

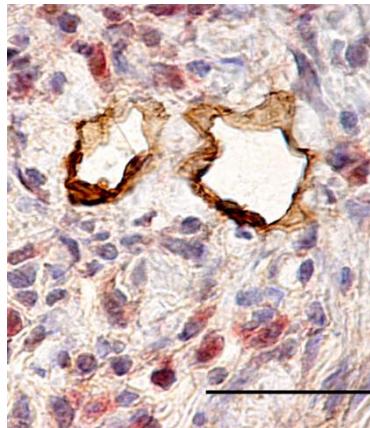
Supplemental Information to manuscript:

Adventitial lymphatic capillary expansion impacts on plaque T cell accumulation in atherosclerosis

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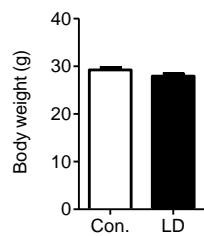
*Shared first authorship

Supplemental Figure 1

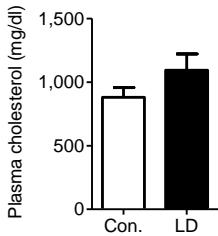


Supplemental Figure 2

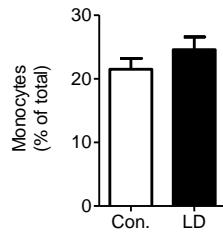
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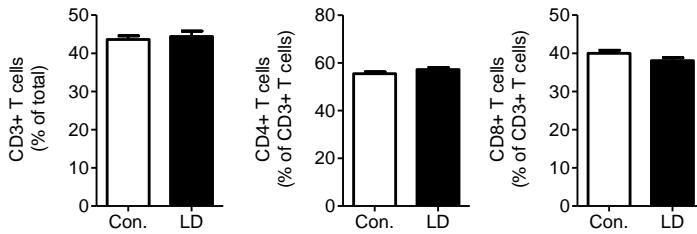
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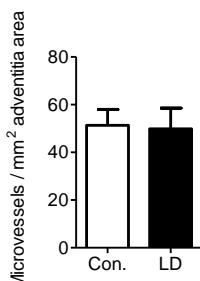
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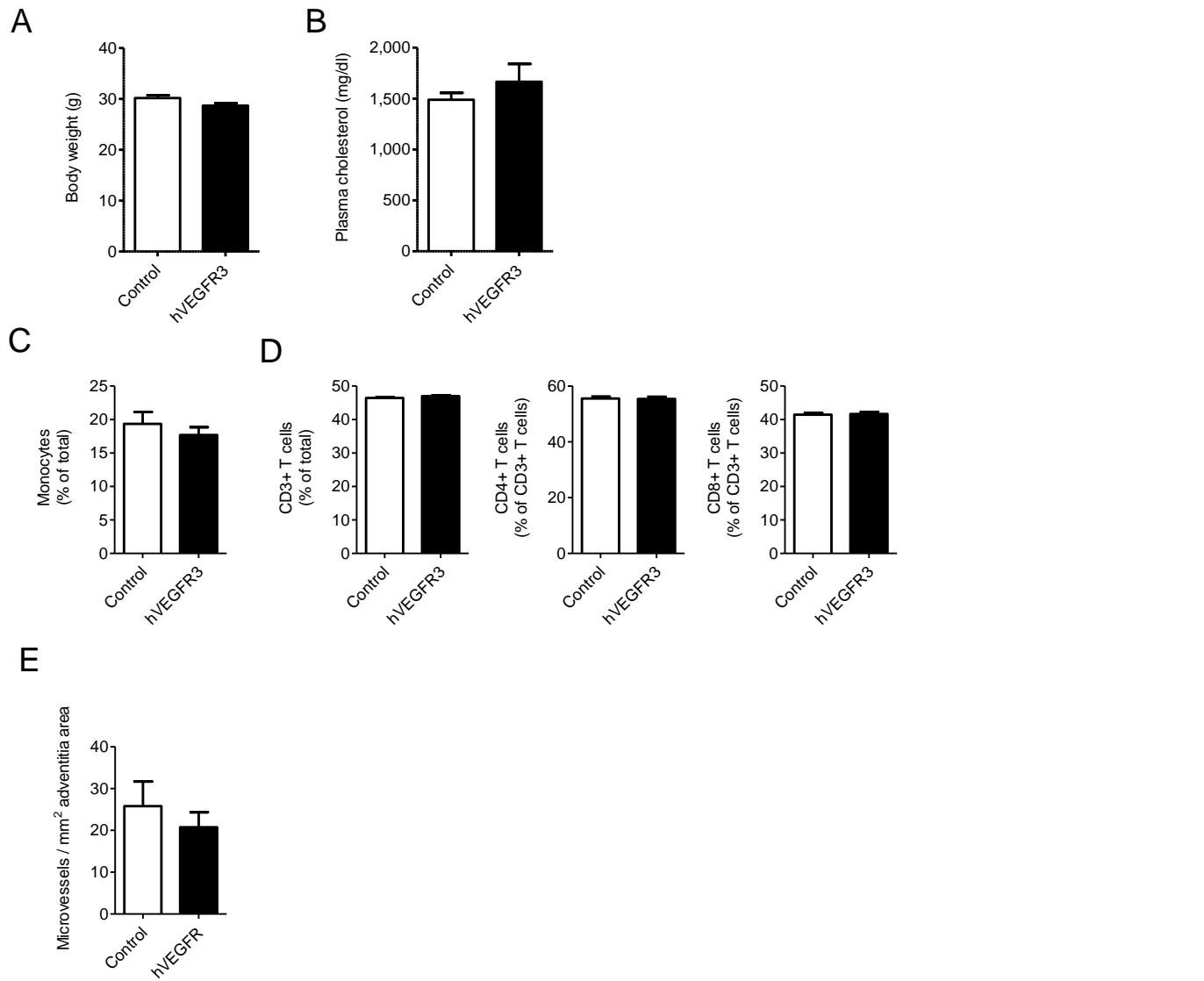
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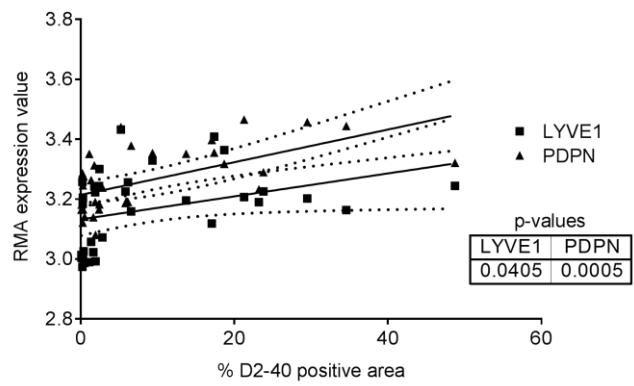
E



Supplemental Figure 3



Supplemental Figure 4



Supplemental Figure 1.

Lyve-1 (Brown)/Mac-3 (Red) double staining showing no overlap between Lyve-1 and Mac3 expression. Scale bar denotes 40 μ m.

Supplemental Figure 2.

General phenotype of mice after lymph node dissection and WTD, showing body weight (**A**), plasma cholesterol (**B**) and flow cytometry of blood monocytes (**C**) and T cells in peripheral lymph nodes (**D**). (**E**) Quantification of adventitial microvessels.

Supplemental Figure 3.

General phenotype of mice after AAV-hVEGFR3-Ig gene transfer and WTD, showing body weight (**A**), plasma cholesterol (**B**) and flow cytometry of blood monocytes (**C**) and T cells in peripheral lymph nodes (**D**). (**E**) Quantification of adventitial microvessels.

Supplemental Figure 4.

Correlation between podoplanin (PDPN) and Lyve-1 mRNA expression and relative D2-40 $^{+}$ LEC area (histology) in human endarterectomy plaque tissue.