



SUPPLEMENTARY FIG. S4. Loss of Sirt2 increases PGC1 α acetylation level and inhibits PGC1 α transcription activity. (A–E) Real-time reverse transcription polymerase chain reaction analysis of Mfn1, Mfn2, Drp1, Opa1, and Fis1 expression in Sirt2^{+/+} and Sirt2^{-/-} mice (three per genotype). Data are presented as the mean \pm SEM ($n=5$). ** $p < 0.01$, *** $p < 0.001$. Lysates from brain tissues of Sirt2^{+/+} and Sirt2^{-/-} mice were harvested, IPed with an anti-acetyllysine antibody, and, subsequently, immunoblotted with antibodies against PGC1 α . Quantification of acetylated PGC1 α . $N=3$ mice per genotype. Data are presented as the mean \pm SEM. *** $p < 0.001$. MEFs cells were stained with anti-PGC1 α antibody and 4',6-diamidino-2-phenylindole, and representative immunofluorescent images are shown. Particles in the nucleus were counted with ImageJ. Error bars represent one standard deviation from the mean. *** $p < 0.001$. (F) Lysates from brain tissues of Sirt2^{+/+} and Sirt2^{-/-} mice were harvested, (IP)ed with an anti-acetyllysine antibody, and subsequently immunoblotted with antibodies against PGC1 α . (G) Quantification of acetylated PGC1 α . $N=3$ mice per genotype. Data are presented as the mean \pm SEM. *** $p < 0.001$. (H) MEFs cells were stained with anti-PGC1 α antibody and DAPI, and representative immunofluorescent (IFC) images are shown. (I) Particles in nucleus were counted with ImageJ. Error bars represent one standard deviation from the mean. *** $p < 0.001$.