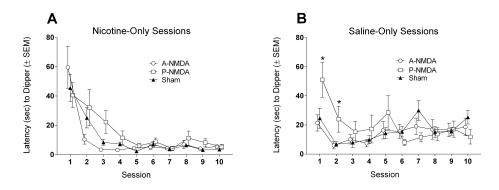
## 1. Supplemental Materials

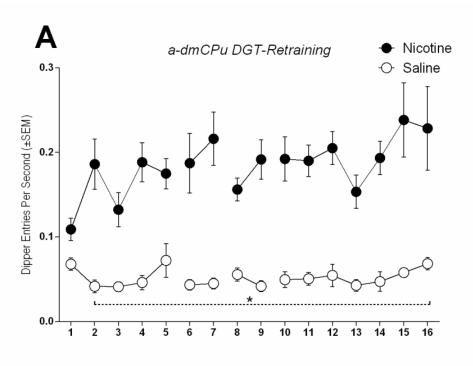
Retraining Block	Main Effects		T / /·
	Drug	Session	Interaction
a-dmCPu			
Retraining-1	F(1,14) = 60.52, p < 0.001	F(4,56) = 5.24, p < 0.001	F(4,56) = 5.24, p < 0.001
Retraining-2	F(1,14)=23.71, p<0.001	F(1,14)=4.27, p=0.05	F(1,14) = 5.86, p < 0.05
Retraining-3	F(1,14)=66.49, p<0.001	F(1,14)=1.09, p=0.31	F(1,14)=7.91, p<0.05
Retraining-4	F(1,14)=44.01, p<0.001	F(6,84)=2.88, p=0.05	F(6,84)=1.30, p=0.28
p- $dmCPu$			
Retraining-1	F(1,14) = 54.38, p < 0.001	F(4,56) = 5.14, p < 0.01	F(4,56) = 5.49, p < 0.01
Retraining-2	F(1,14)=34.94, p<0.001	F(1,14)=2.51, p=0.13	F(1,14)=0.007, p=0.9
Retraining-3	F(1,14)=37.45, p<0.001	F(1,14)=1.88, p=0.19	F(1,14)=3.19, p=0.09
Retraining-4	F(1,14) = 60.22, p < 0.001	F(6,84) = 8.04, p < 0.001	F(6,84) = 5.7, p < 0.001

Supplemental Table 1: Statistical summaries from DGT retraining phases in Experiment 2.

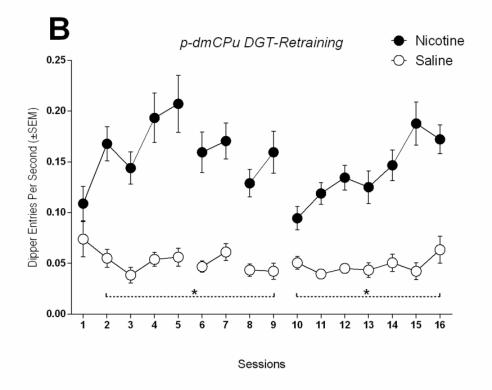
Significant effects are in **bold**.



Supplemental Figure 1 : Latency to dipper ( $\pm$ SEM) during nicotine (A) or saline (B) sessions of Experiment 1.\*Denotes significant differences from Sham controls.



Sessions



Supplemental Figure 2 : Dipper entry rates ( $\pm$ SEM) during initial training phase (A) and a mean ( $\pm$ SEM) number of total dipper entries during nicotine or saline 4-min test following either distilled water (DW) or lidocaine (Lid) infusion into (A) a-dmCPu or (B) p-dmCPu. \*Denotes significant differences between corresponding data points.