# Oncolytic adenovirus coexpressing interleukin-12 and decorin overcomes Treg-mediated immunosuppression inducing potent antitumor effects in a weakly immunogenic tumor model

## **Supplementary Materials**

#### MATERIALS AND METHODS

### Viral production

4T1 cells were seeded in a 12-well plate at  $5 \times 10^4$  cells/well, and infected with RdB at MOI 0.5. At 4, 48, and 72 hr post-infection, both supernatant and cells were collected. The copy number of Ad genomes was measured by real-time quantitative PCR (TaqMan PCR detection; Applied Biosystems, Foster City, CA) as previously described [78] (Supplementary Figure S2).

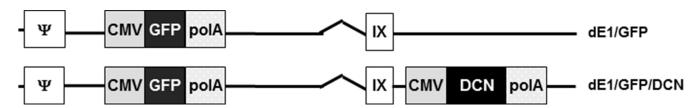
#### **Expression levels of CAR in 4T1 cells**

The expression levels of coxsackievirus and adenovirus receptor (CAR) on the surface of 4T1 cells were determined by flow cytometry. Cells were harvested by trypsin-EDTA treatment and washed with PBS

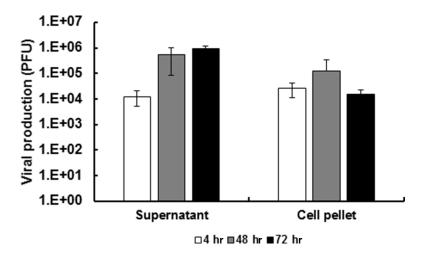
(pH 7.4) containing 1% FBS. Cells were then incubated with fluorescein isothiocyanate-conjugated anti-CAR Ab (Santa Cruz Biotechnology, Santa Cruz, CA, USA) at 4°C for 1 hr. Cells were washed two times with PBS containing 1% FBS. Flow cytometry was performed using the FACSCalibur analyzer (BD Biosciences, San Jose, CA) with Cell Quest software (BD Biosciences) (Supplementary Table S1).

#### Assessment of in vivo toxicity

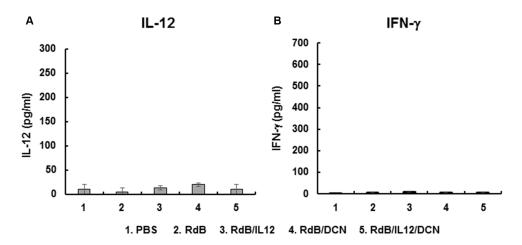
To measure *in vivo* toxicity of each oncolytic Ads, mice were administrated intratumorally with 2 × 10<sup>10</sup> VP of RdB, RdB/IL12, RdB/DCN, or RdB/IL12/DCN along with PBS as a control. Serum levels of aspartate aminotransferase (AST) and alanine transaminase (ALT) were then measured at 6 days post injection (Supplementary Table S2).



**Supplementary Figure S1: Schematic representation of genomic structures of replication-incompetent DCN-expressing Ad.** dE1/GFP, GFP gene in E1 region of replication-incompetent Ad (dE1). dE1/GFP/DCN, GFP and DCN genes into the E1 and E3 regions, respectively, of dE1.



Supplementary Figure S2: Viral replication of Ad. 4T1 cells were infected with RdB at an MOI of 0.5. Cells and supernatant were sampled at 4, 48, and 72 hr post-infection and viral genomic copies were measured by real-time quantitative PCR. These experiments were conducted at least three times, and data shown are representative of these experiments. Data presented as mean  $\pm$  SD.



Supplementary Figure S3: Level of IL-12 and IFN- $\gamma$  in serum. Serum was obtained at 6 days after final viral treatment for quantitation of (A) IL-12 and (B) IFN- $\gamma$ . Each data point indicates mean  $\pm$  SD of triplicates experiments.

Supplementary Table S1: Determination of CAR levels by FACS

Cell line	FACS (%)
4T1	$0.17 \pm 0.005$

<sup>4</sup>T1 cells were incubated with fluorescein isothiocyanate-conjugated anti-CAR Ab. Data presented as the percentage of cells gated positive and determined in triplicate experiments

# **Supplementary Table S2: ALT and AST in serum**

Group	AST (SGOT) (U/L)	ALT (SGPT) (U/L)
PBS	$125.7 \pm 35.8$	$27.7 \pm 10.1$
RdB	$116.3 \pm 34.6$	$21.7 \pm 3.1$
RdB/IL12	$114.7 \pm 25.7$	$28.3 \pm 5.1$
RdB/DCN	$133.3 \pm 36.7$	$19.3 \pm 3.2$
RdB/IL12/DCN	$128.3 \pm 70.2$	$27.7 \pm 9.0$

Serum was obtained at 6 days after final viral treatment for measurement of ALT and AST. Each data point indicates mean  $\pm$  SD of triplicates experiments