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%Cellularity%
% enter the inputs- first and the last image number from the stack,filename and threshold%
%thresholding%
; g='green';
r='red';
save(g,'green');
save(r,'red');
%display the stack projected as a 2D image%

figure(1);clf;
imagesc(sum_image);colormap gray;hold on;
title('sum image');
text(10,20,'select ROI: upper left then lower right','color','white');
[cropx1,cropy1]=ginput(1);
cropx1=floor(cropx1);
cropy1=floor(cropy1);

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plot([1,512],[cropx1 cropy1],'-r');
plot([cropx1 cropy1],[1 512],'-r');
[cropx2, cropy2]=ginput(1);
cropx2=floor(cropx2);
cropy2=floor(cropy2);
plot([1,512],[cropx2 cropy2],'-r');
plot([cropx2 cropy2],[1 512],'-r');

%finding thickness

slice1=cropx1;
slicer=cropx2;
slicet=cropy1;
sliceb=cropy2;
width=slicer-slice1;
gsize=size(green);
thick=gsize(3)-1;
% get top and bottom layer of surface, tag the pixels with staining as 1 in respective channels%
%calculate the thickness and volume%
green_crop=green(slicet:sliceb,slice1:slicer,(gsize(3)-thick):gsize(3));
red_crop=red(slicet:sliceb,slice1:slicer,(gsize(3)-thick):gsize(3));
both_crop=green_crop|red_crop;
siz=size(both_crop);
both_mins=zeros(siz);
both_mins_flat=zeros([512 width 1]);
both_maxs=zeros(siz);
both_maxs_flat=zeros([512 width 1]);
thickness=[];
row_aggregate=[];
v=0;
r=0;
for i=1:siz(1)
    row=[];
    for j=1:siz(2)
        col=find(both_crop(i,j,:)>0);
        if isempty(col)==0
            bmin=min(col);
            bmax=max(col);
            both_mins(i,j,bmin)=1;
            both_maxs(i,j,bmax)=1;
            both_mins_flat(i,j,:)=bmin;
            both_maxs_flat(i,j,:)=bmax;
            if(bmin~=bmax && bmin~=0&& bmax~=0)
                col_aggregate=[col;col];
                thickness=[thickness;(bmax-bmin)];
                row=[row;(bmax-bmin)];
            end
        end
    end
    if isempty(row)==0
        row_aggregate=[row_aggregate;mean(row)];
        v=v+(mean(row)*(slicer-slice1));
        r=r+1;
    end
end

```

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end
%green cellularity
green_num=size(find(green_crop>0));
%red cellularity
red_num=size(find(red_crop>0));
%total cellularity
total_num=green_num(1)+red_num(1);

green_num(1);
red_num(1);
total_num;
v; c_density=total_num/v*100;
green_percent=green_num(1)/total_num*100;
red_percent=red_num(1)/total_num*100;
mean(thickness);

%open a file named cellularity_data and write results in it%
cellularity_data={'green',green_num(1);'red',red_num(1);'total',total_num;'volume',v;
'cellularity',c_density;'green%',green_percent;'red%',red_percent;'thickness',mean(thickness)};
fileID=fopen('cellularity_data.dat','w');
formatSpec='%s %2.4f\n';
[nrows,ncols]=size(cellularity_data);
for row=1:nrows
    fprintf(fileID,formatSpec,cellularity_data{row,:});
end
fclose(fileID);

```

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%morphologically skeletonize images, find centroid and circle the live cells in green%
gsize=size(green);
skel_green=zeros([512 512 gsize(3)]);
skel_red=zeros([512 512 gsize(3)]);
for i=1:gsize(3)
    %progress percent=i/(gsize(3)+1)*100;
    progress=strcat('processing...',num2str(percent,2),'%');
    figure(1),title(progress);
    h=gcf;
    set(h,'outerposition',[100,800,800,800]);

    skel_green(:,:,:i)=bwmorph(green(:,:,:i),'skel',Inf);
    skel_red(:,:,:i)=bwmorph(red(:,:,:i),'skel',Inf);

end

bcsize=size(both_crop);

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```
%y slices(top to bottom)
for i=1:bcszie(2) figure(1);
    imshow(flipud(permute(both_crop(:,i,:),[3 1 2])));
    pause(.1);
end
```

```
bcszie=size(both_crop);

%x slices(side to side)
for i=1:bcszie(1) figure(1);
    imshow(flipud(permute(both_crop(i,:,:),[3 2 1])));
    pause(.1);
end green_cc=bwconncomp(green);
STAT=regionprops(green_cc, 'centroid');
cents=struct2cell(STAT);
green_cells=[];
for i=1:length(cents)
    green_cells=[green_cells; cents{i}];
end
```

```
%reconstruct the condyle as 3D surface %
plot3(green_cells(:,1,:), green_cells(:,2,:),green_cells(:,3,:),'og');
daspect([1 1 1]);
axis vis3d;
```

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