

Supplemental Data

A Pentanucleotide ATTTC Repeat Insertion in the Non-coding Region of *DAB1*, Mapping to SCA37, Causes Spinocerebellar Ataxia

Ana I. Seixas, Joana R. Loureiro, Cristina Costa, Andrés Ordóñez-Ugalde, Hugo Marcelino, Cláudia L. Oliveira, José L. Loureiro, Ashutosh Dhingra, Eva Brandão, Vitor T. Cruz, Angela Timóteo, Beatriz Quintáns, Guy A. Rouleau, Patrizia Rizzu, Angel Carracedo, José Bessa, Peter Heutink, Jorge Sequeiros, Maria J. Sobrido, Paula Coutinho, and Isabel Silveira

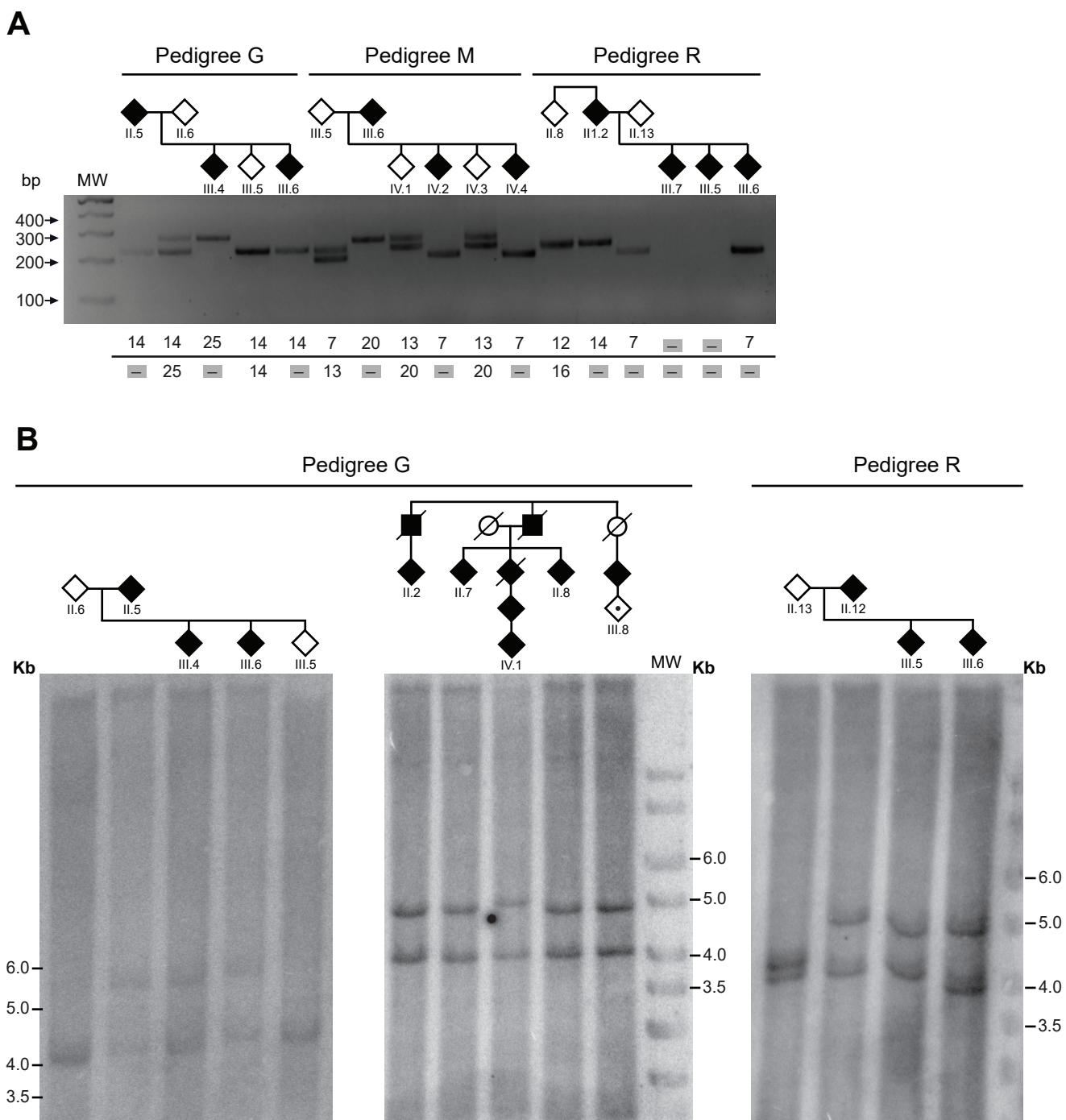


Figure S1. PCR and Southern blot for (ATTTT)_n in three large families.

Related to **Figure 2**. (A) Standard PCR amplification shows no apparent (ATTTT)_n transmission from all affected parent to affected offspring, (ATTTT)_n size was assessed by Sanger sequencing and is indicated below each lane in the agarose gel image. (B) Southern blot analysis with a probe hybridizing near the pentanucleotide repeat ATTTT/AAAAT in *DAB1* showing a fragment of approximately 5.1 kb corresponding to ~200 pentanucleotide repeats that is transmitted from the affected parent to affected offspring. Individual ID number is according to individual ID number in each pedigree of Figure 1.

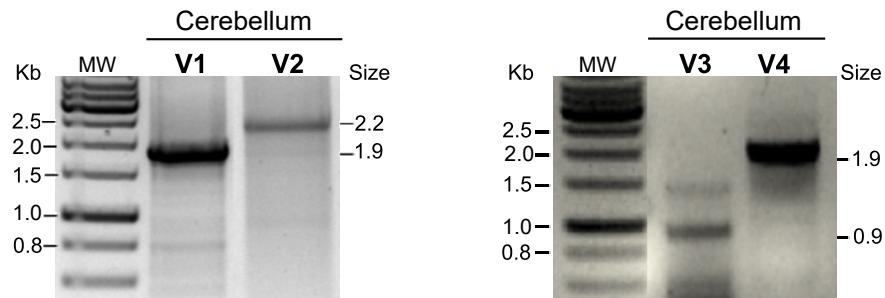
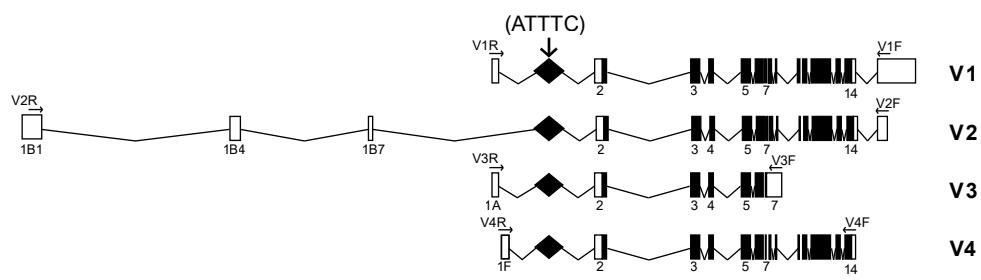


Figure S2. Cerebellar Expression of *DAB1* transcripts with the (ATTTC)_n Insertion Intron.

Related to **Figure 6**. Below is the RT-PCR analysis of *DAB1* transcripts from human total cerebellum RNA (Clontech). PCR products correspond to amplification with specific primers, represented with arrows, in the schematic representation above of *DAB1* transcripts, for the first and last exons of variant 1 (V1), V2, V3 and V4.

Table S1. Primers used for PCR, Sequencing, Long range PCR, RP-PCR, Southern Blot, rt-PCR and T7 promoter cloning.

Primer ID	Primer sequence (5'-3')
(ATTTT) _n screening	
24F	GAAGTGGTCCTCCCAAGTCA
24R	ACACTTGGGAGGCAGAGG
Sequencing primers	
24F	GAAGTGGTCCTCCCAAGTCA
24R4	GAGACCAGCCTGGGCAAC
Long PCR	
ALU24F	ATTGCCCTTGCTGATTGA
ALU24R	TGAAACTGAGGCTAAAATGA
RP-PCR	
24R	[6FAM]ACACTTGGGAGGCAGAGG
RP-TTCAT	TACGCATCCCAGTTGAGACGTTCATTCATTTCATTTCATTTCAT
FLAG	TACGCATCCCAGTTGAGACG
<i>AluJb</i> (ATTTT) _n and <i>AluJb</i> (ATTTC) _n allele Cloning	
ALUEcoRIF	GTCAGTGAATTCAATTAAATTGCCCTTGCTGATT
ALUNotIR	GTCAGTGCAGCGCTGAAACTGAGGCTAAAATGA
Southern Blot probe	
SB24F	CAGGAGGGAGGTGCTTCTG
SB24R	TCACACAAAATGGTACTCTGAAAAA
rt-PCR full length <i>DAB1</i> transcript variants	
V1F	GAGGAGGATGCTCTGGGCTA
V1R	TCCCAGACCTGCGCTATCTA
V2F	CCCAGGAAACAAAAGCGGA
V2R	TTGATCTGCGCGTACAGAGG
V3F	AGGAGGATGCTCTGGGCTAGG
V3R	CCAGGTTTGAGTCAGTGG
V4F	GTTGGCTCATAGCAGGC
V4R	CACTGGGCTCACCAAATGG
T7 promoter cloning in pCDH-CMV-MCS-EF1-GFP-T2A-Puro	
T7A	CTAGGGATCTAACGACTCACTATAGGG
T7B	AATTCCCTATAGTGAGTCGTATTAGGATCC

Table S3. Frequency in the Portuguese population of NGS variants

Gene/Intergenic region	Variant	Position on Chr1 (hg19)	Frequency (1000g)	Homozygous variant (healthy individuals)	Heterozygous variant (affected individuals)	Chromosomes studied (N)	Frequency Portuguese population
Intergenic	rs565332393 ^a	56,090,535	0.0002	T	C	438	0.0046
	rs762335464 ^a	56,223,397	*	T	C	222	0.0089
	rs142969184	56,251,658	0.0018	C	A	101	0.0289
	rs761751006 ^a	56,305,070	*	A	G	656	0.0030
	ss2137493855 ^{a,b}	56,453,113	*	A	G	1311	0.0008
	rs777060331 ^a	56,517,710	*	T	C	266	0.0075
	ss2137493856 ^{a,b}	56,545,567	*	A	G	1330	<0.002
	rs138928773	56,753,932	0.0002	T	C	712	0.0028
	ss528859858 ^a	56,810,200	*	G	A	430	<0.002
<i>PPAP2B</i>	rs537634498 ^a	56,964,113	*	-	CCCAGC	14	0.0714
<i>C1orf168</i>	rs555296478	57,250,815	0.0014	T	-	752	0.0027
<i>C8A</i>	rs572272180	57,367,559	0.0024	TTG	-	192	0.0052
Intergenic	rs115293800	57,438,757	0.0039	G	C	162	0.0241
	rs866411539 ^a	57,444,772	*	G	T	3052	0.0007
<i>DAB1</i>	rs145962085	57,481,145	0.0038	T	C	252	0.0079
	ss2137493861 ^{a,b}	57,491,966	*	T	G	2900	0.0007
	ss2137493857 ^{a,b}	57,551,605	*	G	A	1534	0.0013
	rs192485043	57,926,567	0.0002	T	A	661	0.0015
	rs145097803	58,201,704	0.0032	T	A	434	0.0046
	ss2137493862 ^{a,b}	58,215,160	*	C	G	3030	0.0007

^aVariants not present in dbSNP135 and 1000 Genomes released in February 2012; ^bSubmitted to NCBI, ss#; *Not available.

Table S4. Configuration of (ATTTC)_n insertion alleles in the three additional families

Family (Haplotype)	Affected individuals	(ATTTC) _n allele	(ATTTC) _n insertion allele
MS (B)	MS1	(ATTTC) ₁₉	(ATTTC) ₇₃ (ATTTC) ₄₆ (ATTTC) ₈₁
	MS2	(ATTTC) ₁₉	(ATTTC) ₆₉ (ATTTC) ₅₂ (ATTTC) ₉₀
	MS3	(ATTTC) ₁₉	(ATTTC) ₇₂ (ATTTC) ₄₆ (ATTTC) ₁₆ ^b
	MS4	(ATTTC) ₁₂	(ATTTC) ₆₇ (ATTTC) ₆₁ (ATTTC) ₇₀ ^b
C (C)	C1	(ATTTC) ₁₆	(ATTTC) ₈₁ (ATTTC) ₆₄ (ATTTC) ₆₄ ^b
D (D)	D1	(ATTTC) ₁₆	(ATTTC) ₅₂ (ATTTC) ₇₁ (ATTTC) ₈₃ ^b

^b3' ATTTCs not completely sequenced