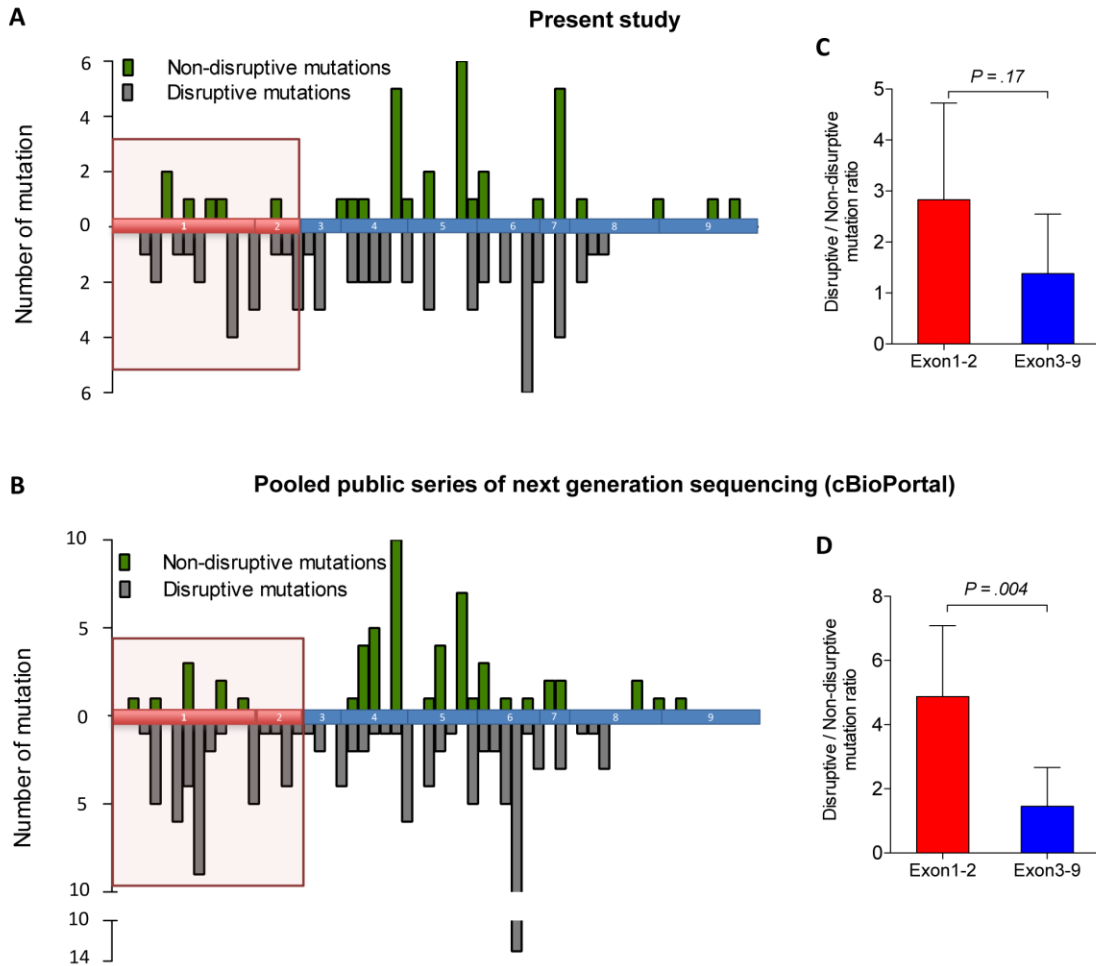
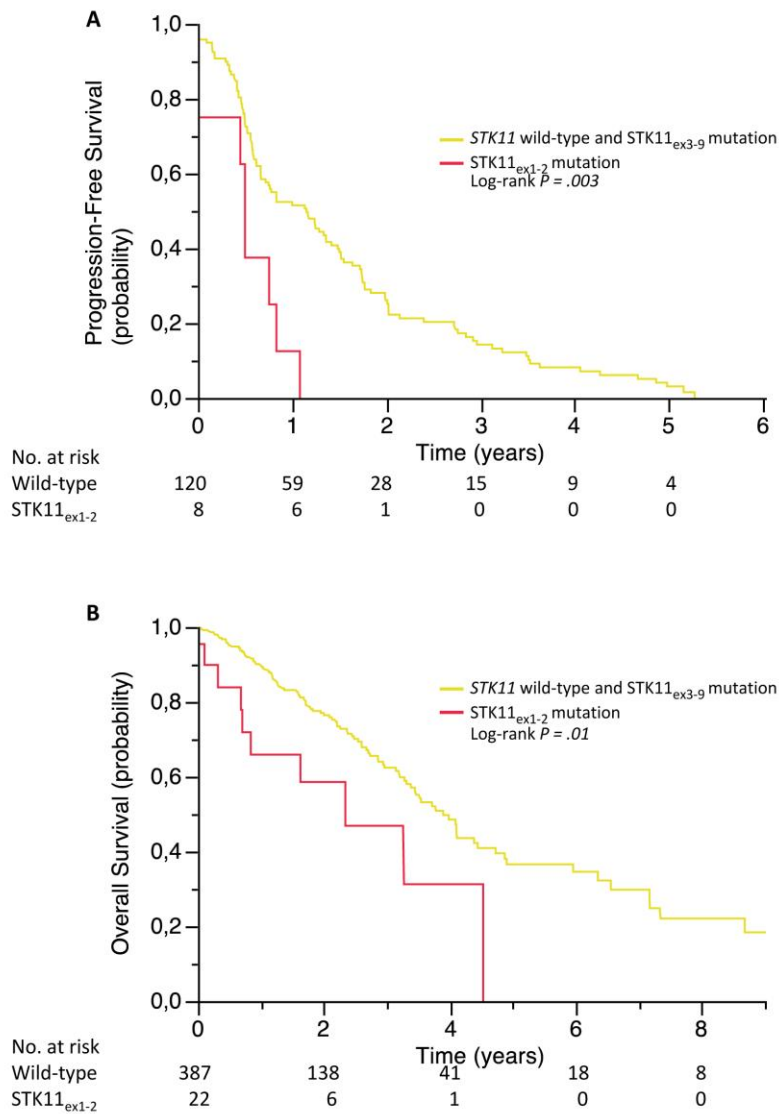


Different prognostic impact of *STK11* mutations in non-squamous non-small-cell lung cancer

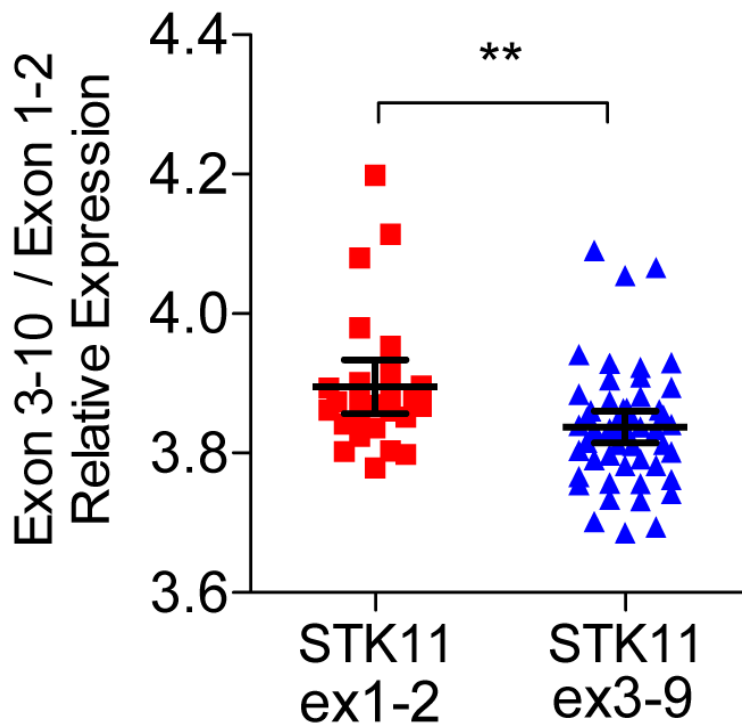
Supplementary Material



e-Figure 1. A and B. *STK11* mutations distribution along gene locus: Disruptive mutations (nonsense, frameshift indel, splice; grey box) vs. Non-Disruptive mutations (missense, inframe indel; green box). Each histogram reports the sum of *STK11* mutations within 22bp intervals. C and D. Disruptive mutation / non-disruptive mutation ratio in both series. Ratio is calculated for exons 1-2 and exons 3-9. Standard errors and χ^2 P-Values are indicated.



e-Figure 2. Progression-free survival and Overall survival according to *STK11* mutation status in validation series: patients harboring *STK11*_{ex1-2} mutations were compared to the others. A. Progression-free survival (N=128; Imielinski series). Patients with *STK11*_{ex1-2} mutations had a median progression-free survival of 0.5 years (95%CI, 0 to 0.8) as compared to 1.2 years (95%CI, 0.7-1.4) for the others. B. Overall survival in the TCGA lung adenocarcinomas series (N=409). Patients with *STK11*_{ex1-2} mutations had a median overall survival of 2.3 years (95%CI, 0.7-4.5) compared to 3.90 years (95%CI, 3.4-4.4) for wild-type patients.



e-Figure 3. Expression of *STK11* exons 3 to 10 according to *STK11* mutation status. The exon expression dataset from TCGA mRNAseq was used. The relative expression ratio of exon 3 to 10 / exon 1 and 2 was computed as the sum of reads mapping to exon 3 to exon 10 divided by the sum of reads mapping to exon 1 and exon 2. The expression ratios were compared between *STK11* mutation groups using Mann-Whitney test. P-Values are indicated by **** $P < .005$** .

e-Table 1. Annotated mutations found in our series.

e-Table 2. Patient and tumor characteristics in subgroups defined by *STK11* mutation status (training series, n = 490).

Characteristic	<i>STK11</i> _{ex1-2} mutation (n = 23)		<i>STK11</i> _{ex3-9} mutation (n = 69)		<i>STK11</i> wild-type (n = 398)		<i>P</i>
	N	%	N	%	N	%	
Gender							
Male	15	65	45	65	267	67	<i>.94</i>
Female	8	35	24	35	131	32	
Age							
Mean ± SD	60	±2.3	58	±1.3	62	±0.6	<i>.04</i>
Smoking history							
Present or former	21	91	67	97	308	20	<i>.002</i>
Never	2	9	2	3	78	77	
NA	0	0	0	0	12	3	
Surgery							
Lobectomy	20	87	62	90	345	87	<i>.57</i>
Pneumonectomy	2	9	6	9	28	7	
Non anatomic	1	5	1	2	25	6	
Tumor stage							
I	12	52	37	54	189	47	<i>.88</i>
II	6	26	13	19	99	25	
III	4	17	17	25	90	23	
IV	1	4	2	3	20	5	
Histological types							
Adenocarcinomas	23	100	67	97	370	93	<i>.18</i>
Other non-squamous	0	0	2	3	28	7	
Mutations							
<i>TP53</i>	13	57	34	49	200	50	<i>.83</i>
<i>KRAS</i>	12	52	31	45	122	31	<i>.01</i>
<i>EGFR</i>	0	0	1	2	65	16	<i>.0006</i>

NA, not available; GOF, gain of oncogenic function; TSF, tumor suppressive function; NSCLC, non-small-cell lung cancer. Proportions are compared using Chi-2. Means are compared using ANOVA.

e-Table 3. Patient characteristics of validation series (Imielinski and TCGA).

Characteristic	Imielinski series (N=128)		TCGA series (N=409)	
	No.	%	No.	%
	Gender			
Male	<i>62</i>	48	<i>187</i>	46
Female	<i>66</i>	52	<i>222</i>	54
Age				
< 70 years	<i>77</i>	60	<i>270</i>	66
≥ 70 years	<i>51</i>	40	<i>139</i>	34
Tumor Stage				
I	<i>73</i>	57	<i>218</i>	53
II	<i>30</i>	23	<i>96</i>	24
III	<i>17</i>	13	<i>74</i>	18
IV	<i>8</i>	6	<i>21</i>	5
Histological type				
Adenocarcinomas	<i>117</i>	91	<i>406</i>	100
Others	<i>11</i>	9	<i>0</i>	0
Mutations				
<i>TP53</i>	<i>60</i>	47	<i>224</i>	55
<i>KRAS</i>	<i>35</i>	27	<i>119</i>	29
<i>EGFR</i>	<i>19</i>	15	<i>56</i>	14
<i>STK11</i>	<i>21</i>	16	<i>65</i>	16
<i>STK11_{ex1-2}</i>	<i>8</i>	6	<i>22</i>	5
<i>STK11_{ex3-9}</i>	<i>13</i>	10	<i>43</i>	11

p<0.05 are in bold ; NA not available