

Table S2**Health associations for each of the taxa on the screening test**

Associated: These taxa have been found to be more abundant in people who have this condition.

Inversely Associated: These taxa are found to be less abundant in people who have this condition.

Taxon	Associated	Inversely Associated
<i>Akkermansia muciniphila</i>	Type II Diabetes [30]	Obesity [39,40], Ulcerative Colitis [33], Crohn's disease [33]
<i>Anaerotruncus colihominis</i>	Bloating [41]	Obesity [1,42]
<i>Bacteroides fragilis</i>	Flatulence [43], Diarrhea [44,45]	
<i>Butyrivibrio crossotus</i>		Obesity [46,47]
<i>Clostridium difficile</i>	Diarrhea [48-50]	
<i>Collinsella aerofaciens</i>		IBS [4,51,52]
<i>Desulfovibrio piger</i>	IBD [53]	
<i>Dialister invisus</i>		Crohn's Disease [3]
<i>Methanobrevibacter smithii</i>	Abdominal Tenderness [54], Constipation [55]	Obesity [20,56]
<i>Oxalobacter formigenes</i>		Kidney Stones [57,58]
<i>Ruminococcus albus</i>		Ulcerative Colitis [59]
<i>Salmonella enterica</i>	IBS [5], Diarrhea [34-38]	
<i>Streptococcus sanguinis</i>	Kawasaki disease [60]	
<i>Vibrio cholerae</i>	Diarrhea [61,62]	
<i>Alistipes</i>		Obesity [1], IBS [1]
<i>Barnesiella</i>		Obesity [1]
<i>Bifidobacterium</i>		Constipation [2], Crohn's Disease [3], IBS [4]
<i>Campylobacter</i>	IBS [5], Diarrhea [6,7]	
<i>Clostridium</i>	Diarrhea [8,9]	
<i>Escherichia/Shigella</i>	Crohn's Disease [10-12], IBS [5], Diarrhea [13-17]	
<i>Fusobacterium</i>	IBD [18]	
<i>Lactobacillus</i>	Obesity [19-21]	Obesity [20], Type II Diabetes [22,23], IBS [4,24], Diarrhea [25]
<i>Odoribacter</i>		Ulcerative Colitis [10], Crohn's Disease [10]
<i>Prevotella</i>		Ulcerative Colitis [26-28]
<i>Roseburia</i>		Type II Diabetes [29-31], Ulcerative Colitis [32], Crohn's Disease [27,28], IBD [10]
<i>Ruminococcus</i>	Ulcerative Colitis [33], Crohn's Disease [3,28,33]	
<i>Salmonella</i>	Diarrhea [34-38]	
<i>Veillonella</i>	IBS [24]	

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