

Abnormal expression of TGF-beta type II receptor isoforms contributes to acute myeloid leukemia

SUPPLEMENTARY TABLES AND FIGURES

Supplementary Table 1: Quantitative RT-PCR analysis of T β RII mRNA in K562 cells stably expressing T β RII or T β RII-B

Cells	T β RII (CT value)	β -actin (CT value)	Fold change ($2^{-\Delta CT}$)
K562	30.98 ± 0.66	16.22 ± 0.43	1.00
K562/T β RII-B	22.13 ± 0.26	19.97 ± 0.56	6208.4 ± 540.76**
K562/NEO	31.73 ± 0.53	17.03 ± 0.24	1.04 ± 0.11
K562/T β RII	17.88 ± 0.33	16.04 ± 0.15	7750.10 ± 669.62**

The experiments were performed in triplicate. The data are expressed as the mean ± SEM. **P < 0.01, compared to K562 cells. K562/NEO is an empty vector control cell line.

Supplementary Table 2: Quantitative RT-PCR analysis of T β RII mRNA in HL60 cells stably expressing T β RII or T β RII-B

Cells	T β RII (CT value)	β -actin (CT value)	Fold change ($2^{-\Delta CT}$)
HL60	21.06 ± 0.15	15.47 ± 0.40	1.00
HL60/T β RII-B	16.65 ± 0.22	16.38 ± 0.28	39.95 ± 4.11**
HL60/NEO	20.39 ± 0.09	15.03 ± 0.38	1.17 ± 0.19
HL60/T β RII	15.52 ± 0.45	15.33 ± 0.33	42.22 ± 3.76**

The experiments were performed in triplicate. The data are expressed as the mean ± SEM. **P < 0.01, compared to HL60 cells. HL60/NEO is an empty vector control cell line.

Supplementary Table 3: Cell cycle analysis of HL60 cells stably expressing T β RII or T β RII-B after incubation with 1 ng/mL TGF- β 1 for 24 h or 48 h

%	HL60	HL60/ T β RII- B	HL60/ T β RII	HL60 24 h	HL60/ T β RII-B 24 h	HL60/ T β RII 24 h	HL60 48 h	HL60/ T β RII-B 48 h	HL60/ T β RII 48 h
G1	38.57 ± 0.77	39.05 ± 0.16	38.12 ± 0.48	43.53 ± 1.02	53.55 ± 0.54	43.21 ± 1.29	49.16 ± 1.83	59.19 ± 0.76	51.62 ± 0.38
S	45.25 ± 1.55	48.58 ± 0.25	45.78 ± 0.59	35.47 ± 0.74	30.41 ± 0.08	34.59 ± 0.44	35.52 ± 2.26	25.97 ± 0.86	32.61 ± 0.26
G2/M	16.18 ± 1.75	12.37 ± 0.35	16.09 ± 0.26	21 ± 0.41	16.03 ± 0.50	22.21 ± 1.13	15.32 ± 0.46	14.84 ± 1.61	15.77 ± 0.63

The data are representative of two independent experiments.

Supplementary Table 4: Cell cycle analysis of K562 cells stably expressing T β RII or T β RII-B after incubation with 1 ng/mL TGF- β 1 for 24 h or 48 h

%	K562	K562/ T β RII- B	K562/ T β RII	K562 24 h	K562/ T β RII-B 24 h	K562/ T β RII 24 h	K562 48 h	K562/ T β RII-B 48 h	K562/ T β RII 48 h
G1	33.57 ± 0.75	34.05 ± 0.15	35.12 ± 0.45	38.53 ± 1.08	48.55 ± 0.55	38.21 ± 1.30	44.16 ± 1.53	55.19 ± 0.96	46.62 ± 0.48
S	55.35 ± 1.35	58.68 ± 0.55	55.38 ± 0.69	45.57 ± 0.78	40.45 ± 0.28	44.49 ± 0.54	45.32 ± 1.26	35.87 ± 1.86	42.51 ± 1.26
G2/M	11.18 ± 1.05	7.37 ± 0.65	11.09 ± 0.56	16 ± 0.47	11.03 ± 0.55	17.21 ± 1.03	10.32 ± 0.86	9.84 ± 1.65	10.77 ± 0.68

The data are representative of two independent experiments.

Supplementary Table 5: Proteins that exhibited increased phosphorylation in HL60/T β RII-B cells compared to HL60/T β RII cells

	p-Smad2 (Ser467)	p-Smad1 (Ser465)	p-Smad2/3 (Thr8)	p-Smad3 (Thr179)	p-Smad3 (Ser425)	p-PKC ζ (Thr410)	p-AKT (Ser473)	p-SAPK/ JNK (Thr185)
T β RII-B / control 0.5 h	1.23	2.13	10.53	1.86	5.58	8.05	1.77	2.38
T β RII / control 0.5 h	0.91	0.66	1.90	1.22	2.38	4.39	1.26	1.2
T β RII-B / T β RII 0.5 h	1.35	3.22	5.54	1.52	2.34	1.83	1.41	1.98
T β RII-B / control 2 h	2.23	10.13	11.53	8.86	8.58	6.9	2.76	2.18
T β RII / control 2 h	0.71	2.66	2.90	6.52	6.38	7.7	1.36	1.0
T β RII-B/ T β RII 2 h	3.18	3.81	3.97	1.36	1.34	0.89	2.03	2.18

Supplementary Table 6: Clinical characteristics of AML patients and expression of TβRII expression

Patient characteristics	No. of patients (%)			P-value
	AML patients (n = 138)	TβRII ^{low} (n = 78)	TβRII ^{high} (n = 60)	
Age, years				
Median	48	55	43	> 0.05
Range	17-79	19-79	17-77	
Sex				
Male	84 (60.9%)	48 (61.5%)	36 (60%)	> 0.05
Female	54 (39.1%)	30 (38.5%)	24 (40%)	
AML type				
APL	12 (8.7%)	10 (12.8%)	2 (3.3%)	> 0.05
No APL	126 (91.3%)	68 (87.2%)	58 (96.7%)	
M0	8 (5.8%)	4 (5.1%)	5 (8.6%)	
M1	16 (11.6%)	6 (7.7%)	10 (17.2%)	
M2	36 (26.1%)	20 (25.6%)	16 (27.6%)	
M4	4 (2.9%)	2 (2.6%)	3 (5.2%)	
M5	62 (44.9%)	36 (46.2%)	24 (41.3%)	
Karyotype				
Favorable + standard	128 (92.7%)	74 (94.9%)	54 (90%)	> 0.05
Unfavorable	10 (7.3%)	4 (5.1%)	6 (10%)	
FLT3 status				
FLT3 wild type	128 (92.7%)	74 (94.9%)	54 (90%)	> 0.05
FLT3 mutated	10 (7.3%)	4 (5.1%)	6 (10%)	
NPM-1 status				
NPM-1 wild type	132 (95.7%)	74 (94.9%)	58 (96.7%)	> 0.05
NPM-1 mutated	6 (4.3%)	4 (5.1%)	2 (3.3%)	

TβRII^{low} and TβRII^{high} represent the 20% of patients with the lowest and highest TβRII mRNA levels, respectively (the relative mRNA level is the ratio of the experimental data to the internal control data). P < 0.01 and P < 0.05, χ^2 analysis.

Supplementary Table 7: Quantitative real-time PCR primers and probes

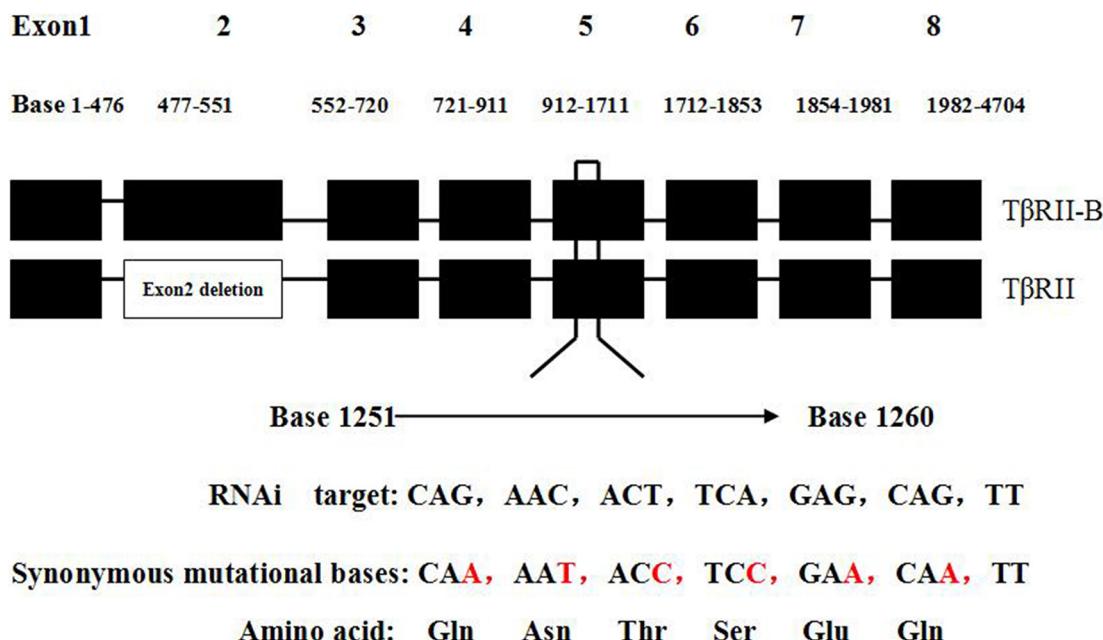
Primers	Sequence (5'-3')	Probe (5'-3')
TβRII-B	CGATCCCACCGCACGTT TCAGTGGATGGGCAGTCCTA	CCACATCCGACTTCTG
TβRII	GCGTATGCCAGCACGAT CACCGTTGTTGTCAGTGACTATCA	TCAGAACGTCGGTTAATAAC
ABL1	GCCTACAACAAGTTCTCCATCAAGT CATAGGTAGCAATTCCCCAAAGCAA	ACGTCTGGCATTGG

Supplementary Table 8: RT-PCR primers

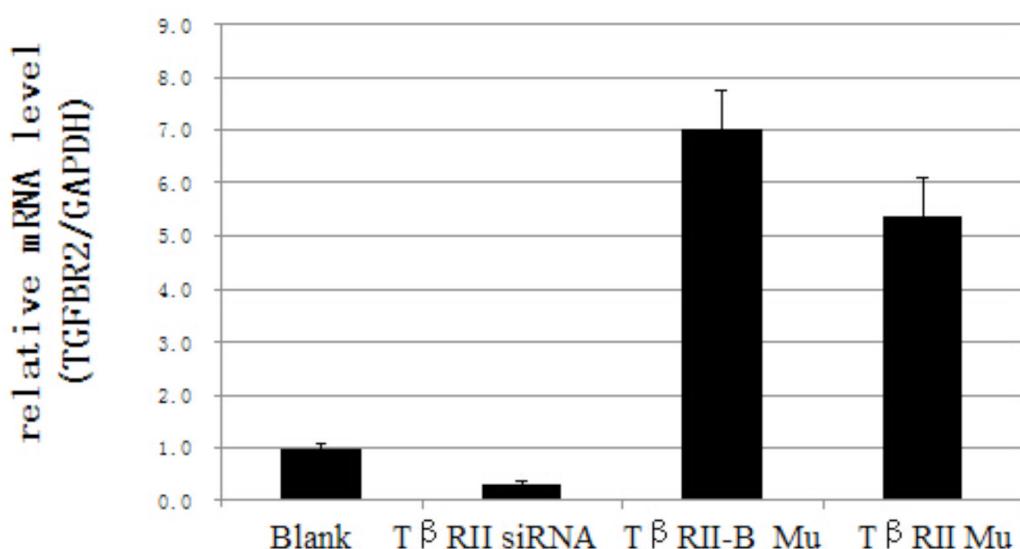
Primers	Sequence (5'-3')	Length, bp
β-actin	GAATACCTCATGAAGATCCTCACCA TCTCCTTAATGTCACGCACGATT	85
TβRII	CACCGCACGTTCAGAAGTC CACAGATGGAGGTGATGCTG	TβRII-B: 234 TβRII: 159
Bcl-2	GGGTACGATAACCGGGAGAT CTGAAGAGCTCCTCCACCAC	395
c-Myc	TCCTGGCAAAAGGTCAAGAT GTTGTGTGTCGCCTTTGA	265
p21	ACCGAGACACCACTGGAG CGAGGCACAAGGGTACAA	203
hTERT	CGGAAGAGTGTCTGGAGCAA GGATGAAGCGGAGTCTGGA	145
TNFα	ATGGCGTGGAGCTGAGAGATA GGAAGGTTGGATGTTCGCCT	382
IL-3	CTTCAACAACCTCAATGGGG AATTCCATCTGATGCCGCAGG	441
GM-CSFRα	GCATTCCCTCTGATCCCAGAG CCCTCCTCTCTTGAGTTCG	436
G-CSFR	GGATCCGGTCCATGG TTAAGAGGCAGGCCAAGAAG	78



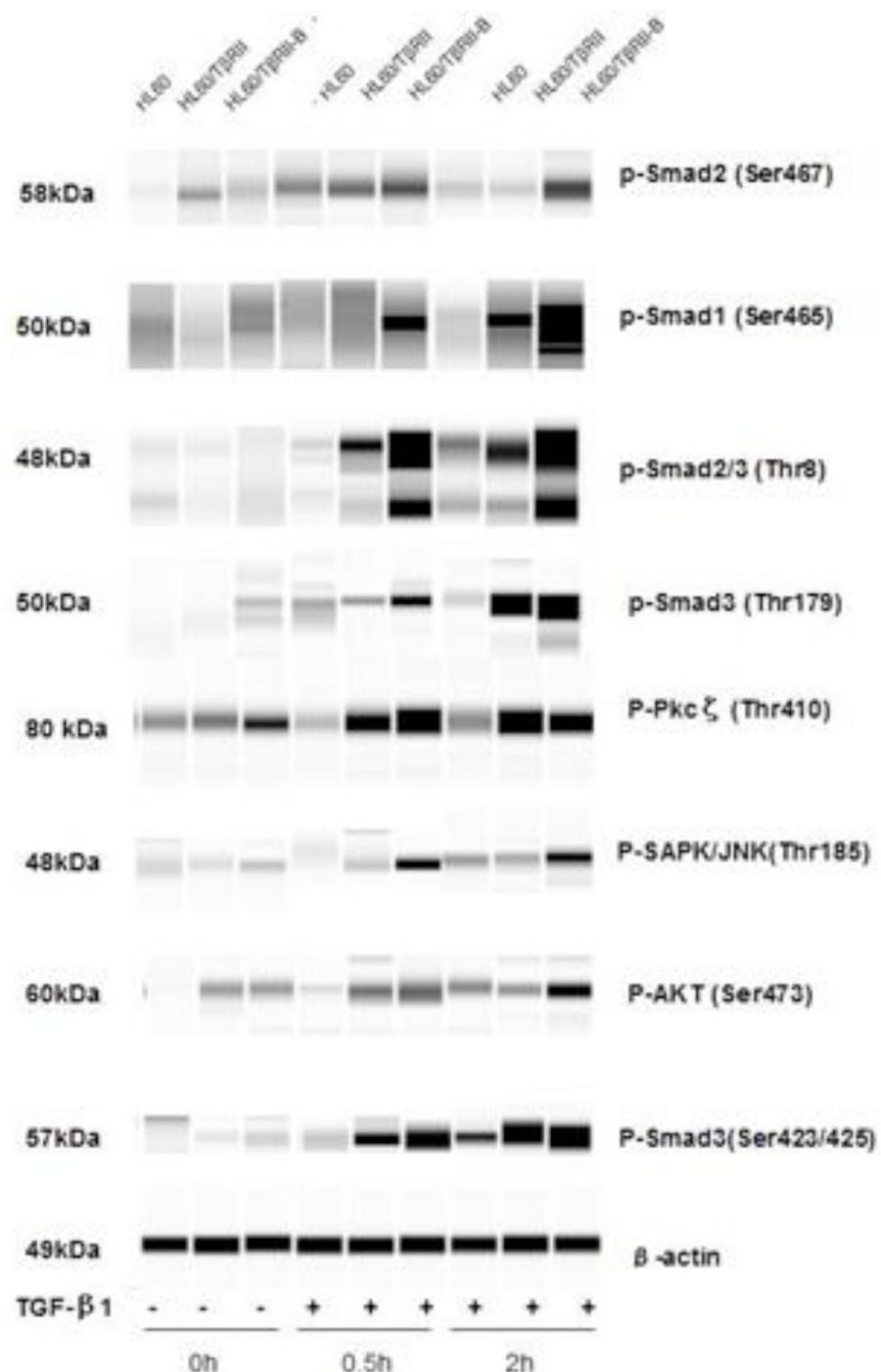
Supplementary Figure 1: Western blot analyses of T β RII expression in K562 and HL60 cells stably expressing T β RII or T β RII-B. A. T β RII expression in K562 cells stably expressing T β RII or T β RII-B. **B.** T β RII expression in HL60 cells stably expressing T β RII or T β RII-B. K562/NEO and HL60/NEO are empty vector control cell lines. The data are representative of two independent experiments.



Supplementary Figure 2: Constructs for expression of T β RII splice variants containing synonymous mutations in the sequences targeted by T β RII siRNA.



Supplementary Figure 3: Lentiviral infection of NB4 cells with T β RII siRNA and T β RII splice variants (Mu). At 96 hours post-infection, RNA was extracted and analyzed by RT-PCR. The relative expression of T β RII splice variants was quantified in each group by real-time PCR using isoform-specific primers.



Supplementary Figure 4: Western blot analyses of protein phosphorylation in HL60/T β RII or HL60/T β RII-B cells after incubation with 1 ng/mL TGF- β 1 for 0.5 h or 2h.