

Genetics of early onset Parkinson's disease in Finland: exome sequencing and genome-wide association study

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Subjects and methods

Patients and controls

In Finland, patients with PD are entitled to reimbursement of medicine expenses by the Social Insurance Institute (Kela). We have previously identified 1090 patients with EOPD nationwide in the Kela reimbursement database, and obtained a blood sample from 441 patients, who volunteered to participate in the study (Ylikotila et al., 2015). The study was approved by the Ethics Committee of the Turku University Hospital.

The STAMPEED dataset includes samples from the Northern Finland Birth Cohort 1966 (NFBC1966). In this cohort whole exome sequencing has been performed on 586 samples by using the Illumina platform. The FUSION dataset includes samples from the Finland-United States Investigation of NIDDM Genetics study. In this dataset there are 1161 patients with type 2 diabetes and 1174 subjects with normal glucose tolerance that were genotyped on HumanHap300v1.1 array. Permission to use these data was requested from dbGaP (phs000276.v2.p1 and phs000100.v4.p1) (Tryka et al., 2014).

Sample preparation and pre-processing

DNA was extracted from blood and DNA libraries were prepared using either the Nextera Rapid Capture Expanded Exome Kit (first set) or the TruSeq Exome Library Prep Kit, according to the manufacturer's protocol (Illumina, San Diego, CA, USA). Indexed and pooled libraries of 12 samples each were paired-end sequenced on three lanes using HiSeq2000 runs (Illumina, San Diego, CA, USA).

Raw data was processed to FastQ files using Illumina's BaseSpace utility. Files were prepared from Fastq files to BAM using Human genome assembly 19, Burrows-Wheeler aligner (BWA)(Li and Durbin, 2009) and to analysis-ready variants by following Genome Analysis Toolkit (GATK, ver. 3.1) best practices pipeline (DePristo et al., 2011, Van der Auwera et al., 2002). The 10 x depth of the contigs was at least 90 % and the 30 x depth of the contigs was an average of approximately 70 %. The variants were filtered by using 99.9% tranche. Variants that passed the filter were selected for subsequent analysis. Data was processed using Plink version 1.90 (Chang et al., 2015) after group variant sets were called and converted to binary format.

Genome-wide association study (GWAS)

Sample preparation and genotyping of the cases has been published elsewhere (Hernandez et al., 2012).

Quality control

Quality control exclusion of the variants was as follows: SNPs with missingness less than 95% by genotyping call rate, missingness by individual less than 90%, minor allele frequency (MAF) less than 5%, Hardy-Weinberg equilibrium (HWE) p value less than 1E-5. SNPs ambiguous to strand (A/T and G/C) were removed. Samples with wrong gender-information were removed. Missingness in cases compared to controls p value (from chi-squared test) <1E-5 and nonrandom missingness by haplotype (from chi-squared test) <1E-5. The case-control series then underwent the calculation of pairwise identity by descent, excluding any samples sharing greater than a 0.185 proportion of alleles

($\Phi_{\text{hat}} > 0.185$) to remove probands from related pairs, excluding all first, second and third degree relatives.

Heterozygous outliers (deviate more than $3 \times \text{SD}$ from mean observed heterozygosity rate) were removed.

Duplications were removed. Population outliers were removed. 403 cases and 1650 controls passed quality checks.

Cases and controls were merged using Plink/Seq tool (<https://atgu.mgh.harvard.edu/plinkseq/>).

Imputation

Files were prepared for imputation as follows: To validate vcf files, HRC preparation checking Tool suggested by Sanger Institute's imputation service was used. Genomic inflation factor before imputation was 1.027. The inflation factor for an equivalent study of 1000 cases and 1000 controls is 1.041681. Before imputation there were 256,546 variants.

Imputation was done using Sanger Institute's imputation service with 1000 Genomes Phase 3 reference panel.

Imputation server uses SHAPEIT2 (Delaneau et al., 2013) for pre-phasing variants and PBWT (Durbin, 2014) algorithm for imputation.

After imputation dataset variants with alternative allele count less than 1, imputation quality score (estimated haploid dosage r^2 from imputation) less than 0.5 and MAF less than 0.1% were filtered. Genomic inflation factor after imputation was 1.00 and quantile-quantile plot of p values did not reveal any systemic biases. After quality control 12,954,715 variants were left for the analysis.

Analysis

Single variant association (SVA) analysis was done using 'Efficient and parallelizable association container toolbox' (EPACTS) (<http://genome.sph.umich.edu/wiki/EPACTS>) with EMMAX (Kang et al., 2010) test. Variants with minor allele frequency (MAF) $< 0.1\%$ were excluded. We used *LocusZoom* (Pruim et al., 2010) to generate regional gene sets from the GWAS. A genome wide significant p value was set at $p < 5E-08$.

Gene-based tests were carried out by using EPACTS with default settings. Kinship information from a variance component model was used to handle possible distant family relationships within the population. The EmmaxCMC (burden test) and sequence kernel association test (SKAT, performed with SKAT-O) were used. Gene-based analysis used variants with MAF less than 5% and with assumed functional significance (nonsynonymous, Essential Splice

Site, Normal Splice Site, Start Loss, Stop Loss, Stop Gain). The first 20 principal components (based on variance-standardized relationship matrix), age at sampling year, sex, and type 2 diabetes diagnosis in controls were used as covariates for both the SVA and gene-based tests.

Exome sequencing

Quality control

Supplementary tables S1 and S2 present the quality control steps made for WES discovery dataset. Before Quality control (QC) there was 238 cases and 563 controls with total of 411,343 variants. Insertion to deletion ratio was 1.02 for all, 0.87 for known (dbSNP 138 excluding sites after 129) and 1.08 for novel indels. Ti/Tv ratio was 2.26 for all, 2.62 for known (dbSNP 138 excluding sites after 129) and 2.09 for novel. QC exclusion of the variants was as follows: SNPs with missingness less than 95% by genotyping call rate, missingness by individual less than 90%, minor allele frequency (MAF) less than 10%, Hardy-Weinberg equilibrium (HWE) p value less than 1E-5. Samples with wrong gender-information were removed. Missingness in cases compared to controls p value <1E-5 (from chi-squared test) and non-random missingness by haplotype <1E-5 (from chi-squared test). The case-control series then underwent the calculation of pairwise identity by descent, excluding any samples sharing greater than a 0.185 proportion of alleles ($\text{Phi}_{\text{hat}} > 0.185$) to extract probands from related pairs, effectively excluding all first, second and third degree relatives. Heterozygous outliers (deviate more than $3 \times \text{SD}$ from mean observed heterozygosity rate) were removed. Duplications were removed. Population outliers were removed (samples that deviated more than $2 \times \text{SD}$ from mean of the observed two first principal components when comparing to aggregate European reference samples). After this QC there were 216 cases, 558 controls and 120,579 variants.

In the second QC step individuals that deviated more than $\pm 2 \times \text{SD}$ from the following statistics were removed (calculated using PlinkSeq, <https://atgu.mgh.harvard.edu/plinkseq/index.shtml>, individual statistics): Number of non-reference genotypes, Number of genotypes with a minor allele, Number of heterozygous genotypes for individual, Total number of called variants for individual, Genotyping rate for individual, Number of singletons individual has and mean Ti/Tv for variants. After removing individuals failing previous statistics, we removed variants with missingness less than 99% by genotyping call rate. The final dataset had 185 cases and 480 controls; 337 males and 328 females with 112,838 variants after the second QC. Genotype rate was 0.999. Ti/Tv ratio was 2.77 for all, 3.16

for known (dbSNP 138 excluding sites after 129) and 2.47 for novel variants. Selecting only exonic intervals (UCSC Genes) Ti/Tv ratio was 2.98, 3.4 and 2.65, respectively. Genomic inflation factor was 0.921.

Table S1 Stage I quality control (QC) steps in WES discovery dataset.

Before QC: Cases, N=238; Controls, N=563; Variants = 411,343
1. Removed non-random missingness between cases and controls, cutoff P < 1E-4
2. Removed samples with wrong sex-information (reported vs genetically derived)
3. Removed variants with missingness by call rate more than 5%
4. Removed samples with variant missingness by individual more than 10%
5. Hardy-Weinberg fail threshold 1E-4
6. Removed heterozygous outliers; deviation from mean observed heterozygosity rate < 3*SD
7. Removed samples that fail IBD check (relatedness), Phi-hat > 0.185
8. Minor allele frequency less than 10%
9. Removed ancestry outliers comparing to aggregate European reference samples; samples that deviate more than 2SD from observed mean in PC1 & PC2
After QC: Cases, N=216; Controls, N=558; Variants = 120,579

Key: IBD, identity by descent; Phi-hat, proportion of IBD; PC, principal component; SD, standard deviation.

Table S2 Stage II quality control steps in WES discovery dataset.

Before QC: Cases, N=216; Controls, N=558; Variants = 120,579
• Removed samples that deviate more than 2SD from observed mean in each statistics:
➤ Number of non-reference genotypes
➤ Number of genotypes with a minor allele
➤ Number of heterozygous genotypes
➤ Total number of called variants
➤ Genotyping rate
➤ Number of singletons
➤ Mean Ti/Tv
• Removed variants with missingness > 1%
After QC: Cases, N=185; Controls, N=480; Men, N=337; women, N=328; Variants = 112,838; Genotype rate 0.999

Key: Ti/Tv, transition transversion ratio.

Analysis

Kinship information from the variance component model was used to handle possible distant family relationships within the population. Single variant association (SVA) test was calculated using EMMA test. Variants with MAF > 0.1% were used in the SVA test. Gene-based analysis used variants with MAF < 5% and with assumed functional significance (nonsynonymous, Essential Splice Site, Normal Splice Site, Start Loss, Stop Loss, Stop Gain).

The first 20 principal components (based on variance-standardized relationship matrix), the first five components of the multidimensional scaling (based on raw Hamming distances) (Plink 1.9), sex, and exome sequencing batch information were used for both the SVA and gene-based tests as covariates. The batch information included the

identification code of the pooled library and the sequencing run the sample was in, and information if the sample was split between flow cells or not.

Using genetic data from cases only, genetic contributions to age at onset (AAO, based on age at first symptoms) were analyzed. No significant associations were found at a genome wide level of significance (data not shown). Analysis was done using Raremetal and AAO trait was inverse normalized.

Functional annotations were done using Annovar (Wang et al., 2010), SNPEff (Cingolani et al., 2012b) and SNPSift (Cingolani et al., 2012a). Plink version 1.9 was used to transform file format and perform several QC steps. Candidate genes were ranked by mutation accumulation rates using recently published data (Shyr et al., 2014), in order to exclude highly mutated genes.

Monogenic characterization and characterization of risk loci

Characterization of known PD genes and risk loci were done in the WES discovery dataset. Genes within 1 Mbp upstream or downstream of the loci identified in a meta-analysis (Nalls et al., 2014) were selected (supplementary table S3). In total, 372 genes fulfilled these criteria. R (Ihaka and Gentleman, 1996) library SKAT package's (<http://cran.r-project.org/web/packages/SKAT>) power calculator (Power_Logistic function) was used post-hoc to estimate the power of the dataset. Analyses for genes in gene-based tests were done either with all variants, or selecting variants that alter amino acid sequence of a protein, defined here as nonsynonymous variants (nonsynonymous, Essential_Splice_Site, Normal_Splice_Site, Start_Loss, Stop_Loss, Stop_Gain).

Power analysis

In order to generate haplotypes for the samples, Shapelt2 with default settings was used. R library SKAT package's (<http://cran.r-project.org/web/packages/SKAT>) power calculator (Power_Logistic function) was used to estimate the power of our dataset post-hoc. The following settings were used:

- 1) SubRegion.Length was set as the length of the (longest) target gene transcript.
- 2) N.Sample.ALL = number of samples in the dataset (N=665).
- 3) Prevalence=0.02
- 4) Case.Prop=0.28 (Cases, N=185 cases / Total, N=665 samples).
- 5) Causal.Percent=100

6) Causal.MAF.Cutoff=0.03

7) N.Sim=1000

8) Weight.Param=c(1,25)

9) MaxOR=5

Variant ratio equation

Variant ratio is a value used to compare the ratio of variants per gene in cases versus controls. It is a division (MR^{cases} / $MR^{controls}$). Formula of MR = Total number of variants divided by transcript length and number of samples and multiplied by 10,000,000 (bp). Canonical transcripts and transcript lengths are used in equations.

Results

Genome wide association study

The GWAS compared 403 cases and 1650 controls (1132 men, 921 women). In the single variant association test, 12 loci had genome-wide associations to PD ($P < 5 \times 10^{-8}$) (Supplementary figure S1, supplementary table S4). None of the 24 previously identified loci (Nalls et al., 2014) showed significant association in the current data after Bonferroni correction. However, we found variants with close to significant associations with PD in similar but not identical loci near GBA (chr1:155820734), SIPA1L2 (chr1:233279538) and SNCA (chr4:90646501). Loci near ITGA8 (chr10:14376577) and NMD3 (chr3:160099190), which were not replicated in meta-analysis, had also variants with close to significant associations to PD.

GWAS SVA test revealed significant variants in a locus near the CEL gene. CEL was also significant ($p < 2.5E-6$) in gene-based burden test in WES discovery dataset, although the effect of the gene variation to PD was very small with odds ratio of 0.92 (95% confidence interval (CI); 0.88-0.96).

Exome sequencing

All the candidate variants are nonsynonymous and result in amino acid change in the protein. The *GPR126* variant chr6:142758 results in an amino acid change (aa-change) that is predicted to be deleterious by SIFT (Kumar et al., 2009), Polyphen2 (Adzhubei et al., 2010), LRT (Chun and Fay, 2009) and MutationTaster (Schwarz et al., 2010). *TAS2R19* variant rs12424373 aa-change was predicted to be deleterious by SIFT. *SERPINA1* variant rs141620200 aa-change was predicted to be deleterious by SIFT, FATHMM (Shihab et al., 2013) and MetaLR (Dong et al., 2015). *SERPINA* variant rs17580 aa-change was predicted to be deleterious with SIFT, Polyphen2, LRT, MutationTaster, MutationAssessor (Reva et al., 2011) and FATHMM. Variants rs201600563 (*ANKRD3*), rs12424373 (*TAS2R19*) and rs61730995 (*ZNF519*) are located in a segmental duplication region. Also, all these candidate genes in table 1 have low FLAG (frequently mutated genes in public exomes) value indicating low general mutation rate.

Monogenic characterization and a characterization of risk loci

Characteristics of genes currently associated to Parkinson's disease or parkinsonism are summarized in supplementary tables S9-S12. None of the p values of the burden test in known PD genes was significant (supplementary table S9), but variant count proportional to length of the gene's transcript is high with GRN and

PARK7 genes, when comparing cases to controls (supplementary table S10, where supplementary table S11 shows the putative impact classes used). Statistical post-hoc power of the burden tests in these known PD genes is generally low in our WES discovery dataset, ranging from 0.00015-0.43% with 1E-6 significance level in nonsynonymous variants and 0.00198-11.7% with 1E-6 significance level when calculated for all variants (supplementary table S12).

Characterization of genes with possible association to PD

CEL

Carboxyl-ester ligase (encoded as *CEL*, MIM114840) has a physiological role in cholesterol and lipid-soluble vitamin ester hydrolysis and absorption. It may also play role in platelet activation and thrombin formation (Panicot-Dubois et al., 2007). Gene has a highly polymorphic region of insertion/deletion type (Taylor et al., 1991) which may indicate that the association is a false positive finding in our study. The Diseases associated with *CEL* include maturity-onset diabetes of the young, type viii, and type 2 diabetes (Bengtsson-Ellmark et al., 2004, Raeder et al., 2006).

It is good to acknowledge that control population data in our GWAS study has several individuals with type 2 diabetes (T2D). However, in GWAS this has been adjusted by using the T2D phenotype as covariate in SVA and gene-based tests. Also, in WES study the population controls are from different cohort (Stampeed) and in spite of that *CEL* gene has statistical significance in gene-based test.

Variants in *CEL* locus were associated with PD in GWAS and those in *CEL* gene in WES analysis. Eight EOPD cases had *CEL* variants in common in the GWAS and WES datasets and six of them had the *CEL* variant chr9:135955826 (human genome assembly 19) in the two datasets. The OR of the *CEL* variants was generally low in the analysis of the WES dataset. The *CEL* gene harbors a region rich in insertion/deletion polymorphisms (Taylor et al., 1991), which may point to the possibility that this is a false positive finding but, nevertheless, the role of this gene in PD warrants further investigation.

MPHOSPH10

M-phase phosphoprotein 10 (encoded as *MPHOSPH10*, MIM:605503), is involved in cell structural modifications during mitosis and is possibly a component of U3 snpRNP (Westendorf et al., 1998). Protein expression score is highest in brain tissue (Human proteome atlas (Uhlen et al., 2015)).

Three cases and one population control had rs143555311 variant in our study.

ANKRD36

Ankyrin repeat domain 36 (encoded as *ANKRD36*) is most highly transcribed in testis and bone marrow (Human proteome atlas). In the brain it is transcribed mainly in cerebral cortex.

Four cases and one control had rs201600563 variant in our study.

GPR126

G-protein-coupled receptor (encoded as *GPR126*, MIM: 616503) is involved in Swann cells in myelination (Monk et al., 2009). Variants in the gene are associated to arthrogryposis multiplex congenita (AMC) (Ravenscroft et al., 2015) which can overlap also with lethal congenital contracture syndrome 9, characterized by degeneration of anterior horn neurons, extreme skeletal muscle atrophy and congenital non-progressive joint contractures. Furthermore, *GPR126* has possible association to stature (MIM: 606255). Protein expression score is highest in the muscle, but relatively high also in the brain (Human proteome atlas).

Four cases had chr6:142758601 (human genome assembly 19) variant in our study. One case had familial PD.

TAS2R19

Taste receptor, type 2, member 19 (encoded as *TAS2R19*, MIM: 613961) is one of the bitter taste receptors (Fischer et al., 2005). There is evidence of impairment of taste in PD (see e.g. (Cecchini et al., 2015)), although the results are still inconclusive. Six cases and five controls had rs12424373 variant in our study.

SERPINA1

Serpin family A member 1 (encoded as *SERPINA1*, MIM: 107400) encodes a serine protease inhibitor protein, called alpha-1-antitrypsin (AAT) which is secreted outside the cell. Alpha 1-antitrypsin deficiency is suggested to be model for conformational diseases defined by aggregation of proteins due to abnormalities of various serpins (Carrell and Lomas, 2002). Alpha 1-antitrypsin inhibits transferrin binding to its receptor and is therefore involved in iron

metabolism (Graziadei et al., 1994). Alpha 1-antitrypsin allele PI*M3 has been associated to Alzheimer's disease (Kowalska et al., 1996).

The minor allele frequency of the rs141620200 variant in *SERPINA1* was significantly greater in the cases than in the controls, with 28 cases and 3 controls harboring the thymine allele. Intriguingly, it was found only in cases that were sequenced together suggesting a possible false positive finding because of e.g. batch effect. Furthermore, the allele coding differs between discovery and replication datasets, so that in the replication dataset, the reference allele is adenosine and alternate allele cytosine, whereas in the discovery dataset the reference allele is cytosine and alternate thymine or adenosine. It is noteworthy that seven of the 28 cases with the variant allele had family history of PD.

ZNF519

Not much is known about zinc finger protein 519 (encoded as *ZNF519*, NCBI gene: 162655). *ZNF519* has a KRAB domain and therefore the function may involve in transcriptional repression of euchromatic gene silencing (Schultz et al., 2002). Zinc finger genes that contain KRAB domain have been implicated to modulate retroelement transcription (Thomas and Schneider, 2011). In genetic studies, *ZNF519* has been previously implicated in ALS and autism (Cronin et al., 2009, Griswold et al., 2015).

Eleven cases and 10 population controls had rs61730995 variant. Age of PD onset was 35 years in one case.

PABPC1

The SVA analysis of the WES data identified several *PABPC1* variants with possible associations with PD (supplementary table S5). These *PABPC1* variants had generally low effect on disease risk, with SVA test OR varying from 1.10 to 1.13.

The poly(A)-binding protein (encoded as PABP, MIM: 604679) binds to 3' end of eukaryotic mRNA and is involved in poly(A) shortening and translation initiation. Interestingly, *PABPC1* forms a complex with eukaryotic translation initiation factor 4-gamma (encoded as EIF4G1 MIM: 600495) (Tarun and Sachs, 1996), which have been suggested as a rare risk factor for PD (Huttenlocher et al., 2015). Furthermore, *PABPC1* is found in inclusions in amyotrophic lateral sclerosis patients (McGurk et al., 2014).

In our study, general mutation rate of the gene was estimated low by FLAG value. Quality value variant quality score log-odds in discovery dataset was relatively low in *PABPC1* variants, indicating possible false positive findings. Also the minor allele counts were rather high compared to allele frequencies in Exome aggregate consortium data of Finnish and European populations.

SUPPLEMENTARY TABLES AND FIGURES

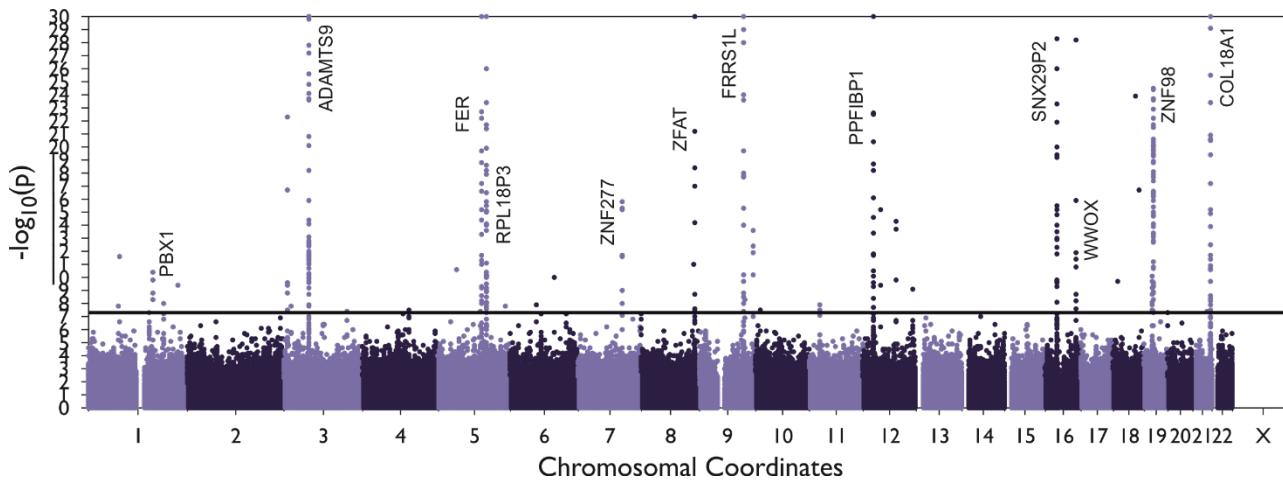


Figure S1 Manhattan plot of imputed GWAS single variant analysis. N=2053. Closest gene of the significant variants loci has been named with gene symbol.

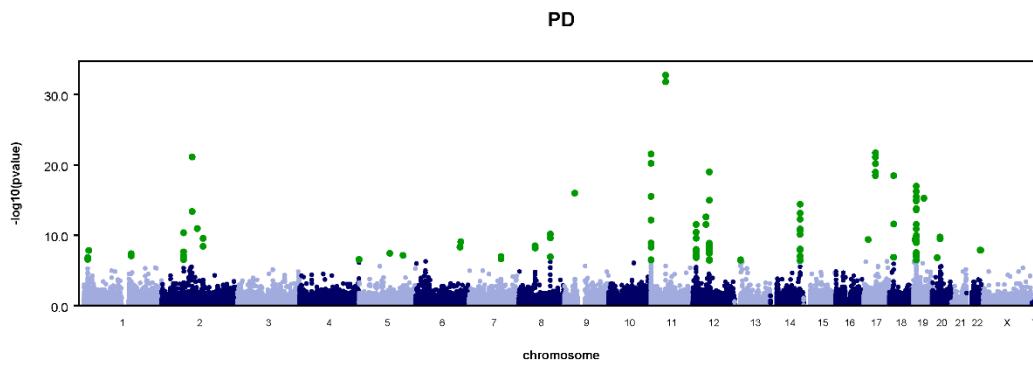
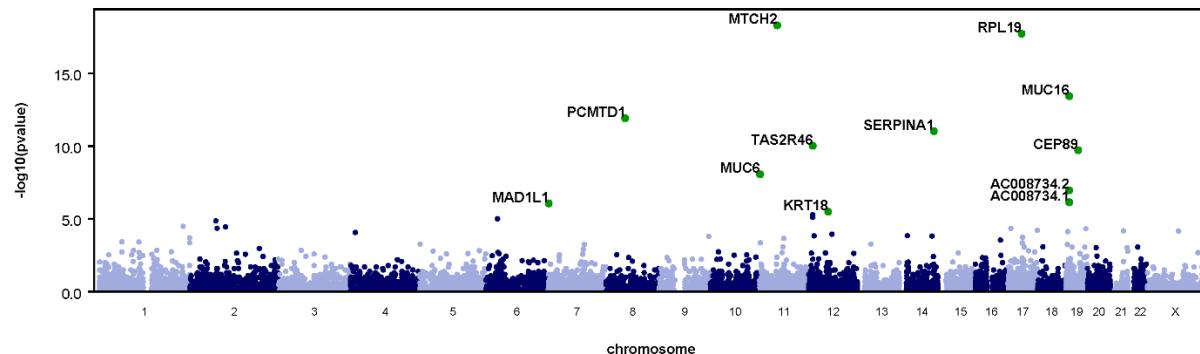
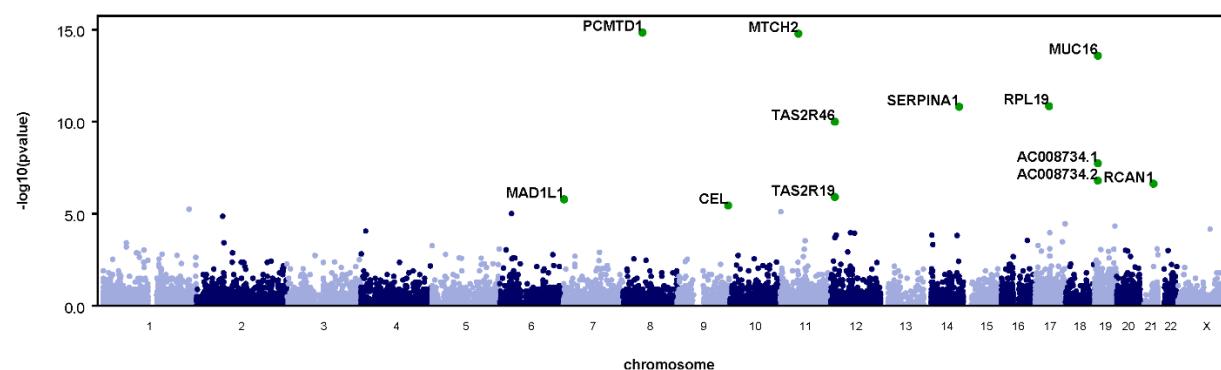


Figure S2 Manhattan plot for single variant associations in WES. Discovery dataset. Cases, N=185; Controls, N=480.

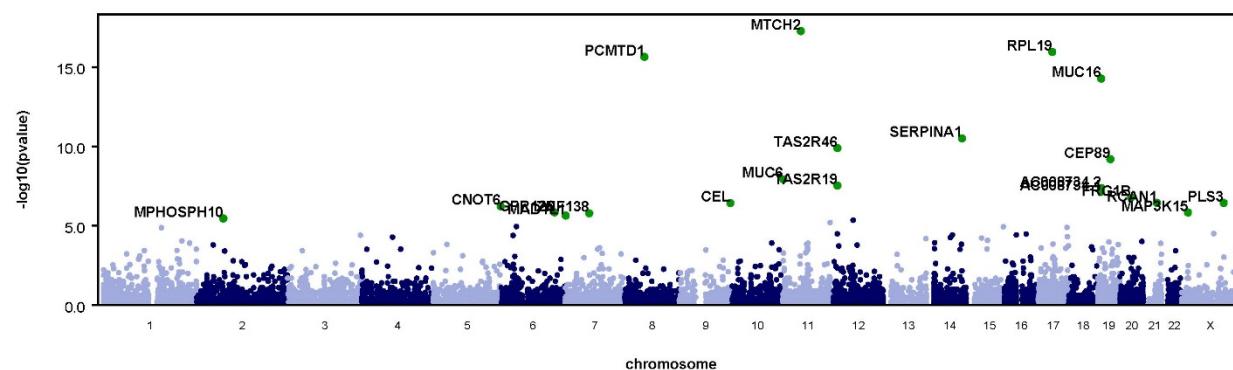
burden (maf<0.050)



MB (maf<0.050)



VT (maf<0.050)



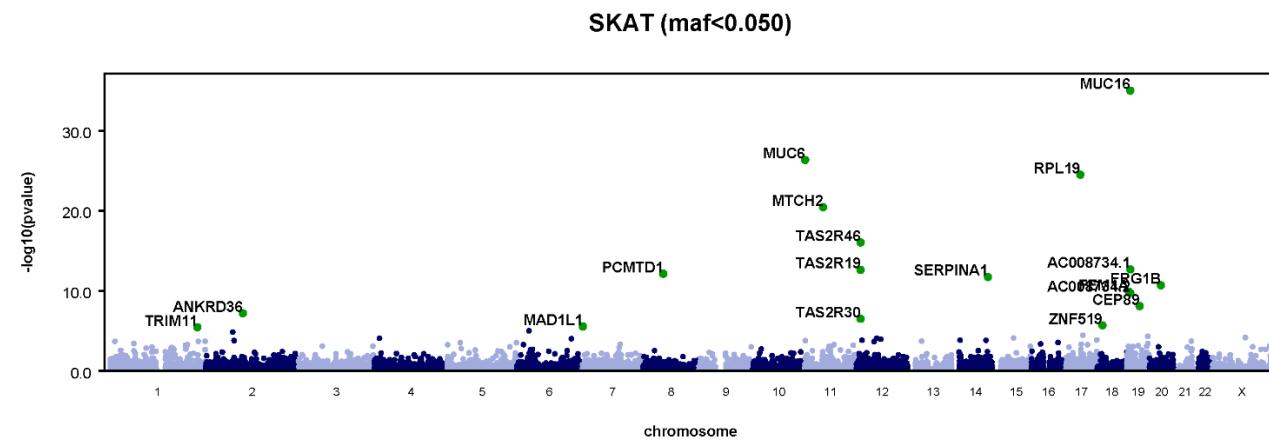


Figure S3 Manhattan plot for rare variant analysis in WES discovery dataset, using Burden, MB and SKAT tests with all variants with functional significance at MAF < 0.05.

Key: Burden, emmaxCMC test; SKAT, sequence kernel association test with SKAT-O; MB, Madsen-Browning weighted burden test; VT, variable threshold test.

Table S3 Genes within significant loci associated to PD in a recent meta-analysis.

GENE	TARGET REGION	GENE	TARGET REGION
SIPA1L2	chr1:231664611-233664611	GBA/SYT11	chr1:154135036-156135036
CCDC62	chr12:122303586-124303586	FGF20	chr8:15697091-17697091
GCH1	chr14:54348869-56348869	ACMSD/TMEM163	chr2:134539967-136539967
BST1	chr4:14737101-16737101	FAM47E/SCARB2	chr4:76198986-78198986
INPP5F	chr10:120536327-122536327	LRRK2	chr12:39614434-41614434
SREBF/RAI1	chr17:16715101-18715101	DDRGK1	chr20:2168166-4168166
RIT2	chr18:39673380-41673380	RAB7L1/NUCKS1	chr1:204723572-206723572
MCCC1	chr3:181762437-183762437	HLA-DQB1	chr6:31666660-33666660
BCKDK/STX1B	chr16:30121793-32121793	DLG2	chr11:81916055-86588314
STK39	chr2:168110394-170110394	ITGA8	chr10:14305947-17012334
MAPT	chr17:42994648-44994648	KRT8P25/APOOP2	chr3:86072000-88030857
GPNMB	chr7:22293746-24293746	MMP16	chr8:87799459-90589717
VPS13C	chr15:60994134-62994134	NMD3	chr3:159689098-162219795
MIR4697	chr11:132765367-134765367	SPPL2B	chr19:1363321-3363321
TMEM175/GAK/DGKQ	chr4:1948053-1951947	TMEM229B	chr14:66517653-68517653
SNCA	chr4:89626111-91626111	USP25	chr21:14542586-16542586

Target region = ± 1Mb area to search additional genes.

Table S4. Variants with the most significant p values in imputed GWAS study single variant analysis.

CHROM	POS	ALT	NS	AC	MAF	CTRLCNT	CASECNT	CLOSEST_GENE	PVALUE	OR	CI
21	46916033	A	2053	371	0.09036	1604/46/0	144/193/66	COL18A1	8.09E-240	1.719	1.673-1.768
3	64699445	T	2053	2298	0.44033	243/782/625	176/188/39	ADAMTS9-AS2	6.38E-44	1.78	1.707-1.857
12	27737074	C	2053	2316	0.43595	392/817/441	24/141/238	PPFIBP1	1.09E-33	1.4	1.359-1.442
16	29348809	G	2053	1625	0.39576	702/724/224	0/353/50	SNX29P2	4.35E-28	1.216	1.185-1.247
16	79360135	A	2053	38	0.00925	1650/0/0	366/36/1	WWOX	2.61E-27	0.852	0.834-0.871
8	135611154	A	2053	550	0.13395	1399/245/6	157/199/47	ZFAT	3.12E-96	1.152	1.127-1.177
19	22620820	T	2053	479	0.11666	1203/423/24	396/6/1	ZNF98	6.32E-25	1.213	1.176-1.253
7	111916329	T	2053	54	0.01315	1630/20/0	370/32/1	ZNF277	2.14E-16	1.151	1.123-1.179
5	108436958	G	2053	193	0.047	1641/9/0	248/126/29	FER	3.91E-133	1.945	1.734-2.182
5	120977240	A	2053	3141	0.23502	122/690/838	0/31/372	RPL18P3	2.51E-46	0.826	0.797-0.856
9	111929013	T	2053	590	0.14369	1298/337/15	210/163/30	FRRS1L	1.77E-31	1.517	1.375-1.673
1	164546863	T	2053	116	0.02825	1589/59/2	351/51/1	PBX1	1.49E-10	1.257	1.175-1.346
9	135955826	G	2053	14	0.00341	1650/0/0	389/14/0	CEL	1.19E-14	2.158	1.777-2.619

Cases, N=403; Controls, N=1650. Bonferroni multiple test correction cutoff value is 3,86E-09.

Key: CHR, chromosome; POS, Genome position (Grch37); ALT, Alternate allele; NS, number of samples; AC, minor allele count; AF, minor allele frequency; CTRLCNT & CASECNT, allele counts in controls and cases (respectively): reference/heterozygous alternate/homozygous alternate; CLOSEST_GENE, gene which is closest to variant locus; PVALUE, P value in single variant analysis; OR, odds ratio; CI, confidence interval in OR.

Table S5 Characterization of variants significant in WES discovery dataset SVA analysis that are also found in replication dataset.

GENE	ID	AF	#Discovery dataset I												#Replication dataset II	
			ExAC FIN	ExAC All	RadialSVM_pred	LR pred	ExonicFunction	Cases	Controls	P_BONF	OR	CI	AF	AC	AN	
NMBR	rs41289829	0.0057	0.0043	0.000873	.	.	synonymous	0,6,6	0,3,3	8.02E-04	1.359	1.226-1.506	0.005	2	400	
GPR126	rs146727650	0.0057	0.0051	0.001011	T	T	nonsynonymous	0,6,6	0,3,3	8.02E-04	1.359	1.226-1.506	0.005	2	400	
PABPC1	rs78146983	0.0882	0.0003	0.00042	D	D	nonsynonymous	0,95,95	0,44,44	4.78E-09	1.131	1.096-1.167	0.0025	1	398	
PABPC1	rs113574896	0.0952	0.0023	0.002347	T	T	nonsynonymous	0,99,99	0,51,51	4.66E-08	1.122	1.088-1.156	0.0051	2	392	
PABPC1	rs112868101	0.0945	0.0048	0.007026	D	D	nonsynonymous	0,102,102	0,47,47	3.79E-05	1.103	1.07-1.136	0.0126	5	396	
PABPC1	rs78407297	0.1022	0.0043	0.008401	T	T	nonsynonymous	0,106,106	0,55,55	1.72E-04	1.106	1.071-1.142	0.0102	4	394	
PABPC1	rs140835766	0.0844	0.1801	0.198	D	D	nonsynonymous	0,90,90	0,43,43	1.28E-03	1.095	1.062-1.13	0.0026	1	388	
PABPC1	rs72681440	0.0869	0.2228	0.226	T	D	nonsynonymous	0,88,88	0,49,49	1.33E-03	1.098	1.064-1.133	0.0077	3	392	
SERPINA1	rs141620200	0.019,0.0006	0.0026	0.002339	T	D	nonsynonymous	0,28,28	0,3,3	1.49E-04	1.265	1.173-1.363	0.01	4	400	

Discovery dataset Cases, N=185, controls, N=480. Replication dataset Cases, N=200.

Key: Gene, gene symbol where variant is located; ID, variant rs-number; AF, minor allele frequency; ExAC FIN, Exome aggregate consortium allele frequency for Finnish population samples; ExAC All, Exome aggregate consortium allele frequency for all populations; RadialSVM_pred, MetaSVM deleterious prediction score (Dong et al., 2015); LR_pred, MetaLR deleterious prediction score (Dong et al., 2015); Cases, AC count Homozygous/Heterozygous/Total; Controls, AC count Homozygous/Heterozygous/Total; P_Bonf, Bonferroni corrected P value; OR, estimated odds ratio for single variant; CI, Confidence interval for OR; AC, minor allele count; AN, Allele number.

Table S6 Top 20 variants in WES discovery and replication datasets not found from Finnish individuals in Exome Aggregation Consortium. Sorted by Odds ratio (OR).

GENE	ID	REF	ALT	AF	OR	CI	IMPACT
PAX8	rs78802229	T	C	0.13	1.63	1.202-2.197	modifier
TRPM6	rs11144075	C	T	0.03	1.49	0.858-2.576	modifier
ARPC5L	rs876663	A	G	0.45	1.46	1.19-1.791	modifier
NELFCD	rs1043219	C	G	0.11	1.46	1.60-2.00	modifier
SELL	rs909628	A	G	0.09	1.45	1.021-2.058	modifier
SLC12A2	rs10089	C	T	0.27	1.44	1.138-1.82	modifier
CCDC38	rs17369927	G	A	0.24	1.35	1.066-1.716	modifier
ATP6V1E1	rs3532	T	C	0.23	1.33	1.043-1.695	modifier
SMIM21	rs11660753	G	A	0.56	1.33	1.087-1.624	modifier
SCMH1	rs11555079	G	A	0.26	1.31	1.039-1.661	modifier
SH3BGRL3	rs7544	T	G	0.25	1.30	1.025-1.648	modifier
ATP6V1E1	rs5746448	A	C	0.25	1.28	1.012-1.622	modifier
UBXN11	rs12090258	C	T	0.25	1.26	0.998-1.598	modifier
SPOCK2	rs3088251	T	C	0.13	1.25	0.934-1.687	modifier
UGT2B4	rs1966151	A	G	0.32	1.25	1.004-1.564	modifier
AIM1L	rs17163868	C	T	0.25	1.25	0.985-1.576	modifier
.	rs9524568	T	A	0.36	1.24	1.001-1.538	.
PIFO	rs3738303	G	A	0.15	1.24	0.936-1.645	modifier
AKR1B10	rs2037004	G	A	0.59	1.24	1.017-1.505	modifier
ZNF417	rs10414704	G	T	0.41	1.23	0.998-1.514	modifier

Discovery dataset Cases, N=185, controls, N=480. Replication dataset Cases, N=200. In Minor allele frequency and odds ratio calculations cases from discovery and replication datasets are added together.

Key: Gene, gene symbol where variant is located; ID, variant rs-number; REF, reference allele; ALT, alternate allele; AF, minor allele frequency; OR, estimated odds ratio for single variant; CI, Confidence interval for OR; Impact, a subjective classification of the severity of the variant consequence; modifier, usually non-coding variants or variants affecting non-coding genes, where predictions are difficult or there is no evidence of impact.

Table S7 Burden, MB and SKAT test results in WES study. Using all nonsynonymous variants at MAF < 0.05

##METHOD=BURDEN								
GENE	NUM_VAR	AVG_AF	MIN_AF	MAX_AF	EFFECT_SIZE	PVALUE	P_BONF	P_BH
MTCH2	7	0.017546	0.001504	0.036145	0.078561	7.76E-19	9.94E-15	9.94E-15
RPL19	9	0.025653	0.003759	0.048872	0.04494	9.55E-17	1.22E-12	6.12E-13
MUC16	176	0.011085	0.000752	0.043609	0.010882	7.57E-14	9.70E-10	2.79E-10
PCMTD1	11	0.020096	0.001504	0.048872	0.053275	8.71E-14	1.12E-09	2.79E-10
SERPINA1	13	0.01637	0.006767	0.026316	0.023175	9.23E-11	1.18E-06	2.36E-07
CEP89	5	0.014806	0.000752	0.049219	-0.10159	2.32E-10	2.97E-06	4.95E-07
TAS2R46	18	0.013964	0.002262	0.034509	0.03013	1.00E-09	1.28E-05	1.83E-06
MUC6	99	0.012778	0.000752	0.048946	0.012889	3.77E-09	4.83E-05	6.04E-06
AC008734. 2	29	0.014133	0.001504	0.043609	0.01913	1.44E-07	0.00184	0.000204
TAS2R19	26	0.008126	0.001504	0.029323	0.022546	8.53E-07	0.010931	0.001093
AC008734. 1	44	0.011557	0.000752	0.029368	0.015441	9.94E-07	0.012733	0.001158
MAD1L1	2	0.004135	0.003008	0.005263	-0.19106	1.14E-06	0.014559	0.001213
KRT18	5	0.025058	0.002259	0.048485	0.035783	2.21E-06	0.02826	0.002174
MPHOSPH 10	1	0.001504	0.001504	0.001504	0.465089	3.46E-06	0.044334	0.003167
TAS2R30	13	0.012608	0.002256	0.042857	0.037238	5.26E-06	0.067364	0.004491
CPXCR1	1	0.011278	0.011278	0.011278	0.11817	3.07E-05	0.393974	0.023981
KDM6B	7	0.007426	0.001504	0.018045	-0.07127	3.18E-05	0.407678	0.023981
RCAN1	2	0.005639	0.000752	0.010526	-0.151	3.90E-05	0.499893	0.027399
STK19	1	0.00458	0.00458	0.00458	0.239769	4.06E-05	0.520585	0.027399
COG2	2	0.012815	0.003759	0.02187	0.098783	6.17E-05	0.790162	0.039508
##METHOD=MB: ADDITIONAL GENES								
GENE	NUM_VAR	AVG_AF	MIN_AF	MAX_AF	EFFECT_SIZE	PVALUE	P_BONF	P_BH
CEL	4	0.016354	0.000753	0.041353	-0.00674	2.87E-06	0.036801	0.003067
KRTAP4-7	3	0.008779	0.002276	0.018045	0.009032	2.53E-05	0.323665	0.020229
CNOT6	2	0.00188	0.001504	0.002256	-0.01131	3.16E-05	0.404368	0.022465
FOXK2	3	0.010395	0.001527	0.01579	0.007004	4.08E-05	0.522144	0.026107

#METHOD=VT: ADDITIONAL GENES									
GENE	NUM_VAR	AVG_AF	MIN_AF	MAX_AF	EFFECT_SIZE	MAF_CUTOFF	PVALUE	P_BONF	
FRG1B	16	0.004512	0.000752	0.012801	0.074994	0.012801	1.66E-07	0.002128	
PLS3	1	0.000752	0.000752	0.000752	-0.73126	0.000752	3.61E-07	0.004625	
CEL	1	0.000753	0.000753	0.000753	-0.73105	0.000753	3.68E-07	0.004719	
CNOT6	1	0.001504	0.001504	0.001504	-0.5086	0.001504	5.90E-07	0.007561	
GPR126	3	0.002758	0.001504	0.005263	0.220807	0.005263	1.42E-06	0.018178	
MAP3K15	1	0.000752	0.000752	0.000752	-0.73126	0.000752	1.44E-06	0.018486	
ZNF138	1	0.001504	0.001504	0.001504	-0.51083	0.001504	1.61E-06	0.020589	

#METHOD=SKAT: ADDITIONAL GENES							
GENE	NUM_VAR	AVG_AF	MIN_AF	MAX_AF	PVALUE_LIU	P_BONF	P_BH
FRG1B	27	0.013924	0.000752	0.045113	7.87E-12	1.01E-07	1.12E-08
FEM1A	3	0.00604	0.003008	0.009848	6.81E-10	8.73E-06	7.28E-07
ANKRD36	33	0.009255	0.000752	0.045113	5.94E-07	0.007605	0.000543
ZNF519	4	0.006767	0.000752	0.010526	1.16E-06	0.014896	0.000931
TRIM11	2	0.000752	0.000752	0.000752	3.86E-06	0.04951	0.002606

Total samples, N=665; Cases, N=185; Controls, N=480. Using all variants with functional significance at MAF < 0.05.

Key: NUM_VAR, number of variants in the test. AVG_AF, Average allele frequency (AF). MIN_AF, Minimum AF. MAX_AF, Maximum AF. EFFECT SIZE, Effect size of the test.

PVALUE & PVALUE_LIU, P value of the test. P_BONF, Bonferroni corrected p value. P_BH, Benjamini & Hochberg corrected p value.

Table S8 Characterization of variants significant in WES discovery dataset in gene-based tests and found also in replication datasets.

#DISCOVERY DATASET I															REPLICATION DATASET II		
GENE	CHR	POS	ID	AF	ExAC FIN	ExAC All	AC	AN	Cases	Controls	Exonic Function	VQSLOD	FLAG	SISU_AF	SISU_Rep	AF	AC
MPHOSPH10	2	71361156	rs143555311	1.21E-03	0.0012	0.002	2	1654	0,1,1	0,1,1	nonsyn	2.84	48	0.0013	-	0.005	2
ANKRD36	2	97858622	rs201600563	1.21E-03	0.003	0.0014	2	1654	0,1,1	0,1,1	nonsyn	-6.042	24	0.0003	SEG_DUPL	0.0076	3
GPR126	6	142758601	.	1.21E-03	0.0006	4.14E-05	2	1652	0,2,2	0,0,0	nonsyn	1.77	82	0.0008	-	0.005	2
TAS2R19	12	11174795	rs12424373	4.23E-03	0.0048	0.05	7	1654	0,1,1	0,5,5	nonsyn	0.532	28	0.0039	SEG_DUPL	0.0125	5
SERPINA1	14	94845944	rs141620200	0.021,6.0e-04	0.0026	0.0023	31,1	1654	0,28,28	0,3,3	nonsyn	-0.7318	49	0.0019	-	0.01	4
SERPINA1	14	94847262	rs17580	7.86E-03	0.0089	0.02	13	1654	0,4,4	0,9,9	nonsyn	3.62	49	0.0083	-	0.0125	5
ZNF519	18	14105770	rs61730995	0.012	0.0044	0.0051	20	1652	1,6,8	0,10,10	nonsyn	3.01	42	0.0053	SEG_DUPL	0.01	4

Discovery dataset Cases, N=185, controls, N=480. Replication dataset Cases, N=200.

Key: Gene, gene symbol where variant is located; Chr, chromosome; Pos, Genome position (Grch37); ID, variant RS-number; SISU AF, SISU project (Lim et al., 2014) database allele frequencies; AF, minor allele frequency; AC, minor allele count; Cases, AC count Homozygous/Heterozygous/Total; Controls, AC count Homozygous/Heterozygous/Total; SISU Rep, Indicates if variant locates in segmental duplication region. ExAC FIN, Exome aggregate consortium allele frequency for Finnish population samples; ExAC All, Exome aggregate consortium allele frequency for all populations; FLAG, frequently mutated genes in public exomes -value: less is better; Get values from 1 to 2659 (19721 genes, value of 100th gene = 253). VQSLOD, variant quality score log-odds in discovery dataset: QC value from Variant quality score recalibration in GATK.

Table S9 Variant count and burden test p values of the genes associated with PD, non-PD genes that may present with Parkinsonism and unconfirmed genes that may be associated with PD.

GENE	Snps	Rare_Snps	P_Burden	NonSyn_Snps	Rare_Nonsyn_snps	P_Burden_nonsyn
ATP13A2	16	9	0.4508	5	3	0.6602
ATXN2	5	5	0.642	3	3	0.4427
ATXN3	9	4	0.3301	2	1	0.5498
CSF1R	15	11	0.3355	6	6	0.574
DNAJC6	10	5	0.453	3	2	0.04895
EIF4G1	16	14	0.7365	6	5	0.9864
FBXO7	7	3	0.7476	4	2	0.2935
GBA	7	6	0.09467	4	5	0.2459
GCH1	5	3	0.8744	1	0	NA
GIGYF2	14	9	0.6204	2	0	NA
GRN	4	4	0.06568	2	2	0.03456
HTRA2	2	2	0.8221	1	1	0.786
LRRK2	21	8	0.07878	12	7	0.05942
MAPT	20	7	0.6435	7	2	0.8148
PARK2	6	5	0.2825	6	5	0.2825
PARK7	3	3	0.3488	1	1	0.9214
PINK1	9	5	0.7337	6	4	0.695
PLA2G6	9	9	0.675	2	2	0.9604
POLG	15	14	0.1513	11	11	0.1785
SPG11	16	15	0.04845	8	7	0.07389
TH	2	1	0.3972	2	1	0.3972
VPS35	3	3	0.1331	1	1	0.132

Key: GENE, gene symbol; Snps, Total variant count; Rare_Snps, Minor allele frequency < 5%; NonSyn_Snps, total nonsynonymous variants; Rare_Nonsyn_snps, rare nonsynonymous variants (MAF<5%); P_Burden_nonsyn, p value in burden test using nonsynonymous rare variants.

Table S10 Difference of variant counts and variant rates in WES discovery dataset in known PD genes.

GENE	HIGH	LOW	MODERATE	MODIFIER	Total variants	VariantRatio (MR ^{case} :MR ^{control})
ATP13A2	0	-4	0	6	2	2.77353
ATXN2	0	-1	-1	2	0	2.5946
ATXN3	0	0	0	1	1	2.88288
CSF1R	0	-5	-1	6	0	2.5946
DNAJC6	0	1	1	-2	0	2.5946
EIF4G1	0	-3	0	1	-2	2.40927
FBXO7	0	-1	-1	2	0	2.5946
GCH1	0	0	0	0	0	2.5946
GIGYF2	0	-2	0	0	-2	2.16216
GRN	0	1	-1	1	1	3.24324
HTRA2	0	0	0	0	0	2.5946
LRRK2	0	-2	-1	2	-1	2.50513
MAPT	0	0	-1	1	0	2.5946
PARK2	0	0	0	0	0	2.5946
PARK7	0	0	1	0	1	3.89189
PINK1	0	-1	-1	0	-2	2.33514
PLA2G6	0	-2	-1	3	0	2.5946
POLG	0	0	-1	1	0	2.5946
SNCA	0	0	0	0	0	2.5946
SPG11	0	-3	1	2	0	2.5946
SPR	0	0	0	0	0	2.5946
TH	0	0	0	0	0	2.5946
UCHL1	0	0	0	0	0	2.5946
VPS35	0	0	-1	1	0	2.5946

Variant counts are results of subtraction ($\text{SNPs}^{\text{cases}} - \text{SNPs}^{\text{controls}}$). Mean $\text{Mean}^{\text{variantRatio}} = 2.55669$, $\text{SD}^{\text{variantRatio}} = (2.297319,$

$2.816061)$. Mean and SD are calculated using all genes in discovery dataset.

Key: HIGH,LOW,MODERATE,MODIFIER, variant counts in putative impact classes (see supplementary **table S11**);

Total variants, sum of all impact classes variant counts. Variant ratio, value defining variant ratio in cases vs controls (see methods).

Table S11 SNPEff putative impact classes.

Putative Impact	Sequence Ontology term
HIGH	chromosome_number_variation exon_loss_variant frameshift_variant rare_amino_acid_variant splice_acceptor_variant splice_donor_variant start_lost stop_gained stop_lost transcript_ablation
MODERATE	3_prime_UTR_truncation+exon_loss 5_prime_UTR_truncation+exon_loss_variant coding_sequence_variant disruptive_inframe_deletion disruptive_inframe_insertion inframe_deletion inframe_insertion missense_variant regulatory_region_ablation splice_region_variant TFBS_ablation
LOW	5_prime_UTR_premature start_codon_gain_variant initiator_codon_variant splice_region_variant start_retained stop_retained_variant synonymous_variant
MODIFIER	3_prime_UTR_variant 5_prime_UTR_variant coding_sequence_variant conserved_intergenic_variant

Table S12 Statistical post-hoc power of burden analysis in all variants in known PD genes.

Gene	post-hoc power			
	all snps		nonsyn snps	
	p=0.001	p=1.00E-06	p=0.001	p=1.00E-06
ATP13A2	0.592	0.11724	0.051	0.00071
ATXN2	0.035	0.0004	0.031	0.0003
ATXN3	0.004	1.98E-05	0.009	4.96E-05
CSF1R	0.227	0.00962	0.144	0.0043
DNAJC6	0.055	0.00071	NA	NA
EIF4G1	0.544	0.08763	0.036	0.00048
FBXO7	0.046	0.00063	0.033	0.00035
GCH1	0.011	7.71E-05	NA	NA
GIGYF2	0.113	0.00293	NA	NA
GRN	0.076	0.00151	NA	NA
LRRK2	0.096	0.00277	0.082	0.00205
MAPT	0.068	0.00137	0.004	2.23E-05
PARK7	0.074	0.00135	NA	NA
PINK1	0.091	0.00194	0.091	0.00195
PLA2G6	0.108	0.00285	NA	NA
POLG	0.186	0.00778	0.085	0.00189
SPG11	0.04	0.00049	0.002	1.50E-06
VPS35	0.099	0.00211	NA	NA

WES discovery dataset. Calculated with either all snps or nonsynonymous snps. Significance levels are 0.001 and

1E-6.

Key: Gene, Gene symbol; all snps, all rare variants; nonsyn snps, nonsynonymous variants. NA, not enough nonsynonymous variants to calculate the power.

Table S13 CEL variants in WES discovery dataset.

ID	AF_Cases	AF_Control	POS	REF	ALT	AF	ExAC_FIN	ExAC_Freq	VQSLOD	AC	AN	ExonicFunction
rs113056079	0.00225	0	135940439	T	G	0.000622	0	0.005015	3.87	1	1530	nonsynon
rs150358550	0.01778	0.00446	135940488	C	G	0.009102	0.0085	0.00444	3.88	13	1570	synon
chr9:135940573	0.00222	0	135940573	TAC	T	0.000606	.	.	-2.324	1	1572	frameshift_deletion
chr9:135941981	0	0.01421	135941981	C	CG	0.01	0	0.0000662	4.37	16	1576	frameshift_insertion
chr9:135942572	0	0	135942572	T	C	0.000605	.	.	-3.867	0	1576	nonsynon
rs201255412	0.24215	0.27422	135944524	C	T	0.265	0.4323	0.165	4.31	408	1540	synon
chr9:135944553	0	0.00091	135944553	A	T	0.001259	0.0053	8.88E-05	0.975	1	1512	nonsynon
rs200119384	0.2644	0.2278	135944586	C	T	0.24	0.4926	0.127	2.05	337	1418	nonsynon
rs201074543	0	0.01421	135945988	A	G	0.009662	0	0.002216	-5.398	16	1576	nonsynon
rs201677850	0	0.01865	135945997	C	T	0.013	0	0.002282	-5.788	21	1576	nonsynon
rs77696629	0.00444	0.0524	135946015	T	C	0.038	0.0043	0.019	-3.78	61	1576	nonsynon
rs202171778	0.0067	0.00089	135946390	G	C,A	0.001208,0.001208	0	0.002478	-1.084	2,2	1576	nonsynon
chr9:135946507	0	0.00089	135946507	C	A	0.000605	0	5.79E-05	1.54	1	1574	nonsynon
rs488087	0.311	0.17557	135946599	C	T	0.225	0.4212	0.252	4.29	268	1204	synon
chr9:135946921	0	NA	135946921	CCCCCCC CCGTGCC GCCCACG GGTGACT CCGGCG	C	0.018	0.05	0.038	5.32	0	98	nonframeshift_deletion
chr9:135946957	0.00463	0	135946957	CCCCCG TGCCGCC CACGGGT GACTCCG GGGCCCC CCCCGTG ACCCCCA CGGGTGA CTCCGAG ACCG	C	0.003268	0	0.00079	4.57	1	274	nonframeshift_deletion
chr9:135947001	0	0.00192	135947001	CCCCACG GGTGACT CCGAGAC CGCCCCC GTGCCG	C	0.001027	0.09	0.016	4.51	1	916	nonframeshift_deletion
chr9:135947018	0.00495	0	135947018	A	G	0.001718	0	5.30E-05	0.77	2	1098	nonsynon

chr9:13594 7020	0.00493	0	135947020	A	G	0.001709	0	4.41E-05	0.115	2	1104	nonsynon
chr9:13594 7023	0.00246	0	135947023	G	C	0.00084	0.0005	0.002629	1.51	1	1124	nonsynon
rs20113389 3	0	0.00209	135947051	G	A	0.001385	0.0004	0.000151	2.18	2	1378	nonsynon
rs20203486 2	0	0.0021	135947053	G	A	0.001391	0	1.68E-05	0.616	2	1372	nonsynon
chr9:13594 7055	0	0.00208	135947055	CCCCCCT GT	C	0.001389	0	5.03E-05	2.98	2	1376	frameshift_ deletion
chr9:13594 7069	0	0.00196	135947069	CCACGGG TGACTCT GAGGCTG CCCCT	C	0.001319	0.0003	0.000108	3.79	2	1444	frameshift_ deletion
rs20025729 5	0	0.00185	135947100	C	G	0.001267	0.0003	0.000124	0.471	2	1504	synon

Cases, N=185; Controls, N=480.

Key: ID, variant RS-number; AF_Cases, minor allele frequency in cases; AF_Controls, minor allele frequency in controls; POS, Genome position (Grch37); REF, reference allele; ALT, alternate allele; AF, minor allele frequency; ExAC FIN, Exome aggregate consortium allele frequency for Finnish population samples; ExAC Freq, Exome aggregate consortium allele frequency for all populations; AC, minor allele count; AN, Allele number; VQSLOD, variant quality score log-odds in discovery dataset: QC value from Variant quality score recalibration in GATK; Exonic Function, Functional effects caused by variant; nonsyn, nonsynonymous; synon, synonymous.

Table S14 CEL variants in WES replication dataset.

ID	POS	REF	ALT	AF	ExAC_FIN	ExAC_Freq	AC	AN	ExonicFunction
rs113056079	135940439	T	G	0	0	0.005015	0	400	nonsynonymous
rs150358550	135940488	C	G	0.0075	0.0085	0.00444	3	400	synonymous
chr9:135942035	135942035	C	T	0.0025	0.0005	0.0009177	1	400	synonymous
rs77696629	135946015	T	C	0.0025	0.0043	0.019	1	400	nonsynonymous
chr9:135946507	135946507	C	A	0.0025	0	5.79E-05	1	400	nonsynonymous
rs78256304	135946548	C	G	0	0	0.002525	0	400	synonymous
chr9:135946578	135946578	A	G	0	0.001	0.0008705	0	400	synonymous
chr9:135946581	135946581	G	T	0	0.001	0.0008707	0	400	synonymous
chr9:135946605	135946605	C	G	0	0.0017	0.0009902	0	400	synonymous
chr9:135946690	135946690	G	C	0.0075	.	0.036	3	400	nonsynonymous
chr9:135946953	135946953	C	G	0	0	0.001013	0	392	synonymous
chr9:135946954	135946954	G	C	0	.	.	0	394	nonsynonymous
chr9:135946995	135946995	C	T	0.0075377	0.0101	0.006498	3	398	synonymous
chr9:135947032	135947032	C	A	0.0025381	0	1.74E-05	1	394	nonsynonymous
chr9:135947034	135947034	G	C	0.0100503	0	0.0006173	4	398	synonymous
chr9:135947061	135947061	T	C	0.0025	0.0002	0.0001424	1	400	synonymous

ID, variant RS-number; POS, Genome position (Grch37); REF, reference allele; ALT, alternate allele; AF, minor allele frequency; ExAC FIN, Exome aggregate consortium allele frequency for Finnish population samples; ExAC Freq, Exome aggregate consortium allele frequency for all populations; AC, minor allele count; AN, Allele number; Exonic Function, Functional effects caused by variant.

Table S15 Genes closest to significant loci in GWAS analysis of the Finnish PD cohort.

FER	GON4L	EYS	chr12:126370875
COL18A1	PBX1	IRAK1BP1	TMEM117
ZFAT	chr1:189532844	ZNF277	chr12:84430416
chr3:64702684	chr1:226204970	chr8:132177139	chr16:79355947
chr5:120977240	chr3:20432637	chr8:135477079	chr18:11450936
PPFIBP1	SRGAP3	chr9:114064016	LOC643542
FRRS1L	chr4:117161575	CEL	chr19:22510418
SNX29P2	KCNIP1	RALGDS	chr19:22660286
ZNF98	chr6:113278451	chr10:14376577	chr20:699763
ALPK2	chr6:142312266	ANO3	LOC101928269

Table S16 Imputed GWAS study, gene-set analysis top hits with Burden test.

##Method=Burden										
GENE	CHR	BEG	END	TOT_MARKERS	PASS_MARKERS	PVALUE	P_BONF	P_BH	OR	CI
CELP	9	135961850	135961851	2	2	2.14E-13	3.11E-09	3.11E-09	2.14	1.747-2.614
TPTE2P6	13	25144872	25171521	3	1	1.66E-06	0.024	0.012	2.08	1.542-2.801
RAB11FIP2	10	119774577	119774598	2	2	4.35E-06	0.063	0.021	1.22	1.121-1.327
OR10G2	14	22102317	22102842	6	1	1.43E-05	0.207	0.052	1.77	1.368-2.287
GBA	1	155205043	155210498	3	3	3.27E-05	0.474	0.083	1.12	1.059-1.174
KRTAP10-7	21	46020720	46021546	10	5	3.44E-05	0.500	0.083	1.11	1.058-1.171
CTC-360P9.3	19	32528454	32528454	1	1	1.35E-04	1	0.279	2.04	1.416-2.94
CYP4F8	19	15730502	15739661	2	1	1.72E-04	1	0.311	1.65	1.271-2.141
COMMD5	8	146076611	146076708	2	1	4.35E-04	1	0.619	1.55	1.214-1.977
RP11-368J21.2	16	22546193	22546193	1	1	4.48E-04	1	0.619	2.15	1.404-3.304

Cases, N=403; Controls, N=1650.

Key: GENE, gene symbol of the closest gene in the variant loci; CHR, chromosome; BEG & END, Gene genome position (Grch37) beginning and end; TOT_MARKERS, total number of variants; PASS_MARKERS, variants that pass the filters; PVALUE, P value in burden variant analysis; P_BONF, Bonferroni corrected p value; P_BH, Benjamini & Hochberg corrected p value; OR, odds ratio; CI, confidence interval in OR.

Table S17 Imputed GWAS study, gene-set analysis top hits with SKAT test.

##Method=SKAT									
GENE	CHR	BEGIN	END	NUM_ALL_VARS	NUM_PASS_VARS	NUM_SING_VARS	PVALUE	P_BONF	P_BH
CELP	9	135961850	135961851	2	2	0	1.49E-11	2.16E-07	2.16E-07
COL18A1	21	46875586	46930147	22	18	2	3.66E-06	0.05312	0.02656
PTPN13	4	87610798	87724970	8	6	0	5.54E-06	0.080338	0.026779
OR10G2	14	22102317	22102842	6	1	0	1.07E-05	0.155387	0.038847
COX19	7	1015109	1015110	2	2	2	1.62E-05	0.234416	0.046883
TRIM32	9	119460579	119460579	1	1	0	2.61E-05	0.379019	0.06317
CYP4F8	19	15730502	15739661	2	1	0	3.16E-05	0.45915	0.065593
NETO1	18	70417396	70532471	3	2	0	4.66E-05	0.676019	0.072132
ANO3	11	26463582	26558947	2	2	0	4.90E-05	0.711868	0.072132
RAB11FIP2	10	119774577	119774598	2	2	0	4.97E-05	0.721317	0.072132
TPTE2P6	13	25144872	25171521	3	1	0	7.42E-05	1	0.097851
TEAD4	12	3131189	3147203	2	2	0	0.000111	1	0.134593
PRAMEF2	1	12918946	12921581	14	12	1	0.000133	1	0.135938
KRTAP10-7	21	46020720	46021546	10	5	1	0.000134	1	0.135938
GBA	1	155205043	155210498	3	3	0	0.00014	1	0.135938

Cases, N=403; Controls, N=1650.

Key: GENE, gene symbol of the closest gene in the variant loci; CHR, chromosome; BEG & END, Gene genome position (Grch37) beginning and end; NUM_ALL_VARS, Number of all variants in gene locus; NUM_PASS_VARS, Variants that pass the filters; NUM_SING_VARS, Number of singleton variants; PVALUE, P value in burden variant analysis; P_BONF, Bonferroni corrected p value; P_BH, Benjamini & Hochberg corrected p value.

Table S18 Ten most significant p values in WES discovery dataset near (+/-1 Mbp) of the known PD risk loci.

MARKER_ID	TOT_MARKERS	PASS_MARKERS	P VALUE	FDR(BH)	Bonferroni
PPAPDC1A	3	1	0.0001064	0.0518168	0.0518168
STK19	2	2	0.0003437	0.08369095	0.1673819
HSPA1B	5	5	0.0007906	0.128340733	0.3850222
SPPL2C	22	8	0.001274	0.1551095	0.620438
PPT2	3	3	0.001898	0.1848652	0.924326
CORO1A	4	3	0.005918	0.480344333	1
MPHOSPH9	10	7	0.01132	0.689105	1
ZNF768	5	3	0.01054	0.689105	1
ACBD4	2	1	0.02869	0.85042375	1

Burden analysis with EMMAX test, using all the rare variants in target regions.

Key: TOT_MARKERS, total number of variants; PASS_MARKERS, variants that pass the filters; P VALUE, p value of the test; FDR(BH), Benjamini & Hochberg corrected p value; Bonferroni, Bonferroni corrected p value.

Table S19 Variant count and call rate in WES discovery dataset.

Gene	Snps	Rare_Snps	NonSyn_Snps	Rare_Nonsyn_snps	Callrate
ACMSD	1	1	1	1	1
BST1	7	5	4	3	0.989474
CCDC62	7	4	4	1	1
DDRGK1	4	2	2	0	1
FAM47E	9	5	7	4	0.998663
GAK	16	13	8	7	0.996335
GBA	7	6	4	3	0.996348
GCH1	5	3	1	0	0.992782
GPNMB	12	8	6	5	0.999749
HLA-DQB1	68	15	32	8	0.993764
INPP5F	9	7	3	2	1
LRRK2	21	8	12	7	0.99957
MAPT	20	7	7	2	0.996917
MCCC1	6	4	2	1	0.999499
RIT2	7	5	1	1	0.998067
SCARB2	6	6	1	1	0.992732
SIPA1L2	26	16	11	8	0.998554
STK39	2	2	1	1	1
SYT11	3	2	1	1	0.99599
TMEM175	4	2	2	1	1
VPS13C	32	26	19	15	0.999436

Selected genes are near loci with significant p values in meta-analysis.

Key: Gene, gene symbol; Snps, Total variant count; Rare_Snps, Minor allele frequency < 5%; NonSyn_Snps, total nonsynonymous variants; Rare_Nonsyn_snps, rare nonsynonymous variants (MAF<5%); Callrate, total variant missingness by call rate.

Table S20 Quality control values (GATK) of the WES discovery dataset top hits that were found also in replication dataset.

#CHROM	POS	ID	REF	ALT	GENE	BaseQRankSum	ClippingRankSum	DP	FS	GQ_MEAN	GQ_STDDEV	InbreedingCoeff	MLEAC	MLEAF	MQ	MQ0	MQRankSum	NCC	QD	ReadPosRankSum	SOR	VQSLOD	culprit
2	71361156	rs143555311	C	G	MPHOSPH10	0.75	0.165	20171	3.785	68.14	149.75	-0.0016	2	1.21E-03	60	0	0.92	1	13.53	1.9	0.518	2.84	DP
2	97858622	rs201600563	C	A	ANKRD36	1.69	0.616	20554	45.101	62.16	12.01	-0.0018	2	1.21E-03	56.49	0	-2.9	1	1.02	1.31	7.275	-6.042	FS
6	142758601	.	T	G	GPR126	0.801	1.19	18767	3.21	62.19	23.84	-0.0039	2	1.21E-03	60	0	1	2	12.89	-0.607	1.06	1.77	DP
12	11174795	rs12424373	T	G	TAS2R19	7.45	0.068	77378	1.139	117.33	277.97	-0.0043	7	4.23E-03	59.33	0	1.91	1	14.84	1.03	0.58	0.532	MQRan
14	94845944	rs141620200	C	T,A	SERPINA1	-1.936	-0.156	19857	13.079	62.67	85.19	0.3235	30,1	0.021,6.046e-04	59.51	0	-0.49	1	7.61	-0.12	1.834	-0.7318	FS
14	94847262	rs17580	T	A	SERPINA1	-1.79	0.094	19885	3.25	77.45	139.66	-0.0082	13	7.86E-03	60	0	-0.053	1	13.63	1.45	0.914	3.62	DP
18	14105770	rs61730995	T	C	ZNF519	3.04	0.248	33735	0	103.18	251.6	0.0864	20	0.012	60	0	-0.128	2	14.78	1.94	0.658	3.01	FS

Table S21 Quality control values (GATK) of WES discovery dataset variants that were used in Gene-based analysis.

#C H R	POS	AC	AN	Case s	Contr ols	ExonicFunc.re fGene	refGene	BaseQRank Sum	ClippingRan kSum	DP	FS	GQ_ME AN	GQ_STD DEV	Inbreeding Coeff	MLE AC	MLEAF	MQ	M Q0	MQRank Sum	NC	QD	ReadPosRan kSum	SO R	VQSL OD	culprit
2	7136115 6	2	16	0,1,1	0,1,1	nonsyn	MPHOSP H10	0.75	0.165	2017 1	3.78 5	68.14	149.75	-0.0016	2	1.21E-03	60	0	0.92	1	13. 53	1.9	0.5 18	2.84	DP
2	9777960 1	8	16	0,0,0	0,7,7	nonsyn	ANKRD3 6	-1.396	-0.195	2121 3	62.8 46	61.29	12.85	-0.0054	6	3.63E-03	57. 25	0	-2.757	1	0.3 7	0.301	6.2 73	- 8.954	FS
2	9777961 9	3	16	0,0,0	0,3,3	nonsyn	ANKRD3 6	-2.526	-0.601	2021 2	0	62.29	29.8	-0.0022	3	1.81E-03	56. 93	0	0.33	1	11. 21	0.2	0.6 7	3.4	FS
2	9778417 7	4	16	0,2,2	0,2,2	nonsyn	ANKRD3 6	2.42	-0.099	2057 5	1.12 5	67.94	63.02	-0.0043	4	2.42E-03	54. 68	0	0.566	1	13. 77	0.748	0.5 98	2.79	DP
2	9779282 9	2	16	0,1,1	0,1,1	nonsyn	ANKRD3 6	3.11	-1	1870 2	17.5 32	61.85	9.83	-0.0014	2	1.21E-03	51. 75	0	0.244	1	7.2 3	1.11	4.2 35	- 1.427	FS
2	9780852 4	80	16	0,57, 54	0,16,1 57 6	nonsyn	ANKRD3 6	1.19	0.159	4164 6	21.0 99	89.79	84.18	-0.0545	78	0.047	58. 6	0	-3.635	1	2.9 9	-2.261	5.4 35	- 5.549	QD
2	9780856 2	9	16	0,8,8	0,0,0	nonsyn	ANKRD3 6	2.86	-0.079	3226 9	6.48 6	74.15	26.32	-0.0084	7	4.23E-03	54. 3	0	-2.898	1	0.7 3	0.031	1.7 81	- 3.361	QD
2	9781224 0	2	16	0,1,1	0,1,1	nonsyn	ANKRD3 6	0.278	0.896	2262 6	66.5 34	67.48	24.04	-0.0017	2	1.21E-03	53. 35	0	-1.246	0	2.7 3	-0.597	4.2 31	- 10.32	FS
2	9781224 9	2	16	0,1,1	0,1,1	nonsyn	ANKRD3 6	5.05	1.2	2250 7	57.5 55	66.39	16.52	-0.0014	2	1.21E-03	54. 6	0	-1.683	0	0.8 5	-1.203	6.1 84	- 8.875	FS
2	9781767 0	69	16	0,25, 56	0,40,4 25 0	nonsyn	ANKRD3 6	1.79	0.012	1423 44	2.74 5	96.87	75.88	-0.0554	70	0.042	52. 54	0	-3.613	0	1.5 1	-3.119	1.4 18	- 7.829	QD
2	9781824 9	4	16	0,2,2	0,2,2	nonsyn	ANKRD3 6	2.52	0.245	1610 09	53.7 37	108.77	57.47	-0.003	4	2.43E-03	37. 42	0	3.11	4	3.6 1	1.06	2.1 27	- 5.109	FS
2	9782042 2	7	16	0,1,1	0,6,6	nonsyn	ANKRD3 6	0.318	-0.151	1203 83	1.76 7	88.98	39.53	-0.0137	3	1.85E-03	40. 41	0	-0.635	16	0.8 8	-0.387	1.7 61	- 2.527	QD
2	9782385 3	11	16	0,3,3	0,8,8	nonsyn	ANKRD3 6	-1.123	0.463	2299 2	0	98	397.19	-0.0074	11	6.65E-03	59. 21	0	0.771	1	13. 63	0.279	0.7 27	- 3.26	FS
2	9782390 3	34	16	0,32, 54	0,0,0 32	nonsyn	ANKRD3 6	3.17	0.137	2240 2	36.7 84	58.11	22.41	-0.0341	29	0.018	56. 51	0	-2.784	1	0.7 4	1.32	5.1 34	- 3.211	FS
2	9782785 2	23	16	0,7,7	0,16,1	nonsyn	ANKRD3 6	-1.505	-0.105	6881 3	1.59 6	101.49	32.35	-0.0155	21	0.013	44. 84	0	0.067	0	0.8 8	-0.043	0.9 91	- 2.214	QD
2	9783003 1	8	16	0,5,5	0,3,3	stopgain	ANKRD3 6	-2.812	0.014	1506 52	0	104.58	29.38	-0.0062	4	2.42E-03	31. 22	0	-1.472	2	0.1 3	0.502	1.0 06	- 2.461	DP

8	5273314	31	16	0,21,	0,5,5	nonsyn	PCMTD1	0.812	-0.043	1763	0	94.92	40.05	-0.0248	21	0.013	49.	0	-1.68	2	0.5	1.21	0.3	-	DP
3		52	21							83						79			7			95	2.684		
8	5273314	77	16	0,68,	0,3,3	nonsyn	PCMTD1	-2.063	0.102	1762	1,65	91.6	43.64	-0.0592	62	0.038	49.	0	-1.379	2	0,9	0.974	1,2	-	QD
4		52	68							98	1					3			5			91	2.464		
8	5273316	59	16	1,39,	0,15,1	nonsyn	PCMTD1	-1.913	0.042	1115	0	90.6	45.68	-0.0188	46	0.028	48.	0	-1.14	2	0,7	0.256	1,0	-	QD
4		52	41	5						01						85			1			26	1.113		
9	1.36E+08	16	16	0,0,0	0,16,1	nonsyn	CEL	-1.291	0.913	2064	19,5	59.25	17.03	-0.0113	13	7.85E-03	58.	0	-2.777	0	0,9	-1.671	8,5	-	FS
		56	6							2	75					53			75			5,398			
9	1.36E+08	21	16	0,0,0	0,21,2	nonsyn	CEL	-1.06	0.344	2130	34,5	58.57	23.06	-0.0184	17	0.01	57.	0	-3.317	0	1,1	-1.363	6,1	-	FS
		56	1							9	05					88			9			63	5.788		
9	1.36E+08	63	16	0,2,2	0,59,5	nonsyn	CEL	1.28	0.222	2364	21,5	56.25	57.35	0.3311	65	0.039	57.	0	-3.338	1	2,1	-0.273	2,4	-3.78	QD
		54	9							1	79					77			5			35			
9	1.36E+08	2,2	16	1,1,3	0,1,1	nonsyn	CEL	5.33	1.18	1679	1,13	55.24	72.14	0.2585	2,2	1.208e-03	44.	0	1.2	0	25.	0	0,5	-	DP
		56	56							2	4					63			57			88	1.084		
1	4764426	2	16	0,2,2	0,0,0	nonsyn	MTCH2	-5.004	1.43	9125	3,89	96.69	54.78	-0.0013	2	1.21E-03	59.	0	1.41	1	9,1	2.32	0,4	-	ReadPosRan
1	9	54								9	9					72			8			38	1.196		
1	4764723	72	16	0,64,	0,0,0	nonsyn	MTCH2	0.49	0.11	8378	11,9	49.26	51.15	-0.1344	96	0.058	58.	0	-1.733	1	2,8	-1.386	2,1	-	QD
1	8	54	64							8	55					85			81			1.901			
1	4764726	66	16	0,60,	0,0,0	nonsyn	MTCH2	1.59	0.06	8481	15,4	52.61	50.41	-0.1184	73	0.044	59.	0	-1.733	0	2,8	0.318	2,8	-	QD
1	5	56	60							2	26					04			9			18	1.951		
1	4766035	42	16	0,15,	0,24,2	nonsyn	MTCH2	-0.521	0	3864	7,76	44.63	86.49	-0.093	48	0.029	59.	0	-0.722	6	2,9	-1.486	0,5	-	QD
2	2	44	15	4						9	3					63			2			7	4.046		
1	4766035	38	16	0,15,	0,21,2	nonsyn	MTCH2	0.603	-0.116	3810	9,21	42.14	78.14	-0.0975	46	0.028	59.	0	-1.313	6	2,9	-1.571	0,7	-	QD
1	4	44	15	1						1	4					63			9			71	4.209		
1	7	54								6	2					60	0	-0.276	1	2,3	-1.936	2,2	-	QD	
1	4766056	3	16	0,1,1	0,1,1	nonsyn	MTCH2	2.52	0.747	2436	0	56.69	25,4	-0.0253	3	1.82E-03	60	0	0.33	2	6,3	-1.809	0,7	-	ReadPosRan
1	9	52								1						5			5			08	0.881		
1	1117449	7	16	0,3,3	0,4,4	nonsyn	TAS2R19	8.85	0.968	1537	1,11	127.63	389.66	-0.0048	7	4.23E-03	59.	0	1.26	1	14,	0.352	0,5	-	DP
2	8	54								77	4					52			92			95	0.786		
1	1117453	16	16	0,2,2	0,13,1	nonsyn	TAS2R19	2.53	-0.202	1462	11,6	95.03	31.51	-0.012	13	7.86E-03	58.	0	-7.132	1	0,4	3.17	9,1	-	MQRankSu
2	4	54	3							08	95					74			4			77	8.169		
1	1117454	12	16	0,2,2	0,9,9	nonsyn	TAS2R19	3.65	-0.136	1457	20,7	96.23	29.31	-0.0089	11	6.65E-03	58.	0	-3.384	1	0,3	2.27	10,	-	FS
2	2	54								85	26					7			8			03	4.626		
1	1117454	2	16	0,1,1	0,1,1	nonsyn	TAS2R19	3.38	0.451	1456	6,16	104.35	141.88	-0.0012	2	1.21E-03	59.	0	1.36	1	12,	0.187	0,4	-	DP
2	3	54								50	4					03			89			62	1.029		
1	1117454	8	16	0,1,1	0,6,6	nonsyn	TAS2R19	-1.133	-0.427	1457	15,1	97.09	28.42	-0.0062	7	4.23E-03	58.	0	-3.765	1	0,5	1.96	9,0	-	MQRankSu
2	8	54								30	04					6			5			8	4.123		
1	1117456	7	16	0,0,0	0,6,6	nonsyn	TAS2R19	0.137	0.193	1455	31,8	97.54	32.9	0.5581	7	4.23E-03	58.	0	-4.06	1	0,9	-1.17	7,7	-	FS
2	6	54								59	59					43			7			04	5.425		
1	1117457	5	16	0,0,0	0,4,4	nonsyn	TAS2R19	3.46	0.613	1455	35,0	97.97	30.66	-0.0033	4	2.42E-03	58.	0	-3.36	1	1,1	-1.605	7,0	-	FS
2	6	54								49	05					78			4			4	5.967		
1	1117459	5	16	0,4,4	0,0,0	nonsyn	TAS2R19	-0.976	-0.538	1457	11,8	97.15	26.07	-0.004	2	1.21E-03	59.	0	-3.719	1	0,0	-0.538	6,7	-	MQRankSu
2	9	54								74	69					05			9			15	3.578		
1	1117460	5	16	0,4,4	0,0,0	nonsyn	TAS2R19	-0.896	-0.498	1458	17,1	97.33	25.78	-0.0045	5	3.02E-03	58.	0	-4.047	1	0,3	-0.538	7,1	-	MQRankSu
2	5	54								37	92					85			9			32	3.873		
1	1117461	10	16	0,7,7	0,1,1	nonsyn	TAS2R19	1.85	0.458	1466	31,3	97.15	27.44	-0.0081	8	4.84E-03	58.	0	-5.452	1	0,5	-1.55	7,8	-	FS
2	1	54								57	29					69			3			48	6.719		
1	1117461	9	16	0,7,7	0,0,0	nonsyn	TAS2R19	3.65	1.06	1466	31,0	98.81	25.47	-0.0055	9	5.44E-03	59.	0	-2.41	1	0,7	-0.418	8,8	-	FS
2	4	54								68	56					28			7			52	3.949		
1	1117461	9	16	0,7,7	0,0,0	nonsyn	TAS2R19	1.52	0.685	1469	33,1	96.86	29.12	-1.8392	9	5.44E-03	58.	0	-5.886	1	0,9	-1.442	8,8	-	FS
2	8	54								45	59					28			3			84	7.001		
1	1117463	12	16	0,10,	0,0,0	nonsyn	TAS2R19	-4.544	-0.061	1469	29,6	98	31.27	-0.0097	12	7.25E-03	58.	0	-6.545	0	1,1	1.34	6,7	-6.32	FS
2	6	56	10							30	59					28			4			25			
1	1117464	13	16	0,11,	0,0,0	nonsyn	TAS2R19	0.15	-0.345	1467	29,0	97.63	29.84	-0.0106	13	7.85E-03	58.	0	-6.415	0	0,9	1.84	6,7	-	FS
2	2	56	11							40	53					3			5			09	6.652		
1	1117464	13	16	0,11,	0,0,0	nonsyn	TAS2R19	-4.157	0.371	1461	26,0	98.61	29.66	0.0136	13	7.85E-03	58.	0	-6.225	0	1,1	1.97	6,2	-	MQRankSu
2	4	56	11							31	9					24			27			6.359			
1	1117467	11	16	0,11,	0,0,0	nonsyn	TAS2R19	-4.124	0.125	1457	29,0	96.54	26.83	-0.0077	9	5.44E-03	57.	0	-5.12	0	0,1	-0.459	6,6	-	FS
2	2	56	11							51	53					35			6			64	5.191		
1	1117471	10	16	0,6,6	0,4,4	nonsyn	TAS2R19	2.12	0.772	1448	2,51	123.3	339.17	-0.0061	7	4.23E-03	57.	0	-2.914	1	12,	0.281	0,5	-	MQRankSu
2	5	54								38	2					05			6						

1	1117479	7	16	0,1,1	0,5,5	nonsyn	TAS2R19	7.45	0.068	7737	1.13	117.33	277.97	-0.0043	7	4.23E-03	59.	0	1.91	1	14.	1.03	0.5	0.532	MQRankSu	
2	5		54							8	9						33				84		8			
1	1117484	43	16	0,12,	0,29,2	nonsyn	TAS2R19	-1.253	-0.062	7687	0.53	190.98	488.22	-0.0267	43	0.026	59.	0	0.295	1	12.	0.729	0.7	1.97	FS	
2	5		54	12	9					0	1					87				75						
1	1117504	5	16	0,4,4	0,1,1	nonsyn	TAS2R19	-1.737	-0.026	7314	0	89.54	33.71	-0.006	4	2.42E-03	59.	0	-2.005	1	1.3	-0.712	0.6	-2.84	QD	
2	1		54							0						7				8						
1	1117505	36	16	0,25,	0,5,5	nonsyn	TAS2R19	-1.627	0.04	7457	0	91.54	35.26	-0.024	31	0.019	59.	0	-2.372	1	1.5	-0.625	0.6	-	QD	
2	5		54	25						2						2				87				2.801		
1	1117506	36	16	0,25,	0,5,5	nonsyn	TAS2R19	-1.832	0.058	7504	0	91.73	35.57	-0.0249	33	0.02	59.	0	-2.398	1	1.4	-0.347	0.5	-	QD	
2	0		54	25						4						34				94				2.597		
1	1117507	46	16	0,35,	0,7,7	nonsyn	TAS2R19	-1.732	-0.087	7543	0	92.53	35.68	-0.029	36	0.022	59.	0	-2.377	0	1.2	0.941	0.7	-	QD	
2	3		56	35						9						1				8				43	2.357	
1	1117508	28	16	0,17,	0,7,7	nonsyn	TAS2R19	-1.732	0.088	7595	0	94.19	31.55	-0.0172	22	0.013	58.	0	-2.367	0	0.7	1.25	0.7	-2.54	QD	
2	3		56	17						2						85				95						
1	1121400	19	16	0,15,	0,1,1	nonsyn	TAS2R46	-2.124	-0.227	2707	2.19	69.67	23.71	-0.0138	19	0.011	58.	0	-4.353	1	1.4	-0.032	3.6	-	QD	
2	1		54	15						4						7				7				04	3.731	
1	1121400	29	16	0,22,	0,3,3	nonsyn	TAS2R46	-2.64	-0.167	3036	9.33	64.97	28.71	-0.0318	28	0.017	58.	0	-6.017	1	0.9	-0.732	3.3	-	MQRankSu	
2	5		54	22						4						42				96				4.098		
1	1121400	32	16	0,23,	0,5,5	nonsyn	TAS2R46	-2.026	-0.308	3106	11.8	65.13	29.02	-0.0335	29	0.018	58.	0	-6.023	1	0.7	-0.944	3.8	-	MQRankSu	
2	6		54	23						7						67				9				15	4.295	
1	1121402	58	16	0,28,	0,24,2	nonsyn	TAS2R46	-0.848	-0.162	5235	14.6	66.68	50.01	-0.0646	62	0.037	58.	0	-8.22	1	0.7	-0.206	3.1	-	MQRankSu	
2	5		54	28	4					7						39				5				79	5.115	
1	1121418	13	16	0,13,	0,0,0	nonsyn	TAS2R46	-1.369	0.179	1473	9.14	96.52	33.46	0.4332	11	6.65E-03	58.	0	-3.322	1	1.1	-0.769	3.8	-	QD	
2	2		54	13						65						87				3				8	3.466	
1	1121419	31	16	0,26,	0,2,2	nonsyn	TAS2R46	-0.502	0.118	1473	14.9	95.09	36.61	-0.0219	26	0.016	58.	0	-3.767	1	1.0	-0.976	3.6	-	QD	
2	1		54	26						96						95				2				38	4.012	
1	1121419	36	16	0,28,	0,4,4	nonsyn	TAS2R46	-0.946	0.195	1471	17.4	94.59	34.09	-0.0238	31	0.019	59.	0	-3.738	1	0.6	-1.286	3.8	-	MQRankSu	
2	9		54	28						90						06				6				71	4.511	
1	1121421	5	16	0,4,4	0,0,0	nonsyn	TAS2R46	-1.75	0.702	1662	3.02	104.86	24.44	-0.0031	3	1.82E-03	59.	0	-2.419	3	0.1	0.11	4.7	-	DP	
2	4		50							78						35				9				96	2.789	
1	1121423	8	16	0,8,8	0,0,0	nonsyn	TAS2R46	1.03	-0.223	1673	0	103.42	26.75	-0.0063	7	4.23E-03	59.	0	-2.892	1	0.3	-0.075	0.6	-	DP	
2	1		54							65						08				2				6	3.005	
1	1121423	8	16	0,7,7	0,0,0	nonsyn	TAS2R46	1.11	0.281	1674	0	103.54	26.44	-0.0066	7	4.23E-03	59.	0	-2.892	1	0.5	-0.469	0.6	-	DP	
2	2		54							58						08				2				8	3.221	
1	1121426	34	16	0,24,	0,8,8	nonsyn	TAS2R46	-1.095	0.152	1688	2.40	107.92	42.02	-0.0209	29	0.018	58.	0	-4.008	1	0.8	0.273	1.2	-	MQRankSu	
2	4		54	24						64						17				9				03	3.231	
1	1121449	57	16	0,7,7	0,49,4	nonsyn	TAS2R46	2.33	0.038	5369	10.9	74.21	71.55	-0.0469	52	0.032	58.	0	-4.172	16	0.9	-2.848	3.3	-	MQRankSu	
2	8		24							3						94				6				02	6.773	
1	1121450	22	16	0,2,2	0,20,2	nonsyn	TAS2R46	0.779	-0.045	3837	13.8	72.72	45.03	-0.0161	20	0.012	58.	0	-3.103	16	1.0	-2.433	3.7	-6.29	QD	
2	0		24	0						7						96				2				05		
1	1121450	19	16	0,5,5	0,13,1	nonsyn	TAS2R46	-0.397	-0.047	3605	17.9	66.23	27.72	-0.0205	19	0.011	58.	0	-3.962	1	0.6	-2.423	7.2	-6.47	MQRankSu	
2	9		54	3						1						03				9				01		
1	1121453	36	16	0,32,	0,0,0	nonsyn	TAS2R46	0.066	0.391	3314	24.7	61.4	25.03	-0.0357	37	0.022	52.	0	-3.663	1	0.9	0.284	3.0	-	FS	
2	5		54	32						5						51				4				37	3.541	
1	1121460	19	16	0,17,	0,1,1	nonsyn	TAS2R46	0.3	0.346	2774	8.65	62.08	16.04	-0.0181	17	0.01	55.	0	-3.528	1	0.5	-1.858	1.7	-5.64	MQRankSu	
2	1		54	17						9						44				9				87		
1	1121479	4	16	0,4,4	0,0,0	nonsyn	TAS2R46	1	-0.456	2319	16.2	63.16	12.62	-0.0035	3	1.81E-03	57.	0	-2.793	1	0.5	0.175	3.0	-3.45	FS	
2	6		54							1						77				6				98		
1	1121485	29	16	0,28,	0,0,0	nonsyn	TAS2R46	2.58	0.417	2276	20.5	58.5	17.27	-0.0241	28	0.017	55.	0	-3.048	2	1.3	0.242	4.5	-	QD	
2	7		52	28						6						09				3				69	3.566	
1	5334315	87	16	0,64,	0,17,1	nonsyn	KRT18	1.19	0.134	1878	64.6	65.25	144.36	-0.1109	102	0.063	57.	0	-2.747	14	4.9	0.274	6.5	-	FS	
2	8		28	64	7					7						7				6				63	9.414	
1	5334331	53	16	0,42,	0,5,5	nonsyn	KRT18	-0.964	0.206	1294	13.0	31.38	26.93	-0.0657	58	0.035	56.	0	-2.784	3	2.2	0.257	3.9	-	QD	
2	8		50	42						6						74				2				55	3.246	
1	5334332	52	16	0,41,	0,5,5	nonsyn	KRT18	-2.308	0.087	1249	13.1	30.84	26.15	-0.0635	55	0.033	57.	0	-2.793	4	2.2	0.351	3.6	-	QD	
2	2		48	41						7						01				7				69	3.209	
1	5334332	51	16	0,40,	0,5,5	nonsyn	KRT18	-0.799	0.079	1227	10.8	29.58	25.79	-0.0662	55	0.033	56.	0	-2.775	4	2.2	0.026	3.4	-	QD	
2	5		48	40						9						74				3				11	3.297	
1	5334335	5	16	0,3,3	0,1,1	nonsyn	KRT18	0.694	-0.417	1092	0	30.66	18.96	-0.02	3	1.82E-03	57.	0	-2.302	5	0.3	-1.826	0.4	-3.95	MQRankSu	
2	2		46							8						51				3				98		
1	9484494	37	16	0,10,	1,23,2	nonsyn	SERPINA	3.69	0.35	3061	1.15	165.52	608.15	0.0312	37	0.022	60.	0	0.388	0	15.	0.752	0.8	3.93	DP	
2	7		56	10	5					2						87				1				29		
1	9484585	49	16	0,33,	0,13,1	nonsyn	SERPINA	-0.544	-0.02	2281	3.80	67.61	57.52	-0.0392	49	0.03	59.	0	-0.068	1	5.5	-0.38	0.3	-	DP	
2	0		54	33	3					6						87				2				75	0.681	
1	9484585	15	16	0,9,9	0,4,4	nonsyn	SERPINA	-0.479	0.675	2276	2.12	65.79	27.28	-0.0102	13	7.86E-03	59.	0	-0.049	1	3.0	0.289	0.4	-	QD	
2	1		54							0						85				1				72	0.532	

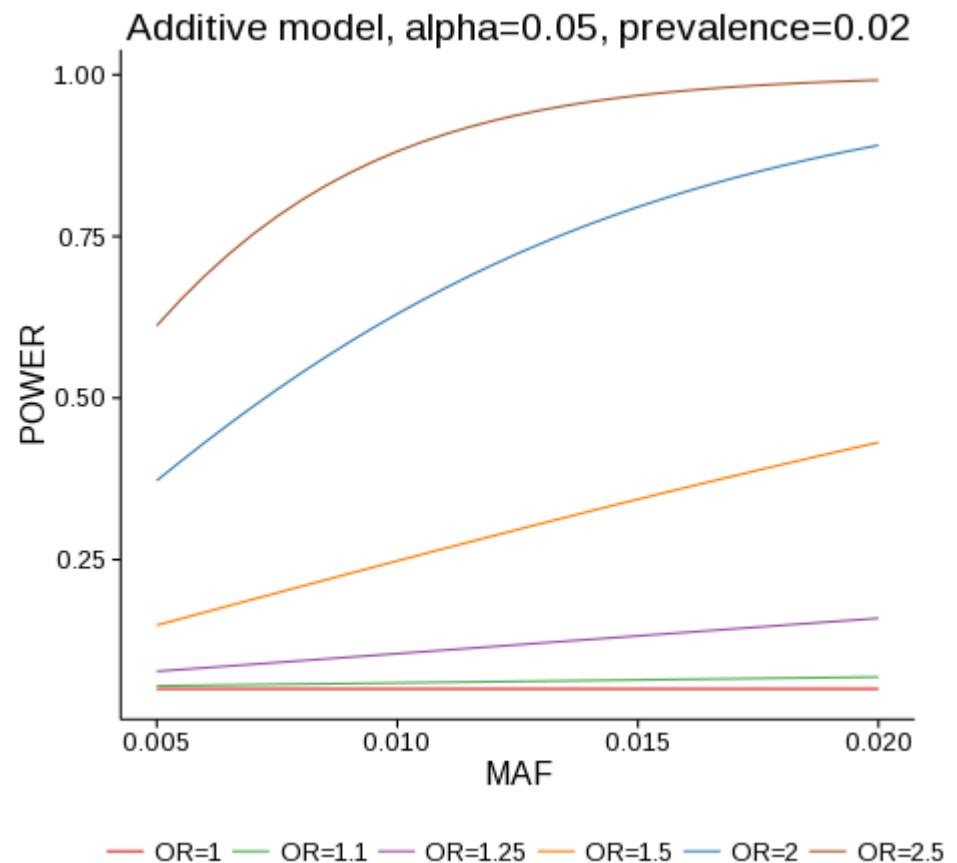
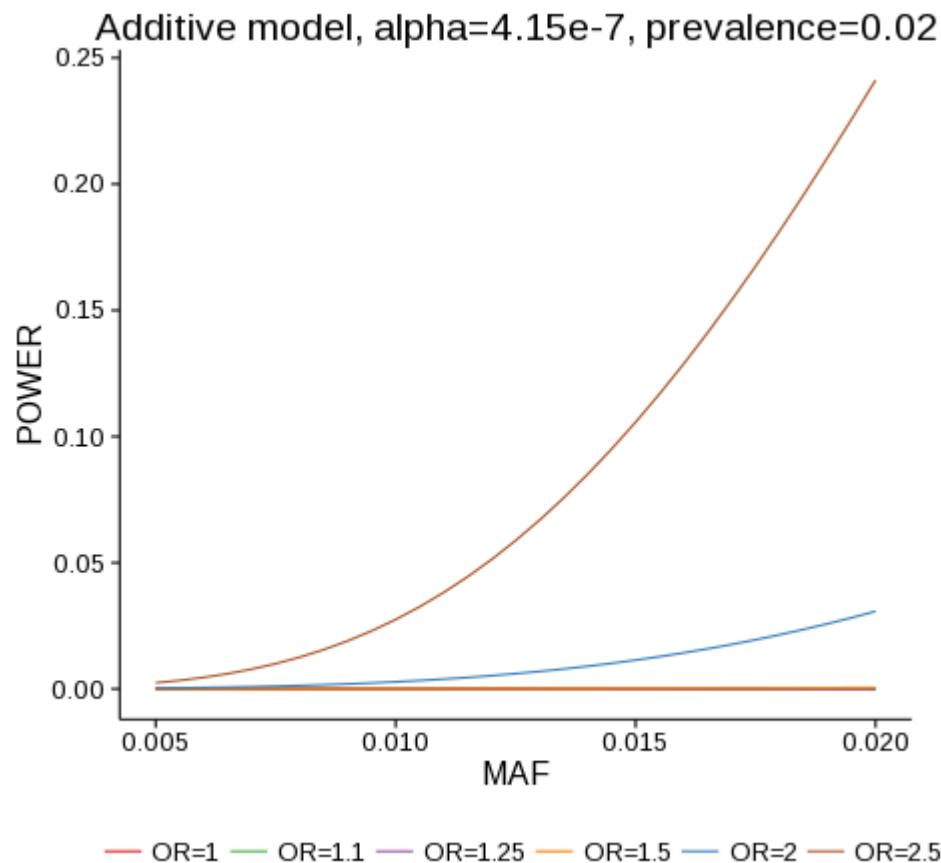


Figure S5 Statistical power of single variant given known allele frequency in WES discovery dataset, using different odds ratio values.

R package 'CaTS' v1.02 (Skol et al., 2006) was used with following parameters: prevalence=0.02; additive model; pimarkers=1; ncases=185; ncontrols=563; alpha=4.15e-7 or 0.05.

Key: MAF, minor allele frequency; OR, odds ratio

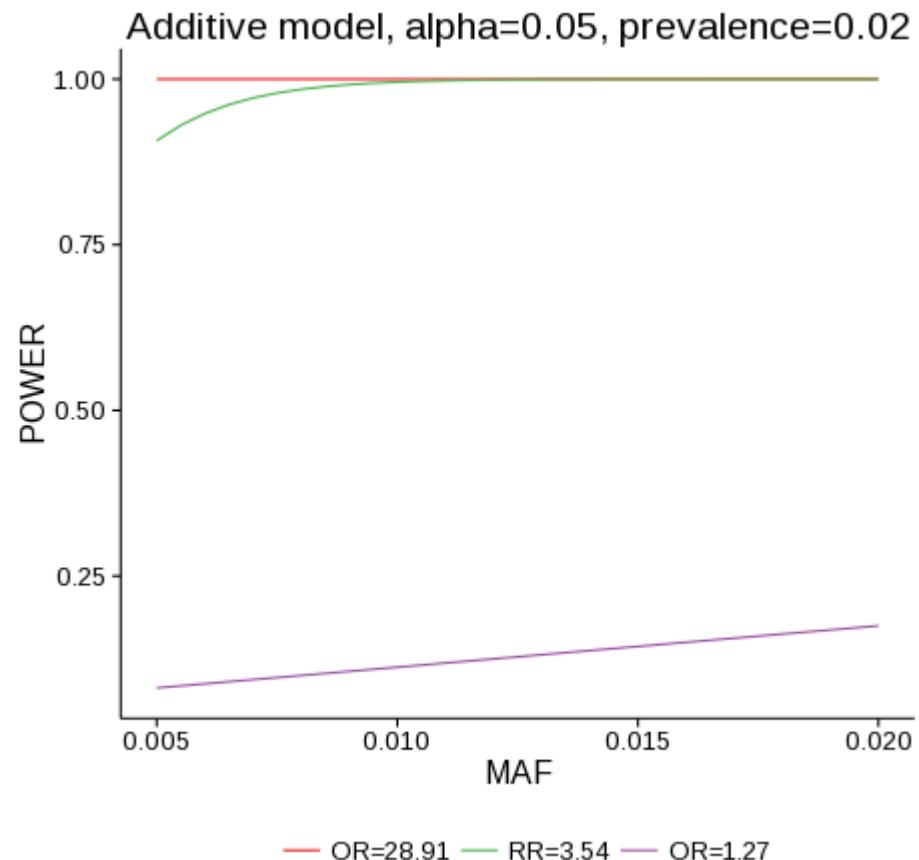
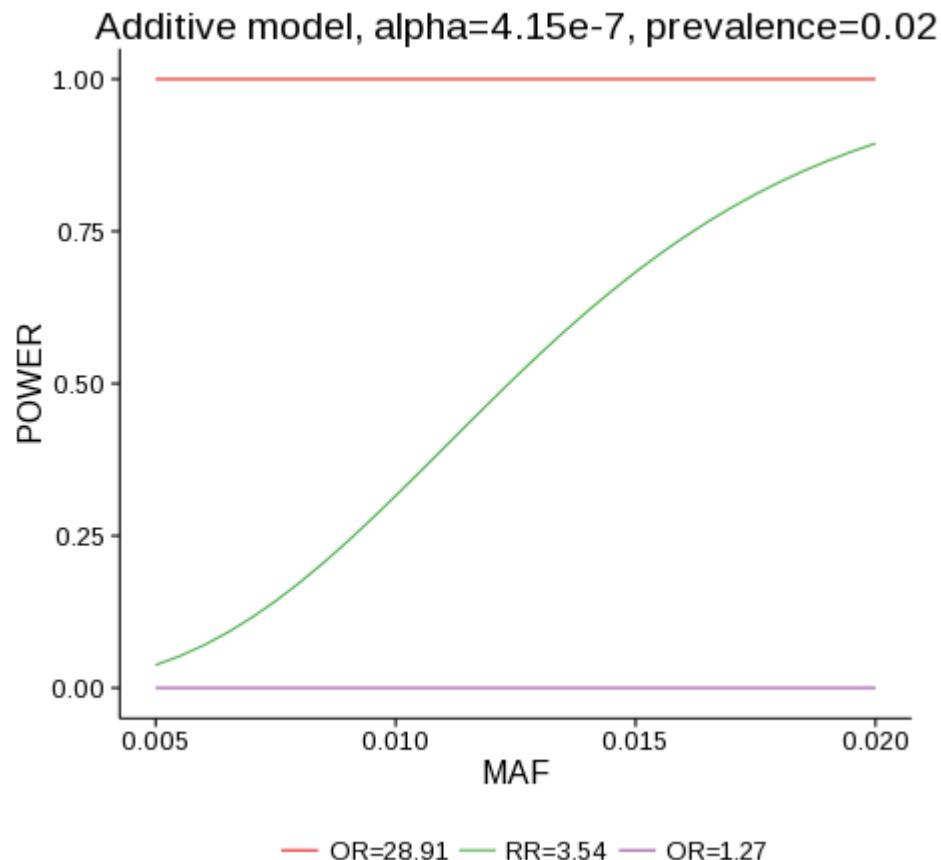


Figure S6 Statistical power of single variant rs141620200 given known allele frequency in WES discovery dataset, using different odds ratio and risk ratio values.

OR=28.91 and RR=3.54 were calculated using allele frequencies, and OR=1.27 was estimated from beta coefficient in q.emmax test. R package 'CaTS' v1.02 (Skol et al., 2006) was used with following parameters: prevalence=0.02; additive model; pimarkers=1; ncases=185; ncontrols=563; alpha=4.15e-7 or 0.05.

Key: maf, minor allele frequency; OR, odds ratio; RR, risk ratio.

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