doi:10.1093/humrep/dew345

human reproduction

RESULTS

The results of sex stratified models for paternal semen quality characteristics with continuous pregnancy outcomes are included in the Supplementary Tables SI and SII. Among male births (n = 110) (Supplementary Table SI), sperm head length was associated with lower birth weights (P = 0.02), and % elongation factor (P = 0.02) was associated with smaller head circumference, although higher birthweight was correlated to % elongation factor (P = 0.04) and both sperm head elongation factor (P = 0.012) and width (P = 0.03) were associated with longer birth length. Earlier gestational age at delivery was associated with higher measures of sperm motility, including straight line velocity (P = 0.02), amplitude head displacement (P = 0.001) and % motility (P = 0.02), as well as % acrosome of head (P = 0.003), and % coiled tail was associated with later gestational age at delivery (P = 0.02). Smaller head circumference was associated with sperm head length (P = 0.02) and perimeter (P = 0.02).

Among female births (n = 116) (Supplementary Table SII), lower birth weights were associated with measures of normal morphology including % normal morphology (traditional criteria, P = 0.02). Birthweight was positively associated with % high DNA stainability (P = 0.02). Sperm head area was also associated with a larger infant head circumference (P = 0.04), in addition to sperm perimeter (P = 0.02), and higher % neck/midpiece abnormalities (P = 0.04). Birth length was associated with higher sperm length (P = 0.04) and lower % elongation factor (P = 0.01), poorer morphology, including normal morphology (strict criteria, P = 0.01; traditional criteria, P < 0.01), amorphous (P =0.05) and % taper (P = 0.03) sperm, neck/midpiece abnormalities (P= 0.003), and cytoplasmic droplet (P < 0.001). Birth length was also positively associated with both DNA fragmentation index (P = 0.02) and high DNA stainability (P = 0.04). Ponderal index was greater for higher sperm concentration (P = 0.04) and % hypo-osmotic swelling test (P = 0.02).