## **Supplementary Online Content**

Pokharel Y, Tang F, Jones PG, et al. Adoption of the 2013 American College of Cardiology/American Heart Association Cholesterol Management Guideline in cardiology practices nationwide. *JAMA Cardiol*. Published online March 1, 2017. doi:10.1001/jamacardio.2016.5922

eTable. Overall Use of Statin and Its Dose Intensity During Each Guideline Period

**eFigure 1.** Eligible Patients Not on Any Lipid-Lowering Therapy During Each Guideline Period

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**eFigure 6.** Trends in the Use of Moderate-High Intensity Statin and Non-statin LLT in 40-75 Years Old Primary Prevention Cohort With 10 Year FRS ≥10% and LDL-C ≥130 mg/dL or 10 Year FRS <10% and LDL-C ≥160 mg/dL

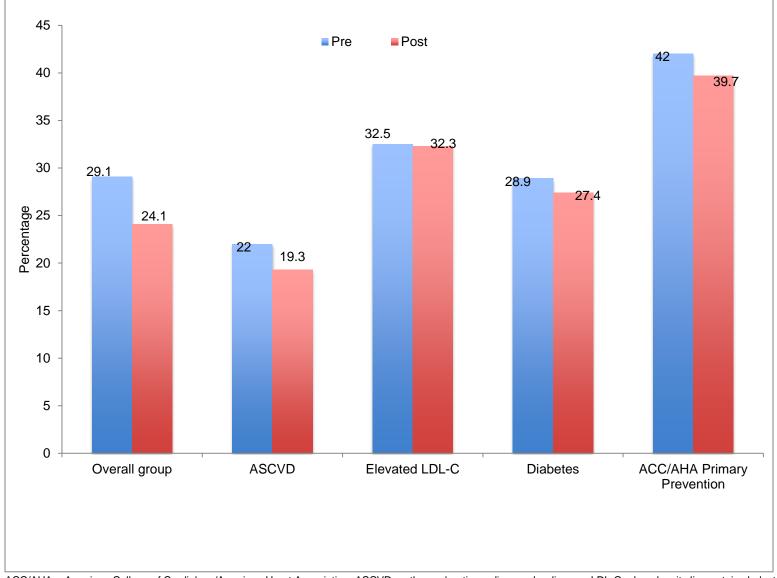
**eFigure 7.** Overall Use of LLT During Each Guideline Period in the ATP III Primary Prevention Cohort

This supplementary material has been provided by the authors to give readers additional information about their work.

Cohorts	Statin therapy (%)									
	Any intensity statin		Low intensity statin		Moderate intensity statin		High intensity statin		Statin dose unknown	
	Pre	Post	Pre	Post	Pre	Post	Pre	Post	Pre	Post
Overall group	70.9	75.9	7.2	7.7	39.0	39.1	23.1	27.5	1.6	1.6
ASCVD	71.4	76.2	7.1	7.7	39.2	39.2	23.5	27.8	1.6	1.6
Elevated LDL-C	59.2	60.9	7.5	6.9	32.6	31.0	18.0	21.3	1.0	1.7
Diabetes	63.8	67.0	10.5	10.3	38.4	38.0	14.0	17.2	1.0	1.5
ACC/AHA primary	51.2	55.1	8.9	7.3	32.1	35.2	9.8	11.7	0.5	0.9
prevention										
Without heart failure <sup>a</sup>	50.8	55.2	8.7	7.2	31.8	35.7	9.7	11.3	0.5	1.0

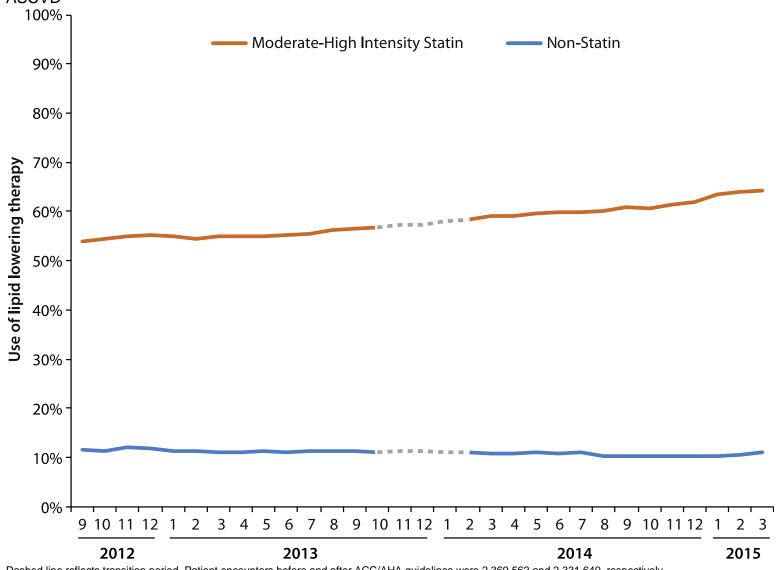
eTable. Overall Use of Statin and Its Dose Intensity During Each Guideline Period

<sup>a</sup>Among patients from the ACC/AHA primary prevention group ACC/AHA = American College of Cardiology/American Heart Association, ASCVD = atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease, LDL-C = low-density lipoprotein cholesterol, LLT = lipid lowering therapy



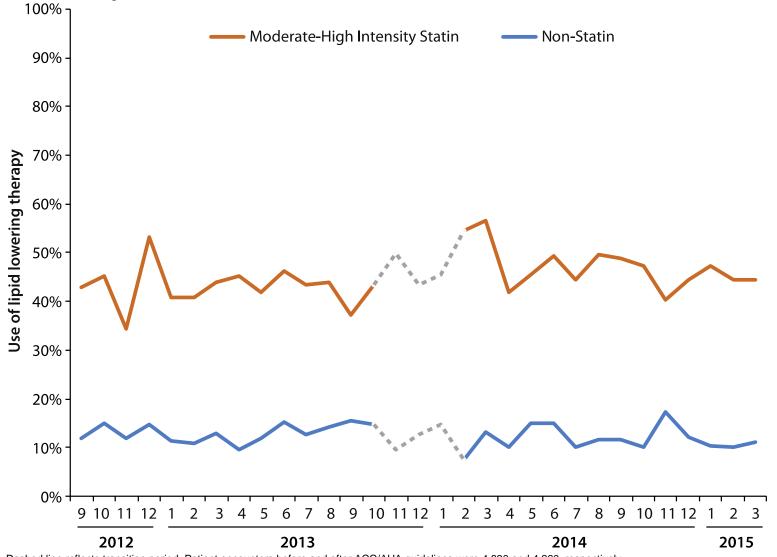
eFigure 1. Eligible Patients Not on Any Lipid-Lowering Therapy During Each Guideline Period

ACC/AHA = American College of Cardiology/American Heart Association, ASCVD = atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease, LDL-C = low-density lipoprotein cholesterol



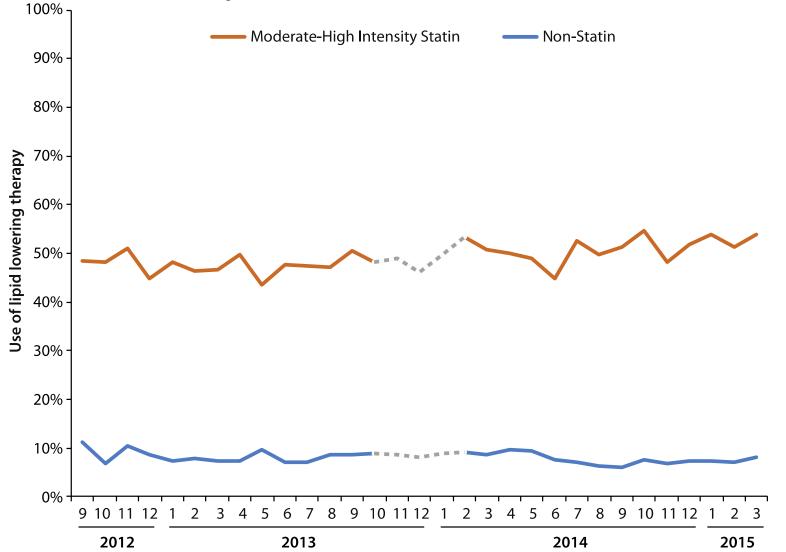
eFigure 2. Trends in the Use of Moderate-High Intensity Statin and Non-statin LLT in Patients ≥21 Years With ASCVD

Dashed line reflects transition period. Patient encounters before and after ACC/AHA guidelines were 2,369,562 and 2,331,640, respectively ASCVD = atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease, LLT = lipid lowering therapy



**eFigure 3.** Trends in the Use of Moderate-High Intensity Statin and Non-statin LLT in Patients ≥21 Years With LDL-C ≥190 mg/dL

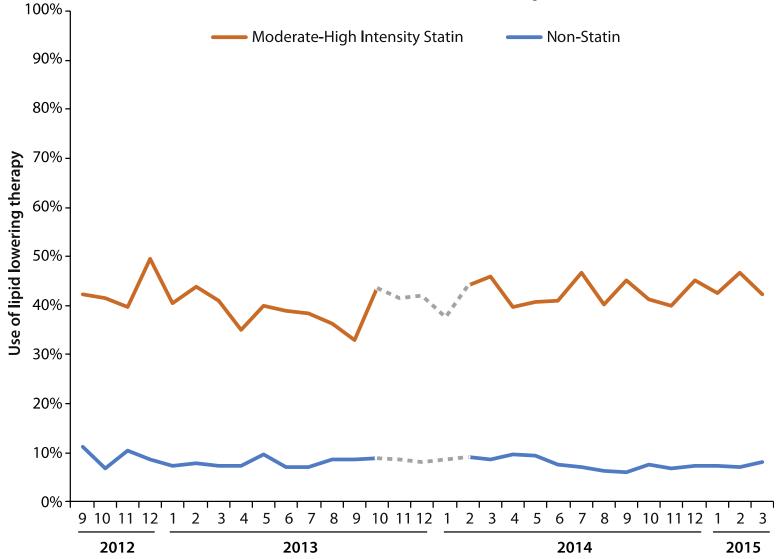
Dashed line reflects transition period. Patient encounters before and after ACC/AHA guidelines were 4,830 and 4,260, respectively LDL-C = low-density lipoprotein cholesterol, LLT = lipid lowering therapy



**eFigure 4.** Trends in the Use of Moderate-High Intensity Statin and Non-statin LLT in 40-75 Years Old Diabetic Patients With LDL-C 70-189 mg/dL and Without ASCVD

Dashed line reflects transition period. Patient encounters before and after ACC/AHA guidelines were 27,511 and 21,387, respectively ASCVD = atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease, LDL-C = low-density lipoprotein cholesterol, LLT = lipid lowering therapy

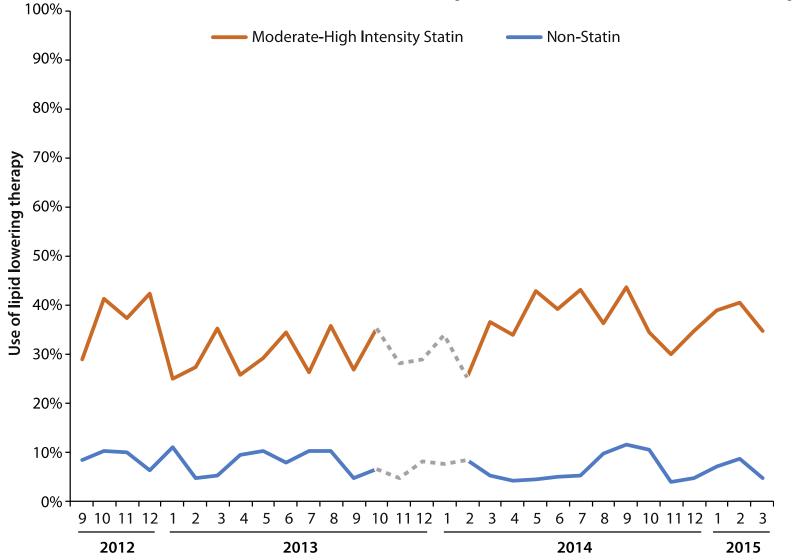
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eFigure 5. Trends in the Use of Moderate-High Intensity Statin and Non-statin LLT in 40-75 Years Old Primary Prevention Cohort With 10 Year ASCVD Risk ≥7.5% and LDL-C 70-189 mg/dL, and Without Diabetes

Dashed line reflects transition period. Patient encounters before and after ACC/AHA guidelines were 26,163 and 16,880, respectively ASCVD = atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease, LDL-C = low-density lipoprotein cholesterol, LLT = lipid lowering therapy

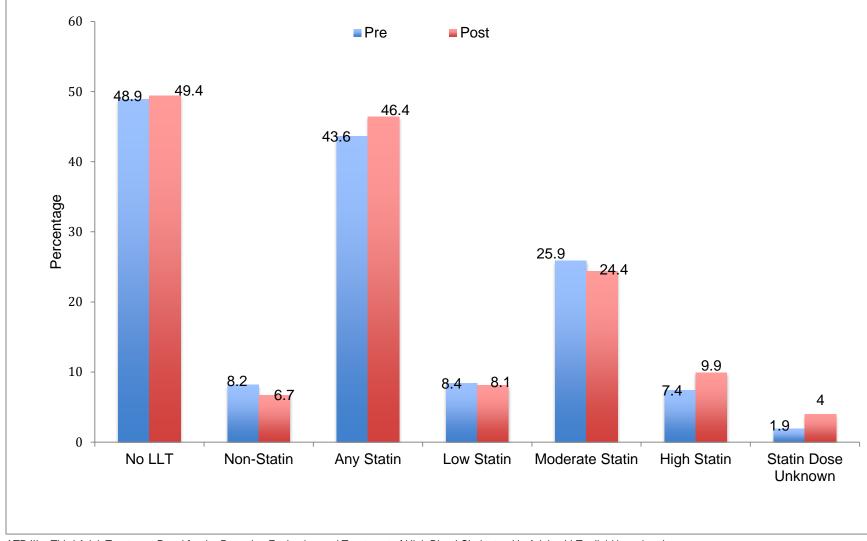
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eFigure 6. Trends in the Use of Moderate-High Intensity Statin and Non-statin LLT in 40-75 Years Old Primary Prevention Cohort With 10 Year FRS ≥10% and LDL-C ≥130 mg/dL or 10 Year FRS <10% and LDL-C ≥160 mg/dL

Dashed line reflects transition period. Patient encounters before and after ACC/AHA guidelines were 4,599 and 3,949, respectively FRS = Framingham's risk score, LDL-C = low-density lipoprotein cholesterol, LLT = lipid lowering therapy

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eFigure 7. Overall Use of LLT During Each Guideline Period in the ATP III Primary Prevention Cohort

ATP III = Third Adult Treatment Panel for the Detection Evaluation and Treatment of High Blood Cholesterol in Adults, LLT = lipid lowering therapy