## Supplement

Following document contains additional details and figures.





**Figure S1**. The KNIME workflow contains the command line nodes to generate the example command line pipe shown in Figure 9. The command line text can be retrieved from a node view for further used.

## **Brief Description of Command Line Programs**

(Go to https://github.com/chemalot/chemalot/ for the latest version of the command line program description)

- <u>AEREAExporter.csh</u>[1] Export from a database query and report saved using the AEREA application [2,3]
- dataLoader.csh[1] Load data into a relational database using the Aestel dataLoader.
- **<u>g2sdf.pl</u>** Create an SDF file from a Gaussian output file.
- **<u>gOpt.py</u>** Optimize using Gaussian enabling faster convergence by computing the second derivatives every 8 steps.
- <u>OEProps.csh</u> Compute atom, bond, ring, and other count properties, TPSA, and other 2D properties. (see help text)
- **<u>qTorsionMultiplexer.pl</u>** Perform a Gaussian torsion scan from an input molecule with a specified rotatable bond *Additional requirement: Gaussian*
- **<u>OTorsionProfileGenerator.csh</u>** generate input files for qm torsion file runs
- **<u>RModelManager.pl</u>** Manage models created with sdfR\*Creator.pl
- <u>sdf2DAlign.csh</u> Transforms the 2D coordinates of input molecules according to the matching substructures specified in the template SDF file.
- sdf2g.pl Create Gaussian input files from molecules in an input SDF file.
- sdf2Tab.csh[4] convert sdf file to tab separated file
- <u>sdfAggregator.csh</u> Given a set of input molecules with SDF tag data, group them by a specified tag value and then perform a grouping function (e.g. find the average "My Assay IC50" (grouping function) for each "Chemical Series" (the group-by SDF tag).
- <u>sdfAlign.pl</u> Transforms the 3D coordinates of input molecule conformers to a reference ligand and calculate the RMSD.
- sdfALogP.csh Calculates the ALogP and atom type counts [5,6,7].
- sdfBinning.csh Groups numerical values into bins
- <u>sdfCalcProps.csh</u> Serves as the "properties" warehouse to which any calculator command line programs can be added, thus, enable a single point access to the properties [8].

sdfCatsIndexer.csh Generate CATS fingerprints for input molecules [9].

- sdfCFP.csh Generate circular fingerprints for input molecules [10]
- <u>sdfCluster.pl</u> Clusters molecules using Atom-Atom-Path similarity and Sphere Exclusion algorithm [11].
- <u>sdfConformerSampler.csh</u> Generates conformers combinatorially modifying torsional angles as defined in a torsion file. Torsions of OH and HN2 groups are automatically rotated.
- sdfEnumerator.csh Enumerates a combinatorial library given the specified SMIRKS and corresponding reagent input files.
- <u>sdfEStateCalculator.csh</u> Compute the occurrence (count) of each E-state atom group in the input molecule and the corresponding sums as well as E-state indices of the individual atoms in a molecule [12].
- sdfFilter.csh Remove molecules from the SDF file based on the heavy atom count, number of components, invalid atoms, and max atomic number.
- sdfFingerprinter.csh Generate various types of fingerprints including, linear fingerprints and smarts based fragment fingerprints.
- <u>sdfFPCluster.pl</u> Use the specified fingerprints to cluster input molecules using the Sphere Exclusion clustering algorithm. A radius of 0.5 is a good value for clustering HTS libraries [13].
- <u>sdfFPNNFinder.csh</u> Use the specified fingerprints to identify most similar molecules (nearest neighbors) for each molecule in the input file based on their Tanimoto similarities. It can also be used to compute activity cliffs.
- sdfFPSphereExclusion.csh Use the specified fingerprint to compile a diverse sub set using the Sphere Exclusion algorithm [13].
- <u>sdfGrep.pl</u> Remove a molecule from the SDF file if the field of interest does not matching the specified requirement
- sdfGroovy.csh[4] Apply groovy scriptlet to records in sdf file
- sdfLE.grvy Calculate various ligand efficiencies, i.e. LE, LLE [14].
- <u>sdfMACCSKeys.csh</u> Generate MACCS keys or counts for input compounds. Based on RDKit [15] and Chemaxon [16] implementations.
- <u>sdfMCSSNNFinder.csh</u> User the Atom-Atom-Path similarity to identify the nearest neighbors for the input compounds. It can be used to compute activity cliffs [11].

- sdfMCSSSphereExclusion.csh Use MCSS or Atom-Atom-Path similarity to compile a diverse sub set using the Sphere Exclusion algorithm [11].
- <u>sdfMDLSSSMatcher.csh</u> Remove molecules from the SDF file that don't match any of substructures in MDL query file
- <u>sdfMMConfAnalysis.pl</u> Perform strain energy analysis of input conformers including generation and geometry optimization of a large number of conformations. Also evaluates the energy of the minimized input conformation with several restraint strengths. *Additional requirements: bmin, moebatch, szybki\_*
- <u>sdfMMMinimize.csh</u> Perform a geometry optimization using a molecular mechanics force field, with wrapped choices of Macromodel (Schrodinger), MOE (CCG) or SZYBKI (OpenEye). *Additional requirements: bmin, moebatch, szybki*
- <u>sdfModelCreateValidate.pl</u> Use sdfRModelPredictor.pl to create a Machine Learning Model and validate at the same time using randomly selected training and test sets. Uses sdfR???ModelCreator.pl in the background.
- <u>sdfMolSeparator.csh</u> Separate the disconnected molecules in a molfile (e.g. salt and compound) and output them in individual records.
- **<u>sdfMultiplexer.pl</u>** Parallelize the execution of command line scripts by executing multiple instances of a command line string and distributing the input molecules to the various instances. The output is combined back into a single file.
- <u>sdfNormalizer.csh</u> Normalize molecules according to Genentech's business rules. Unique tautomers are generated by Quacpac from OpenEye [17]. *Additional requirement: quacpac*
- **<u>sdfRExecutor.pl</u>** Apply custom R scripts to data in SD file and add computed fields to the output file.
- <u>sdfRGroupCalcProps.pl</u> Calculate the properties of molecule fragments with attachment points (e.g. [U+1], [U+2]); companion program to sdfRGroupExtractor.pl
- <u>sdfRGroupExtractor.pl</u> Fragment input molecules according to the specified transformations in SMIRKS or SMARTS format into R-groups with charged Uranium atoms representing attachment points
- sdfRingSystemExtraction.csh Fragments input molecules and outputs the largest (linked) ring system as well as the set of the basic rings as SMILES.
- <u>sdfRModelPredictor.pl</u> Compute the prediction according to the specified model created by sdfRRandomForestCreator.pl or sdfRSVMCreator.pl *Additional requirement: R*

- <u>sdfRMSDNNFinder.csh</u> Calculates RMSD values between conformers of molecules. This can align conformers by minimizing the RMSD
- <u>sdfRMSDSphereExclusion.csh</u> Applies Sphere Exclusion algorithm to find centroids of conformer clusters based on a given RMSD radius
- <u>sdfRRandomForestCreator.pl</u> Create models (R sessions) using Random Forest algorithm; companion program to sdfRModelPredictor.pl *Additional requirement: R*
- <u>sdfRSVMCreator.pl</u> Create models (R sessions) using Support Vector Machine algorithm; companion program to sdfRModelPredictor.pl *Additional requirement: R*
- sdfSdfExport.csh[4] Add data from relational database to sdf file
- sdfSdfMerger.csh[4] Merger two sdf files based on common data field
- sdfSelectivityCalculator.csh Computes selectivity (ratio) based on the specified numerator and denominator fields considering operator values
- sdfSliceByRe.pl Partition sdf files by ranges of rows
- sdfSmartsGrep.csh[4] return records that match/do not match a smarts pattern
- sdfSorter.csh[4] sort sdf file by one or more data fields
- sdfSplicer.csh[4] Get a splice out of an sdf file
- sdfStructureTagger.csh Tag molecules with specified names based on the corresponding SMARTS or molfile (queries)
- <u>sdfSubRMSD.csh</u> Calculate the RMSD between a supplied fragment (e.g. core) and the matching part of the input molecule. Molecules need to be pre-aligned.
- sdfTabMerger.csh[4] Merge sdf file with tab separated file based on common data field
- <u>sdfTagTool.csh[4]</u> Perform a large variety of manipulation and filtering based on data in sdf fields
- sdfTopologicalIndexer.csh Compute topological indices, i.e. Balaban, Wiener, and Zagreb
- sdfTorsionScanner.csh Given one or more molecules (e.g. sdf), generate a set of conformers rotated around a single rotatable bond within the input molecules. Useful as pre-step to sdfMMMinimize.csh to calculate energy torsion scans. (Optional minimization requires a SZYBKI license). Additional requirement: szybki

sdfTransformer.csh[4] Apply SMIRKS transformation to chemical structures in sdf file

tab2Sdf.csh[4] Convert tab file to sdf (First column must be SMILES)

tabExport.pl Export data from relational database to tab separated file

tabTagTool.pl Modify column header and filter tab-delimited files

the Software Maintenance Team the Software Maintenance Team

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4 Implementation supplied by the autocorrelator jar file.

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15 RDKit [http://www.rdkit.org/]

16 ChemAxon [https://www.chemaxon.com/]

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<sup>1</sup> Implementation supplied by the Aestel jar file.