

Supplementary Online Content

Fenwick EK, Man REK, Cheung CMG, et al. Ethnic differences in the association between age-related macular degeneration and vision-specific functioning. *JAMA Ophthalmol*. Published online March 30, 2017.
doi:10.1001/jamaophthalmol.2017.0266

eTable 1. Association Between Age-Related Macular Degeneration (AMD) and Vision-Specific Functioning (VSF) in Multiple Linear Regression Models

eTable 2. Sociodemographic and Clinical Characteristics of Participants, Stratified by Age-Related Macular Degeneration

eTable 3. Association Between Severity of AMD and VSF by Ethnicity in Multiple Linear Regression Models Using Worse-Seeing Presenting Visual Acuity

This supplementary material has been provided by the authors to give readers additional information about their work.

eTable 1. Association between age-related macular degeneration (AMD) and vision-specific functioning (VSF) in multiple linear regression models

Categorical variables	VSF person measure (logits)	95 % CI		Percent Change	P value
Gender					
Male (reference)	3.89 ± 0.02	3.85	3.92		
Female	-0.19 ± 0.03	-0.25	-0.13	4.86%	<0.001
Ethnicity					
Chinese (reference)	4.01 ± 0.02	3.98	4.05		
Malay	-0.31 ± 0.03	-0.36	-0.25	7.60%	<0.001
Indian	-0.36 ± 0.03	-0.42	-0.31	9.02%	<0.001
Income (\$SGD/month)					
<\$1000 (reference)	3.734 ± 0.017	3.70	3.77		
\$1000 to <\$2000	0.15 ± 0.03	0.09	0.21	3.99%	<0.001
≥\$2000	0.10 ± 0.04	0.03	0.17	2.73%	0.004
Education					
Primary or lower (reference)	3.72 ± 0.02	3.69	3.75		
Secondary	0.22 ± 0.03	0.16	0.27	5.81%	<0.001
Post-secondary	0.16 ± 0.04	0.08	0.23	4.20%	<0.001
Smoking status					
Never (Reference)	3.82 ± 0.01	3.79	3.85		
Current	-0.13 ± 0.04	-0.21	-0.06	3.51%	<0.001
Past	-0.06 ± 0.04	-0.13	0.02	1.49%	0.124
Other eye conditions§ (yes)	-0.04 ± 0.04	-0.09	0.02		0.197
Hypertension (yes)	0.03 ± 0.03	-0.03	0.07		0.328
Diabetes (yes)	-0.07 ± 0.03	-0.13	-0.02		0.009
Cardiovascular disease* (yes)	-0.25 ± 0.04	-0.32	-0.17		<0.001
Total cholesterol (mmol/l)	-0.02 ± 0.01	-0.04	-0.00		0.032
AMD severity					
No AMD (reference)	3.80 ± 0.01	3.77	3.82		
Early AMD	-0.04 ± 0.05	-0.13	0.06	0.97%	0.441
Late AMD	-0.41 ± 0.14	-0.69	-0.13	10.7%	0.004
Continuous variables					
Presenting visual acuity (better eye, logMAR)	-1.55 ± 0.06	-1.67	-1.42		<0.001
Age, per 1 year increase	0.00 ± 0.00	-0.00	0.00		0.381

*Includes heart attack, angina, stroke

§ Includes glaucoma, diabetic retinopathy, cataract

eTable 2. Sociodemographic and clinical characteristics of participants, stratified by age-related macular degeneration

Categorical variables ^a	All participants (n= 9,962)	No AMD (n= 9312)	Early AMD (n= 590)	Late AMD (n= 60)	P Value
Gender					
Male	4909 (49.3)	4525 (48.6)	345 (58.5)	39 (65.0)	<0.001
Age (years)					
40-49	2464 (24.7)	2406 (25.8)	57 (9.66)	1 (1.67)	<0.001
50-59	3133 (31.5)	3023 (32.5)	102 (17.3)	8 (13.3)	
60-69	2543 (25.5)	2335 (25.1)	199 (33.7)	9 (15.0)	
70-80	1822 (18.3)	1548 (16.6)	232 (39.3)	42 (70.0)	
Ethnicity					
Chinese	3338 (33.5)	3072 (33.0)	241 (40.9)	25 (41.7)	0.001
Malays	3253 (32.7)	3071 (33.0)	161 (27.3)	21 (35.0)	
Indians	3371 (33.8)	3169 (34.0)	188 (31.9)	14 (23.3)	
Education					
Primary or lower	6017 (60.5)	5533 (59.5)	432 (73.6)	52 (86.7)	<0.001
Secondary	2333 (23.5)	2239 (24.1)	89 (15.2)	5 (8.33)	
Post-secondary	1595 (16.0)	1526 (16.4)	66 (11.2)	3 (5.00)	
Income (\$SGD/month)					
<\$1000	5383 (55.2)	4939 (54.1)	393 (68.5)	51 (86.4)	<0.001
\$1000 to <\$2000	2197 (22.5)	2092 (22.9)	101 (17.6)	4 (6.78)	
≥\$2000	2180 (22.3)	2096 (23.0)	80 (13.9)	4 (6.78)	
Smoking status					
Never	6923 (69.6)	6498 (69.8)	393 (66.7)	32 (53.3)	<0.001
Current	1593 (16.0)	1507 (16.2)	73 (12.4)	13 (21.7)	
Past	1437 (14.4)	1299 (14.0)	123 (20.9)	15 (25.0)	
Hypertension (yes)	6119 (61.9)	5615 (60.5)	451 (76.4)	53 (88.3)	<0.001
Cardiovascular disease ^b (yes)	1074 (10.8)	973 (10.5)	96 (16.4)	5 (8.47)	<0.001
Diabetes					
Non-diabetics	7191 (75.2)	6738 (75.4)	418 (73.5)	35 (59.3)	0.005
Diabetics without retinopathy	1550 (16.2)	1422 (15.9)	112 (19.7)	16 (27.1)	

Diabetics with retinopathy	818 (8.56)	771 (8.63)	39 (6.85)	8 (13.6)	
Cataract (yes)	4229 (44.0)	3798 (42.3)	381 (66.3)	50 (83.3)	<0.001
Glaucoma (yes)	359 (3.60)	322 (3.46)	33 (5.59)	4 (6.67)	0.011
<i>Continuous variables^a</i>					
Systolic BP (mmHg)	139.9 (21.9)	139.5 (21.8)	145.3 (21.8)	149.5 (23.0)	<0.001
Presenting VA - better eye (logMAR)	0.20 (0.23)	0.20 (0.23)	0.25 (0.21)	0.51 (0.44)	<0.001
Presenting VA - worse eye (logMAR)	0.39 (0.46)	0.38 (0.46)	0.46 (0.44)	1.22 (0.68)	<0.001
Total cholesterol (mmol/l)	5.42 (1.13)	5.43 (1.13)	5.22 (1.14)	5.31 (1.12)	<0.001
Vision-specific functioning score (logits)	3.80 (1.17)	3.69 (1.24)	3.69 (1.24)	2.92 (1.86)	<0.001

^aValues are n (%) for categorical variables and mean (SD) for continuous variables
^bIncludes heart attack, angina, stroke
AMD=age-related macular degeneration; BP=Blood pressure; SGD=Singapore dollars; VA= visual acuity
There were no significant differences for diastolic BP, body mass index, HbA1c, high density lipoprotein cholesterol and triglycerides.
Bolded values indicate statistical significance.

eTable 3. Association between severity of AMD and VSF by ethnicity in multiple linear regression models using worse-seeing presenting visual acuity^a

AMD category	Vision-specific functioning	P-value	% change from reference
<u>CHINESE</u>			
None (ref)	4.08±0.02		P-trend <0.001
Early AMD	-0.11 (-0.22, -0.01)	0.074	2.70%
Late AMD	<u>-0.57 (-0.93, -0.22)</u>	0.002	14.0%
<u>MALAY</u>			
None (ref)	3.63±0.02		P-trend = 0.001
Early AMD	-0.04 (-0.24, 0.16)	0.695	1.10%
Late AMD	<u>-0.55 (-1.08, -0.03)</u>	0.040	15.2%
<u>INDIAN</u>			
None (ref)	3.69±0.02		P-trend = 0.116
Early AMD	0.00 (-0.18, 0.18)	0.992	0.02%
Late AMD	0.49 (-0.12, 1.09)	0.114	13.3%

AMD=age-related macular degeneration.

^aAdjusted for age, gender, presenting visual acuity (worse-seeing eye), education, income, smoking status, hypertension, diabetes, diabetic retinopathy, cataract, glaucoma, cardiovascular disease (heart attack, angina, stroke), total cholesterol.

Bolded values indicates significant associations (p<0.05); **Bolded** and underlined values indicate significant and clinically meaningful associations.