

Expanded View Figures

Figure EV1. Genomic map of vaccinia virus constructs.

Viruses were generated from the VACV Western Reserve strain. Viral thymidine kinase is encoded by the *J2R* gene. Subunit 2 of viral ribonucleotide reductase is encoded by the *F4L* gene. *neo*, neomycin gene; *gusA*, β-glucuronidase gene; *lacZ*, β-galactosidase gene; ITR, inverted terminal repeat; *TK*^L, viral thymidine kinase gene left homology; *TK*^R, viral thymidine kinase gene right homology; and WT, wild-type.



Figure EV2. $\Delta F4L\Delta J2R$ VACV retains much of the replication proficiency of wild-type VACV in bladder cancer cells.

Growth curves for the indicated VACV mutants or WT VACV. Subconfluent cells were infected at a multiplicity of infection of 0.03 PFU/cell. Cultures were harvested at the indicated times and titered on BSC-40 cells.

A Normal human kidney epithelial cells grown under normal serum conditions (left) and 0.1% FBS (right).

B Panel of human bladder cancer cell lines (exception: MB49-luc, murine urothelial carcinoma) cultured in vitro with 10% FBS.

Data information: Mean \pm SEM is shown and data represent at least two independent lysates titered in duplicate.



Figure EV3. Δ F4L Δ J2R VACV retains much of the cytotoxicity of wild-type VACV in bladder cancer cells.

Survival of cell lines infected *in vitro* with the indicated VACV strains. Subconfluent cells were infected at the indicated multiplicities of infection (in PFU/cell). Uninfected cells were used as control.

A Normal human kidney epithelial cells grown under normal serum conditions (left) and 0.1% FBS (right).

B Panel of human bladder cancer cell lines (exception: MB49-luc, murine urothelial carcinoma) cultured *in vitro* with 10% FBS. The cells were incubated with resazurin to assess viability 3 days post-infection relative to uninfected control cells. Uninfected cells were used as control.

Data information: Mean \pm SEM is shown and $n \ge 3$.



В

Cell Line	G₀/G₁	S	G₂/M
RT112-luc 10% FBS	67.1%	15.3%	16.7%
RT112-luc 0.1 % FBS	70.2%	12.1%	16.0%
N60 10% FBS	80.7%	6.9%	9.2%
N60 0.1% FBS	93.4%	1.0%	1.5%
NKC 10% FBS	58.8%	10.6%	28.9%
NKC 0.1% FBS	79.4%	2.8%	3.6%

Figure EV4. Non-tumorigenic cells have reduced S-phase population when grown under lower serum conditions.

Cell cycle analyses of indicated cell lines.

A Indicated cells lines were grown in media supplemented with either 10% FBS or 0.1% FBS for 48 h, and then cell cycle distribution was monitored by flow cytometry after PI staining. Red traces indicate cells grown in 10% FBS and blue traces indicate cells grown in 0.1% FBS.

B Analysis of cell cycle phase distribution.