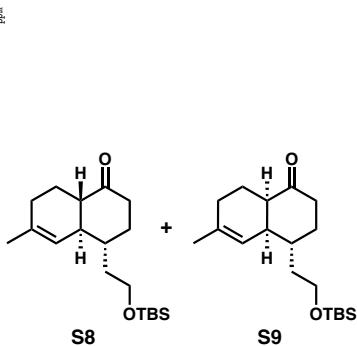
¹³C spectrum with ¹H decoupling



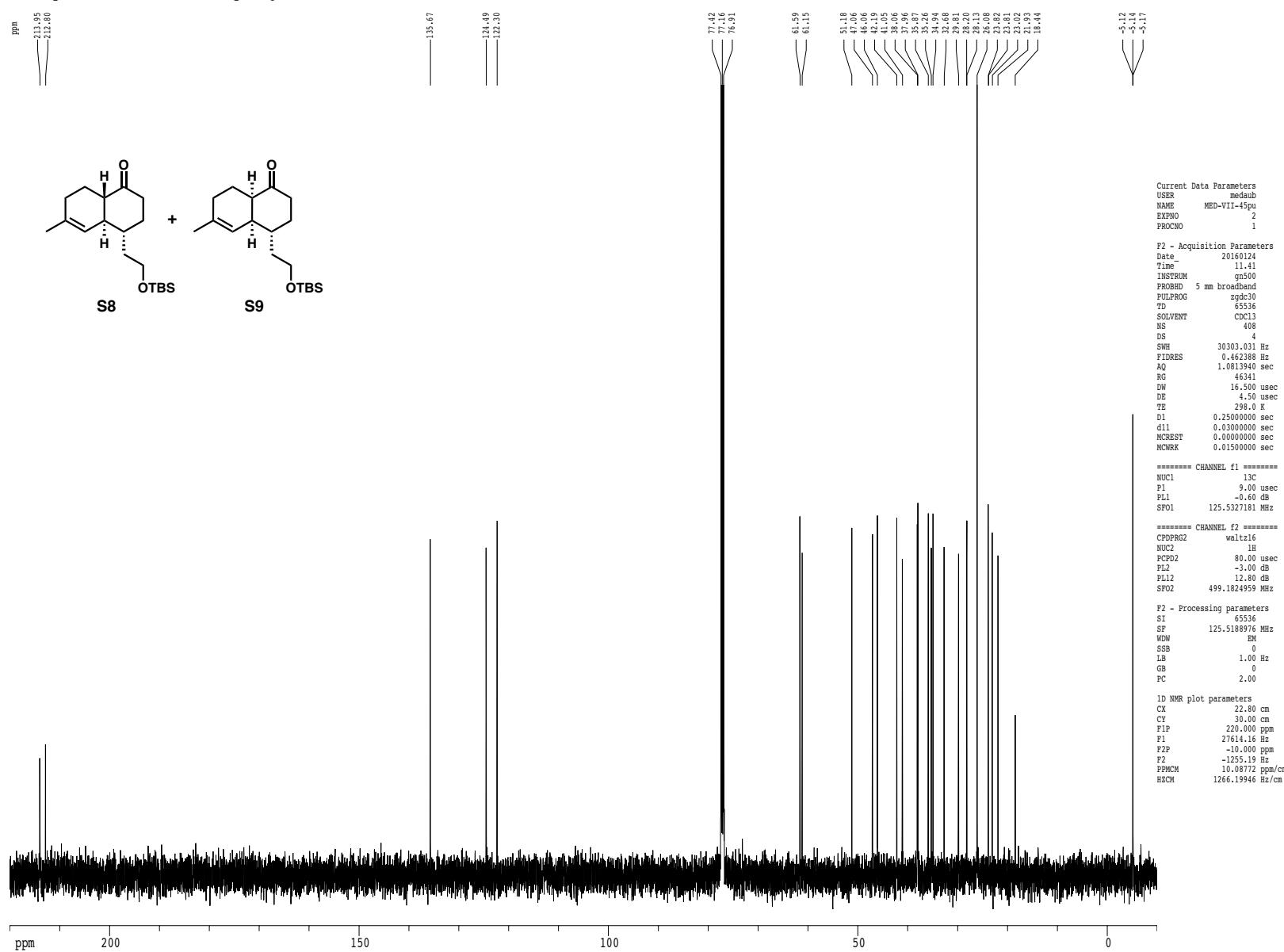
noesygptp



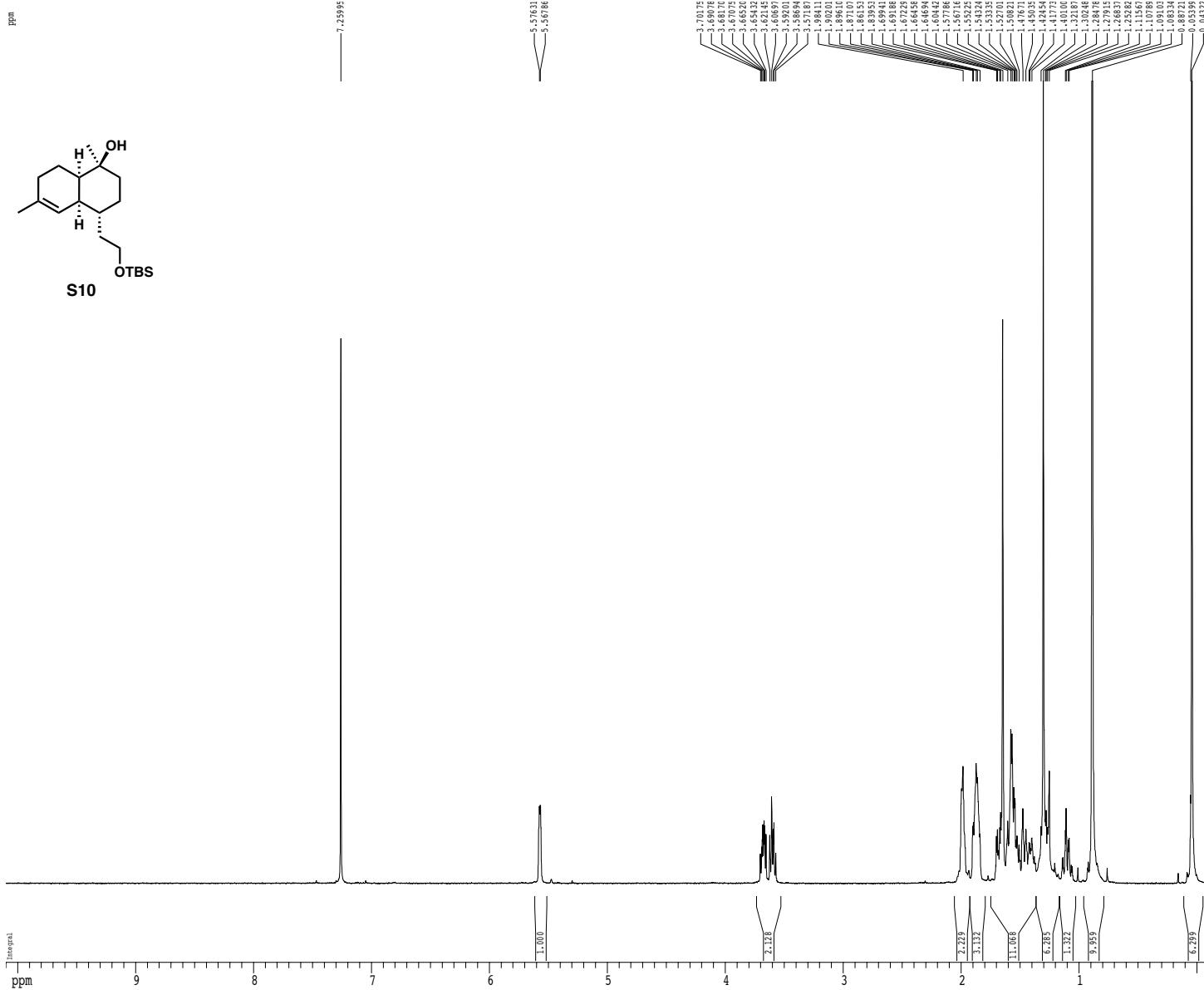
^1H spectrum



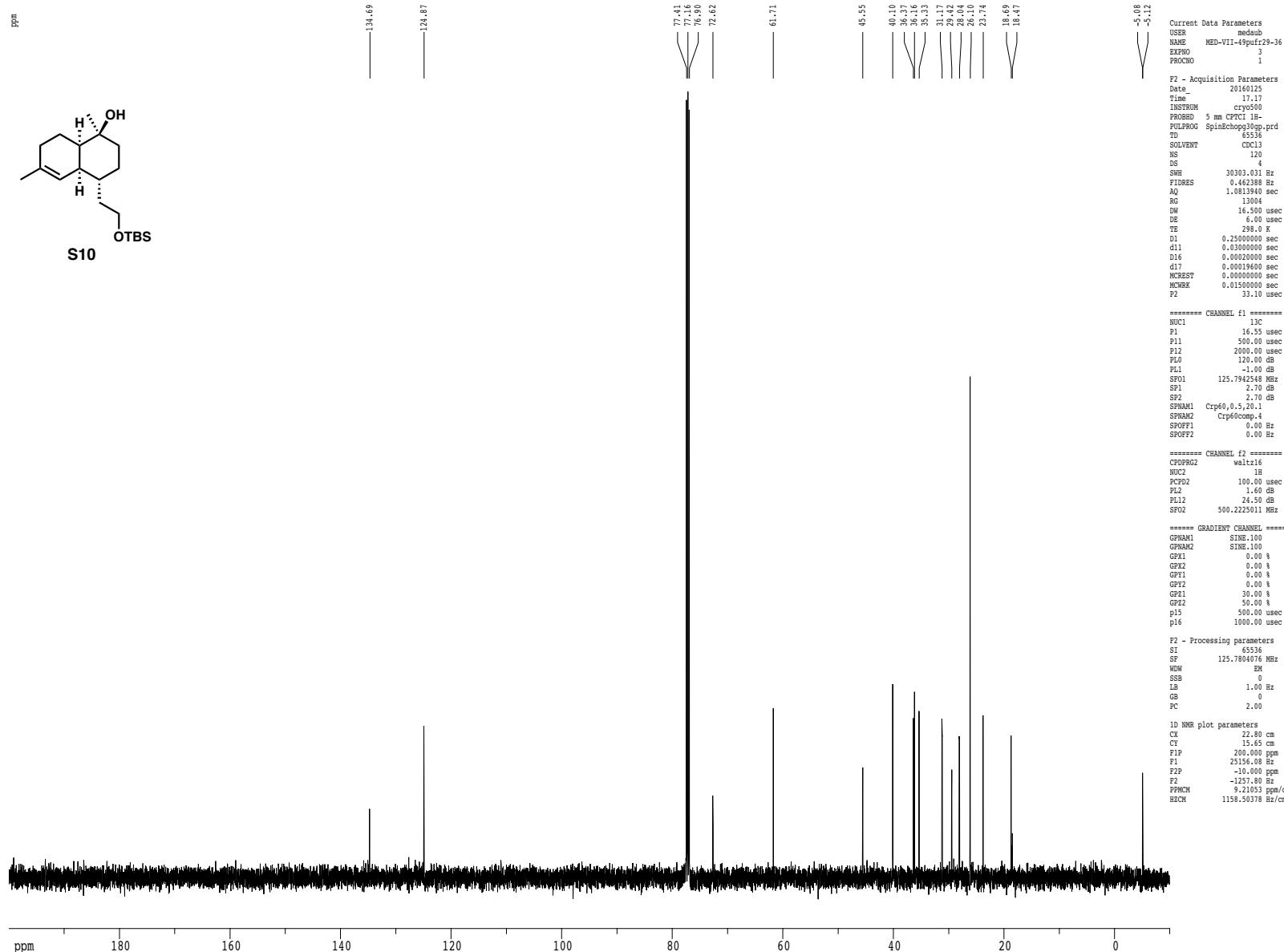
¹³C spectrum with ¹H decoupling



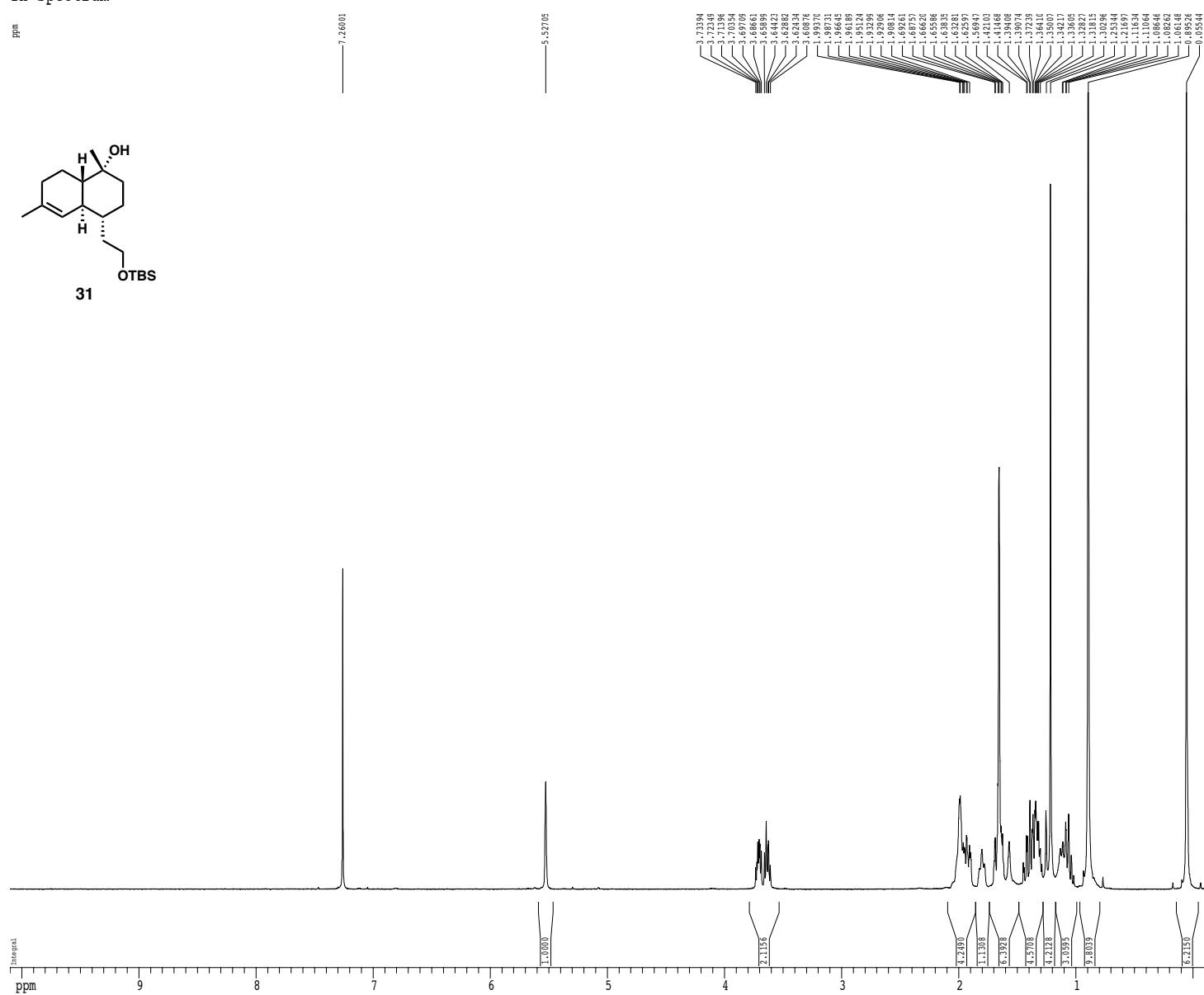
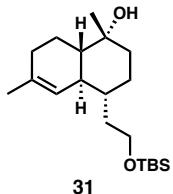
¹H spectrum



Z-restored spin-echo ^{13}C spectrum with ^1H decoupling

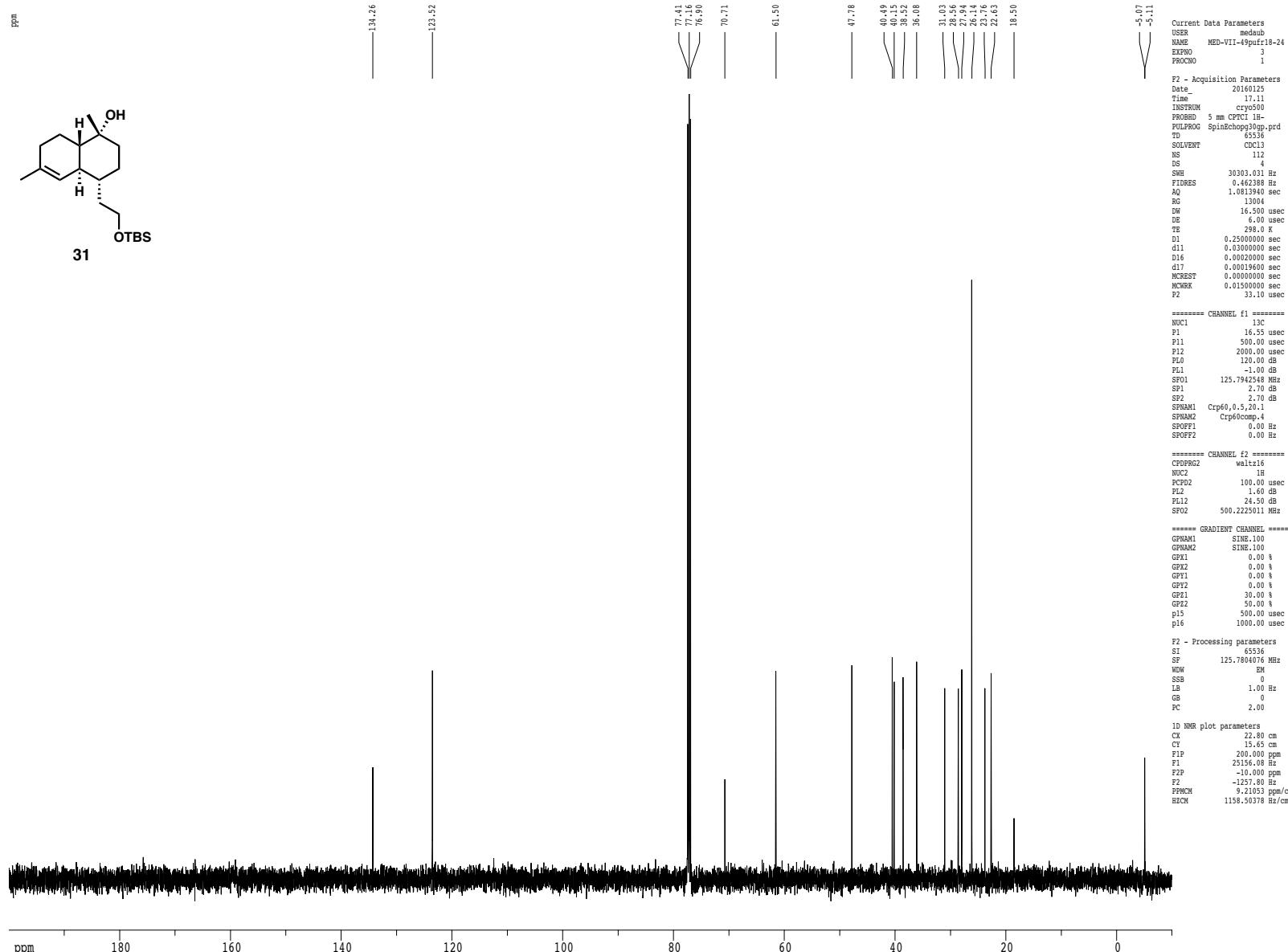


^1H spectrum

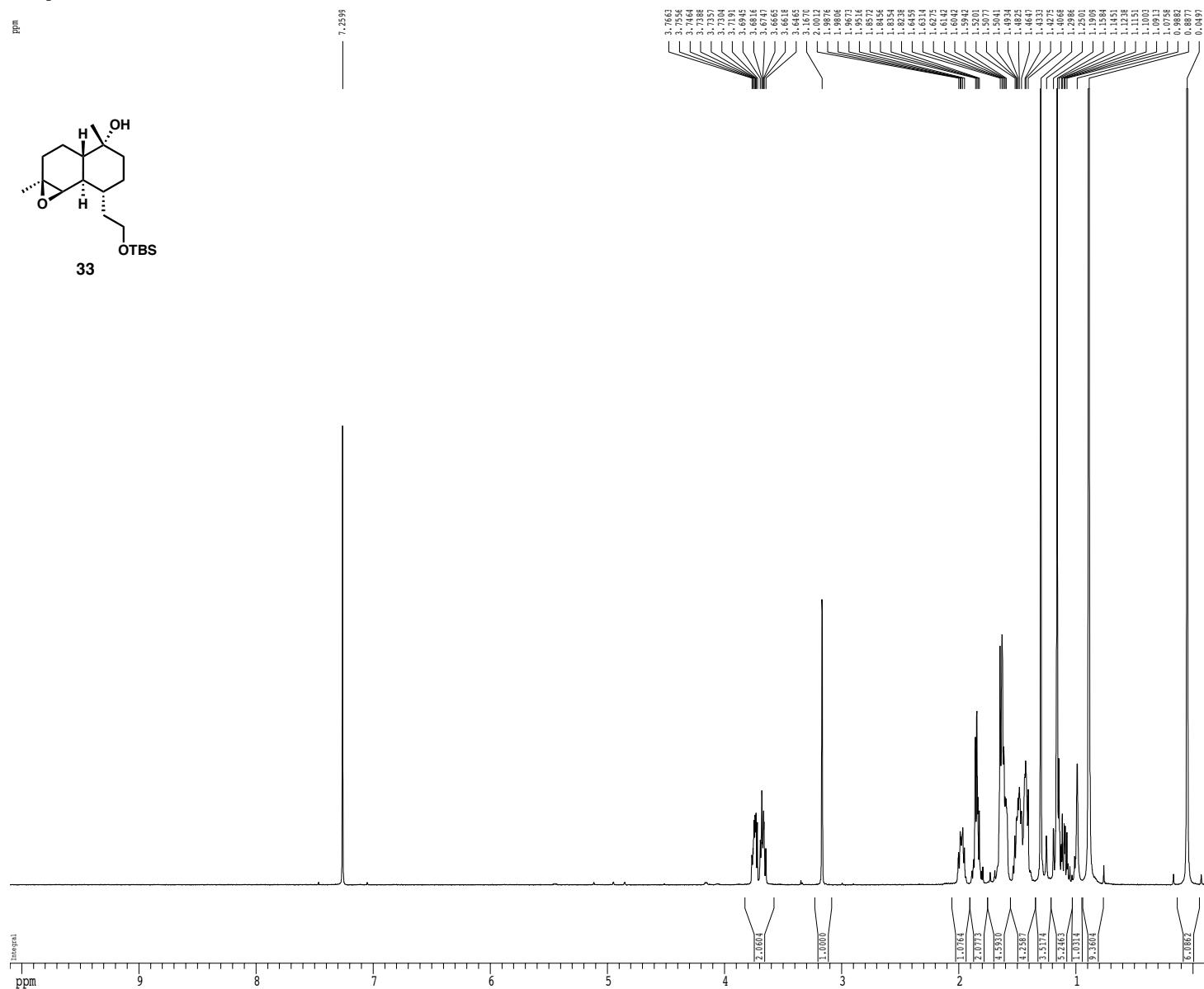
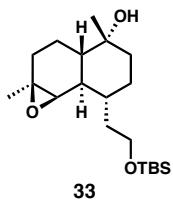


S118

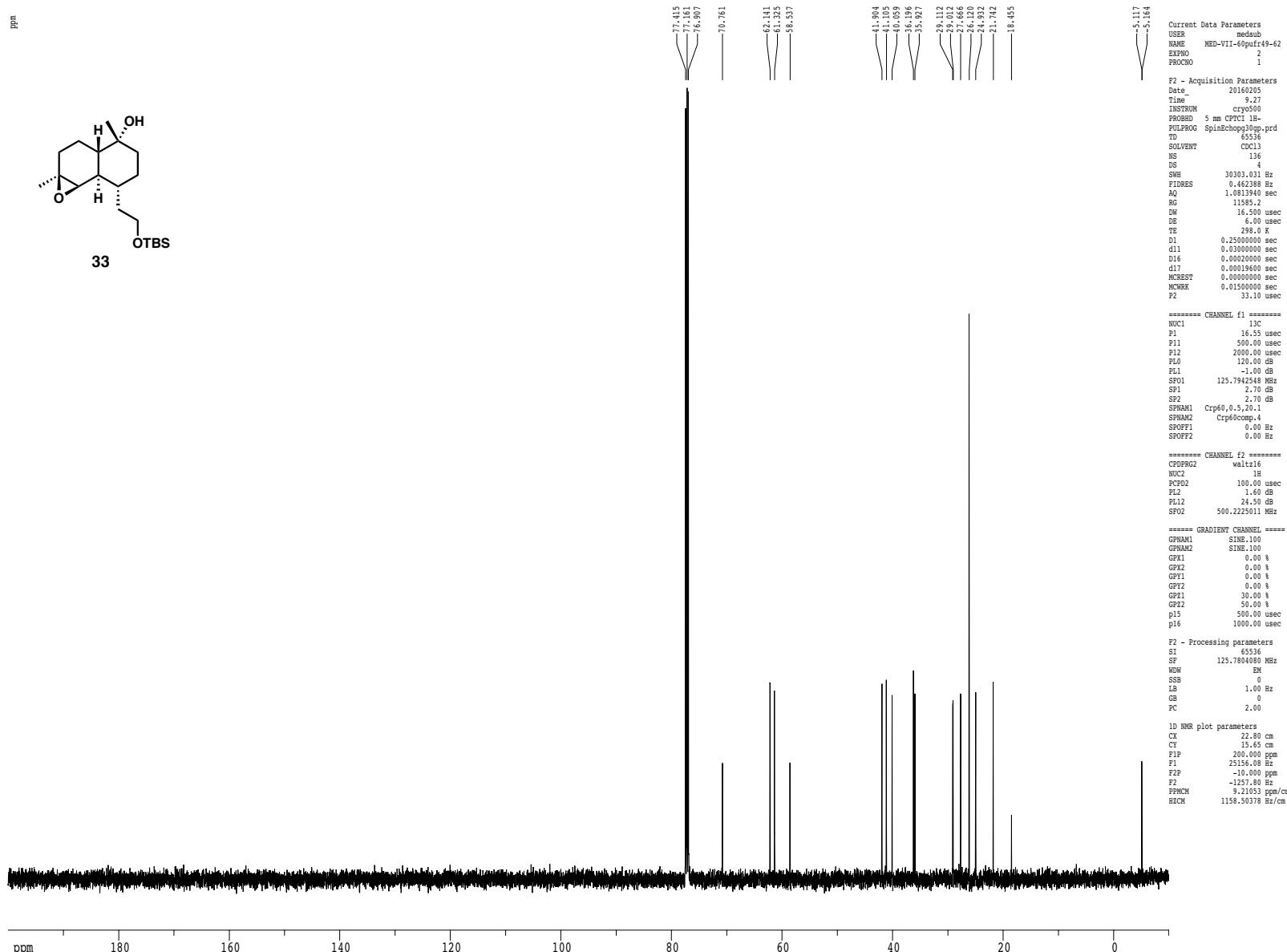
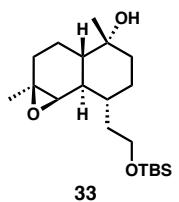
Z-restored spin-echo ^{13}C spectrum with ^1H decoupling



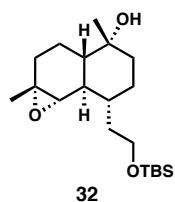
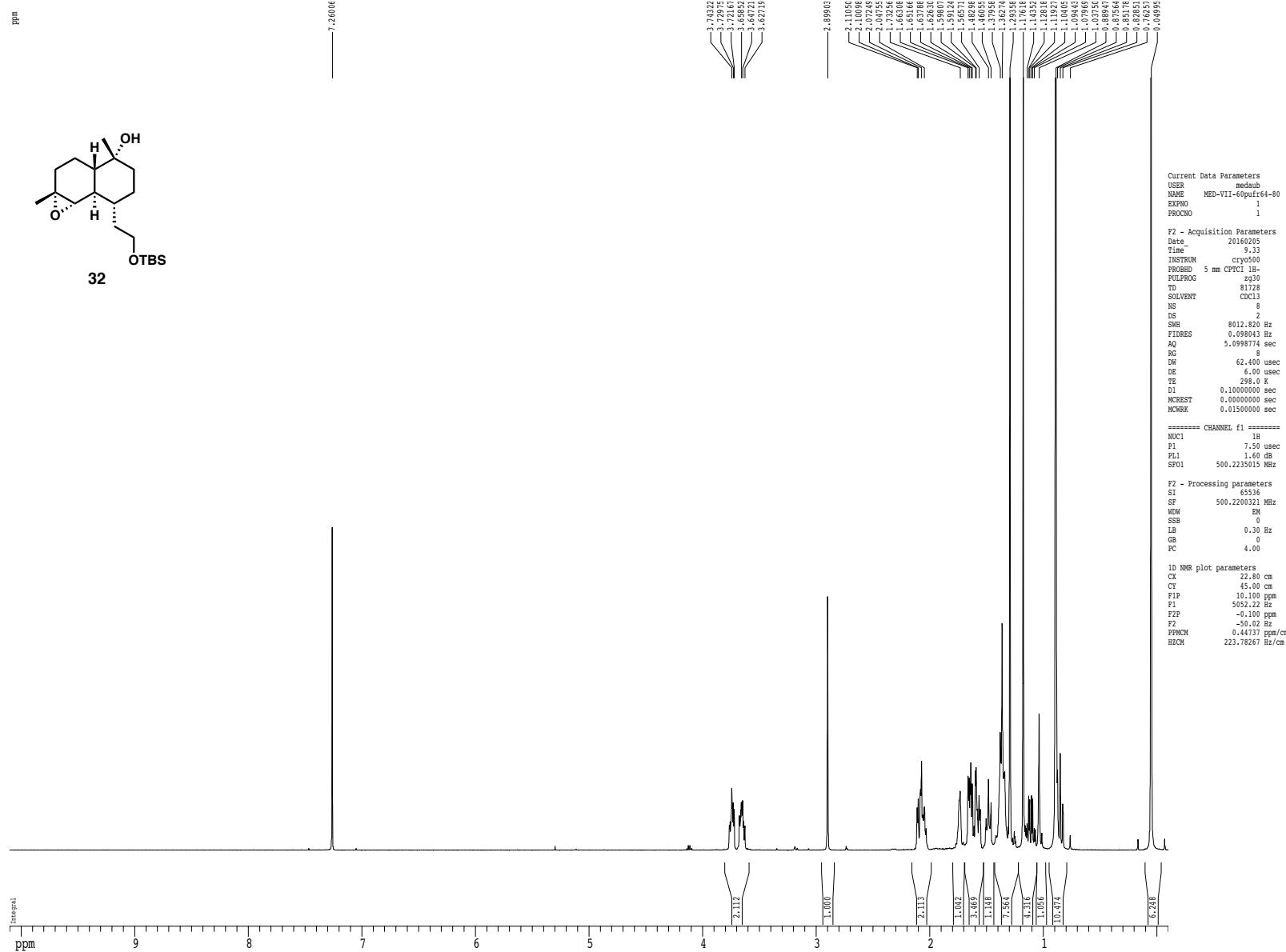
^1H spectrum



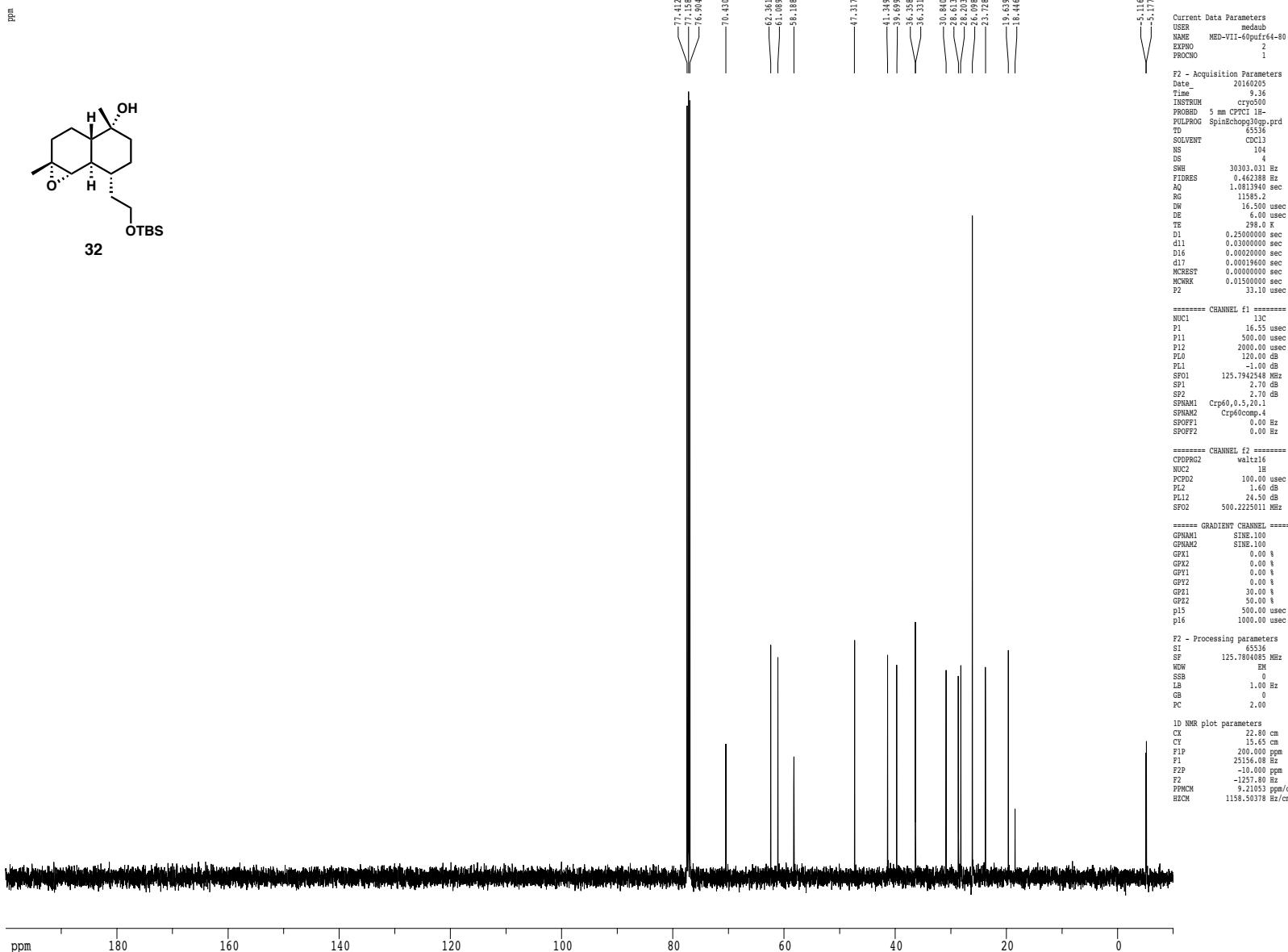
Z-restored spin-echo ^{13}C spectrum with ^1H decoupling



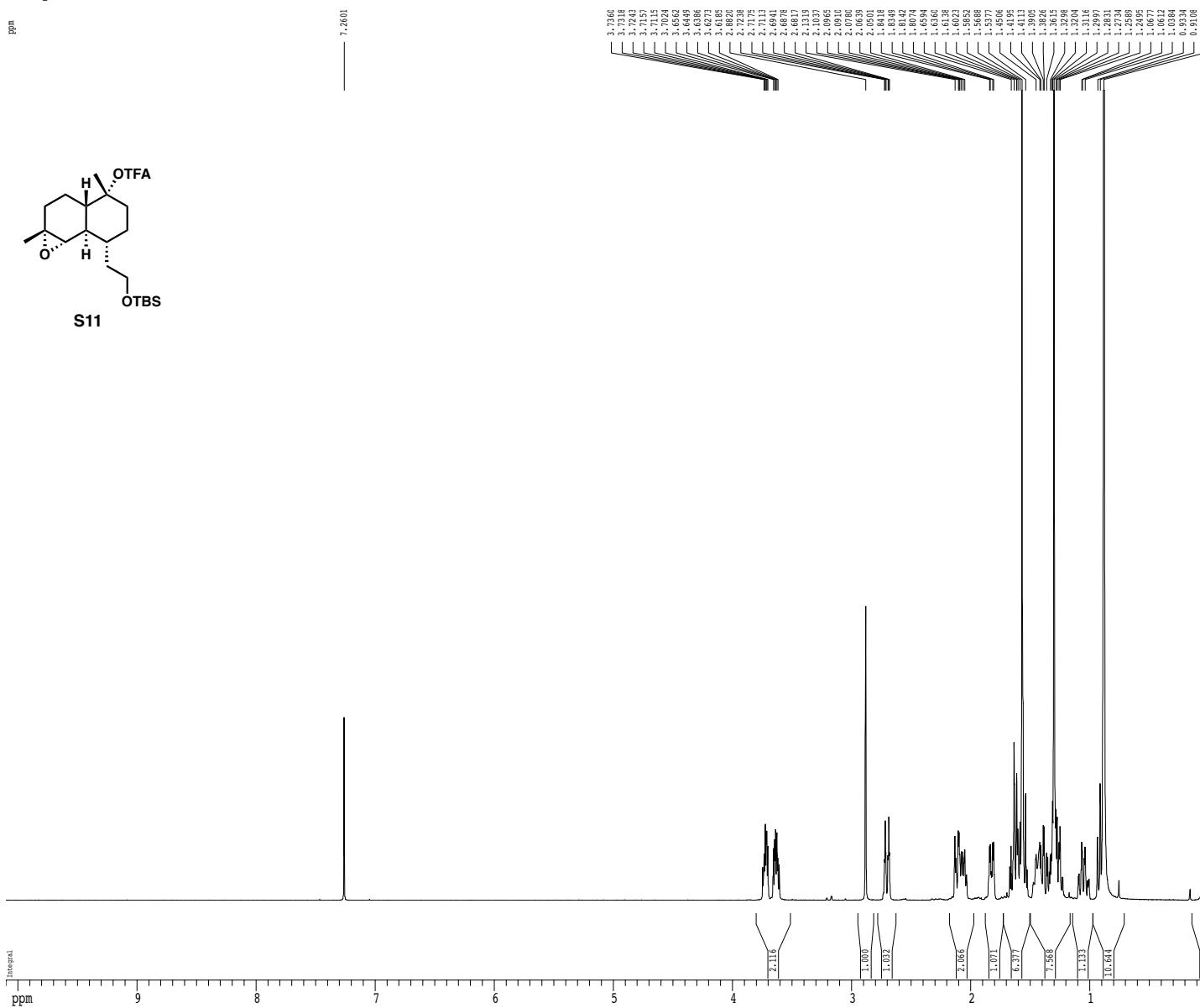
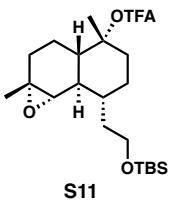
¹H spectrum



Z-restored spin-echo ^{13}C spectrum with ^1H decoupling

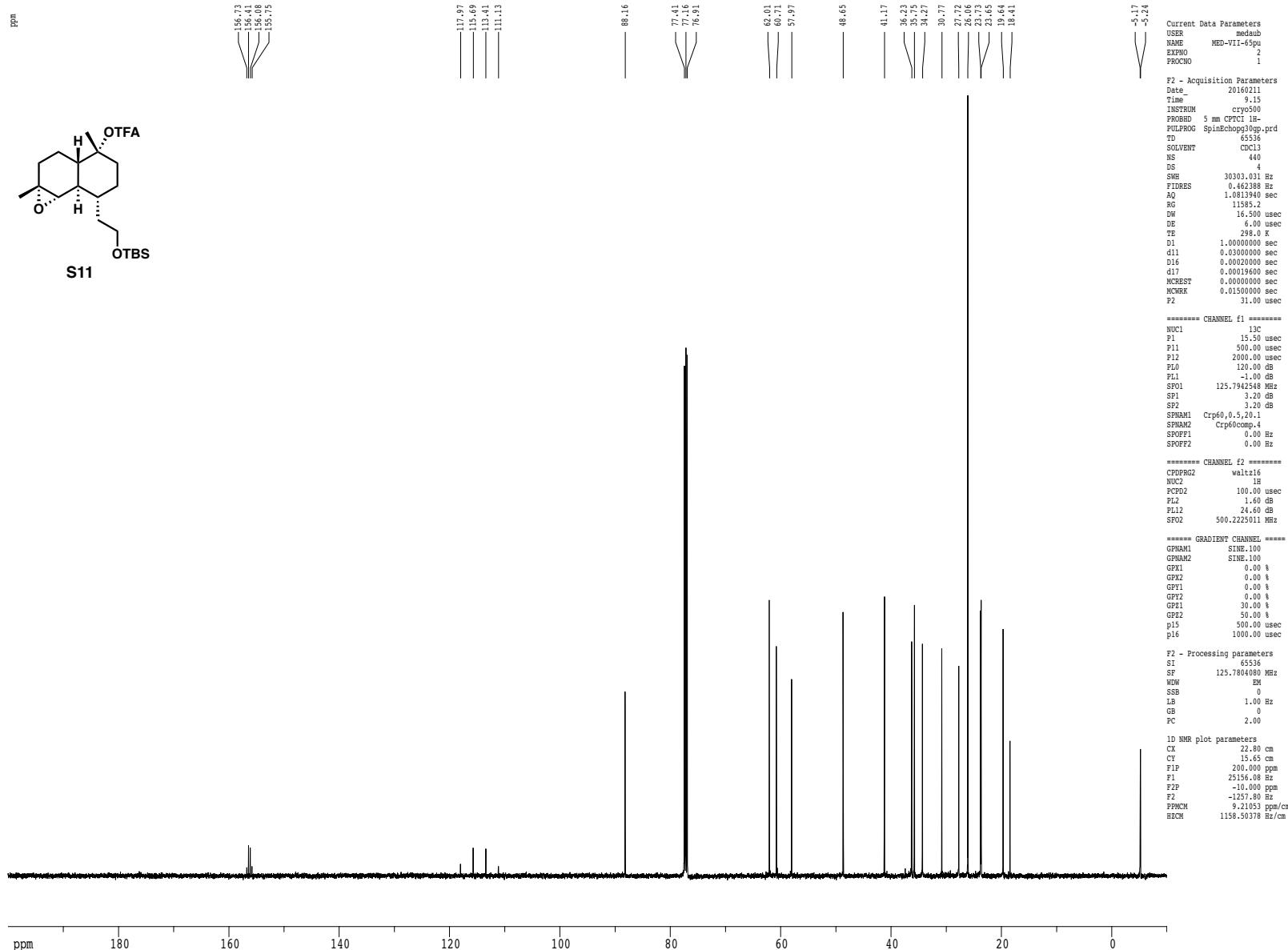


1H spectrum

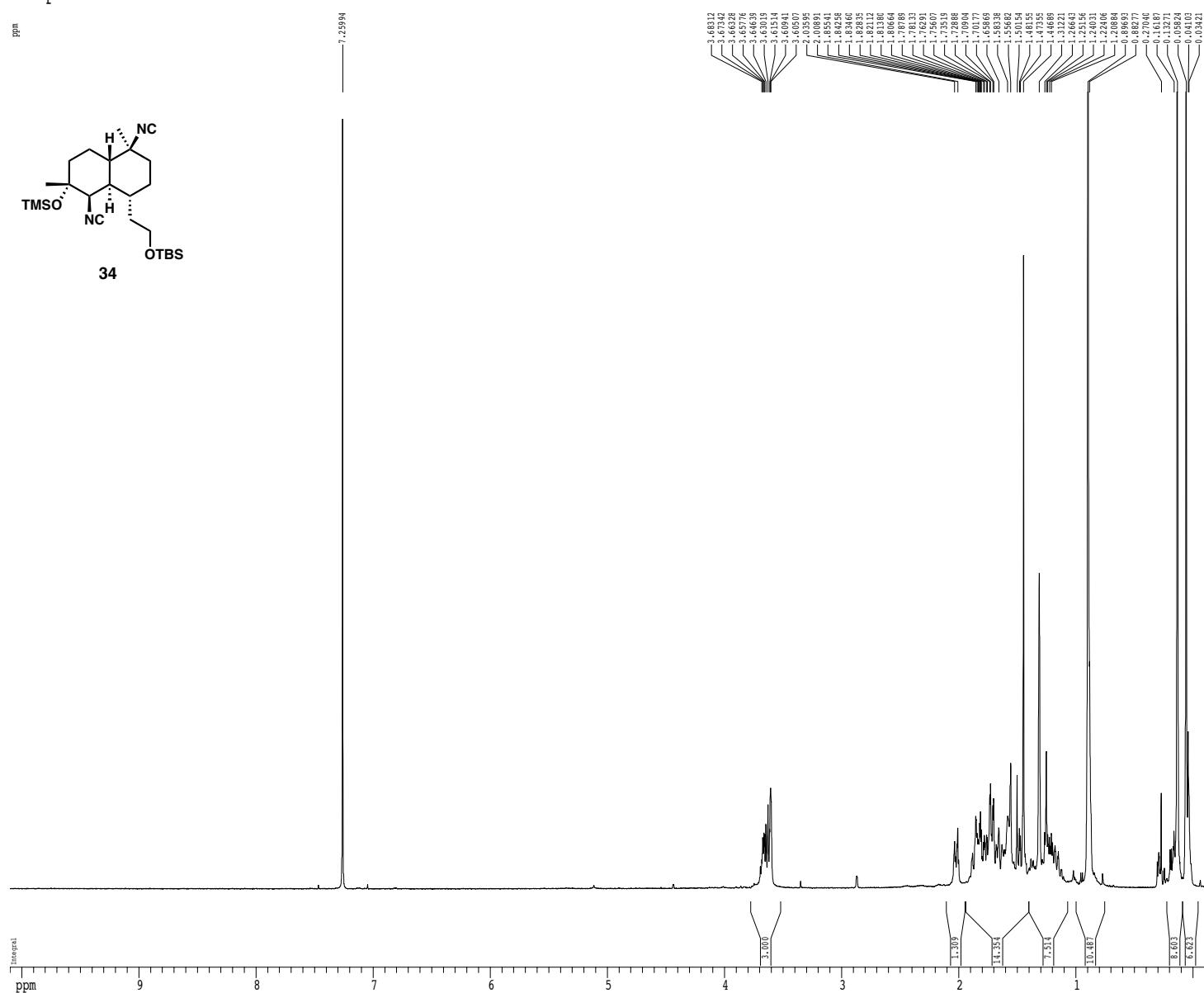
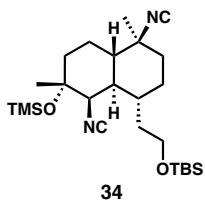


S124

Z-restored spin-echo ^{13}C spectrum with ^1H decoupling



1H spectrum



Current Data Par
USER
NAME MED-VI
EXPNO
PROCNO

```

F2 - Acquisition Parameters
Date_      20160217
Time       9.23
INSTRUM   cryo500
PROBHD   5 mm CPTC1 1H
PULPROG  zg30
TD        81728
SOLVENT    CDC13
NS         8
DS         2
SWH       8012.820 Hz
FIDRES   0.098043 Hz
AQ        5.0998774 sec
RG        6.3
DW        62,400 usec
DE        6.00
TE        298.0 K
D1        0.1000000 sec
MCREST   0.0000000 sec
MCRWRT  0.0150000 sec

```

===== CHANNEL f1 =====
NUC1 1H
P1 7.50 usec
PL1 1.60 dB
SF01 500.2235015 MHz

```

F2 - Processing parameters
SI           65536
SF          500.2200321 MHz
WDW          EM
SSB           0
LB            0.30 Hz
GB           0
PC           4.00

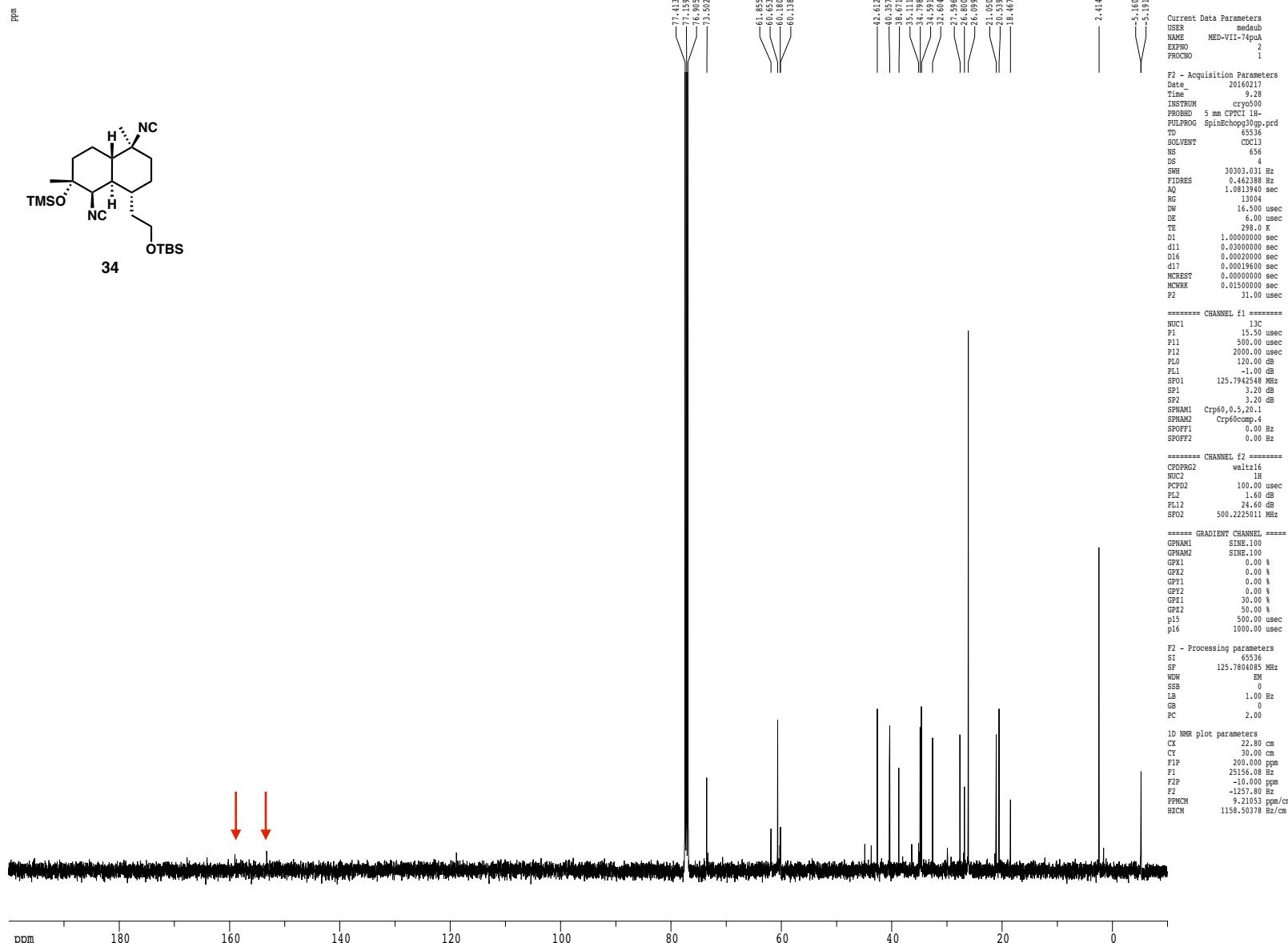
```

```

1D NMR plot parameters
CX           22.80 cm
CY           45.00 cm
F1P          10.100 ppm
F1           5052.22 Hz
F2P          -0.100 ppm
F2           -50.02 Hz
PPMCM        0.44737 ppm/cm
HzCM         223.78267 Hz/cm

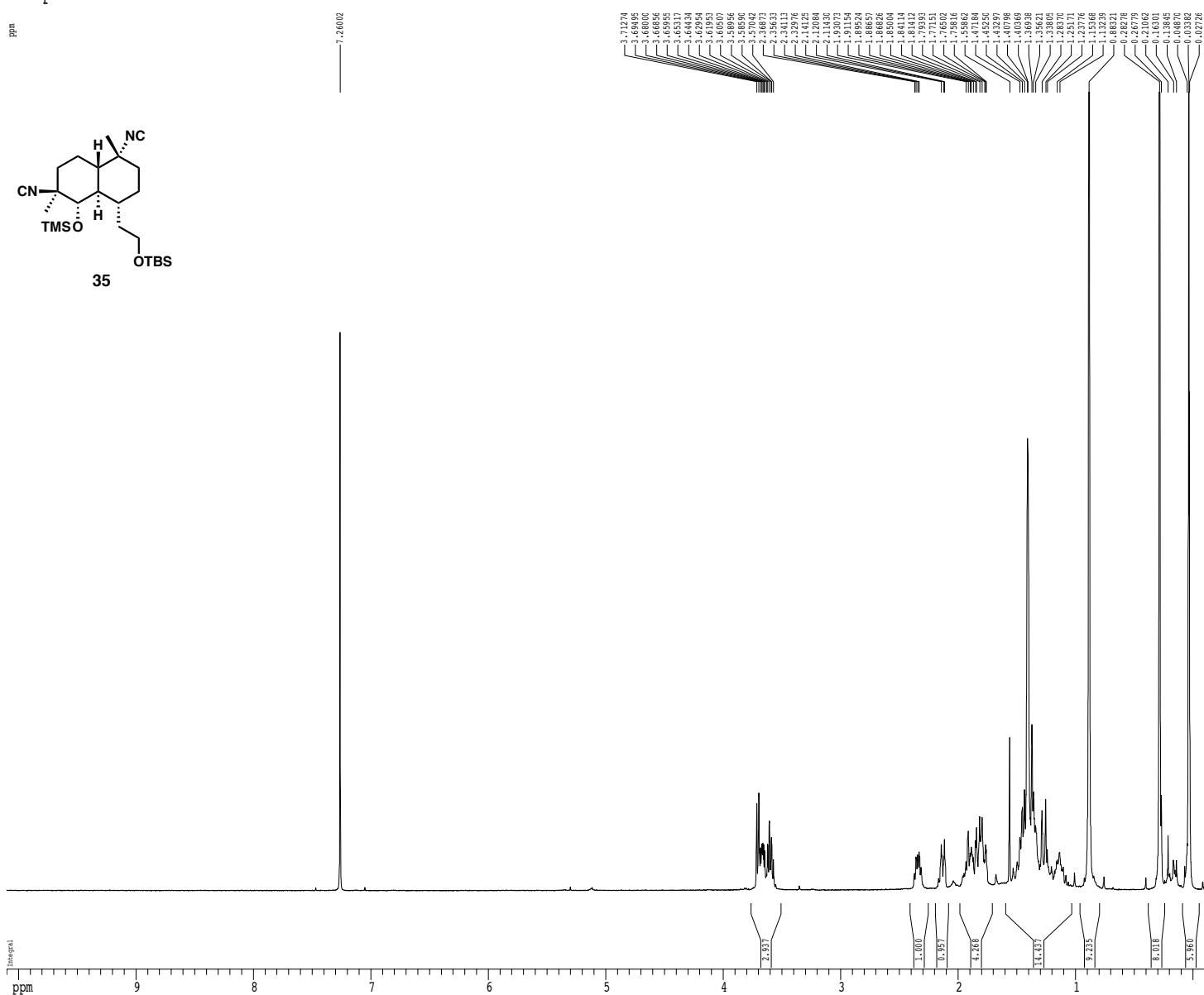
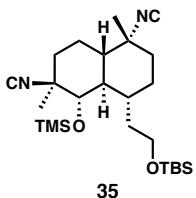
```

Z-restored spin-echo ^{13}C spectrum with ^1H decoupling

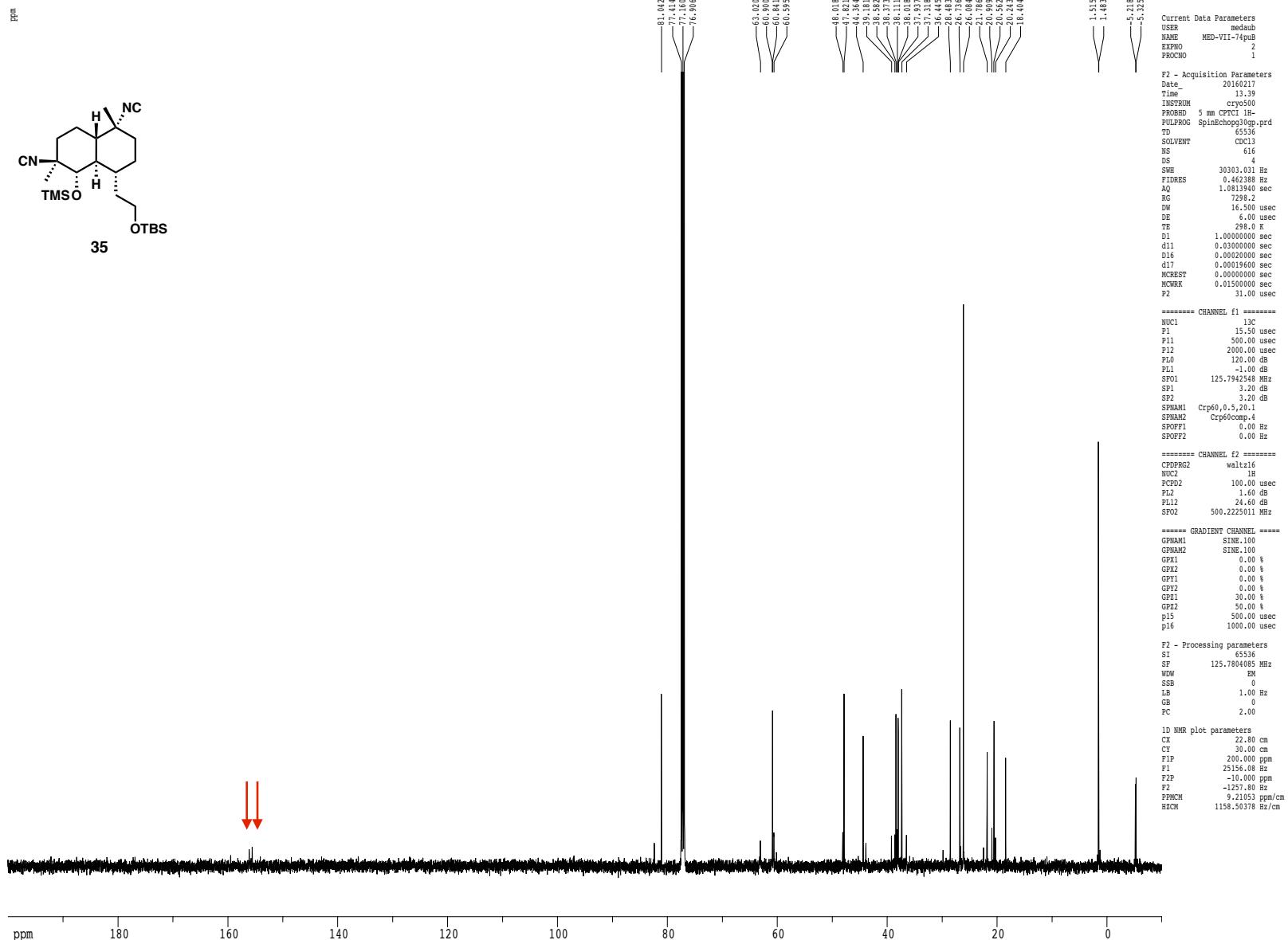


¹H spectrum

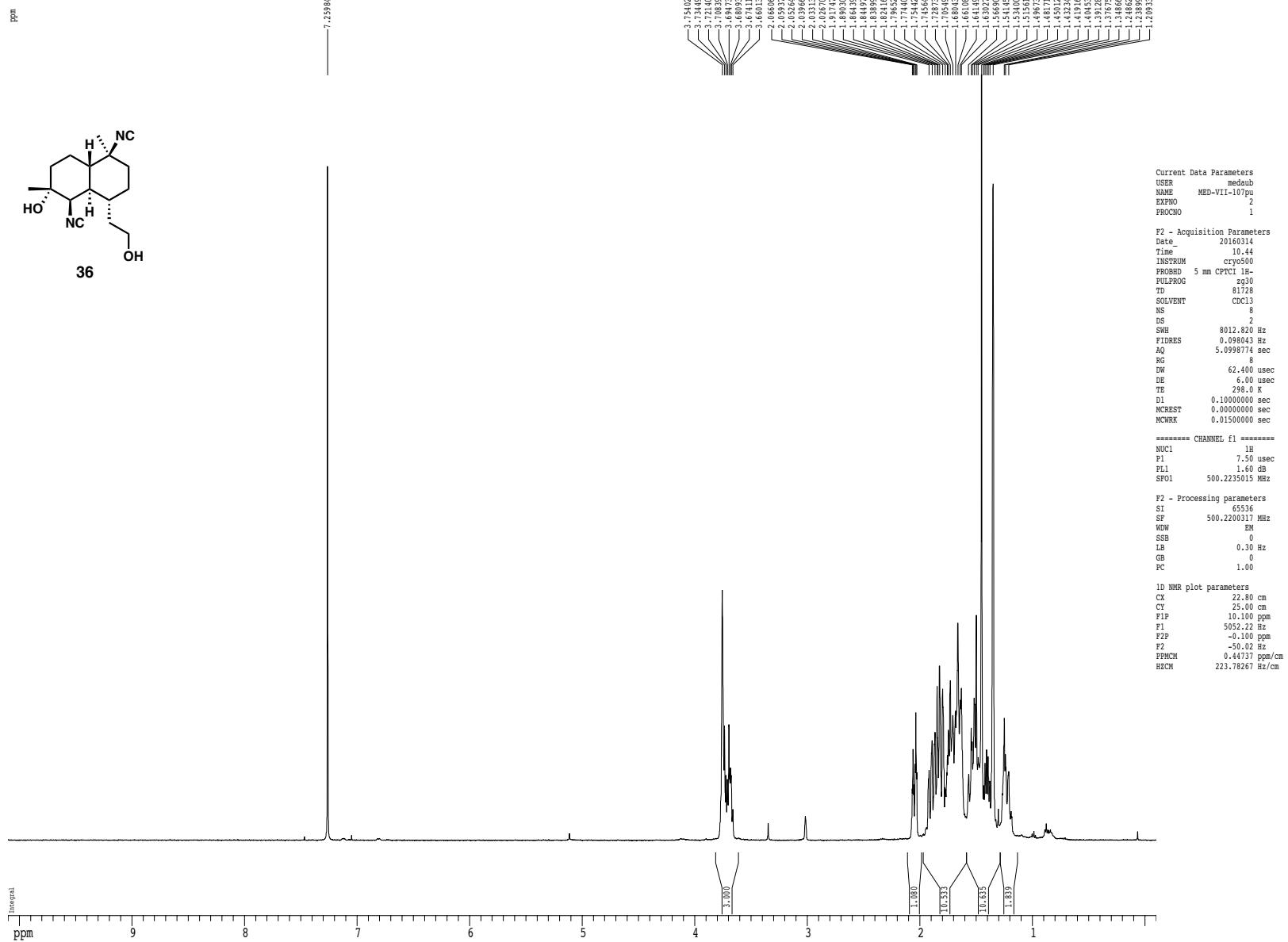
ppm



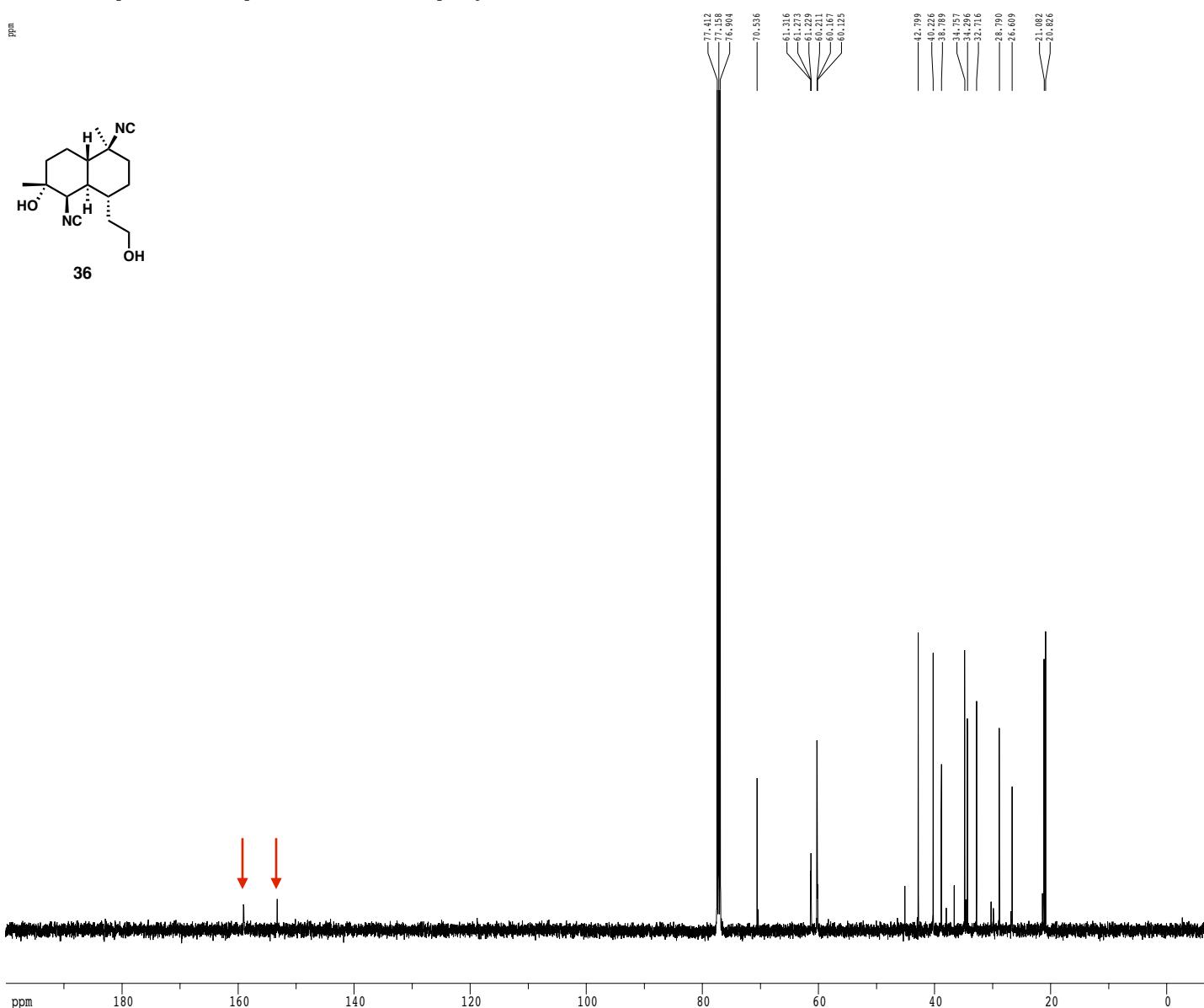
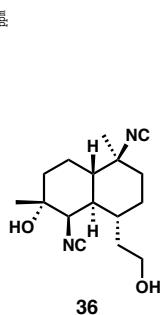
Z-restored spin-echo ^{13}C spectrum with ^1H decoupling



¹H spectrum



Z-restored spin-echo ^{13}C spectrum with ^1H decoupling



Current Data Parameters
USER medaub
NAME MED-VII-107pu
EXPNO 3
PROCNO 1

```

F2 - Acquisition Parameters
Date_      20160314
Time       10.48
INSTRUM   cryo500
PROBHD   5 mm CPC1 1H-
PULPROG  SpinChop50gpr
TD        65536
SOLVENT    CDCl3
NS         616
DS          4
SWH       3003.01 Hz
FIDRES   0.462388 Hz
AQ        1.081394 sec
RG        10321.3
DW        16.500 us
DE        6.00 usec
TE        90.0000 deg
D1        1.000000 sec
D11       0.000000 sec
D16       0.000200 sec
D17       0.00019600 sec
NCREST    0.000000 sec
MCRWKRX  0.0150000 sec
P2        31.00 usec

```

```
===== CHANNEL f1 =====
NUC1          13C
P1            15.50 use
P11           500.00 use
P12           2000.00 use
PL0           120.00 dB
PL1           -1.00 dB
SFO1          125.7942548 MHz
SP1            3.20 dB
SP2            3.20 dB
SPNAM1        Crp60,0.5,20.1
SPNAM2        Crp60comp,4
SPOFF1        0.00 Hz
SPOFF2        0.00 Hz
```

```
===== CHANNEL f2 =====
CPDPRG2      waltz16
NUC2          1H
PCPD2        100.00 use
PL2           1.60 dB
PL12          24.60 dB
SFO2         500.2225011 MHz
```

```

===== GRADIENT CHANNEL =====
GPNAME1      SINE.100
GPNAME2      SINE.100
GPX1         0.00   %
GPX2         0.00   %
GPY1         0.00   %
GPY2         0.00   %
GPZ1         30.00   %
GPZ2         50.00   %
p15        500.00 USE
p16        1000.00 USE

```

```

F2 - Processing parameters
SI          65536
SF         125.7804094 MHz
WDW           EM
SSB            0
LB          1.00 Hz
GB            0
PC            2.00

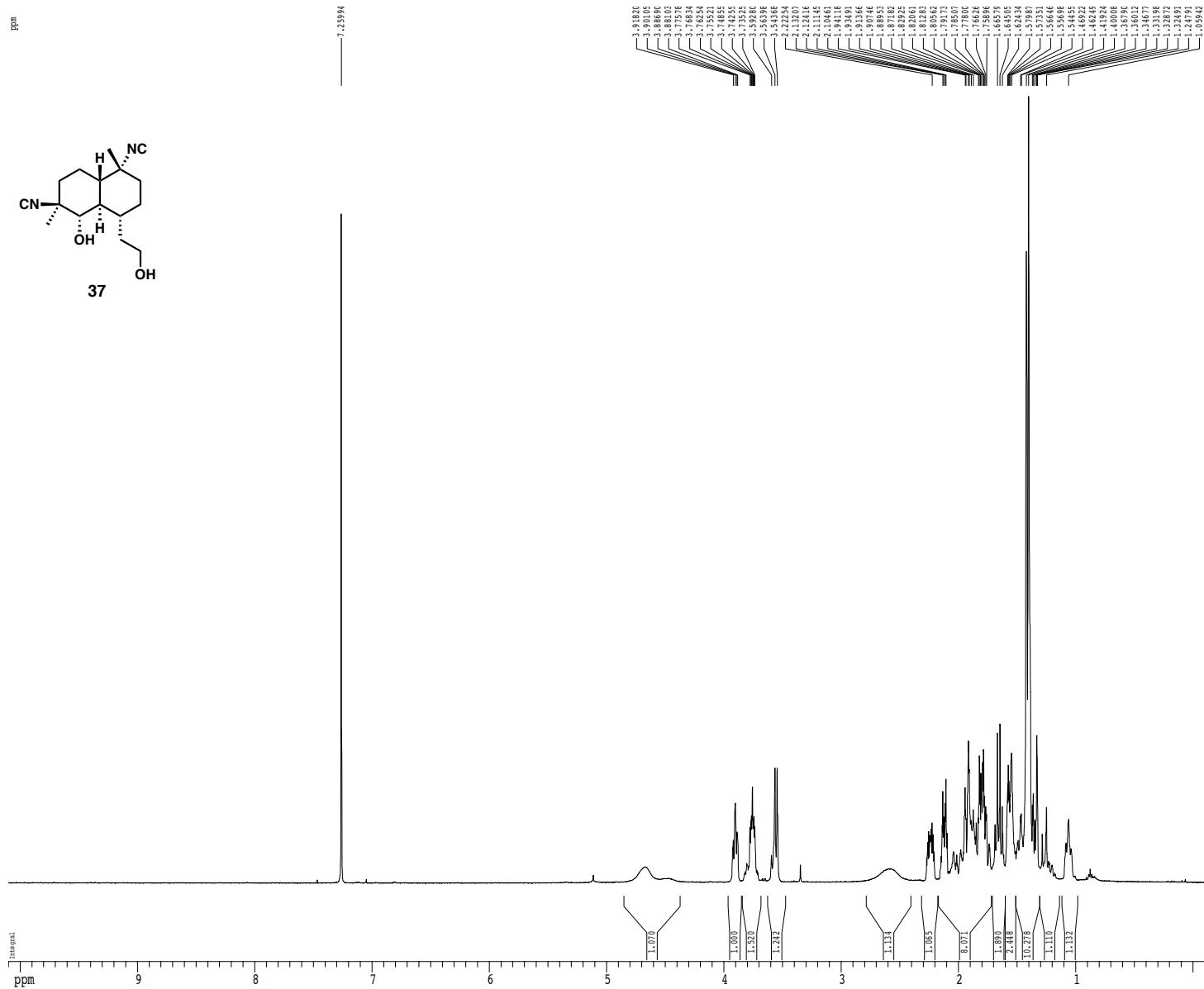
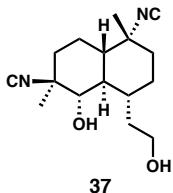
```

```

1D NMR plot parameters
CX           22.80 cm
CY           30.00 cm
F1P          200.00 ppm
F1           25156.08 Hz
F2P          -10.000 ppm
F2           -1257.80 Hz
PPMCM        9.21053 ppm
HZCM        1158.50378 Hz

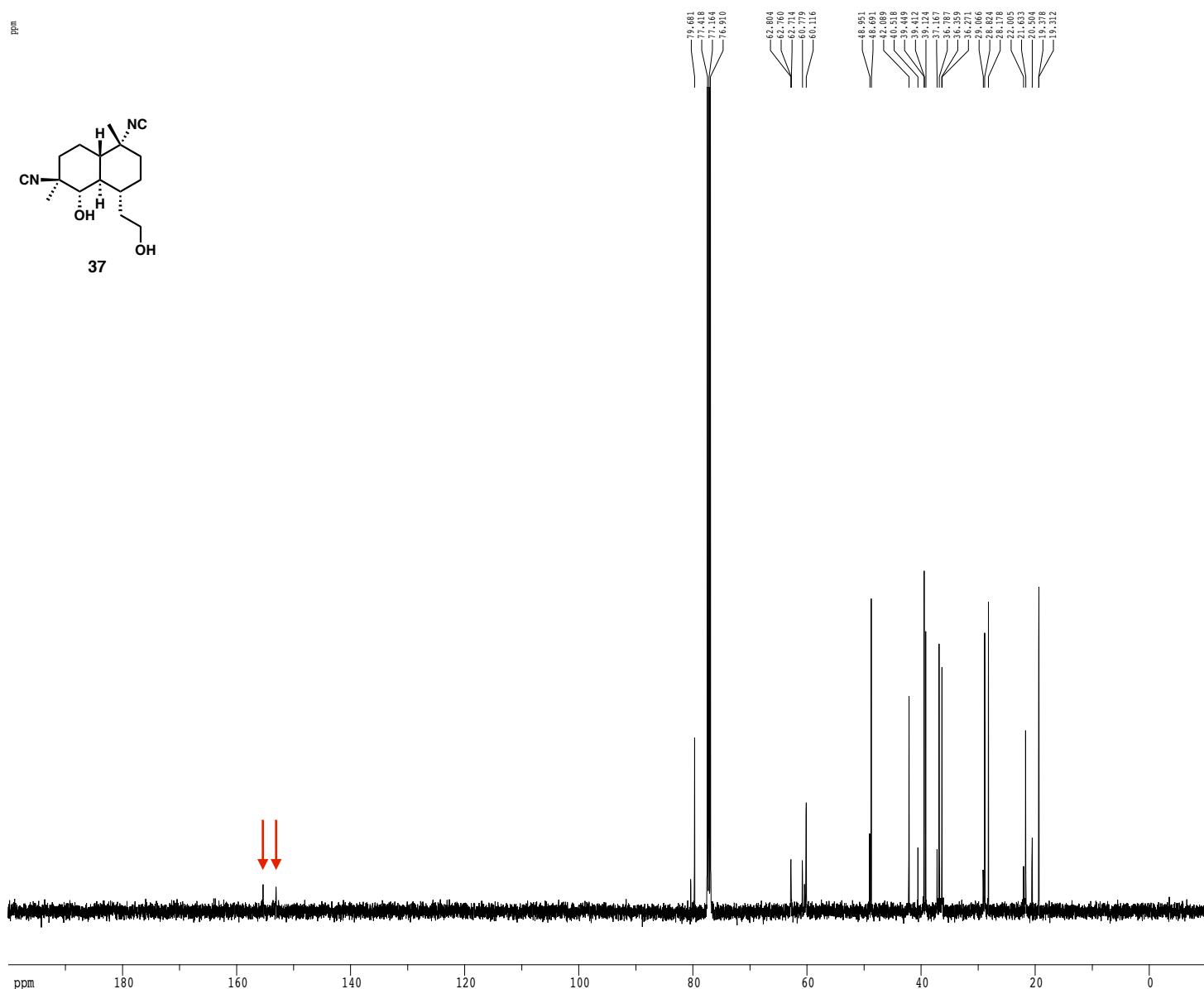
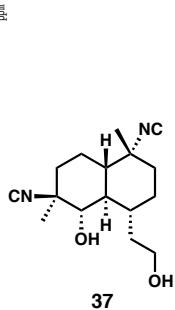
```

^1H spectrum



S132

Z-restored spin-echo ^{13}C spectrum with ^1H decoupling



Current Data Parameters
USER medaub
NAME MED-VII-108pu
EXPNO 3
PROCNO 1

```

F2 - Acquisition Parameters
Date        20150124
Time        18.04
INSTRUM    cryo500
PROBHD    5 mm CPTC1 1H-
PULPROG   SpinEchoprog3.prd
TD        55536
SWH       30303.031 Hz
FIDRES    0.4622800 Hz
AQ        1.0813940 sec
RG        11585.2
DW        16.500 used
DE        6.00 used
TE        298.0 K
D1        1.0000000 sec
d11      0.0300000 sec
D16      0.0020000 sec
d17      0.0019600 sec
MCREST    0.0000000 sec
MWCRW    0.0150000 sec
P2        31.00 used

```

```
===== CHANNEL f1 =====
NUC1          13C
P1           15.50 used
P11          500.00 used
P12          2000.00 used
PL0          120.00 dB
PL1          -1.00 dB
SF01         125.7942548 MHz
SP1           3.20 dB
SP2           3.20 dB
SPNAM1       Crp60,0,5,20,1
SPNAM2       Crp60comp,A
SPOFF1        0.00 Hz
```

```

===== CHANNEL f2 =====
CPDPRG2      waltz16
NUC2          1H
PCPD2        100.00 used
PL2           1.60 dB
PL12          24.60 dB
SF02         500.2225011 MHz

```

```
===== GRADIENT CHANNEL =====
GPNAME1      SINE.100
GPNAME2      SINE.100
GPX1         0.00 %
GPX2         0.00 %
GPY1         0.00 %
GPY2         0.00 %
GPZ1        30.00 %
GPZ2        50.00 %
p15        500.00 used
          1000.00
```

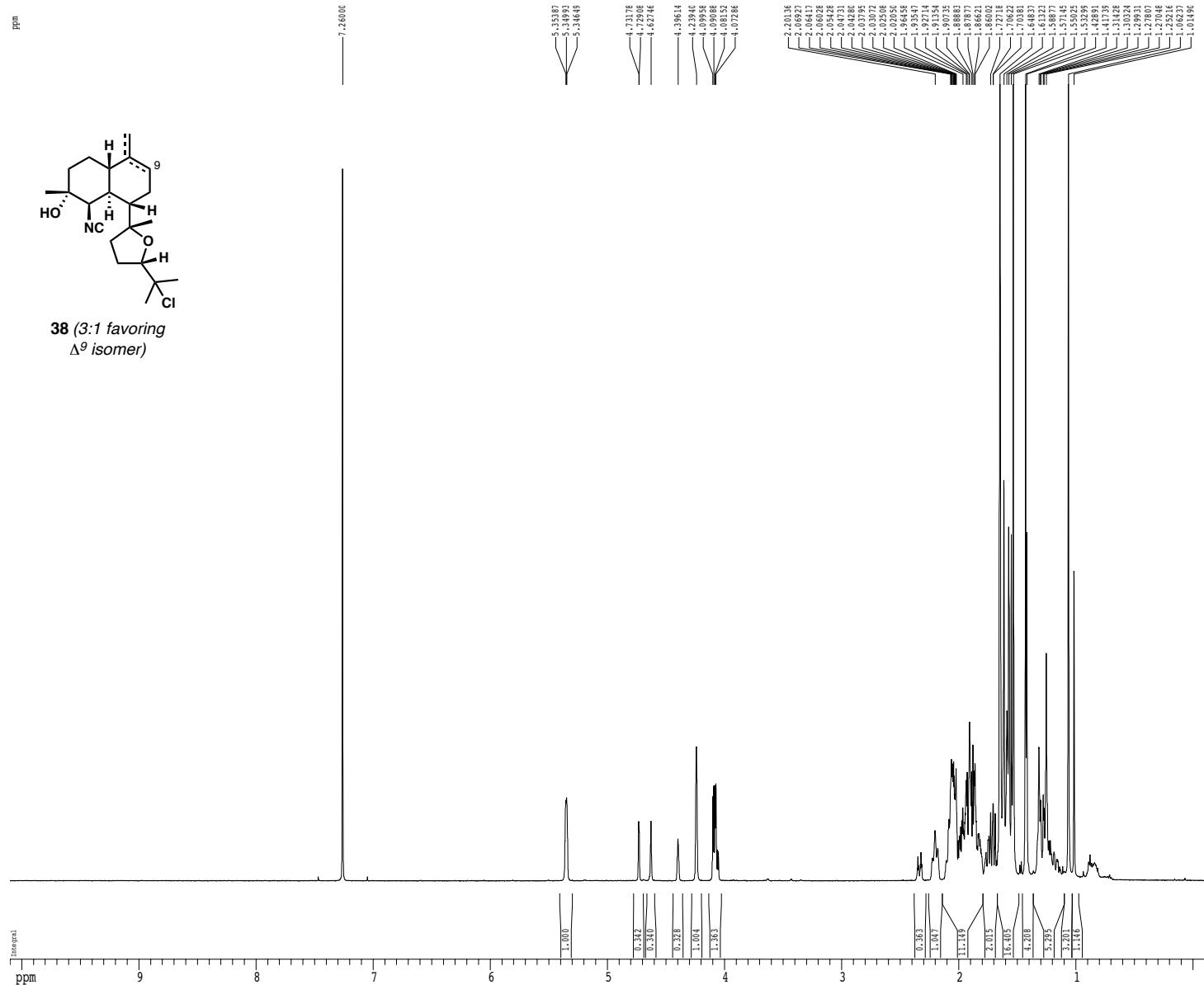
```
F2 - Processing parameters
SI          65536
SF         125.7804090 MHz
WDW        EM
SSB          0
LB          1.00 Hz
GB          0
PC          2.00
```

```

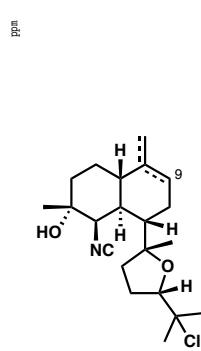
1D NMR plot parameters
CX           22.80 cm
CY           35.00 cm
F1P          200.000 ppm
F1           25156.08 Hz
F2P          -10.000 ppm
F2           -1257.80 Hz
PPCM         9.21053 ppm/cm
H2CM        1158.50378 Hz/cm

```

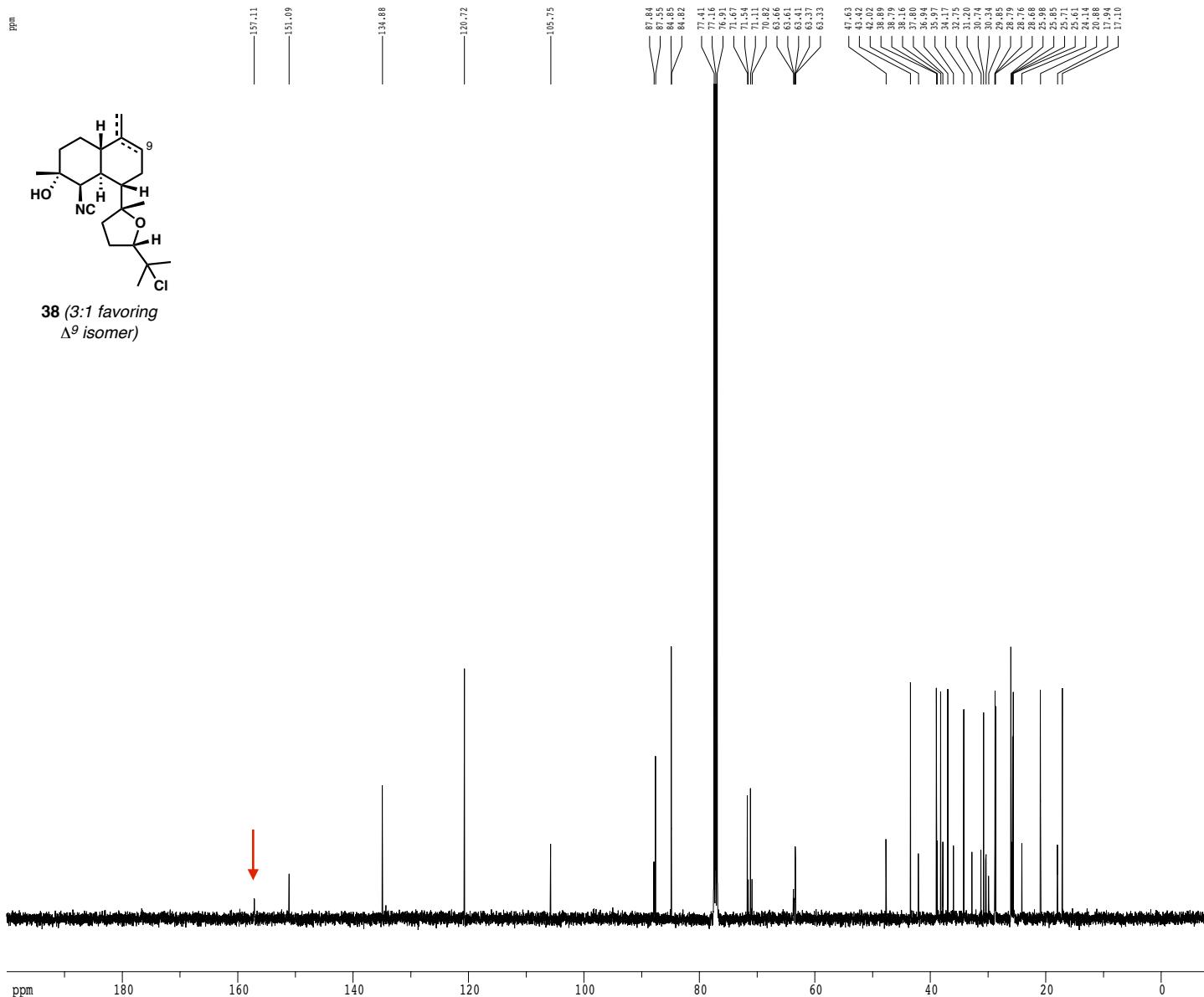
¹H spectrum



Z-restored spin-echo ^{13}C spectrum with ^1H decoupling



38 (3:1 favoring
 Δ^9 isomer)



Current Data Parameters
USER medaub
NAME MED-VI-260pufr13-16
EXPNO 3
PROCNO 1

```

F2 - Acquisition Parameters
Date_      20150107
Time_      9.54
INSTRUM   cryo500
PROBHD   5 mm CPT1 H-
PULPROG  SpinEchop30-pwd
TD        65536
SOLVENT    CDC13
NS         1
SWH       30303.031 Hz
FIDRES   0.462388 Hz
AQ        1.0013940 sec
RG        11585.2
DW        16.000 usec
DE        6.000 usec
TE        298.0 K
JW        1.0000000 sec
d1        0.03000000 sec
D16       0.00020000 sec
D17       0.00019600 sec
MCREST    0.0000000 sec
MCWRK    0.01500000 sec
P2        31.00 usec

```

```
===== CHANNEL f1 =====
NUC1          13C
P1           15.50 usec
P11          500.00 usec
P12          2000.00 usec
PL0           120.00 dB
PLL           -1.00 dB
SF01         125.7942548 MHz
SP1            3.20 dB
SP2            3.20 dB
SPNAM1      Crp60,0.5,20.1
SPNAM2      Crp60Comp,4
SPOFF1        0.00 Hz
SPOFF2        0.00 Hz
```

```
===== CHANNEL f2 =====
CPDPRG2          waltz16
NUC2              1H
PCPD2           100.00 usec
PL2              1.60 dB
PL12             24.60 dB
SF02            500.2225011 MHz
```

```

===== GRADIENT CHANNEL =====
GPNAME1      SINE.100
GPNAME2      SINE.100
GPX1         0.00 %
GPX2         0.00 %
GPY1         0.00 %
GPY2         0.00 %
GPZ1        30.00 %
GPZ2        50.00 %
p15        500.00 usec
p16       1000.00 usec

```

```

F2 - Processing parameters
SI          65536
SF         125.7804082 MHz
WDW          EM
SSB          0
LB          1.00 Hz
GB          0
PC          2.00

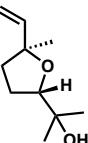
```

```

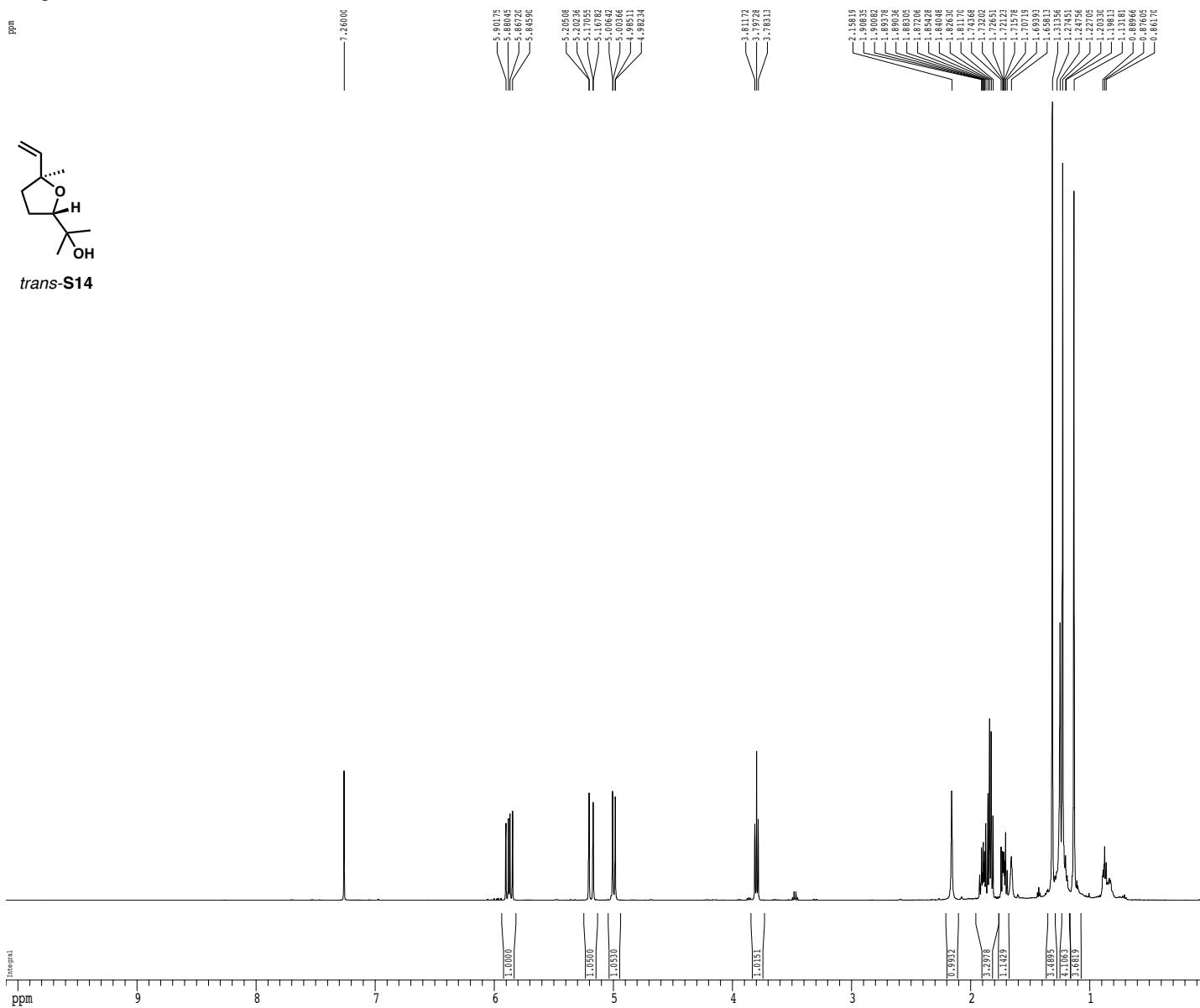
1D NMR plot parameters
CX           22.80 cm
CY           30.00 cm
F1P          200.000 ppm
F1           25156.08 Hz
F2P          -10.000 ppm
F2           -1257.80 Hz
PPCM         9.2103 ppm/
HzCM        1158.50378 Hz/cm

```

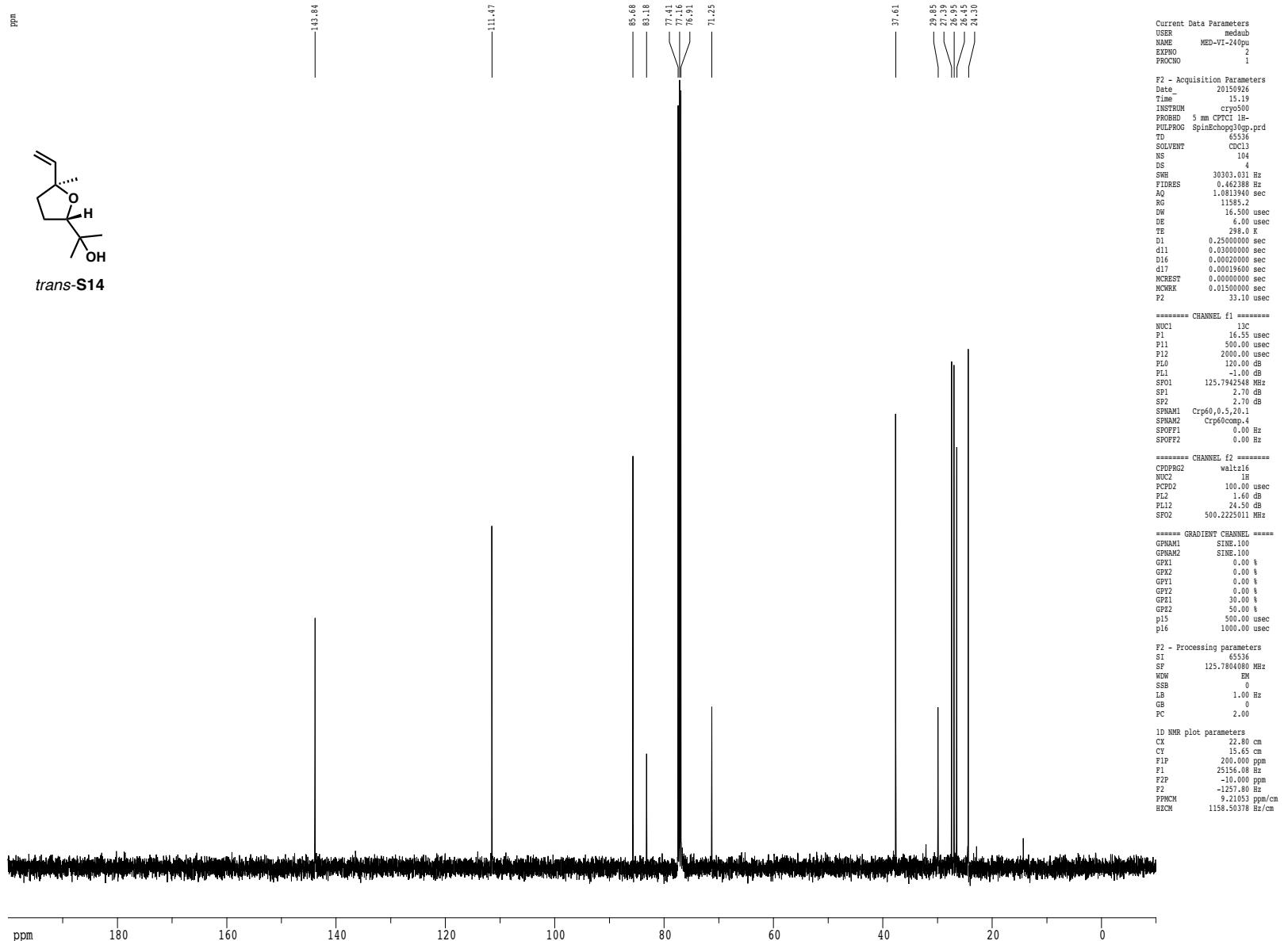
1H spectrum



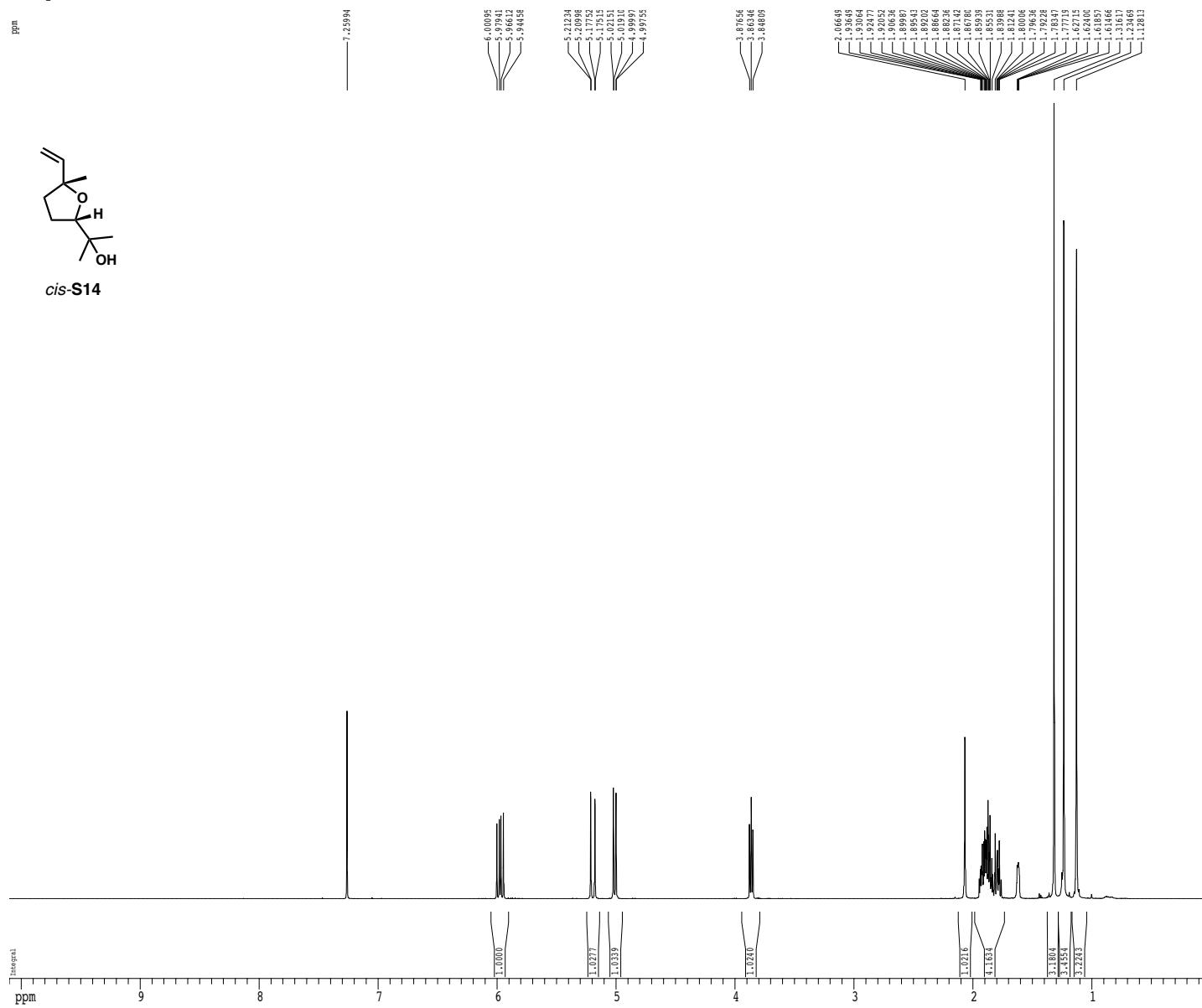
trans-S14



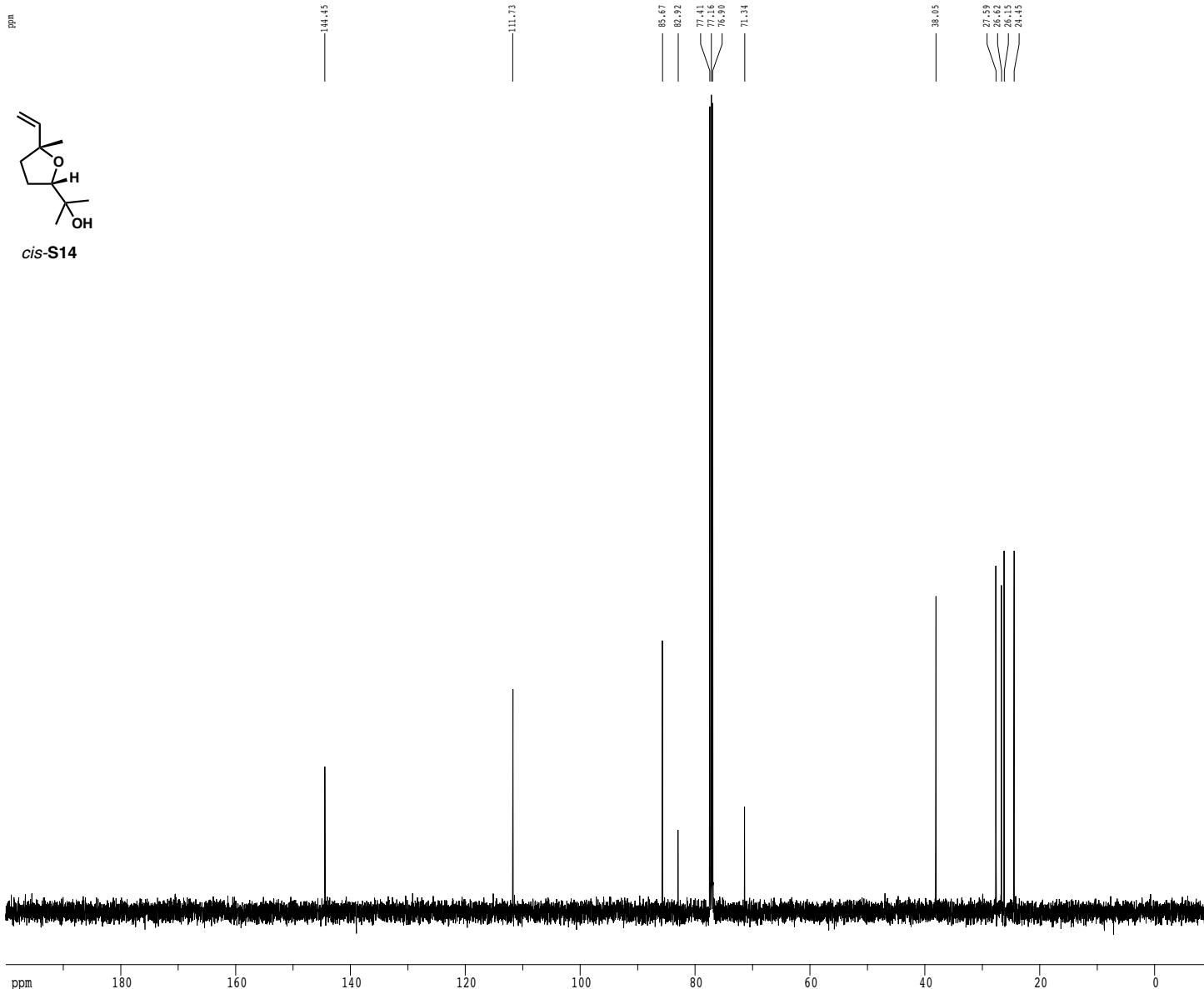
Z-restored spin-echo ^{13}C spectrum with ^1H decoupling



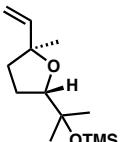
¹H spectrum



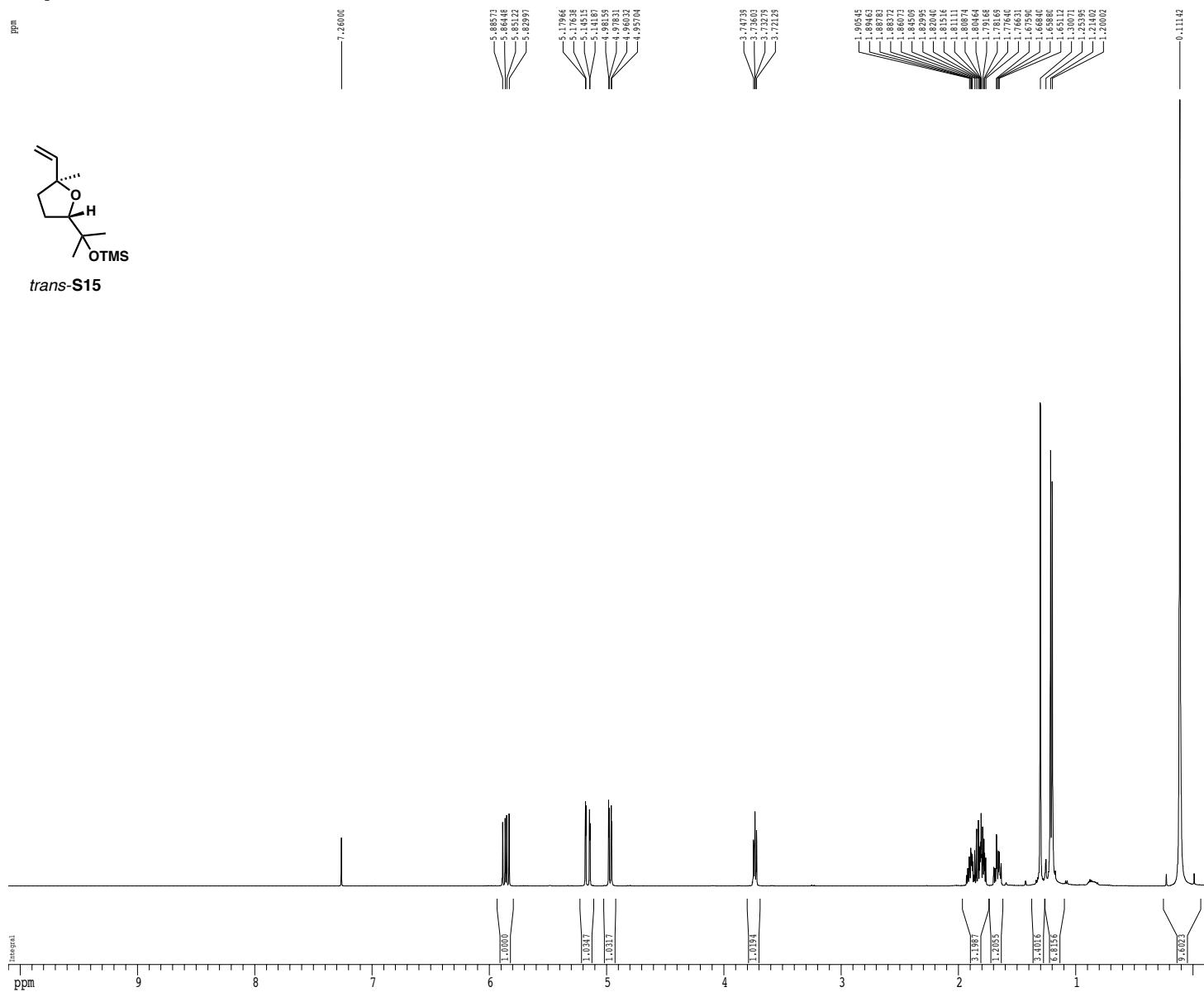
Z-restored spin-echo ^{13}C spectrum with ^1H decoupling



^1H spectrum



trans-S15



```

Current Data Parameters
USER medsub
NAME MED-VI-227pufr7
EXPNO 1
PROCNO 1

F2 - Acquisition Parameters
Date_ 20150924
Time 12:32
INSTRUM cryopaq
PROBHD 5 mm CPTCI 1H-
PULPROG zg30
TD 81728
SOLVENT CDCl3
NS 8
SWH 2
ETR 8012.482 Hz
TDRES 0.09864 sec
AQ 5.098974 sec
DW 62.400 usec
DE 6.00 usec
TE 298.0 K
D1 0.1000000 sec
MCREST 0.0000000 sec
NCMRX 0.1500000 sec

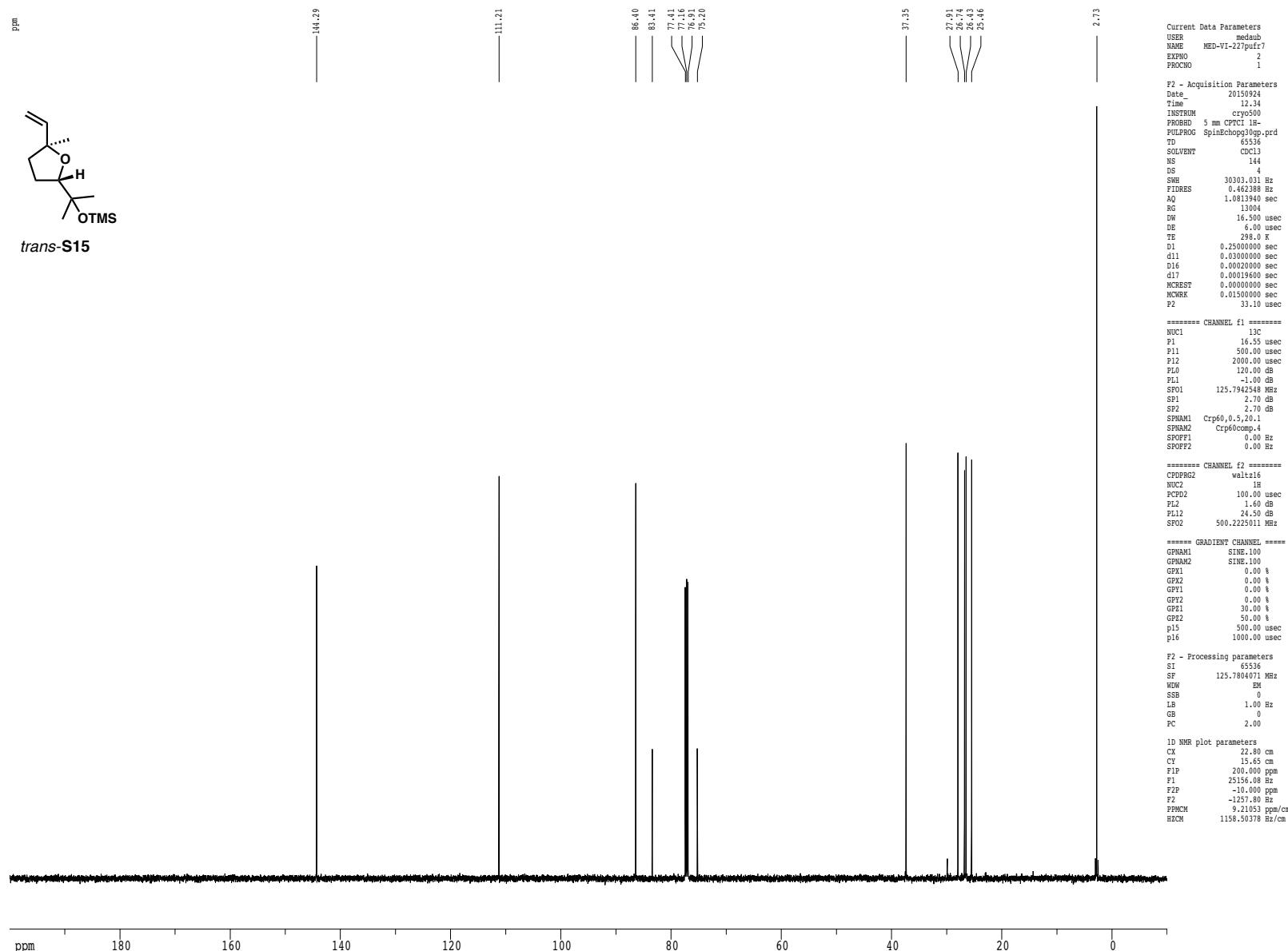
***** CHANNEL f1 *****
NUC1 1H
PL1 7.50 usec
PL2 1.60 dB
SF01 500.223501 MHz

F2 - Processing parameters
SI 65536
SF 500.223012 MHz
NMW 0
SSB 0
GBL 0.30 Hz
GB 0
PC 4.00

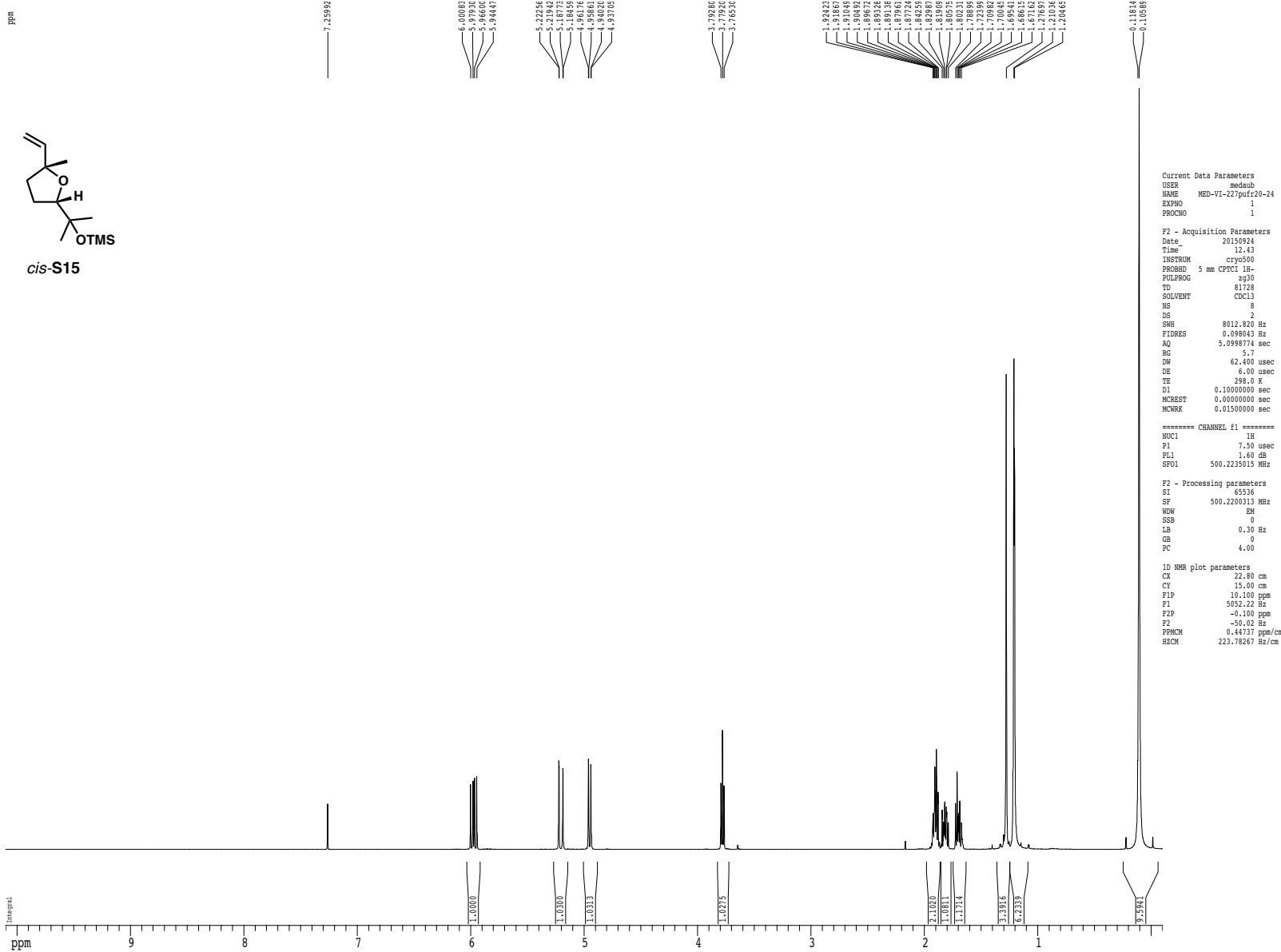
ID NMR plot parameters
CX 22.80 cm
CY 15.00 cm
F1 18.00 ppm
F2 22.00 Hz
F1P -0.10 ppm
F2P -50.02 Hz
PPCM 0.44737 ppm/cm
HZCM 23.7827 Hz/cm

```

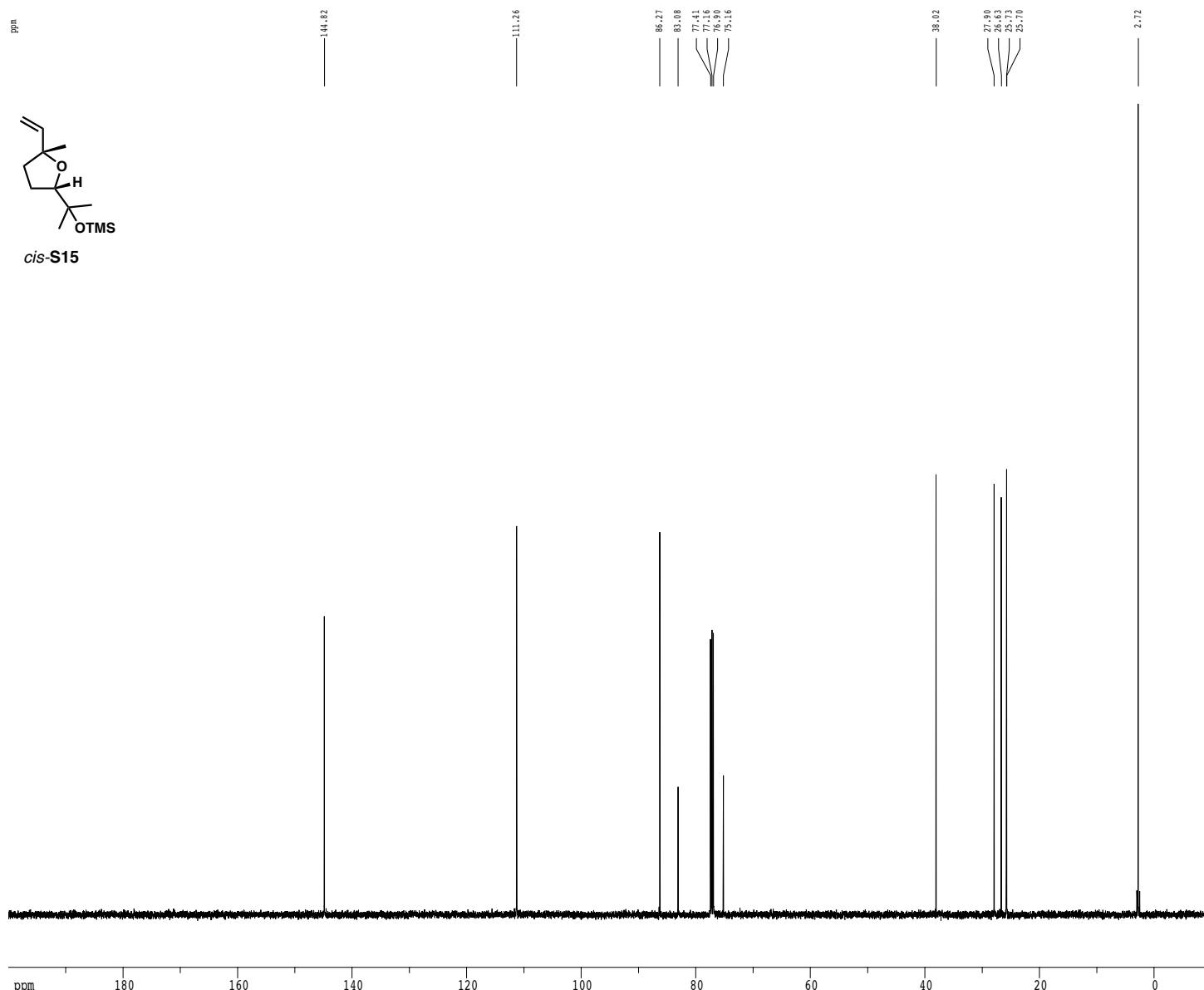
Z-restored spin-echo ^{13}C spectrum with ^1H decoupling



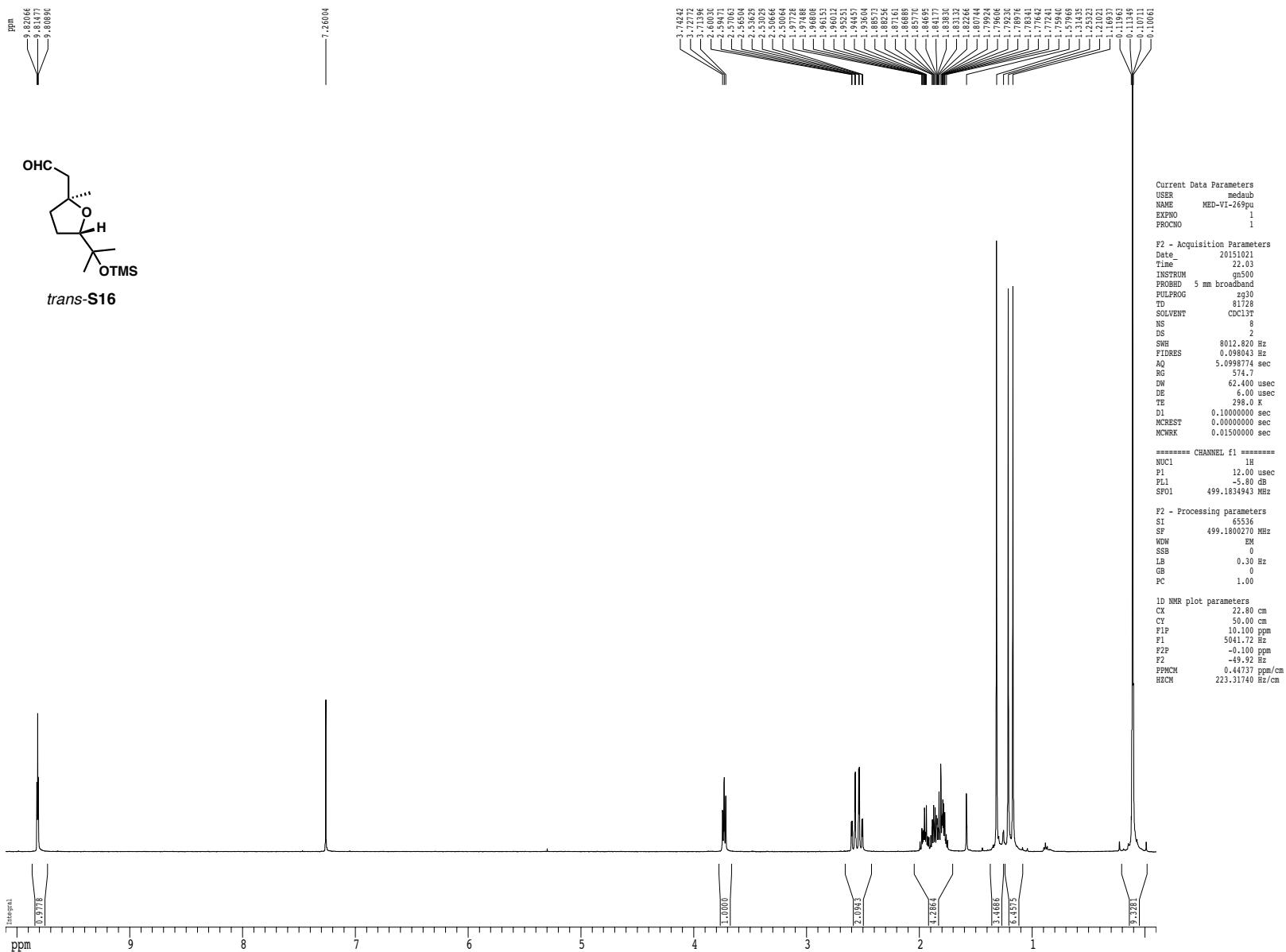
¹H spectrum



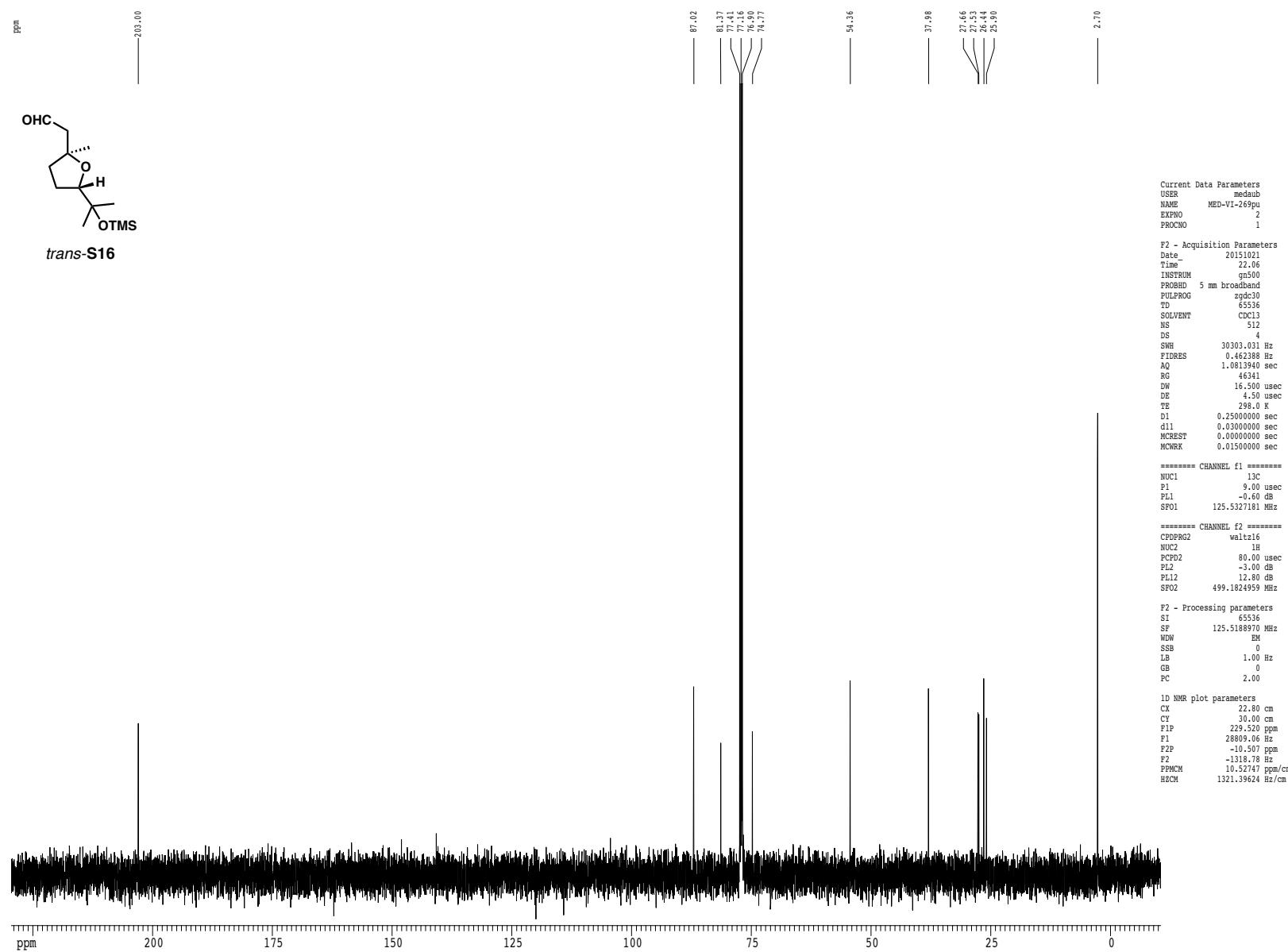
Z-restored spin-echo ^{13}C spectrum with ^1H decoupling

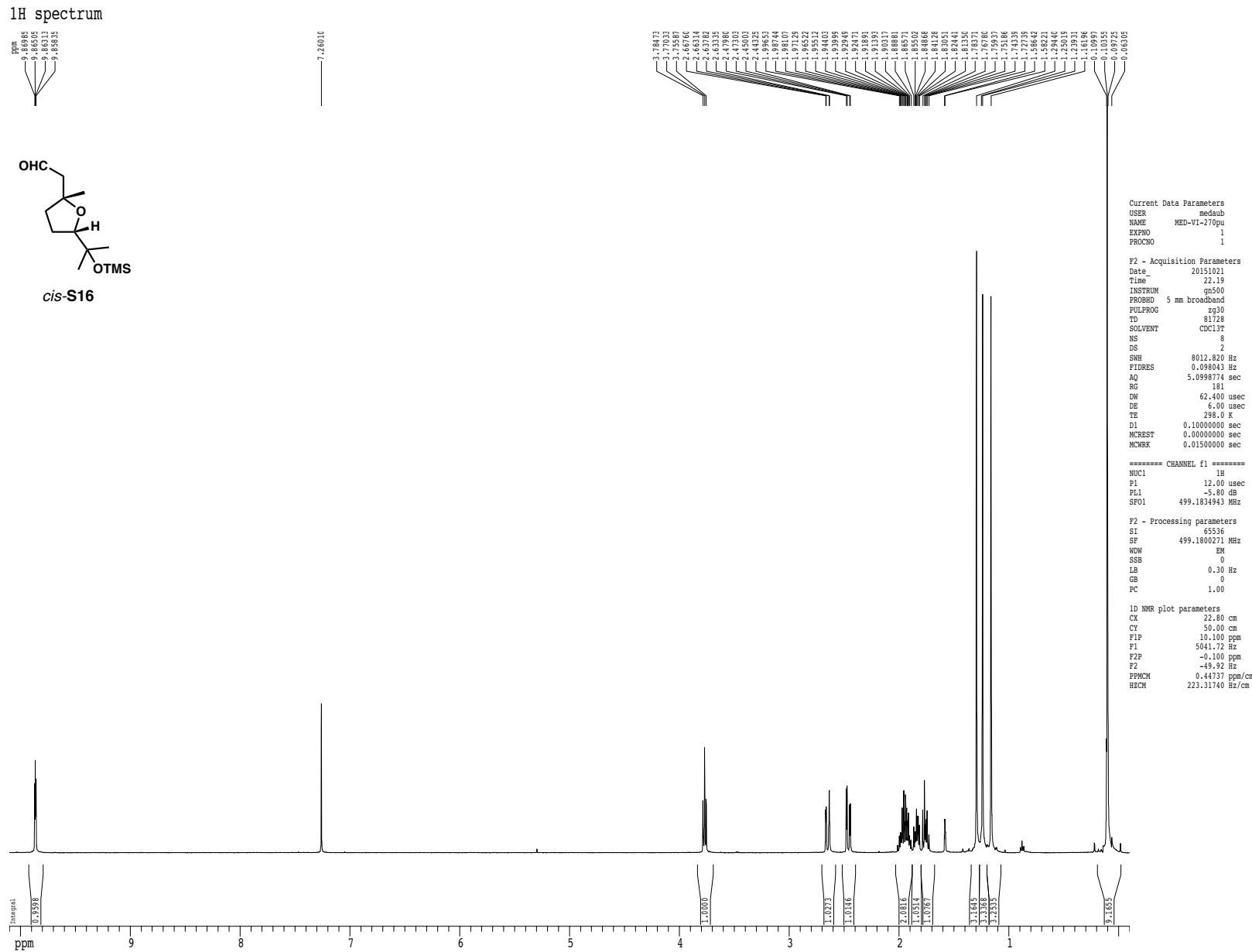


¹H spectrum

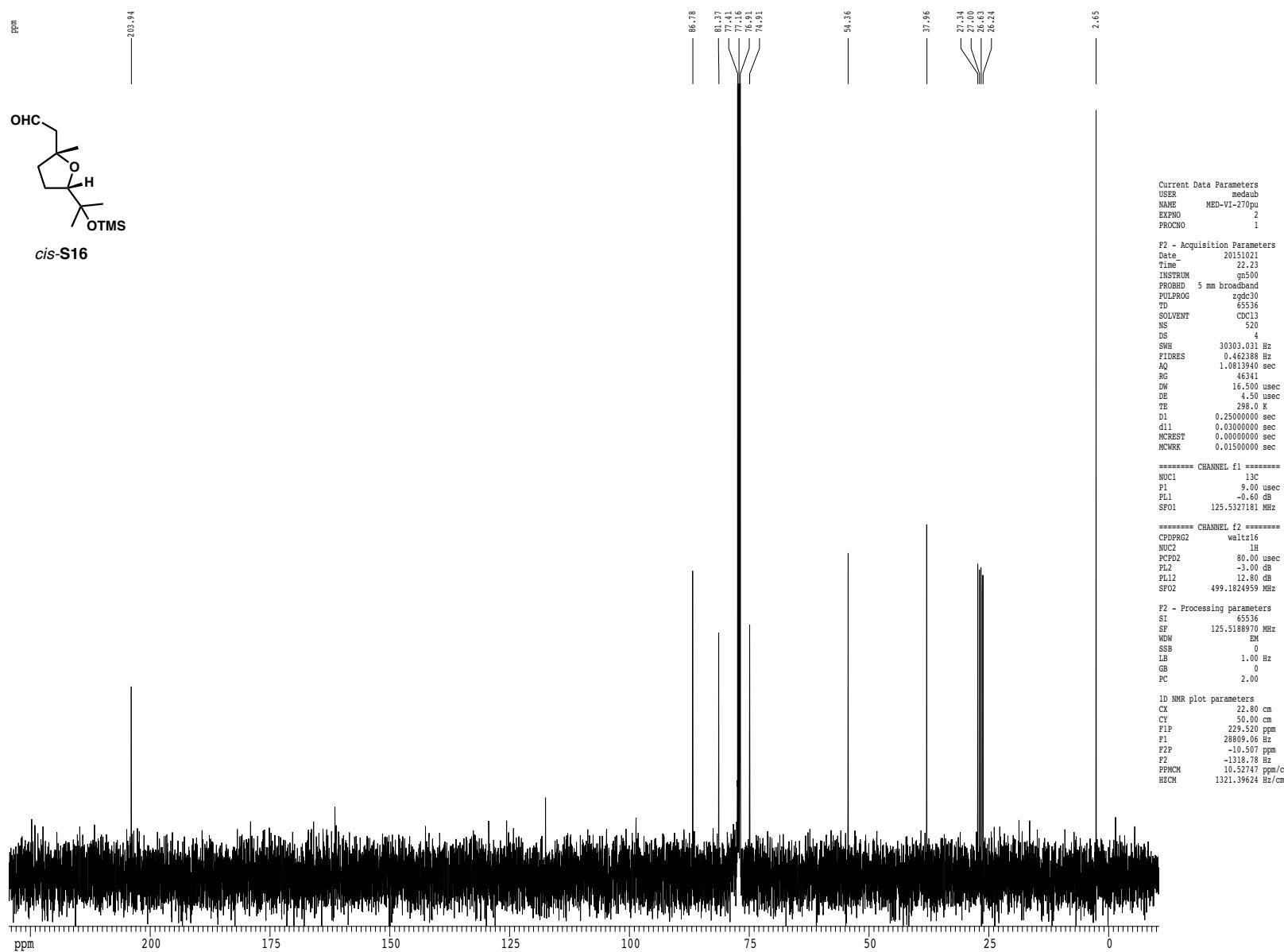


¹³C spectrum with ¹H decoupling

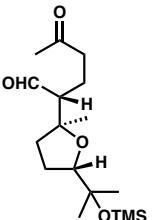




¹³C spectrum with ¹H decoupling

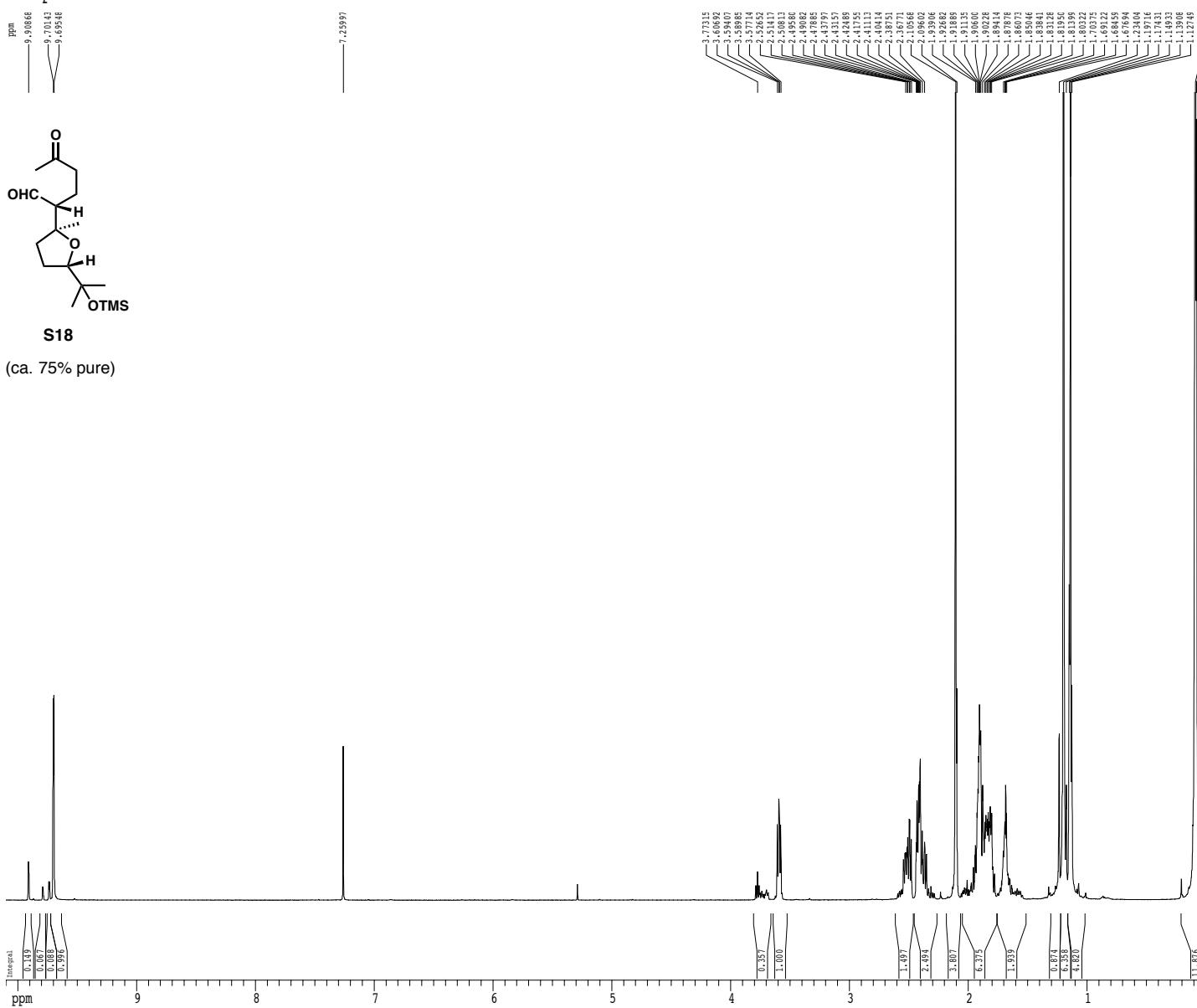


^1H spectrum



S18

(ca. 75% pure)



Current	Data	Parameters
USER		medaub
NAME		MED-VI-233puB
EXPNO		1
PROCNO		1

```

F2 - Acquisition Parameter
Date       20150928
Time       19.41
INSTRUN   cryoEM
PROBHD    5 mm CPTC 1H
PULPROG   z30
TD        81728
SOLVENT    CDCl3
NS         1
SWH      8012.820 Hz
FIDRES   0.098043 s
AQ        5.098774 s
RG        5.7
DW       62,400 us
DE        6.00 us
TE        298.0 K
D1        0.1000000 s
MCREST   0.0000000 s
MCRW     0.0150000 s

```

===== CHANNEL f1 =====
NUC1 1H
P1 7.50 u
PL1 1.60 d
SF01 500-2235015 M

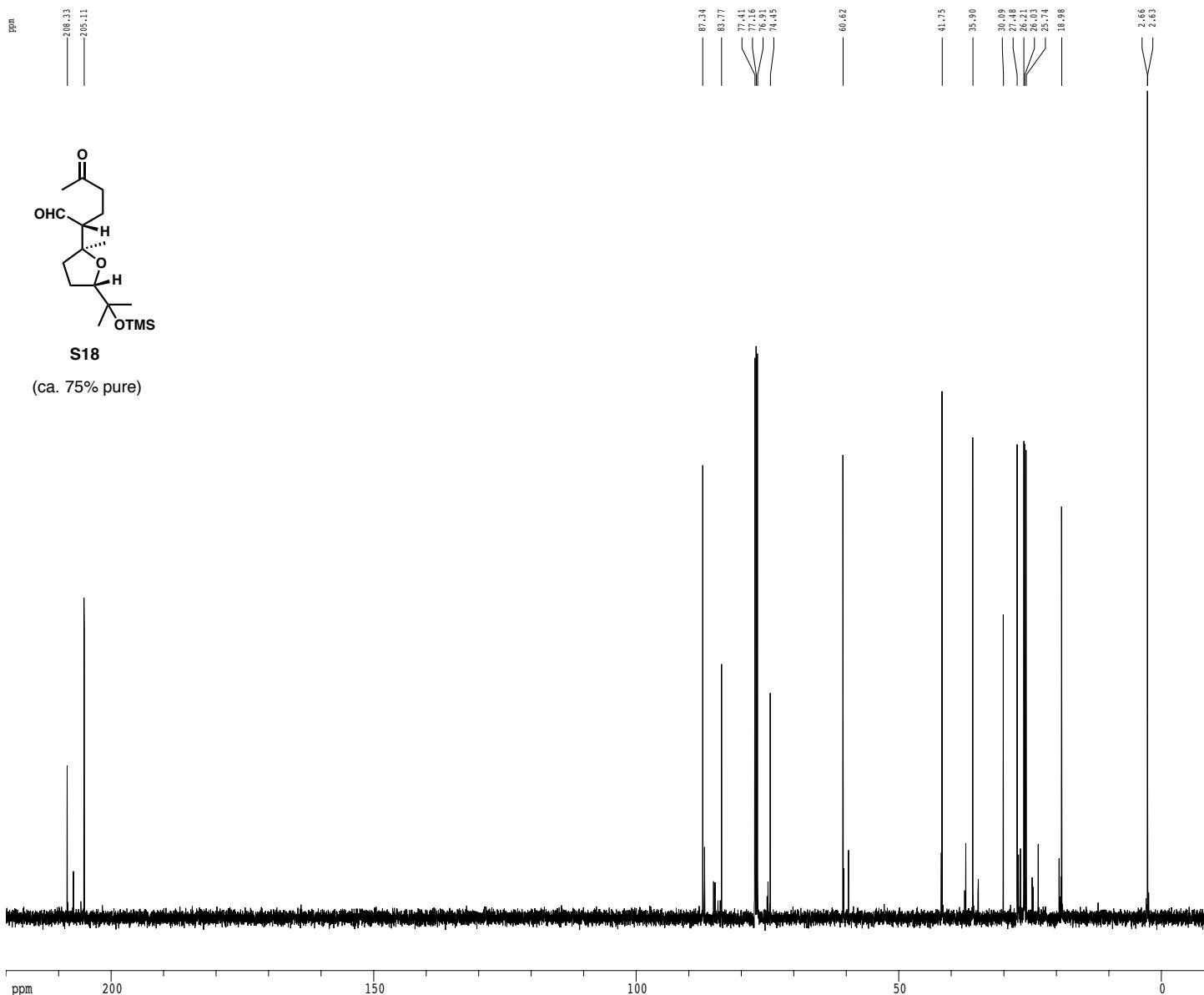
F2 - Processing parameters
SI 65536
SF 500.2200311 M
WDW EM
SSB 0
LB 0.30 H
GB 0
PC 4.00

```

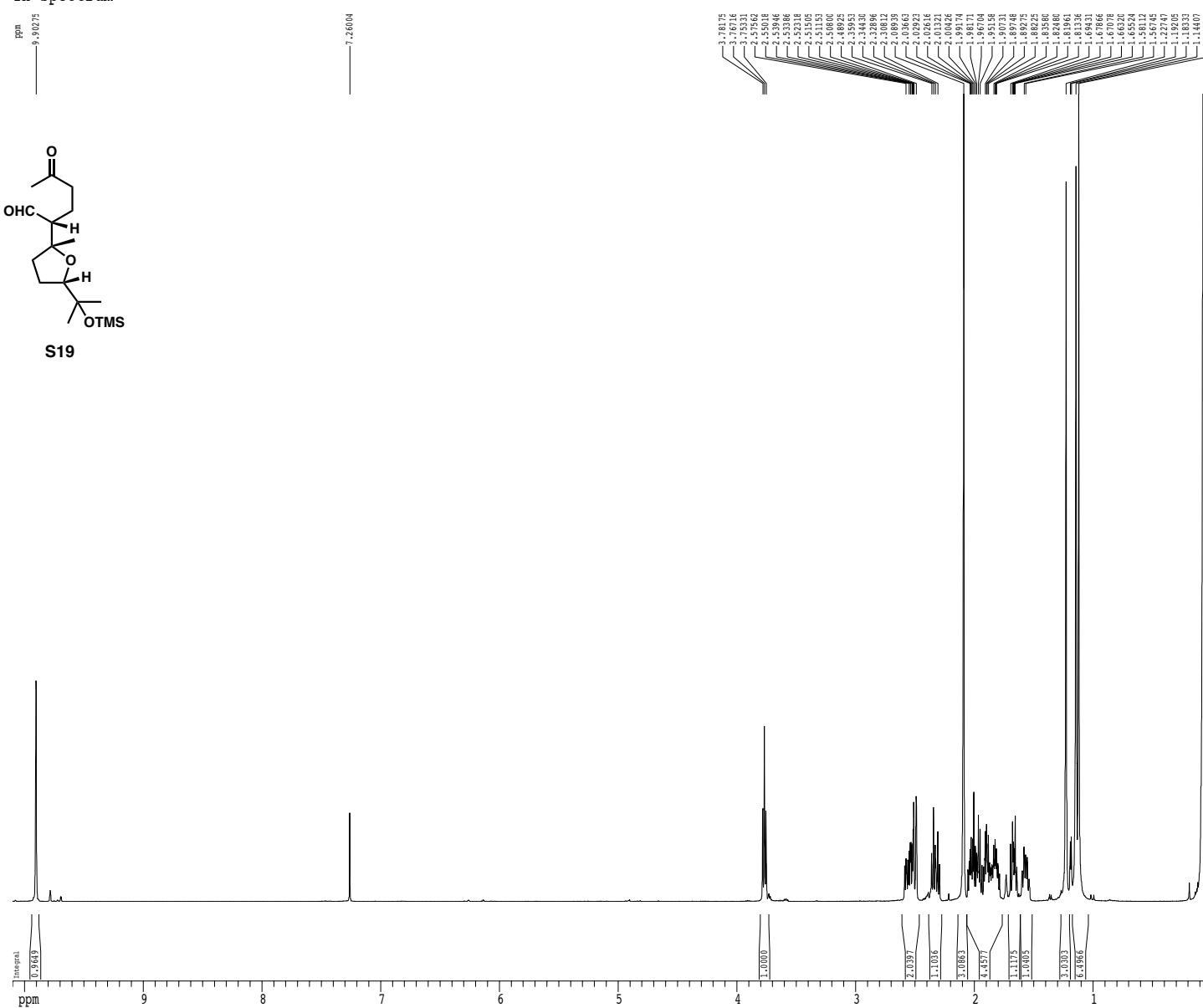
1D NMR plot parameters
CX          22.80 c
CY          40.00 c
F1P         10.100 p
F1          5052.22 H
F2P         -0.100 p
F2          -50.02 H
PPMCM        0.4473 p
HzCM        223.78267 H

```

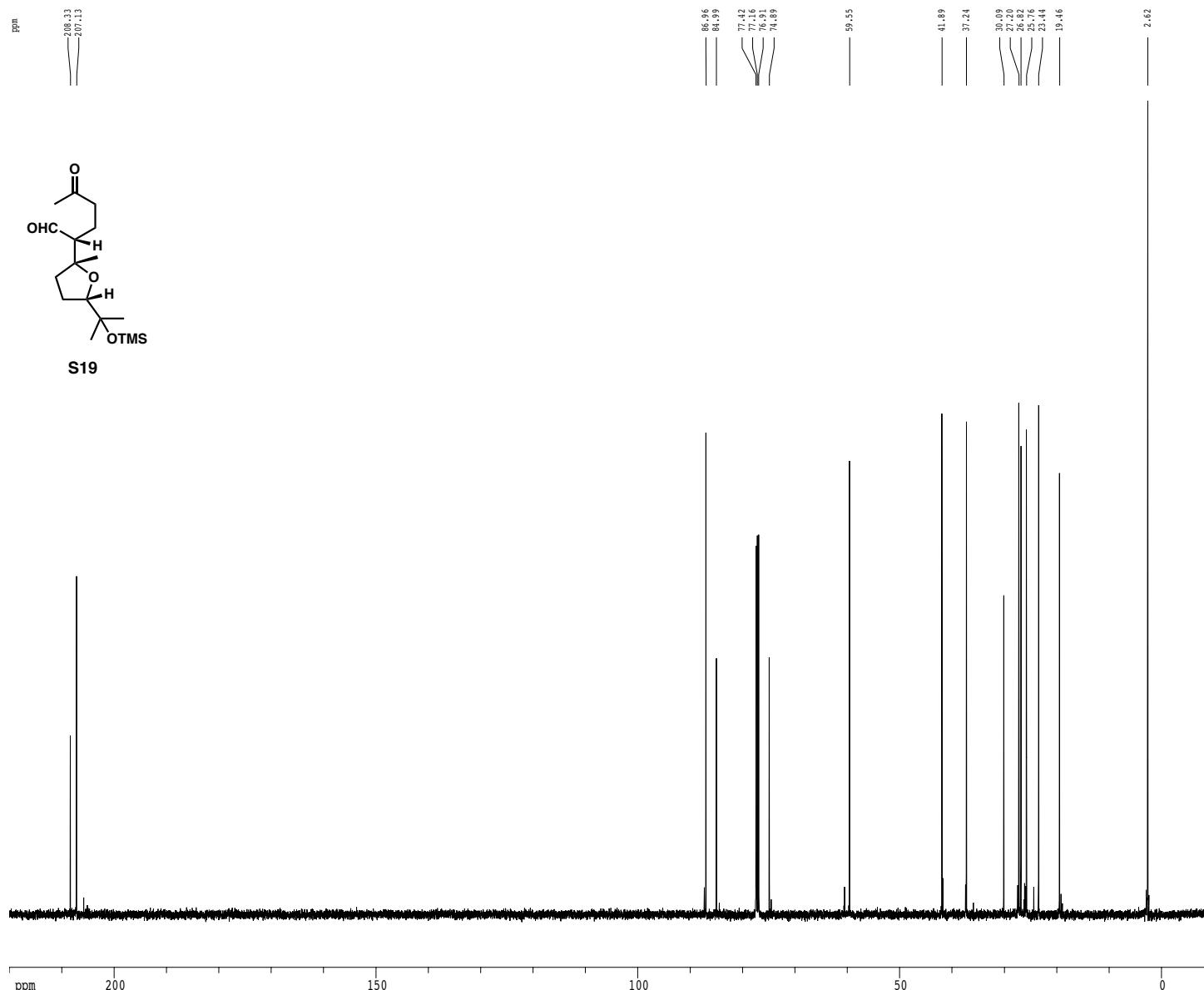
Z-restored spin-echo ^{13}C spectrum with ^1H decoupling



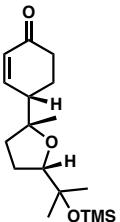
¹H spectrum



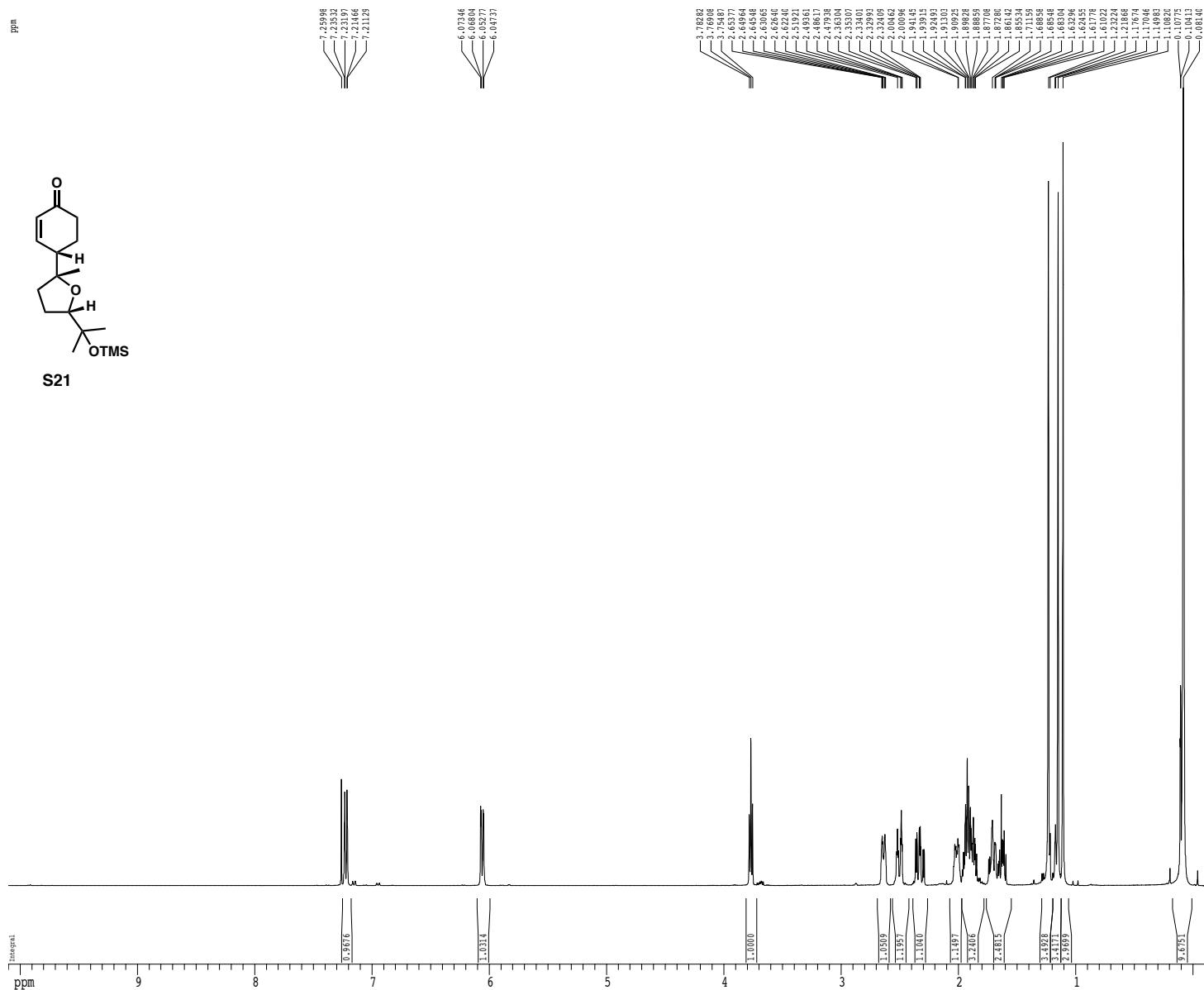
Z-restored spin-echo ^{13}C spectrum with ^1H decoupling



^1H spectrum

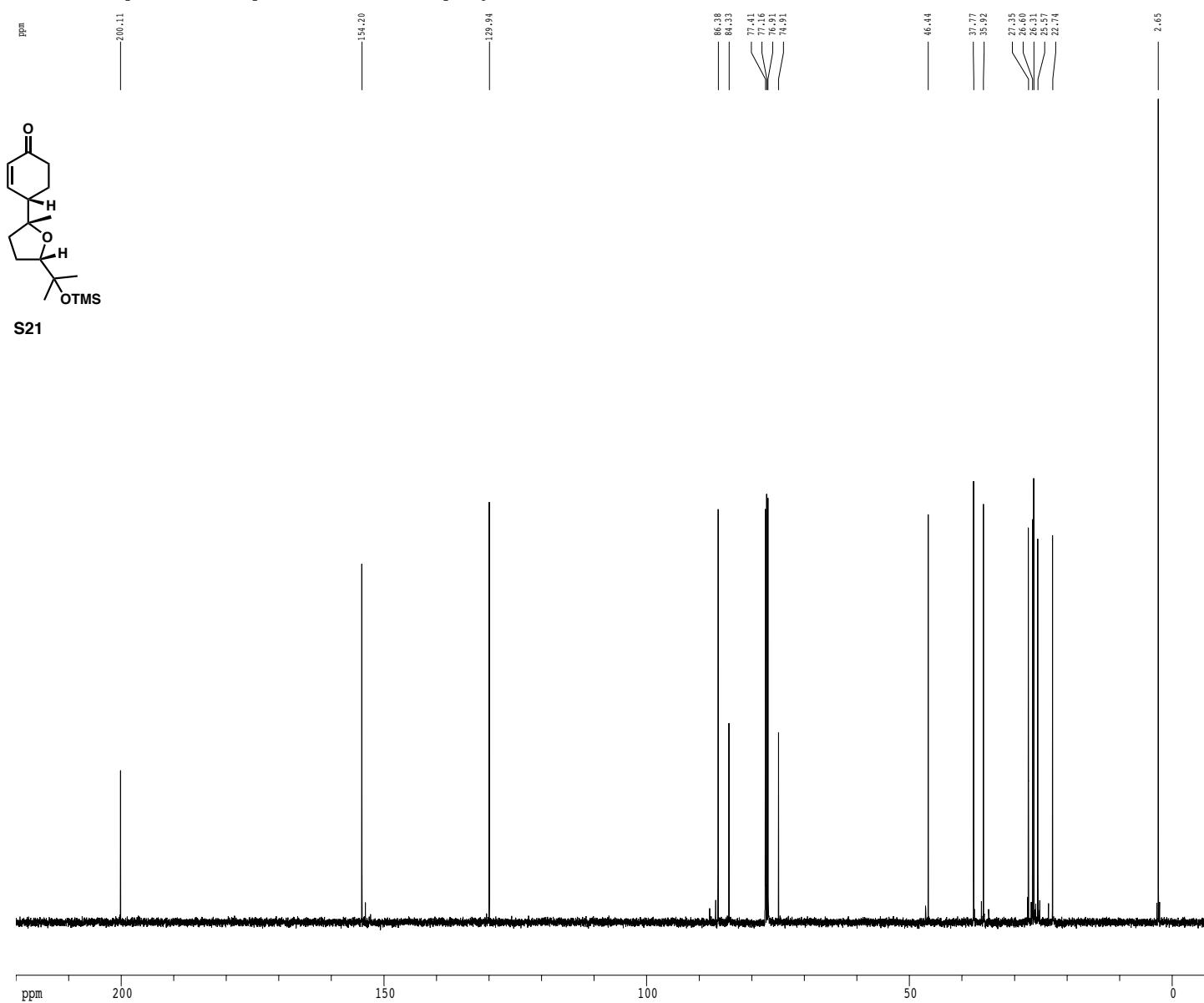


S21

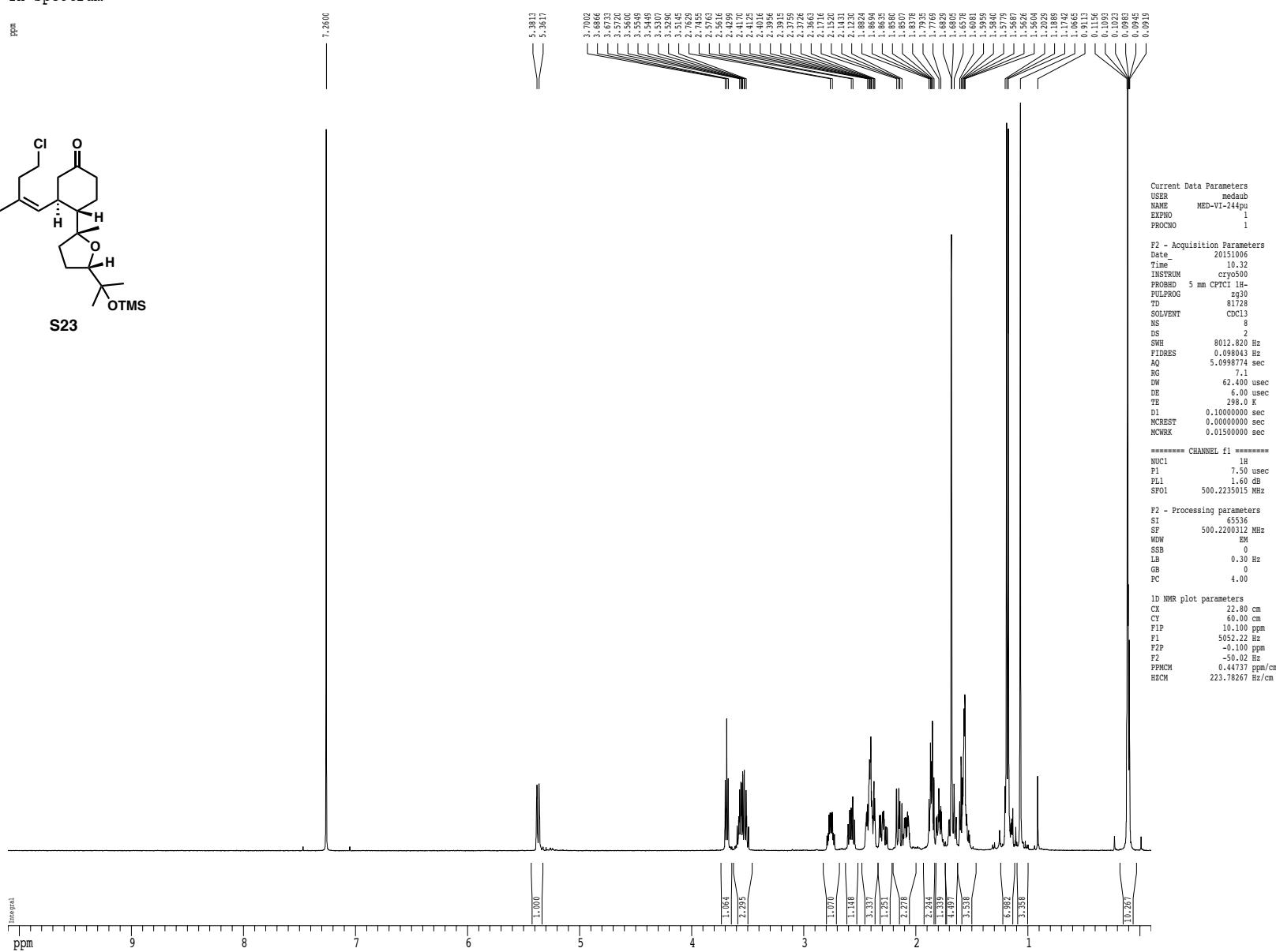
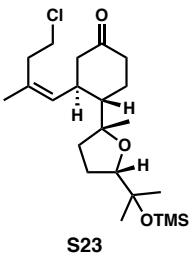


S152

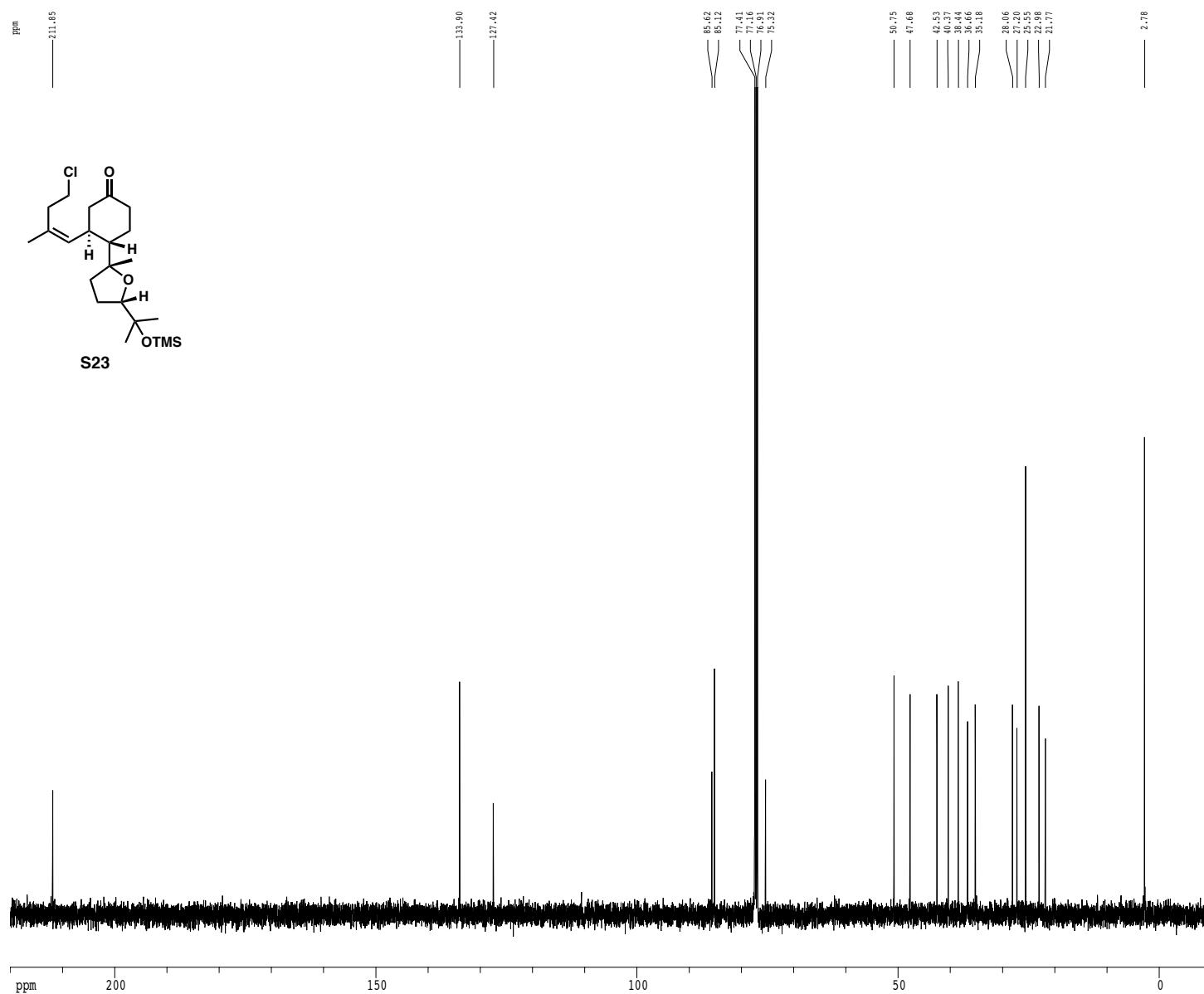
Z-restored spin-echo ^{13}C spectrum with ^1H decoupling



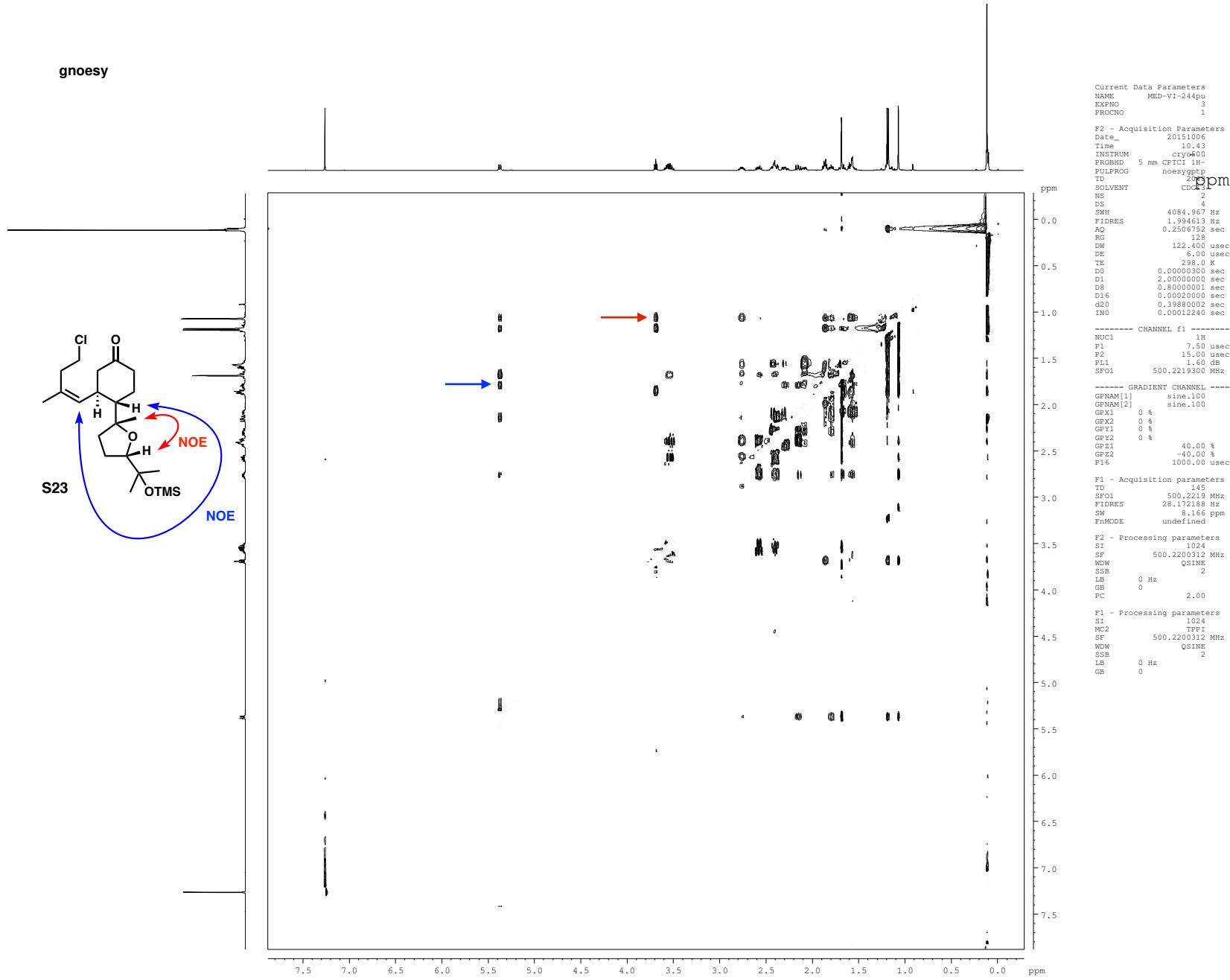
^1H spectrum



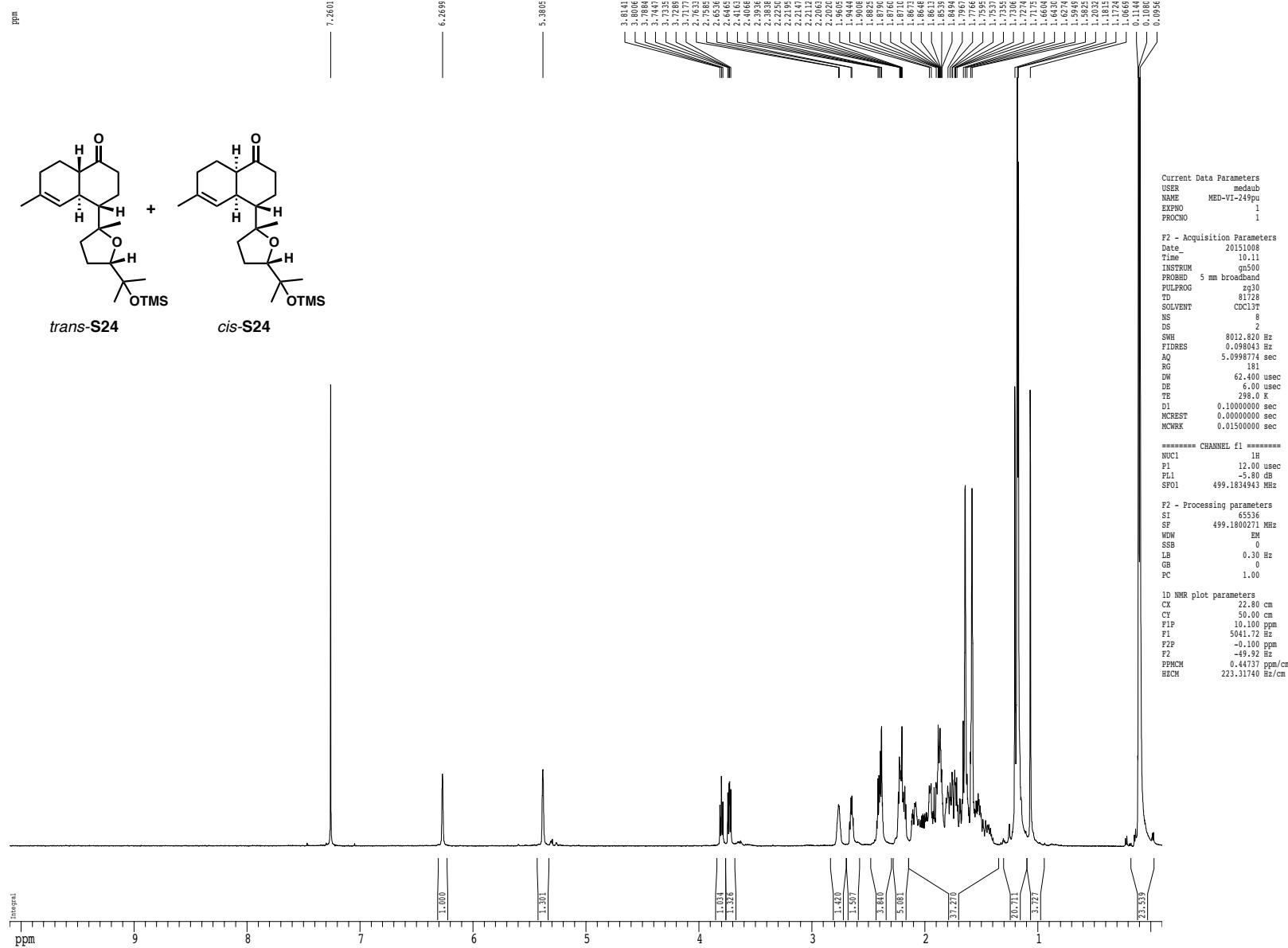
Z-restored spin-echo ^{13}C spectrum with ^1H decoupling



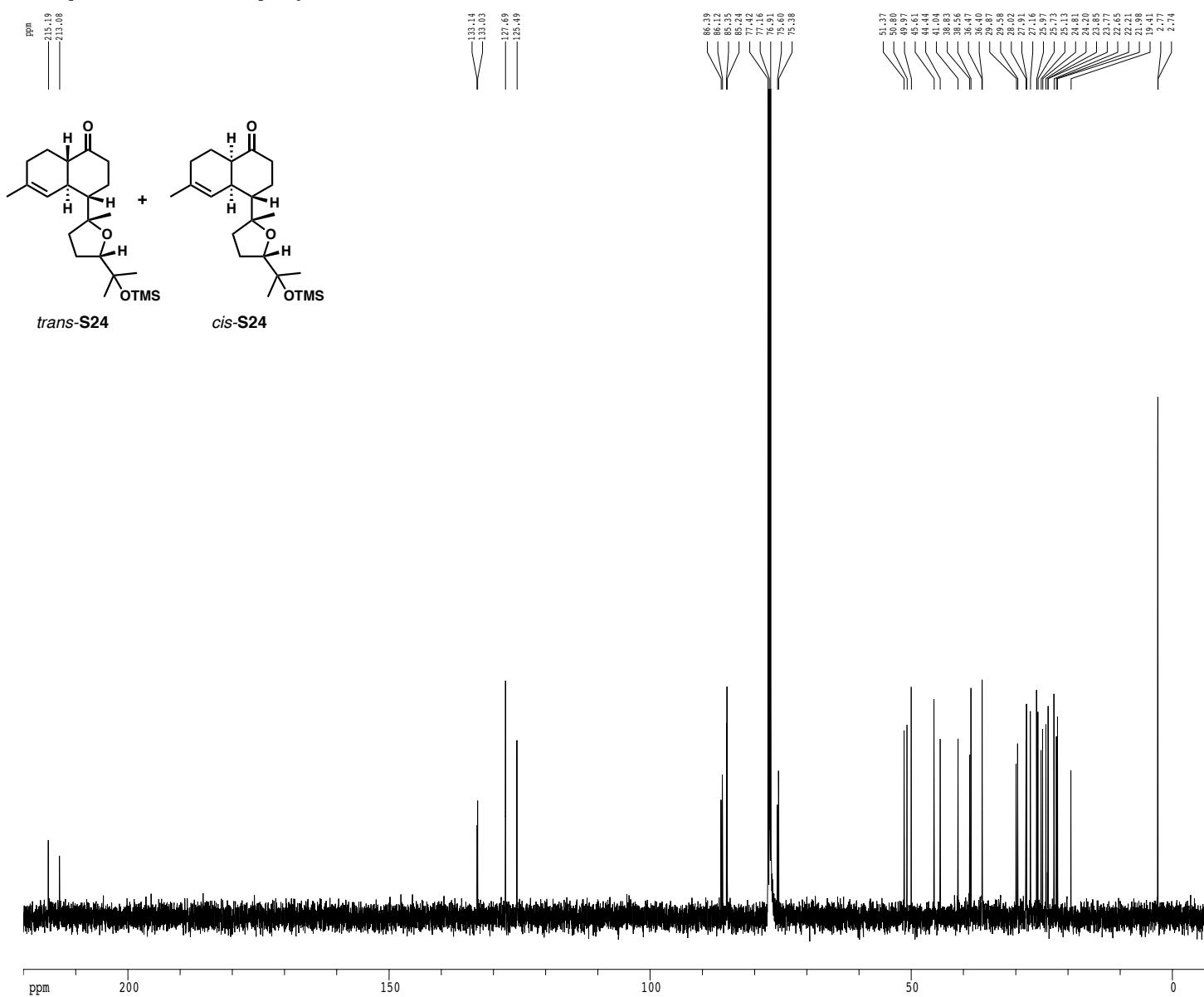
gnoesy



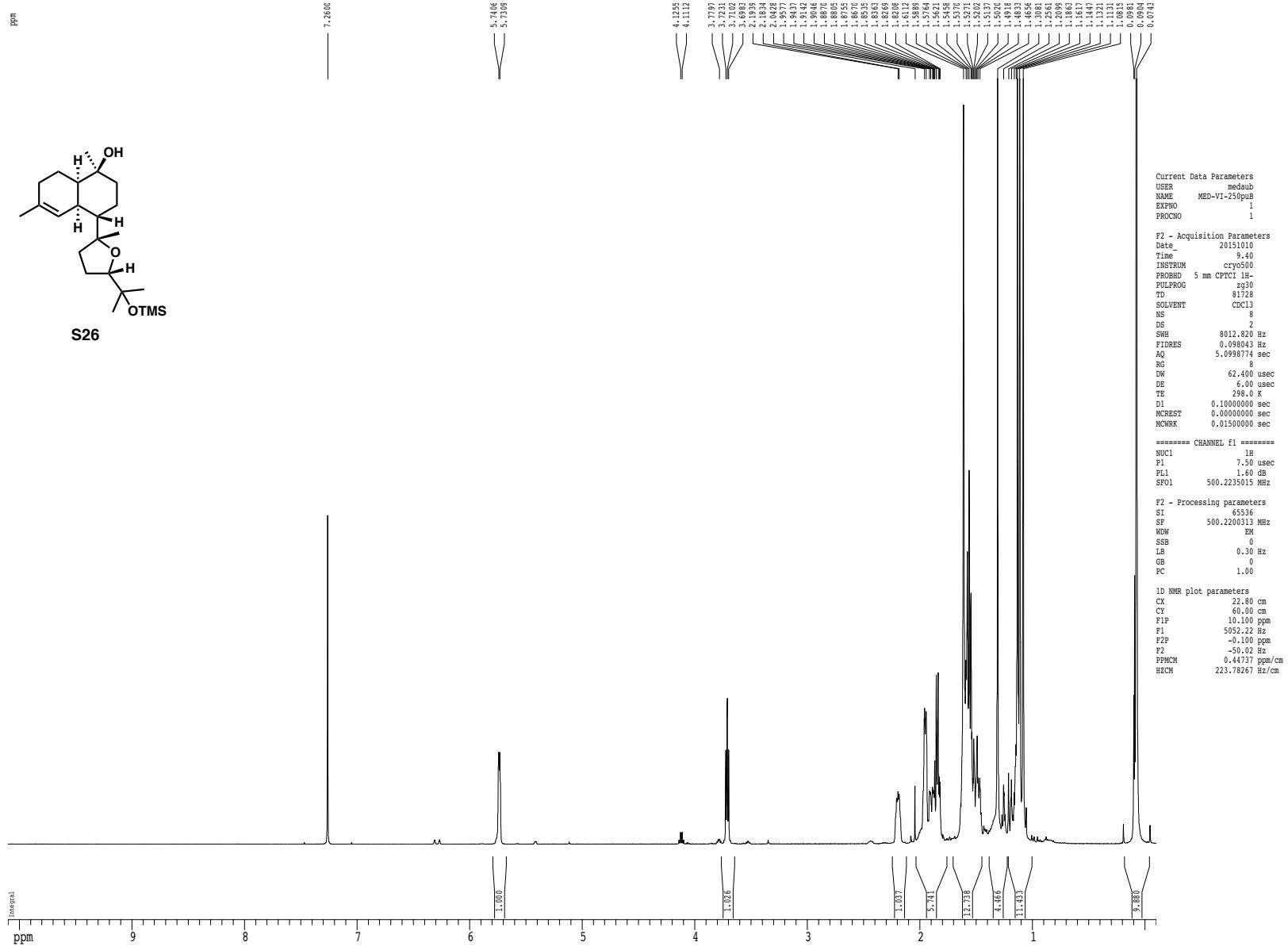
¹H spectrum



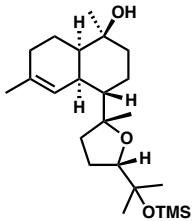
¹³C spectrum with ¹H decoupling



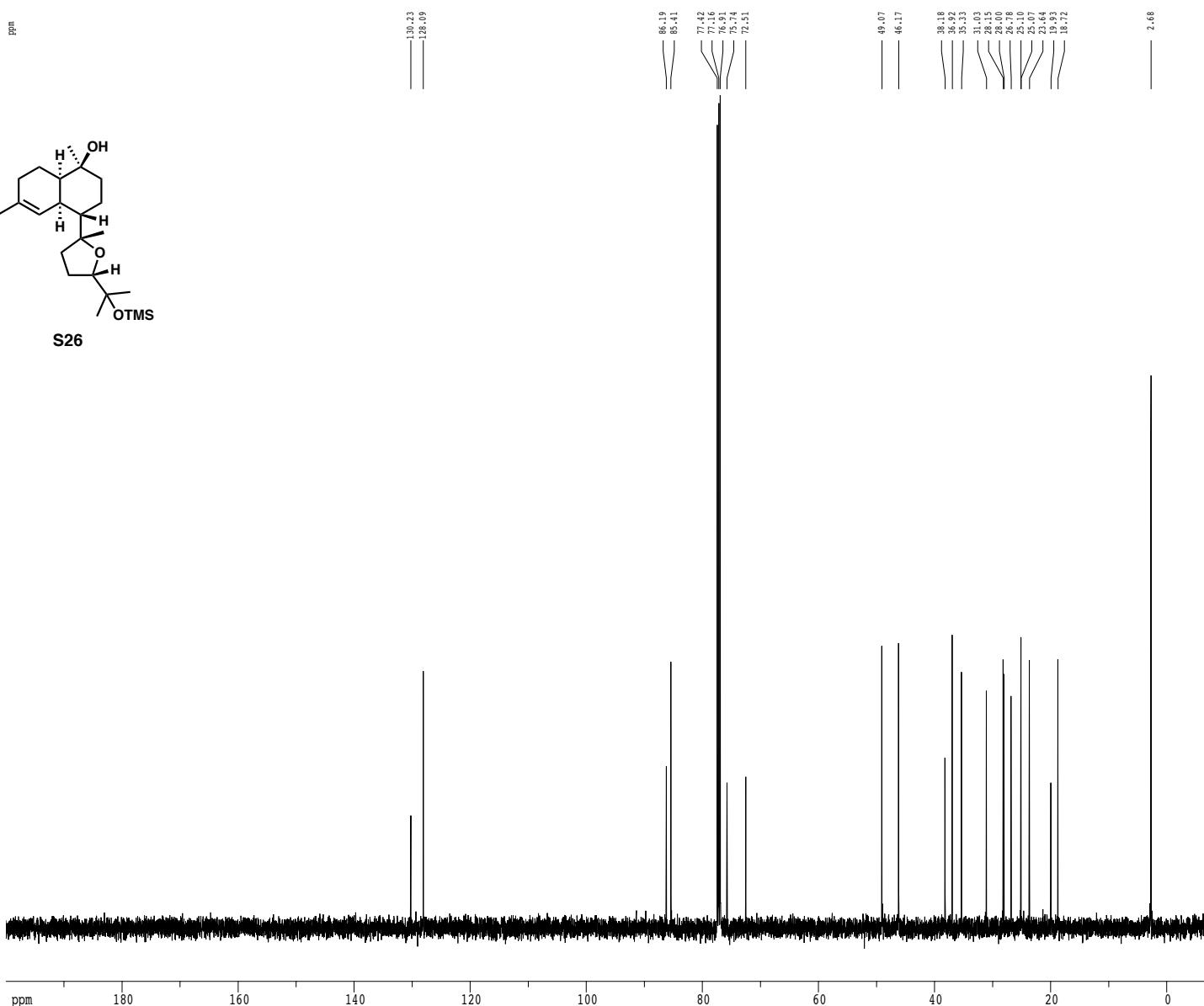
¹H spectrum



Z-restored spin-echo ^{13}C spectrum with ^1H decoupling



S26



```

Current Data Parameters
USER      medusb
NAME     MED-VI-2150p
EXPNO    2
PROCNO   1

F2 - Acquisition Parameters
Date      20151010
Time     9.43
INSTRUM  cryo500
PROBHDW  5 mm CP/CPS
PULPROG  SpinEch90pgr
TD       8192
SOLENT    COCl2
NS        1
DS        4
SWR     3030.1,031
FIDRES  0.442320
AQ       1.0813940
RG       16.000
DE       15.000
TE       298.0
D1      0.2500000
d11     0.6300000
D16     0.00002000
d17     0.0000000
MSECHT  0.0000000
MCNMRK  0.0153972
PZ       33.10

===== CHANNEL f1 =====
NUC1    1H
P1      14.55
P11     500.00
P12     2000.00
PL0      120.0
PL1      -1.00
SP01    125.792549
SPD      2.70
SP1      1.00
SPNM1   Crp60_0.5,1.0
SPNM2   Crp60comp.4
SPOFF1  0.00
SPOFF2  0.00

===== CHANNEL f2 =====
CPGR2Z  wait16
NUC2    1H
PCPD2  100.00
PL2      1.00
PL12    24.50
SF02    500.225201

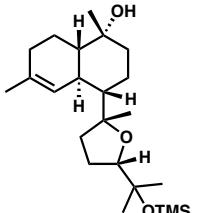
===== GRADIENT parameters =====
GRPNAM1 SINE,100
GRPNAM2 SINE,100
GPX1      0.00
GPX2      0.00
GPY1      0.00
GPY2      0.00
GPZ1      30.00
GPZ2      50.00
p15      500.00
p16      1000.00

F2 - Processing parameters
DPPM    55356
SF      125.7804076
WOW      1
SSB      0
LB      1.0
GB      0
PC      2.00

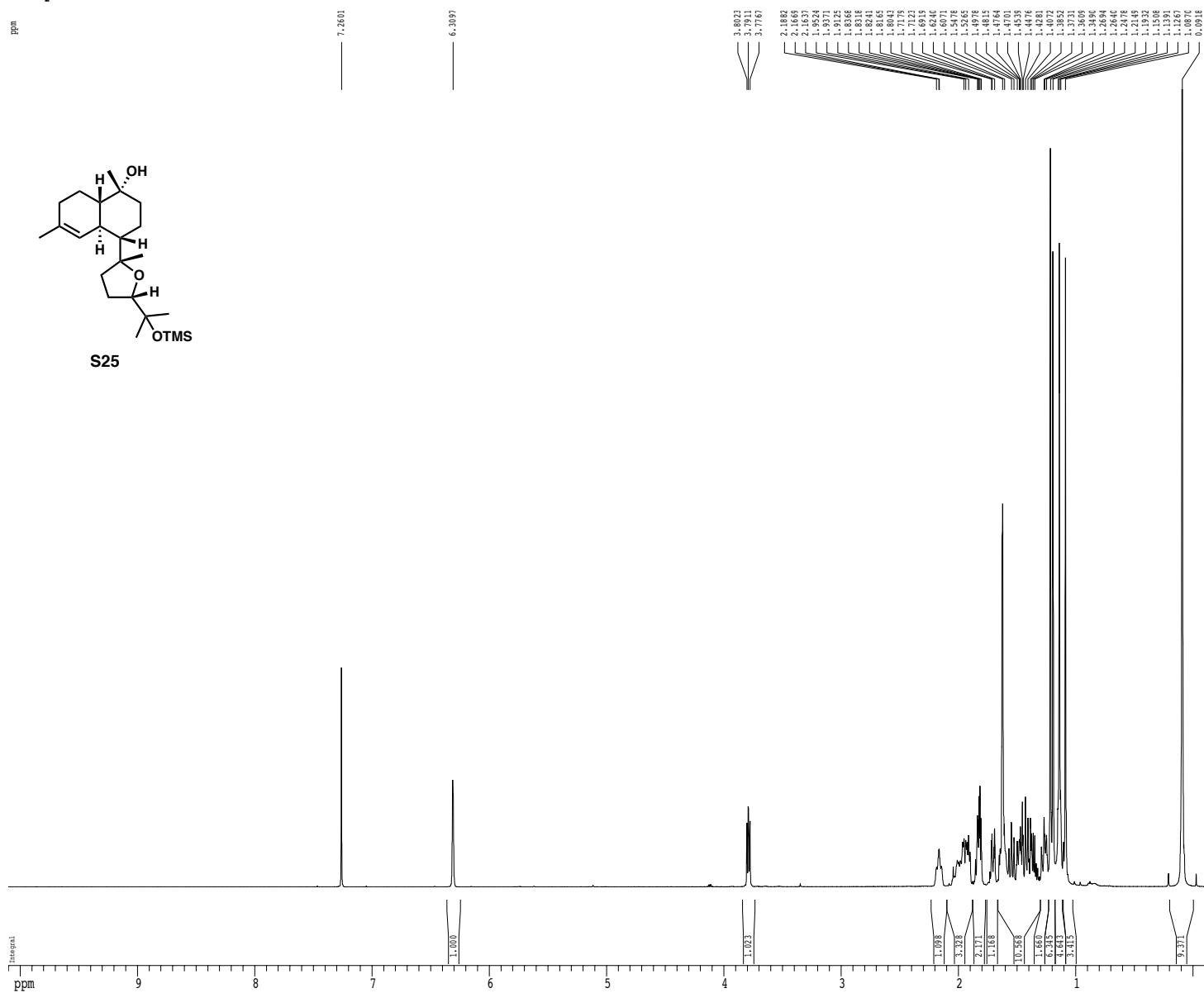
ID nmr plot parameters
CX      32.80
CY      15.65
FIP     200.00
FI1    25154.08
DPG    -1.00
F2      -125.78
PPNCN  9.21053
HCIM   1158.35072

```

^1H spectrum



S25



```

Current Data Parameters
USER      meaub
NAME     MED-VI-250pA
EXPNO    1
PROCNO   1

P = Acquisition Parameters
Date_      20151010
Time_      9:30:00
INSTRUM  cryo500
PROBHD  5 mm CPTV-1H
PULPROG  zg30
TD       81728
SOLVENT   CDCl3
NS        8
DS        2
SWH     8012.820 Hz
ETROR    0.099813 J
TE       5.09988 sec
RG        62.400 usec
DW       6.000 usec
TE       298.0 K
DI       0.1000000 sec
MCREST   0.0000000 sec
HCWRF   0.0150000 sec

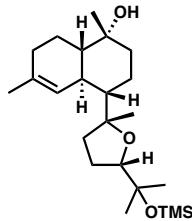
***** CHANNEL f1 *****
PCV1      7.50 usec
PL1       1.60 dB
SF01    500.2235015 MHz

P2 - Processing parameters
SI        65536
SF      500.2235015 MHz
NMOM     EM
SSB      0
LB       0.30 Hz
GB       0
PC       1.00

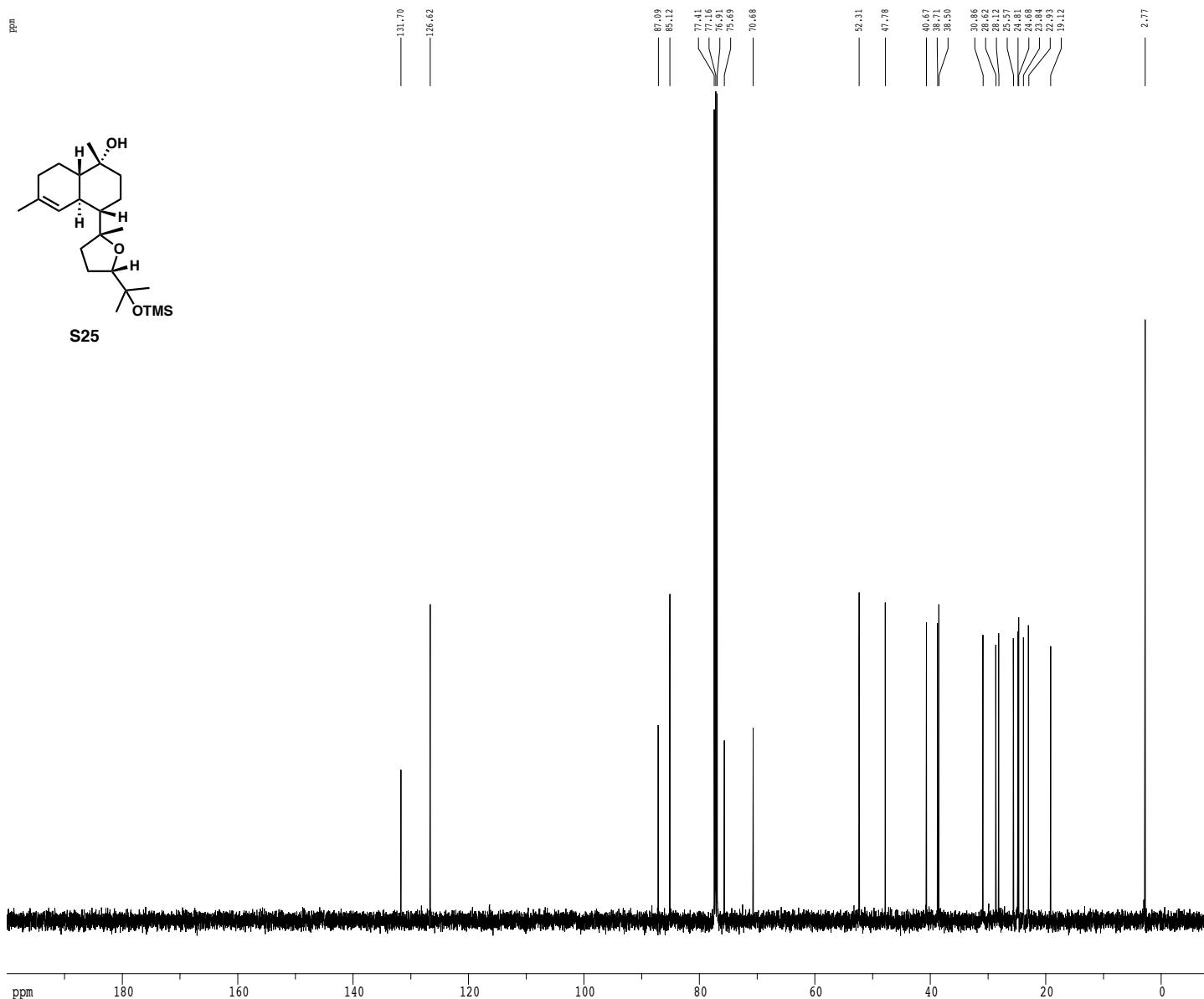
ID NMN plot parameters
CX        22.80 cm
CY       40.00 cm
DZ      10.0000 ppm
F1      502.520 Hz
F2P     -0.100 ppm
F2M     -50.02 Hz
PPCMC   0.44737 ppm/cm
HZCMC  223.78672 Hz

```

Z-restored spin-echo ^{13}C spectrum with ^1H decoupling

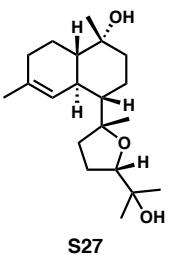


S25

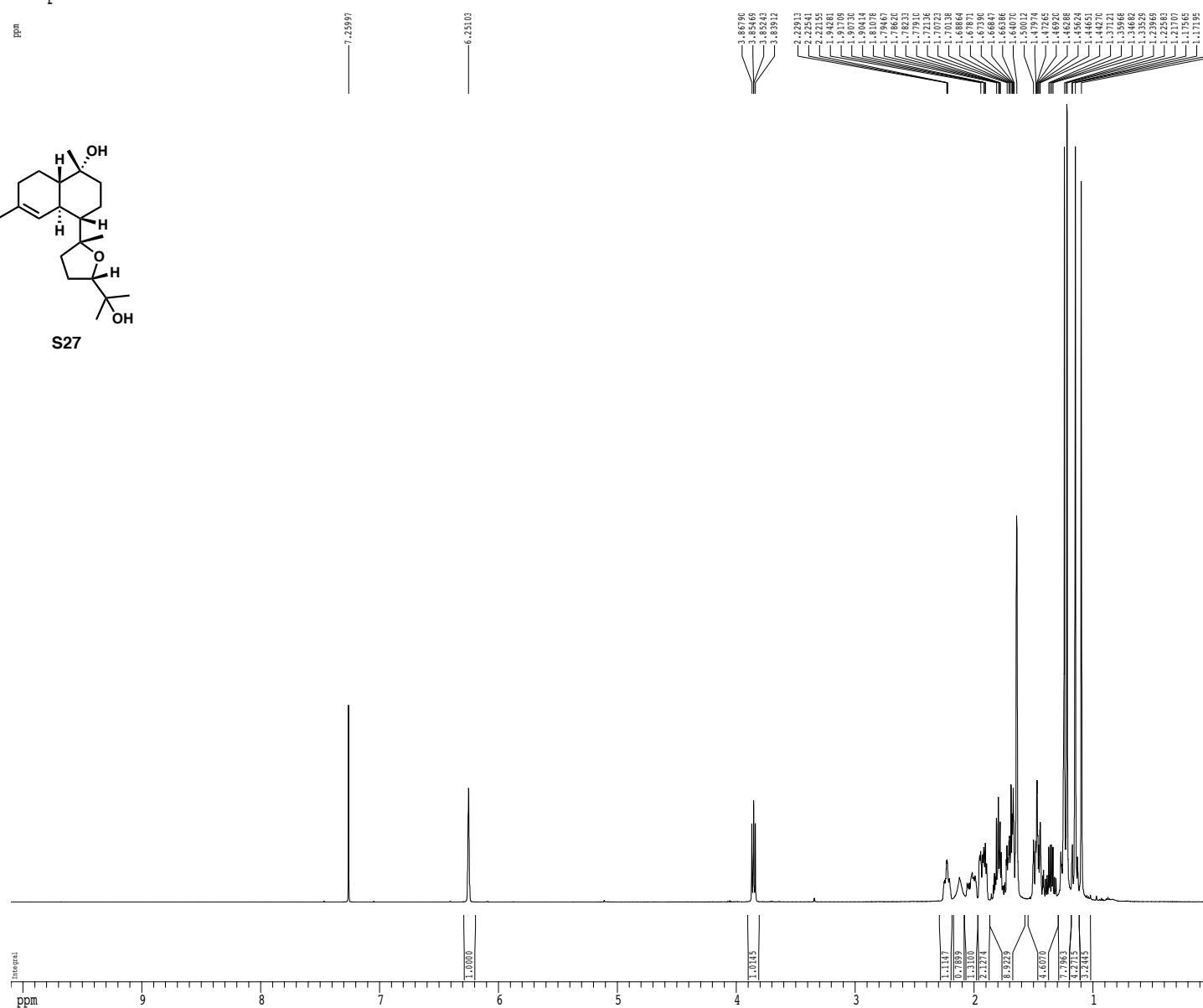


S162

1H spectrum

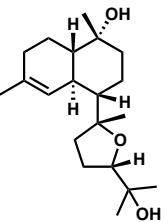


S27

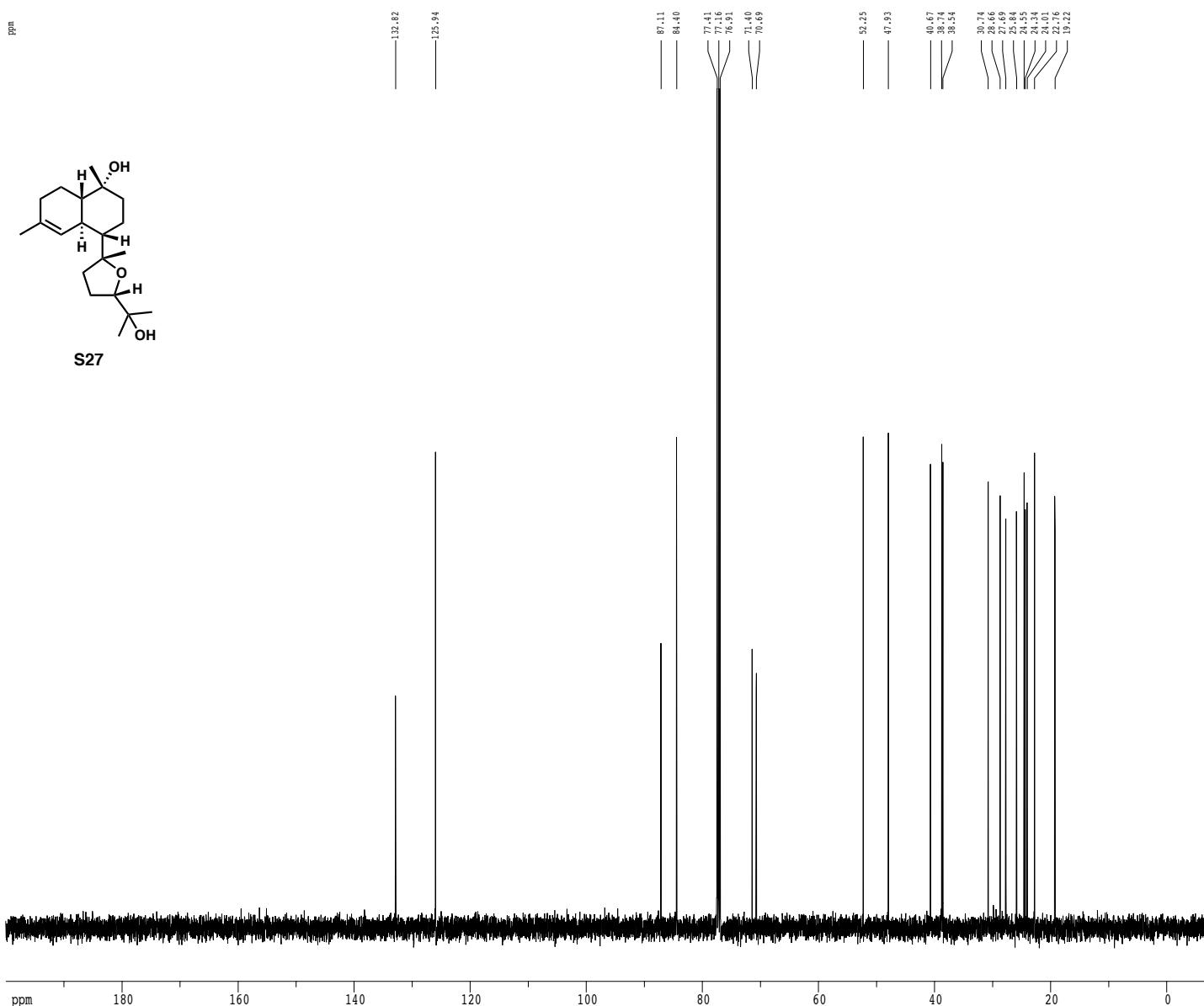


S163

Z-restored spin-echo ^{13}C spectrum with ^1H decoupling



S27



Current Data Parameters
USER medaub
NAME MED-VI-252pu
EXPNO 2
PROCNO 1

```

F2 - Acquisition Parameters
Date          20151010
Time          17.54
INSTRUM      cryo500
PROBHD      5 mm CPC1 1H-
PULPROG    SpinChop90gppr
TD           65536
SOLVENT      CDCl3
NS            80
DS            4
SWH         3003.01 Hz
FIDRES     0.462388 Hz
AQ        1.081394 sec
RG           13004
DW           16.500 usec
DE            6.0 usec
TE            298.0 K
D1       0.2000000 sec
D11      0.0000000 sec
D12      0.0000200 sec
D17      0.0001960 sec
NCREST     0.000000 sec
NCRWRF    0.0150000 sec
P2            33.10 usec

```

```
===== CHANNEL f1 =====
NUC1          13C
P1            16.55 use
P11           500.00 use
P12           2000.00 use
PL0           120.00 dB
PL1           -1.00 dB
SFO1          125.7942548 MHz
SP1            2.70 dB
SP2            2.70 dB
SPNAM1        Crp60,0.5,20.1
SPNAM2        Crp60comp,4
SPOFF1        0.00 Hz
SPOFF2        0.00 Hz
```

```
===== CHANNEL f2 =====
CPDPRG2          waltz16
NUC2              1H
PCPD2            100.00 usec
PL2               1.60 dB
PL12              24.50 dB
SF02             500.2225011 MHz
```

```

===== GRADIENT CHANNEL =====
GPNAME1      SINE.100
GPNAME2      SINE.100
GPX1         0.00   %
GPX2         0.00   %
GPY1         0.00   %
GPY2         0.00   %
GPZ1        30.00   %
GPZ2        50.00   %
p15        500.00 USE
p16        1000.00 USE

```

```

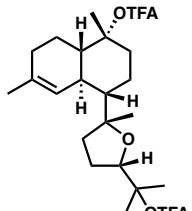
F2 - Processing parameters
SI          65536
SF        125.7804090 MHz
WDW           EM
SSB            0
LB         1.00 Hz
GB            0
PC          2.00

```

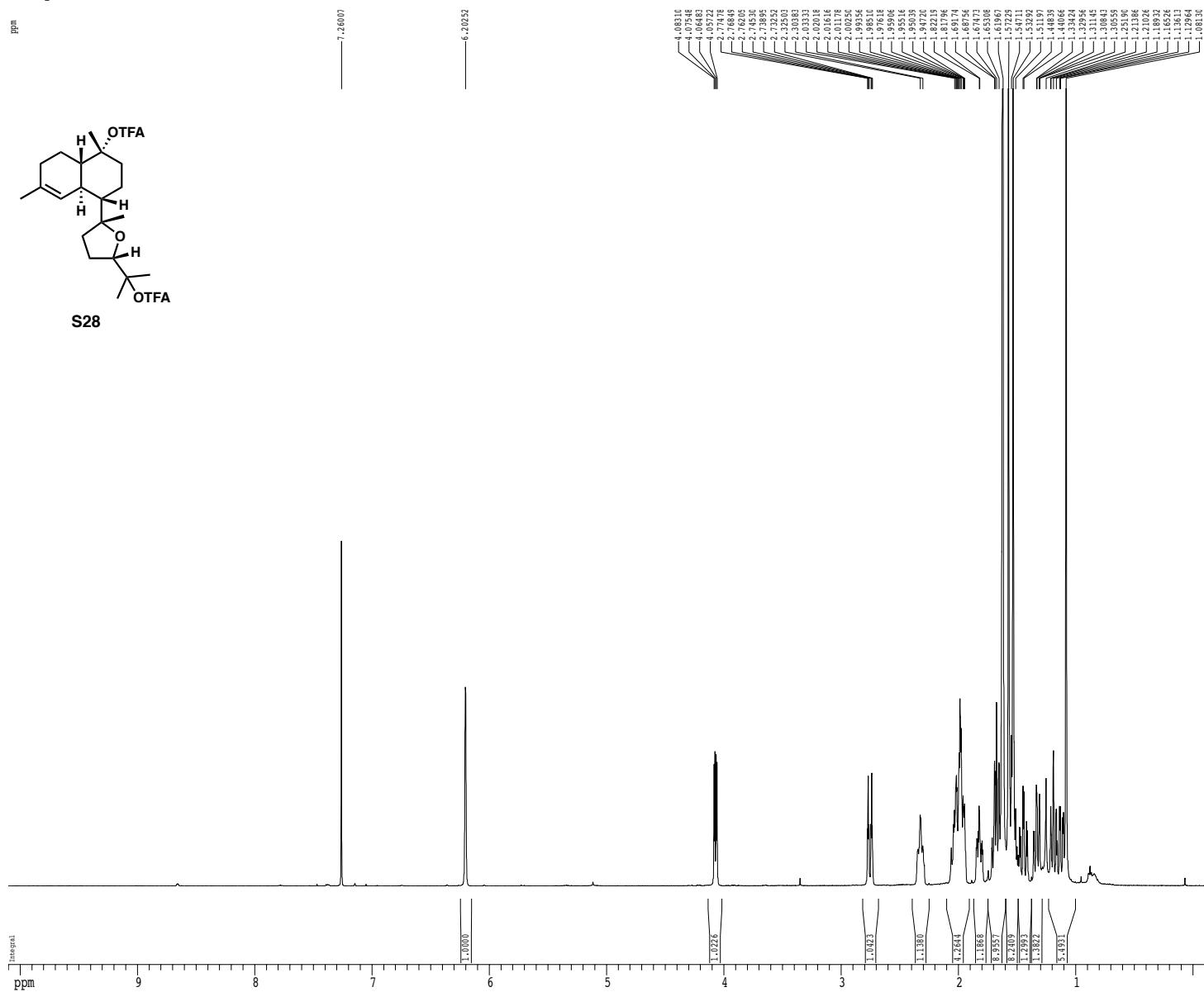
1D NMR plot parameters

CX	22.80	cm
CY	16.00	cm
F1P	200.000	ppm
F1	25156.08	Hz
F2P	-10.000	ppm
F2	-1257.80	Hz
PPMOM	9.21053	ppm
HZCM	1158.50378	Hz/cm

^1H spectrum



S28



```

Current Data Parameters
USER          medaus
NAME         MED-VI-262cr
EXPNO        1
PROCNO       1

F - Acquisition Parameters
Date_        20151017
Time         13.02
INSTRUM      5 mm PCPCT1
PROBHD      3270
PROBPRG     8172Z
SOLVENT      CDCl3
NS           8
DS           2
SW0         8012.820 Hz
FIDRES      0.090403 Hz
AQ          5.000000 sec
RG          64.000 usec
DE          6.000 usec
TE          288.0 K
PA          0.1000000 sec
MCREST      0.0000000 sec
MCNRF       0.0150000 sec

```

===== CHANNEL f1 =====
NUC1 1H
P1 7.50 used
PL1 1.60 dB
SF01 500.2235015 MHz

```

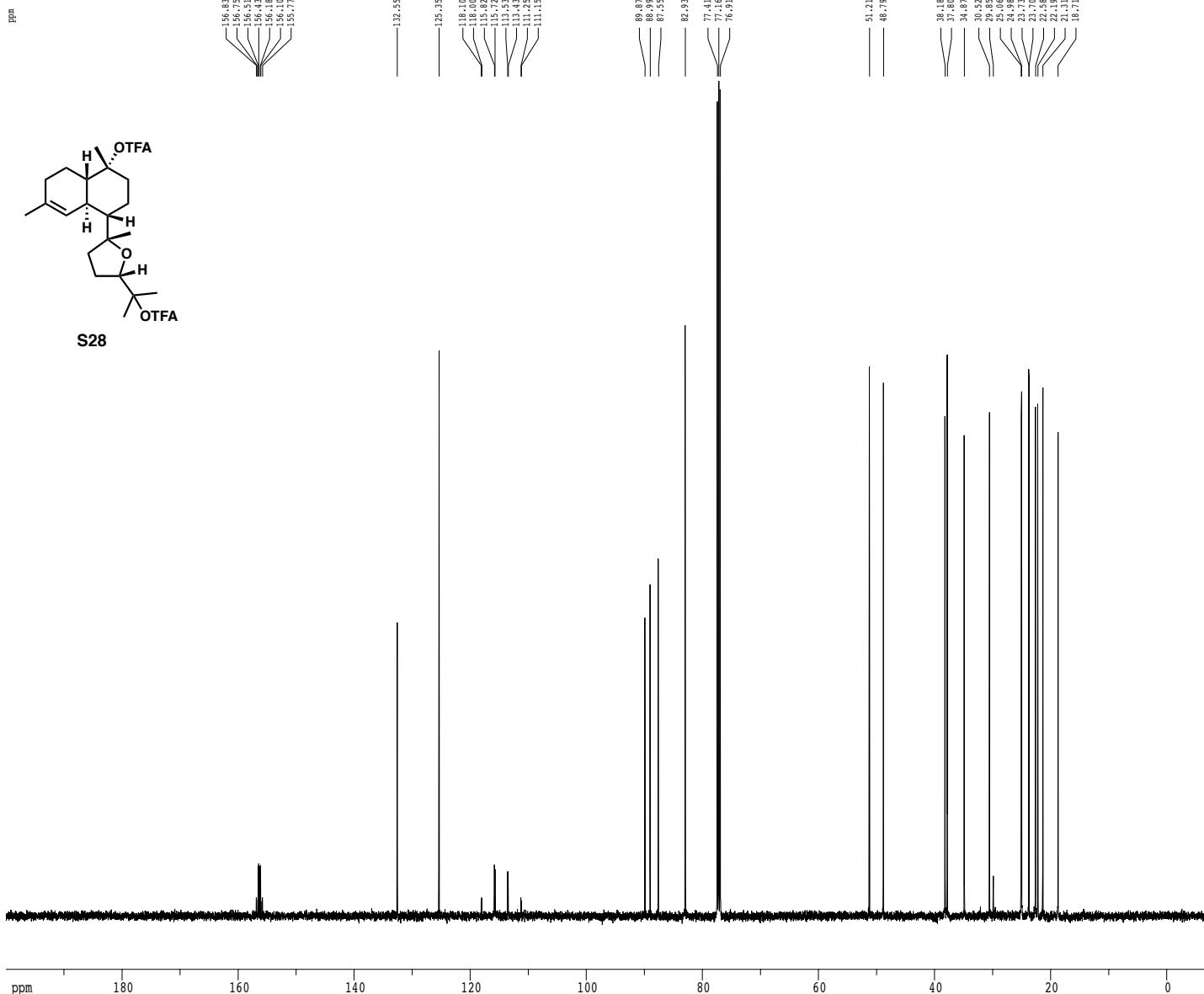
F2 - Processing parameters
SI          65536
SF        500.2200313 MHz
WDW         EM
SSB          0
LB        0.30 Hz
GB          0
PC        4.00

```

1D NMR plot parameters

CX	22.80	cm
CY	30.00	cm
F1P	10.100	ppm
F1	5052.22	Hz
F2P	-0.100	ppm
F2	-50.02	Hz
PPMCM	0.44737	ppm/cm
HZCM	223.78267	Hz/cm

Z-restored spin-echo ^{13}C spectrum with ^1H decoupling



F2 - Acquisition Parameters
 Date 20151017
 Time 13.05
 INSTRUM cryo500
 PROBHD 5 mm CPTCI 1H-
 PULPROG SpinEchopg3Dprg.prd
 TD 65536
 SOLVENT CDCl3
 NUC1 13C
 DS 4
 SWH 30393.031 Hz
 FIDRES 0.462388 Hz
 AQ 1.001940 sec
 RG 13382.1
 DM 1.500 usec
 DE 6.00 usec
 TE 298.0 K
 D1 0.2500000 sec
 d11 0.0300000 sec
 D16 0.0002000 sec
 D17 0.0001940 sec
 MCREFST 0.0000000 sec
 MCREFK 0.0150000 sec
 P2 33.10 usec

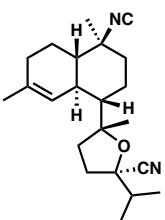
===== CHANNEL f1 =====
 NUC1 13C
 F1 16.00 usec
 P11 500.00 usec
 P12 2000.00 usec
 PL0 120.00 dB
 PL1 -1.00 dB
 SF01 125.7942548 MHz
 SP1 21.70 dB
 SP2 1.70 dB
 SPNAM1 Crp60_0.5_20.1
 SPNAM2 Crp60comp_4
 SPOFF1 0.00 Hz
 SPOFF2 0.00 Hz

===== CHANNEL f2 =====
 CPDPRG2 waltz16
 NUC2 1H
 PCPD2 100.00 usec
 PL2 1.60 dB
 PL12 24.50 dB
 SF02 500.2225011 MHz

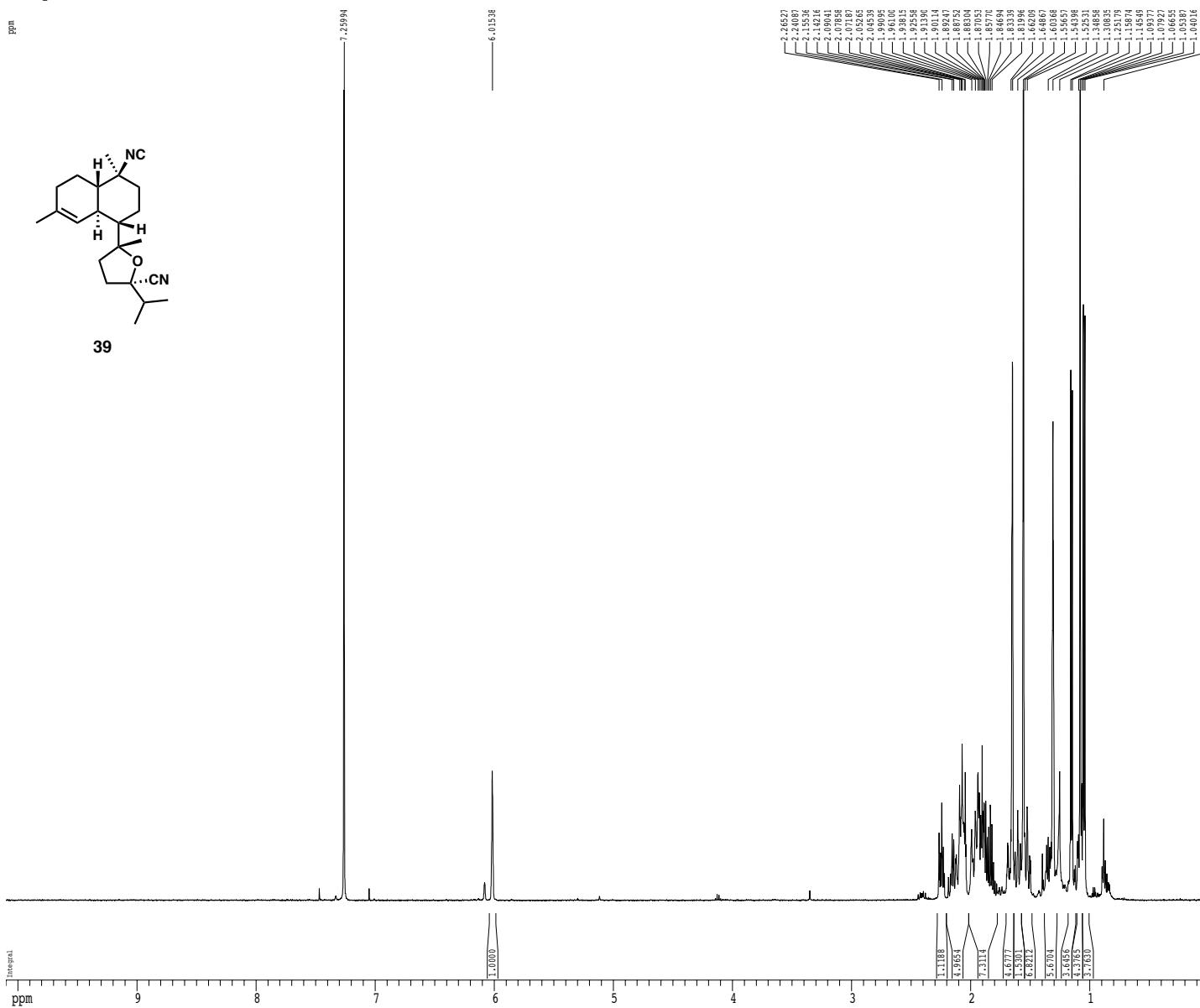
===== GRADIENT CHANNEL =====
 GPNAME1 SINE100
 GPNAME2 SINE100
 GPX1 0.00 %
 GPX2 0.00 %
 GPT1 0.00 %
 GPT2 0.00 %
 GP11 30.00 %
 GP12 50.00 %
 p15 50.00 usec
 p16 1000.00 usec

F2 - Processing parameters
 SI 65536
 SF 125.7804071 MHz
 WDW EM
 SSB 0
 LB 1.00 Hz
 GB 0
 FC 2.00
 ID NMR plot parameters
 CX 22.80 cm
 CY 15.65 cm
 F1P 200.00 ppm
 F1 251.00 Hz
 F2P -10.000 ppm
 F2 -125.80 Hz
 FPNM 9.21053 ppm/cm
 HZCM 1158.50378 Hz/cm

1H spectrum

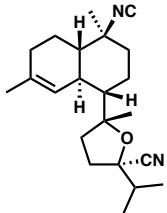


39

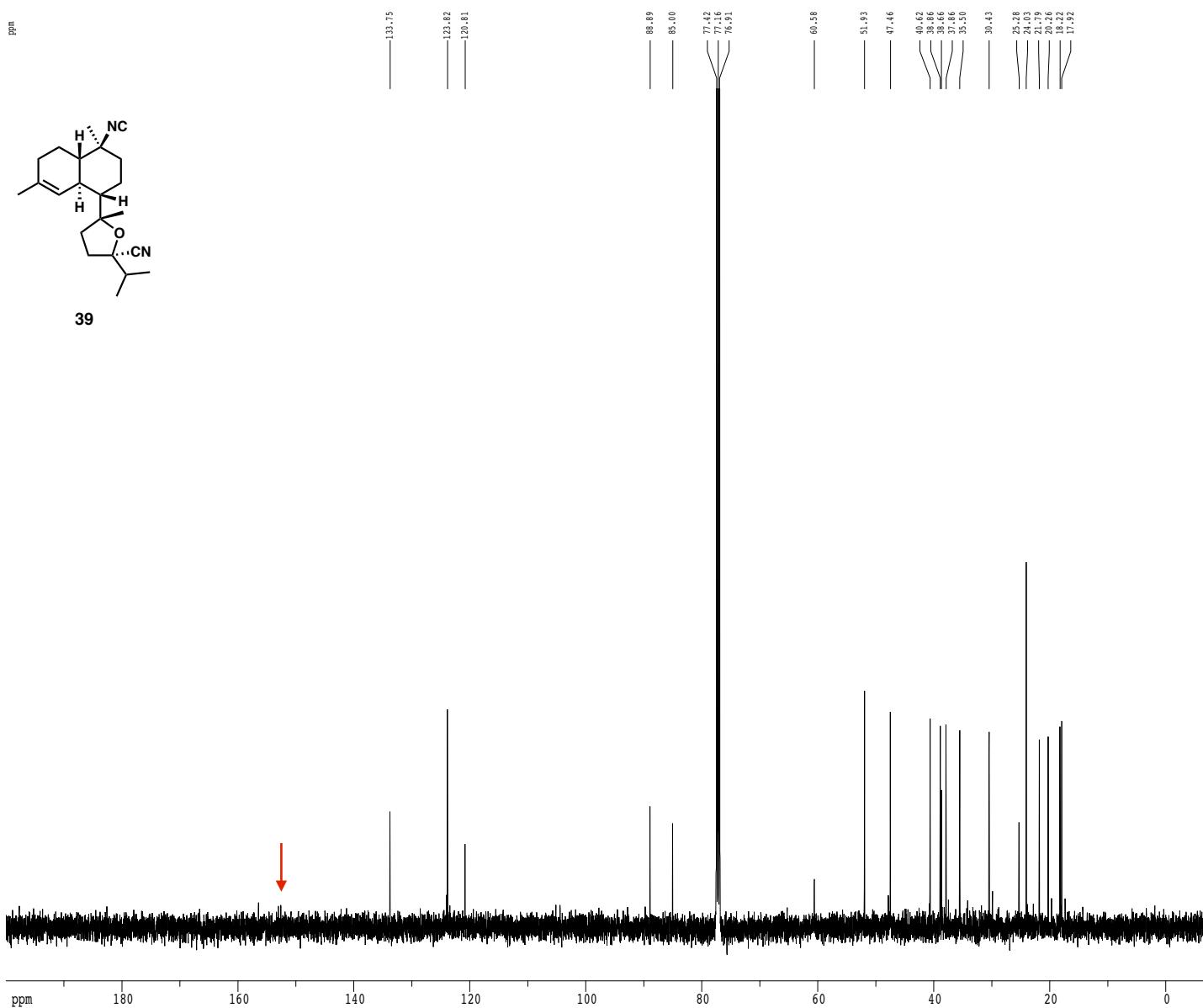


S167

Z-restored spin-echo ^{13}C spectrum with ^1H decoupling



39



Current Data Parameters
USER medaub
NAME MED-VI-255pu2B
EXPNO 4
PROCNO 1

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F2 - Acquisition Parameters
Date_      20151015
Time       19.34
INSTRUM   cryo500
PROBHD   5 mm CPPI 1R-
FULPROB  SpinChop500g.prd
TD        65536
SOLENT    CD3
NS        1600
DS        4
SWH      30031.031 Hz
FIDRES   0.462380 Hz
AQ        1.081914 sec
RG        13004
DW        16.500 usec
DE        90.000 deg
TE        288.0 deg
D1        1.00000000 sec
d11      0.00000000 sec
D16      0.00002000 sec
d17      0.00019600 sec
NCREST   0.000000 sec
MCHWRX  0.01500000 sec
P2        31.00 usec

```

```
===== CHANNEL f1 =====
NUC1           13C
P1              15.50 usec
P11             500.00 usec
P12             2000.00 usec
PL0             120.00 dB
PL1             -1.00 dB
SF01            125.7942548 MHz
SP1              3.20 dB
SP2              3.20 dB
SPNAM1          Crp60,0.5,20.1
SPNAM2          Crp60comp,4
SPOFF1          0.00 Hz
SPOFF2          0.00 Hz
```

```
===== CHANNEL f2 =====
CPDPRG2          waltz16
NUC2              1H
PCPD2            100.00 usec
PL2               1.60 dB
PL12              24.60 dB
SF02             500.2225011 MHz
```

```

===== GRADIENT CHANNEL =====
GPNAME1      SINE.100
GPNAME2      SINE.100
GPX1         0.00   %
GPX2         0.00   %
GPY1         0.00   %
GPY2         0.00   %
GPZ1        30.00   %
GPZ2        50.00   %
p15        500.00 USE
p16       10000.00 USE

```

```

F2 - Processing parameters
SI      65536
SF      125.7804075 MHz
WDW          EM
SSB          0
LB      1.00 Hz
GB          0
RS          2.00

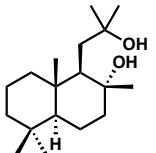
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```

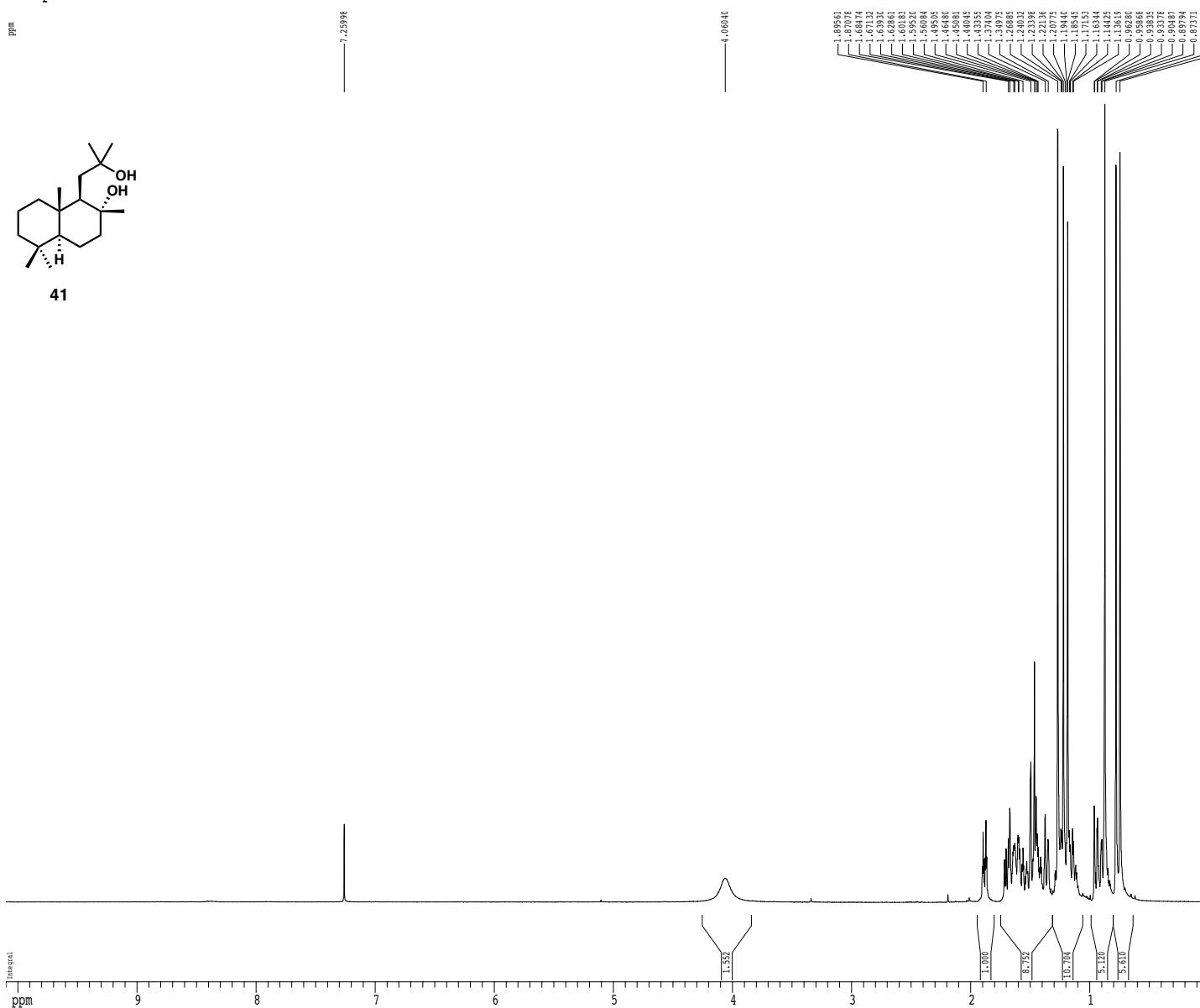
1D NMR plot parameters
CX           22.80 cm
CY           60.00 cm
F1P          200.00 ppm
F1           25156.08 Hz
F2P          -10.000 ppm
F2           -1257.80 Hz
PPMCM        9.21053 ppm
HZCM        1158.50378 Hz

```

1H spectrum

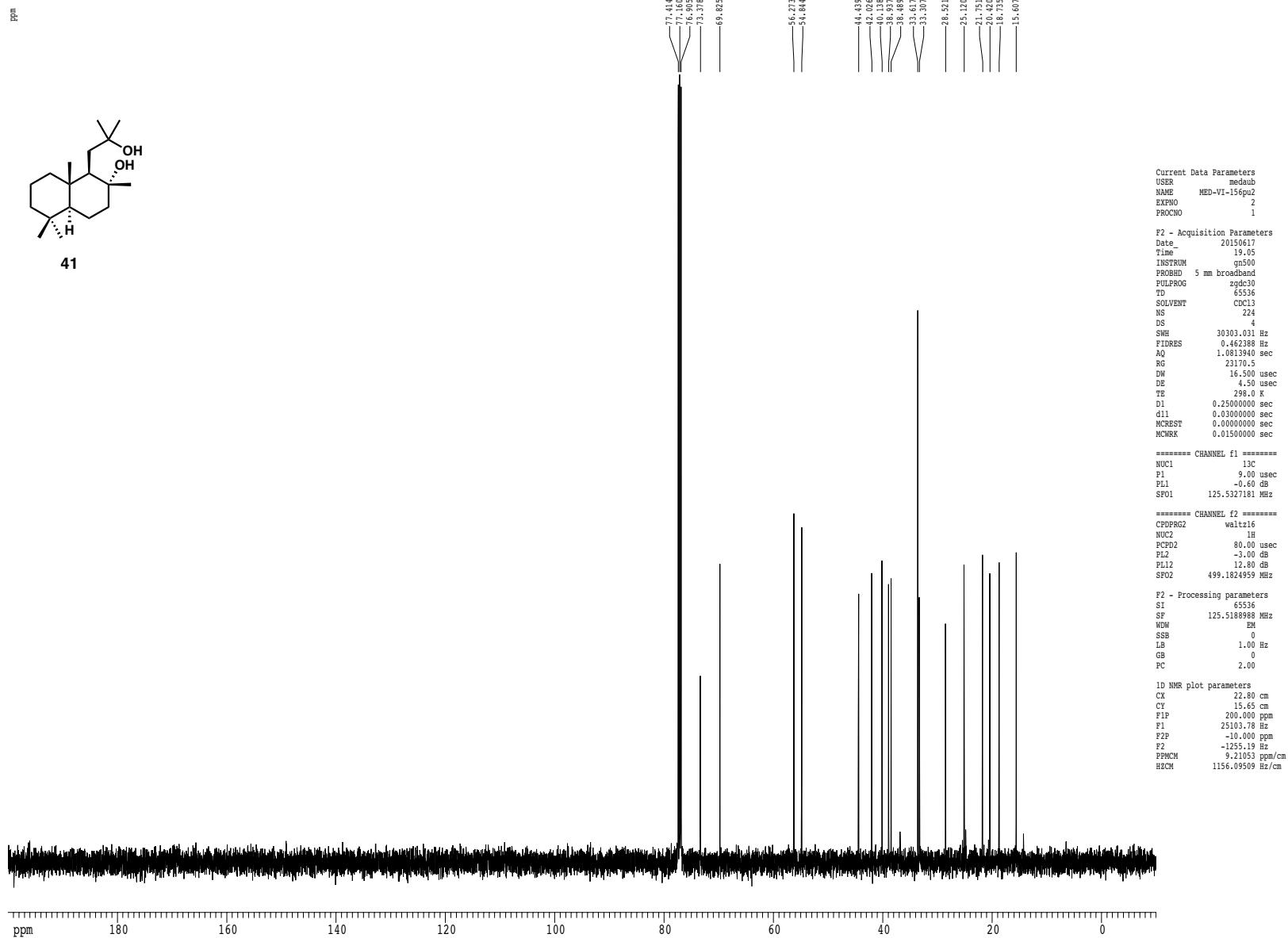


41



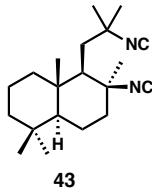
S169

13C spectrum with 1H decoupling



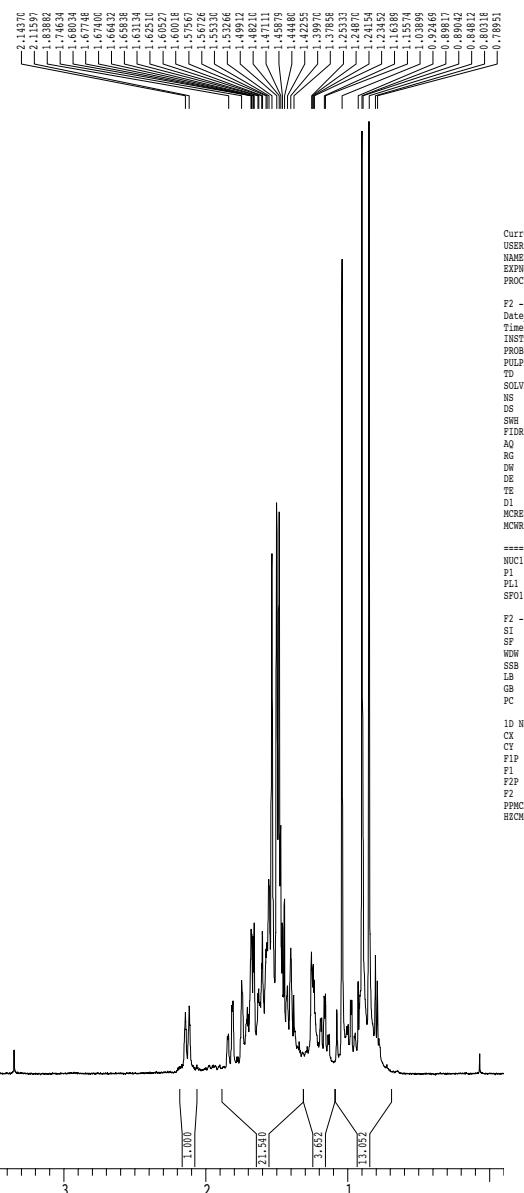
¹H spectrum

ppm

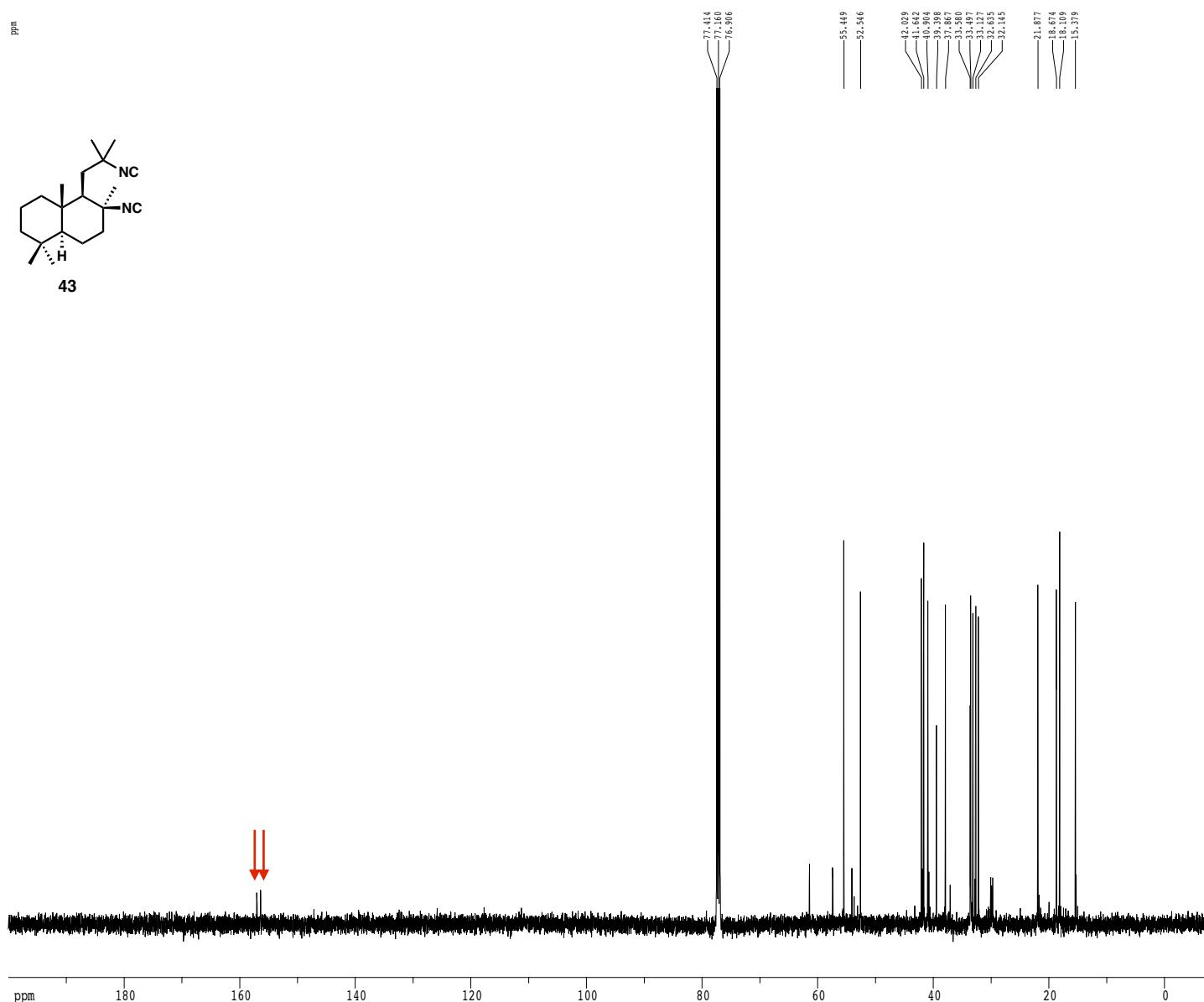
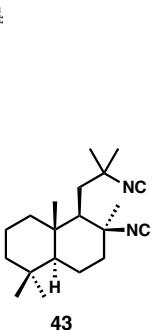


Integral

7.26012



Z-restored spin-echo ^{13}C spectrum with ^1H decoupling



Current Data Parameters
USER medaub
NAME MED-VI-159pufr22-32
EXPNO 5
PROCNO 1

```

F2 - Acquisition Parameters
Date_      20190707
Time_      20.15
INSTRUM   cryo5000
PROBHD   5 mm CPCT1 1H-
PULPROG  SpinChop2q.prd
TD        65536
SOLVENT    OCD1
NS        1024
DS         4
SWH      3030.2388 Hz
FIODRES  0.4462388 Hz
AQ        1.0813940 sec
RG        13004
DW        16.500 usec
DE        6.000 usec
TE        298.0 K
DM        0.000 usec
D1        0.0300000 sec
D11       0.0300000 sec
D16       0.0002000 sec
D17       0.0001960 sec
MCREST    0.0000000 sec
MCNRK    0.0150000 sec
DW1      31.000 usec

```

```
===== CHANNEL f1 =====
NUC1          13C
P1            15.50 usec
P11           500.00 usec
P12           2000.00 usec
PL0           120.00 dB
PL1           -1.00 dB
SPF01         125.7942548 MHz
SP1            3.20 dB
SP2            3.20 dB
SPNAM1        Crp60_0,5,20,1
SPNAM2        Crp60comp.4
SPOFF1        0.00 Hz
SPOFF2        0.00 Hz
```

```
===== CHANNEL f2 ======  
CPDPRG2          waltz16  
NUC2              1H  
PCPD2            100.00 usec  
PL2               1.60 dB  
PL12              24.60 dB  
SF02             500.2225011 MHz
```

```
===== GRADIENT CHANNEL =====
GPNAME1      SINE.100
GPNAME2      SINE.100
GPX1         0.00 %
GPX2         0.00 %
GPY1         0.00 %
GPY2         0.00 %
GPZ1         30.00 %
GPZ2         50.00 %
p15          500.00 usec
16          1000.00 usec
```

```

P2 - Processing parameters
SI           65536
SF          125.7804085 MHz
WDW          EM
SSB           0
LB           1.00 Hz
GB           0
PC           2.00

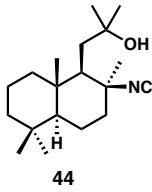
```

```

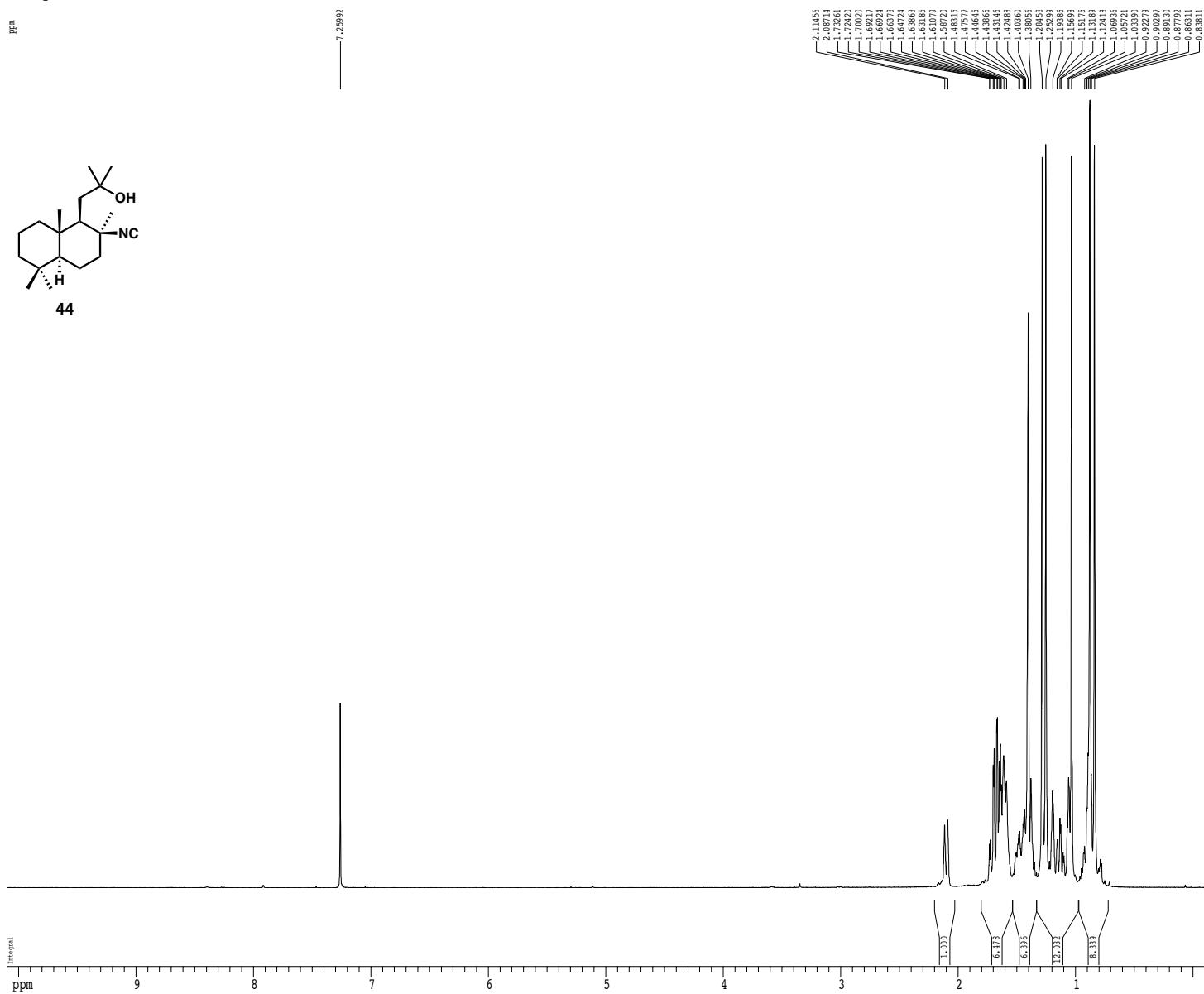
1D NMR plot parameters
CX           22.80 cm
CY           40.00 cm
F1P          200.000 ppm
F1           25156.08 Hz
F2P          -10.000 ppm
F2           -1257.80 Hz
PPCM         9.21053 ppm
Hz/cm        1158.50378 Hz/cm

```

^1H spectrum

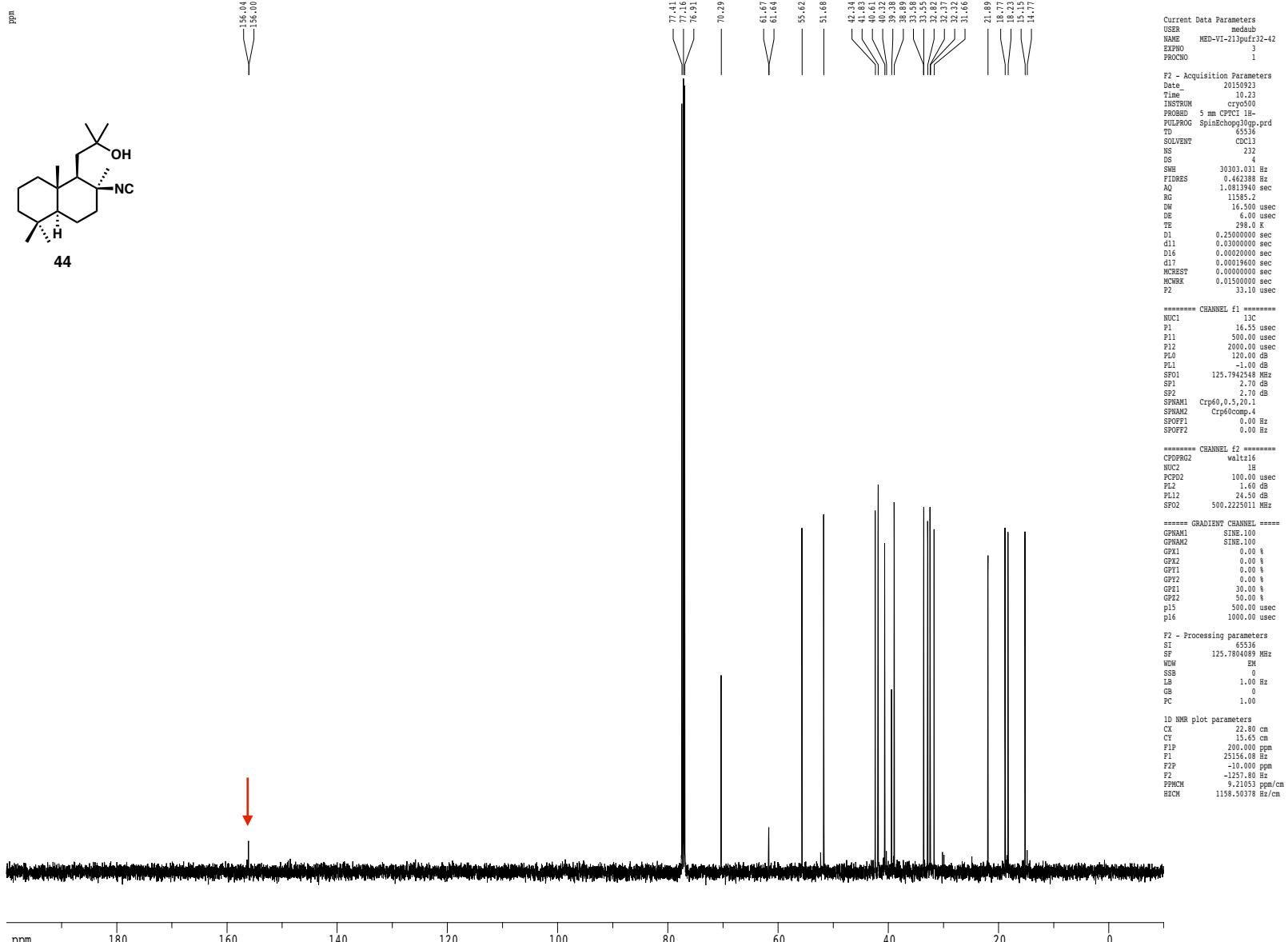


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S173

Z-restored spin-echo ^{13}C spectrum with ^1H decoupling



Study details

Test concentration	1 µM
Reference compound	Ketanserin
Test systems	human, mouse liver microsomes (from BD Gentest) with final liver microsomal protein concentration of 0.5 mg/mL
Incubation condition	0, 5, 15, 30, 45 min at 37°C
Sample size	Duplicates (n=2)
Bioanalytical method	LC-MS/MS

Calculations

$T_{1/2} = 0.693/K$ (K is the rate constant from a plot of $\ln [\text{concentration}]$ vs. incubation time)

$Cl_{int} = (0.693/T_{1/2}) \times (1/(\text{microsomal protein concentration (0.5 mg/mL)})) \times \text{Scaling Factors (Table 1)}$

Table 1 Scaling Factors for Intrinsic Clearance Prediction in the Mouse, Rat, Dog, Monkey, and Human Microsomes

Species	Microsomal Protein	Liver Weight per Kilogram of Body Weight	Scaling Factor ^a	Hepatic Blood Flow (mL/min/kg)
	per Gram of Liver			
Mouse	45	87.5	3937.5	90
Rat	44.8	40	1792	55.2
Dog	77.9	32	2492.8	30.9
Monkey	45	32.5	1462.5	44
Human	48.8	25.7	1254.2	20.7

^aScaling Factor = (microsomal protein per gram of liver) × (liver weight per kilogram of body weight)

Table 2a: Summary Data

Test Article	Species	Percent Remaining (%)					$T_{1/2}$ (minute)	Cl_{int} (mL/min/kg)
		0 min	5 min	15 min	30 min	45 min		
ketanserin	human	Mean	100.00	88.36	76.98	62.54	47.28	43.44
		RSD of Area Ratio	0.02	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.05	
	mouse	Mean	100.00	79.90	55.49	32.89	21.72	20.44
		RSD of Area Ratio	0.01	0.03	0.01	0.02	0.02	
MED-VII-108	human	Mean	100.00	82.25	73.80	91.55	69.01	142.48
		RSD of Area Ratio	0.17	0.25	0.15	0.17	0.14	
	mouse	Mean	100.00	100.00	86.70	77.93	71.54	87.26
		RSD of Area Ratio	0.12	0.21	0.04	0.18	0.06	

Note: Some compounds in liver microsomes showed biphasic metabolic kinetics, an initial fast disappearance followed by a slow disappearance.

The data points marked in red in column "F ~ H" represented the slow disappearance rates and were excluded from half-life calculation.

Comments:

1. Historic data of ketanserin:

$$T_{1/2}(\text{Human}) = 39.69 \pm 6.36 \text{ min}$$

$$T_{1/2}(\text{Mouse}) = 18.27 \pm 3.89 \text{ min}$$

2. In this study, half lives of Ketanserin were consistent with historical results.

3. If percent remaining at 45 min was higher than 50 %, then $T_{1/2}$ was calculated using extrapolation method; If percentage remaining at 45 min was near 100% and the value $T_{1/2} < 0$ by Excel default, then $T_{1/2}$ and Cl_{int} were reported as “∞” and “0”, respectively.

4. As summarized in table 2 (summary table), $T_{1/2}$ values marked in green suggested these compounds were stable in liver microsomes ($T_{1/2} > 120$ min); $T_{1/2}$ values marked in orange suggested these compounds showed moderate metabolism in liver microsomes ($T_{1/2} = 30-120$ min); $T_{1/2}$ values marked in red suggested these compounds were susceptible to metabolism in liver microsomes ($T_{1/2} < 30$ min).

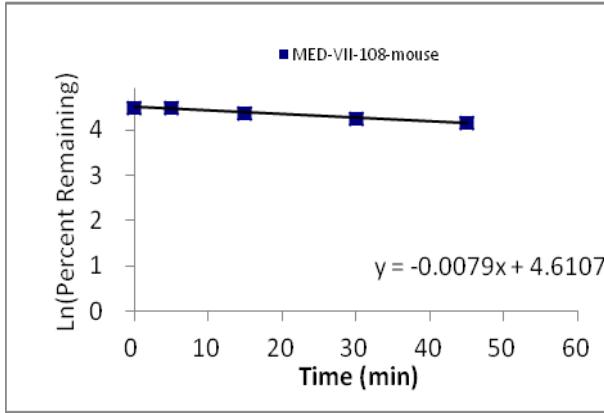
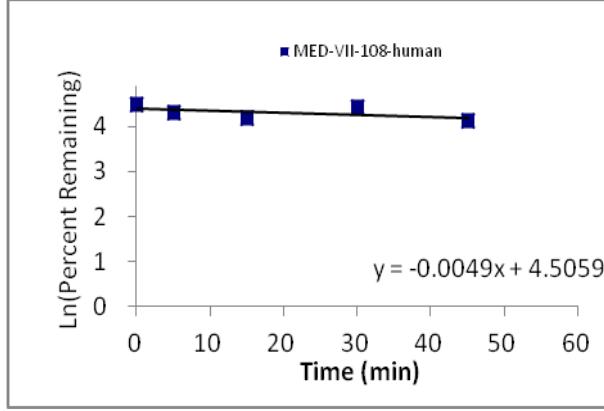
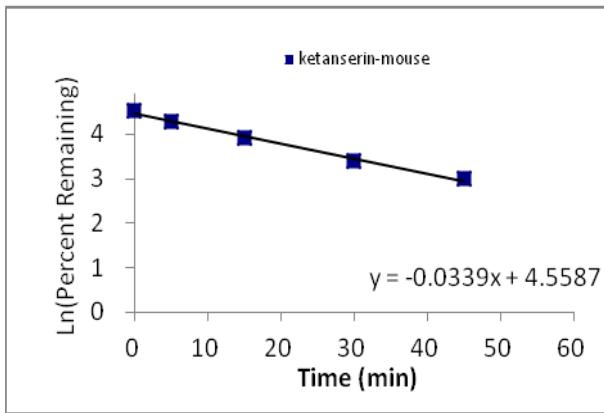
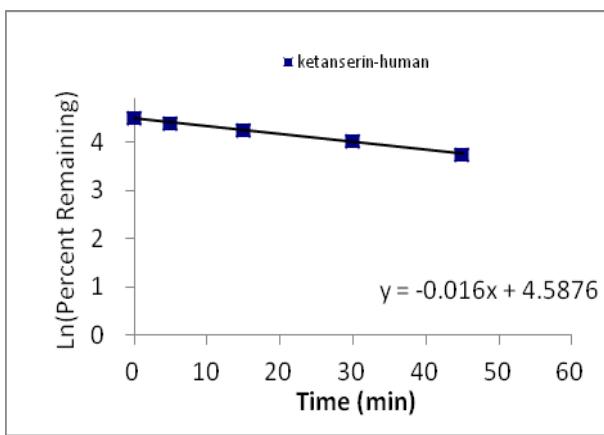


Table 3a: Raw data of reference and test compounds in human liver microsome

Cpd	Species	Time(min)	Raw Data					
			Analyte Peak Area (counts)	Analyte Peak Area (counts)	IS Peak Area (counts)	IS Peak Area (counts)	Area Ratio	Area Ratio
ketanserin	human	0	7620000	7540000	#####	#####	1.140	1.180
		5	6620000	6620000	#####	#####	1.040	1.010
		15	5640000	5650000	#####	#####	0.891	0.895
		30	4510000	4470000	#####	#####	0.723	0.728
		45	2950000	3550000	#####	#####	0.531	0.566
MED-VII-108	human	0	17600	13700	#####	#####	0.002	0.002
		5	11000	15100	#####	#####	0.001	0.002
		15	10500	12900	#####	#####	0.001	0.001
		30	12100	15300	#####	#####	0.001	0.002
		45	11400	9330	#####	#####	0.001	0.001

Table 3b: Raw data of reference and test compounds in mouse liver microsome

Cpd	Species	Time(min)	Raw Data					
			Analyte Peak Area (counts)	Analyte Peak Area (counts)	IS Peak Area (counts)	IS Peak Area (counts)	Area Ratio	Area Ratio
ketanserin	mouse	0	6460000	6490000	#####	#####	1.010	1.030
		5	5130000	5220000	#####	#####	0.795	0.835
		15	3500000	3570000	#####	#####	0.570	0.562
		30	1960000	2030000	#####	#####	0.340	0.331
		45	1140000	1290000	#####	#####	0.224	0.219
MED-VII-108	mouse	0	15500	17800	#####	#####	0.002	0.002
		5	19100	14200	#####	#####	0.002	0.002
		15	15200	14200	#####	#####	0.002	0.002
		30	10500	13300	#####	#####	0.001	0.002
		45	10700	11100	#####	#####	0.001	0.001

Detection method	UPLC-MS/MS-29(API6500+)																
Matrix	liver microsomes																
Internal standard (s)	Osalmid, imipramine																
MS conditions	Positive ion, ESI																
Mobile phase	A: 0.025%FA/1mM NH4OAc/H2O B: 0.025%FA/1mM NH4OAc/MeOH																
Column	ACQUITY-BEH-C18 (2.1*50 mm, 1.7 um)																
LC conditions	<p>0.60 mL/min</p> <table> <thead> <tr> <th>Time (min)</th> <th>Pump B (%)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0.2</td> <td>2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0.4</td> <td>98</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1.4</td> <td>98</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1.41</td> <td>2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2.5</td> <td>stop</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>					Time (min)	Pump B (%)	0.2	2	0.4	98	1.4	98	1.41	2	2.5	stop
Time (min)	Pump B (%)																
0.2	2																
0.4	98																
1.4	98																
1.41	2																
2.5	stop																
Detection & Retention time (RT)	compound	Analyte Mass Ranges (Da)	Analyte RT (min)	IS Mass Ranges (Da)	IS RT (min)												
	ketanserin	396.300/189.000 Da	0.99	281.100/193.100	1.06												
	MED-VII-108	277.500/205.200 Da	0.96	230.100/121.300	0.96												

Experimental procedure:

1. Buffer A: 1.0 L of 0.1 M monobasic Potassium Phosphate buffer containing 1.0 mM EDTA
Buffer B: 1.0 L of 0.1 M Dibasic Potassium Phosphate buffer containing 1.0 mM EDTA
Buffer C: 0.1 M Potassium Phosphate buffer, 1.0 mM EDTA, pH 7.4 by titrating 700 mL of buffer B with buffer A while monitoring with the pH meter.
2. Reference compounds(Ketanserin) and test compounds spiking solution:
500 μ M spiking solution: add 10 μ L of 10 mM DMSO stock solution into 190 μ L ACN.
1.5 μ M spiking solution in microsomes (0.75 mg/mL): add 1.5 μ L of 500 μ M spiking solution and 18.75 μ L of 20 mg/mL liver microsomes into 479.75 μ L of Buffer C on ice.
3. Prepare NADPH stock solution (6 mM) by dissolving NADPH into buffer C.
4. Dispense 30 μ L of 1.5 μ M spiking solution containing 0.75 mg/mL microsomes solution to the assay plates designated for different time points (0-, 5-, 15-, 30-, 45-min) on ice.
5. For 0-min, add 135 μ L of ACN containing IS to the wells of 0-min plate and then add 15 μ L of NADPH stock solution (6 mM).
6. Pre-incubate all other plates at 37 °C for 5 minutes.
7. Add 15 μ L of NADPH stock solution (6 mM) to the plates to start the reaction and timing.
8. At 5-min, 15-min, 30-min, and 45-min, add 135 μ L of ACN containing IS to the wells of corresponding plates, respectively, to stop the reaction.
9. After quenching, shake the plates at the vibrator (IKA, MTS 2/4) for 10 min (600 rpm/min) and then centrifuge at 5594 g for 15 min (Thermo Multifuge \times 3R).
10. Transfer 50 μ L of the supernatant from each well into a 96-well sample plate containing 50 μ L of ultra pure water (Millipore, ZMQS50F01) for LC/MS analysis.