

**Thiamine metabolism is critical for regulating correlated growth of dendrite  
arbors and neuronal somata**

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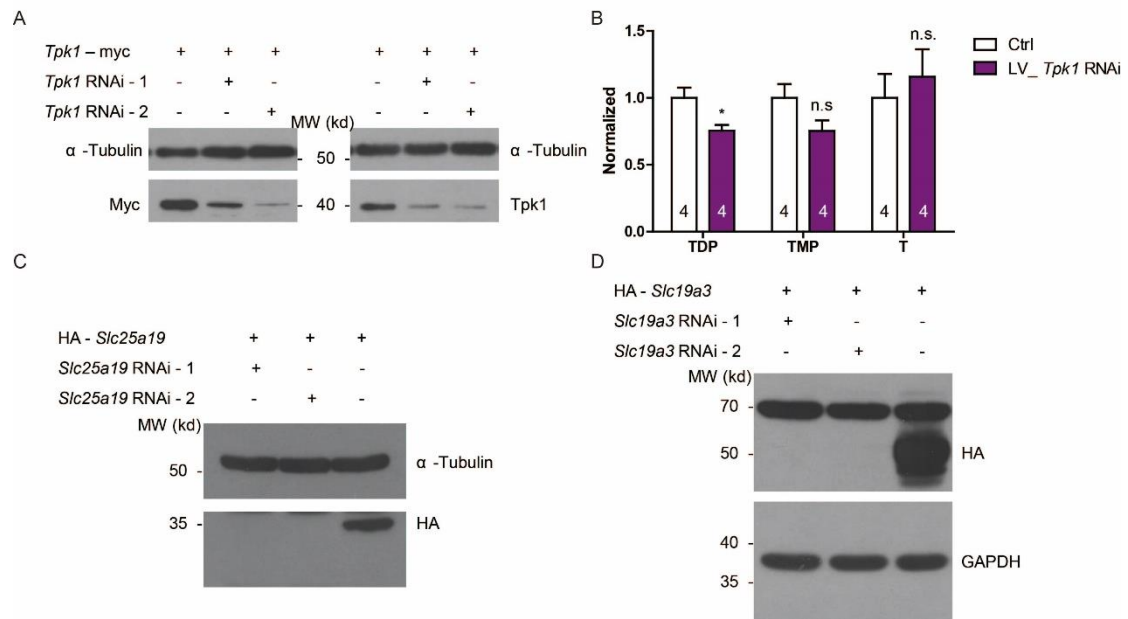
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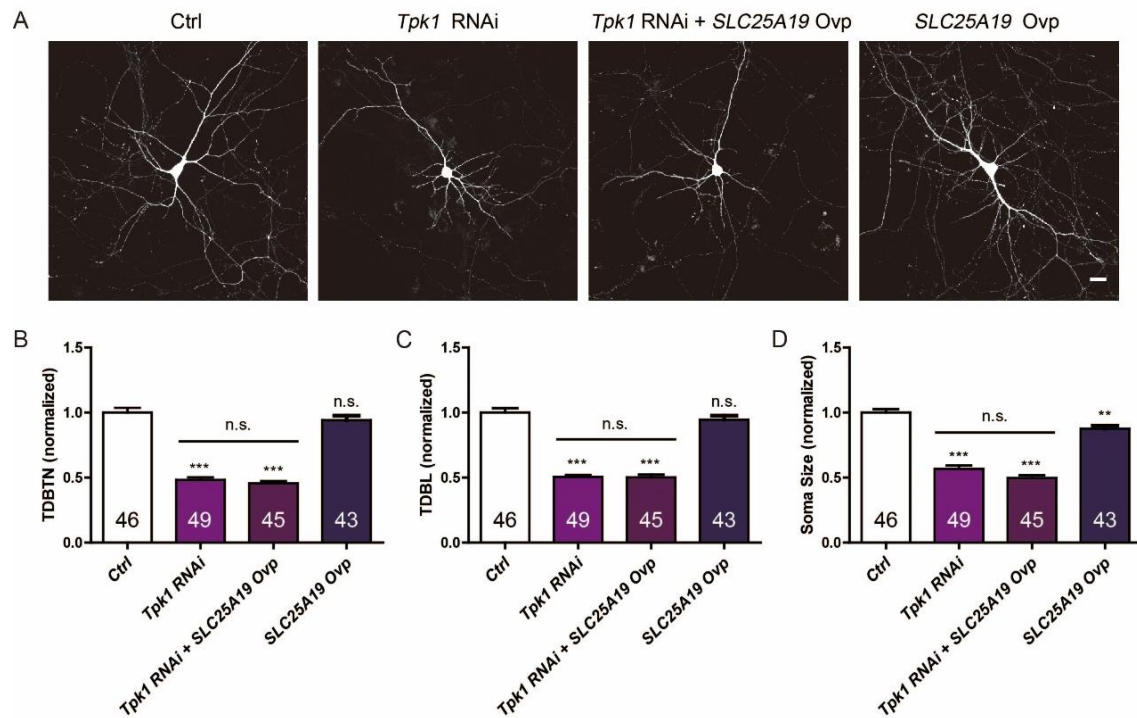
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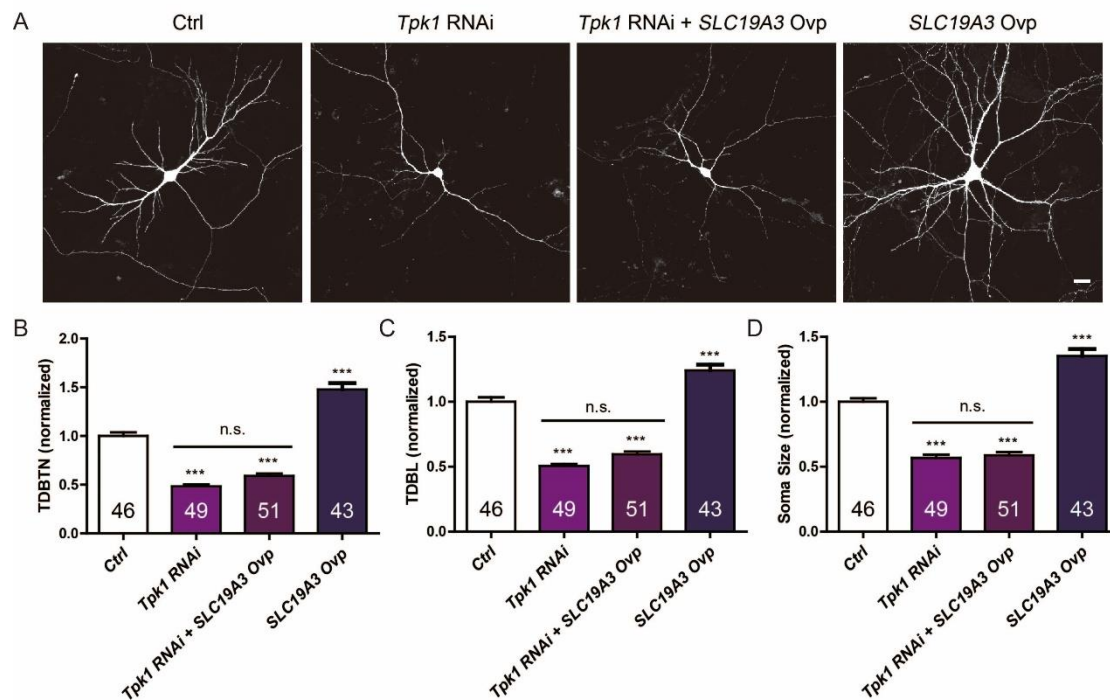
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**Supplementary Figure 1. Testing the knockdown effect of RNAi sequences.** A. Western blot of Myc tag and Tpk1 level in N2A cells transfected with *Tpk1*-myc and/or *Tpk1* RNAi. B. TDP, TMP and T level in neurons infected by lentiviruses expressing control and *Tpk1* RNAi sequences from DIV4 to DIV11. TDP ( $0.75 \pm 0.04$ ,  $P < 0.05$ ), TMP ( $0.75 \pm 0.08$ , n.s.), T ( $1.16 \pm 0.20$ , n.s.) in *Tpk1* RNAi neurons. N = 4 culture preparations, unpaired *t*-test. C. Western blot of HA tag in N2A cells transfected with HA-*Slc25a19* and/or *Slc25a19* RNAi. D. Western blot of HA tag in N2A cells transfected with HA-*Slc19a3* and/or *Slc19a3* RNAi. Cropped blots are presented here; full-length blots are presented in Supplementary Figure 4.

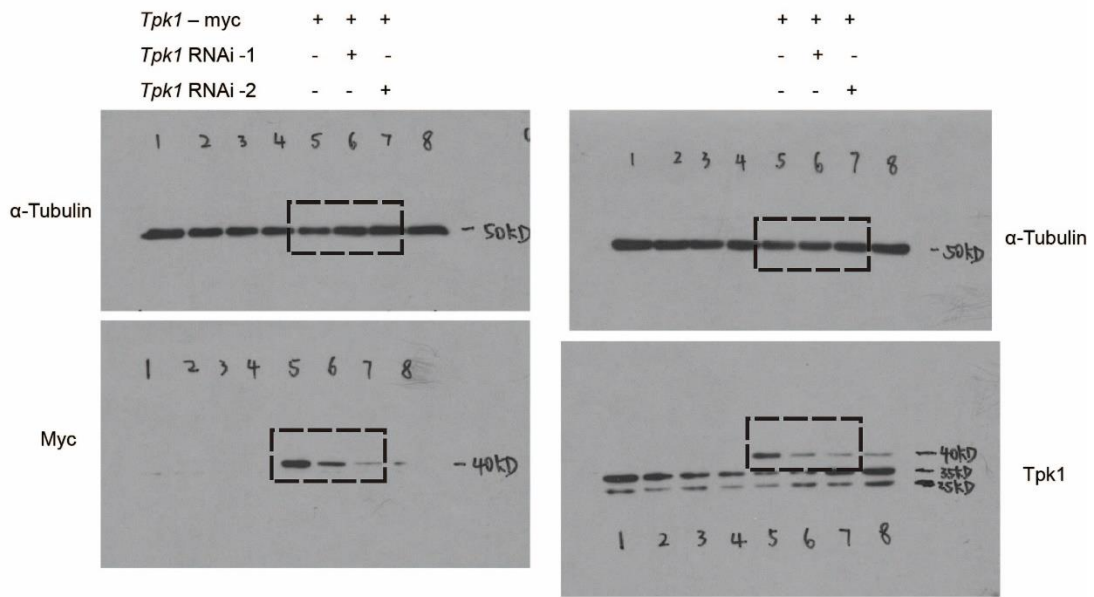


**Supplementary Figure 2. Overexpression of human *SLC25A19* did not rescue the reduction of TDBTN, TDBL and soma size induced by *Tpk1* RNAi.** A. Representative images of DIV10 neurons, conditions as indicated. B. Quantitation of TDBTN: Ctrl ( $1.00 \pm 0.04$ ), *Tpk1* RNAi ( $0.48 \pm 0.02$ ,  $P < 0.001$  vs Ctrl), *Tpk1* RNAi + *SLC25A19* Ovp ( $0.46 \pm 0.02$ ,  $P < 0.001$  vs Ctrl, n.s. vs *Tpk1* RNAi), *SLC25A19* Ovp ( $0.94 \pm 0.03$ , n.s. vs Ctrl). C. Quantitation of TDBL: Ctrl ( $1.00 \pm 0.03$ ), *Tpk1* RNAi ( $0.51 \pm 0.01$ ,  $P < 0.001$  vs Ctrl), *Tpk1* RNAi + *SLC25A19* Ovp ( $0.50 \pm 0.02$ ,  $P < 0.001$  vs Ctrl, n.s. vs *Tpk1* RNAi), *SLC25A19* Ovp ( $0.95 \pm 0.03$ , n.s. vs Ctrl). D. Quantitation of soma size: Ctrl ( $1.00 \pm 0.03$ ), *Tpk1* RNAi ( $0.57 \pm 0.02$ ,  $P < 0.001$  vs Ctrl), *Tpk1* RNAi + *SLC25A19* Ovp ( $0.50 \pm 0.02$ ,  $P < 0.001$  vs Ctrl, n.s. vs *Tpk1* RNAi), *SLC25A19* Ovp ( $0.88 \pm 0.02$ ,  $P < 0.01$  vs Ctrl). One-way ANOVA followed by Tukey's post-test. Scale bar: 20  $\mu$ m.

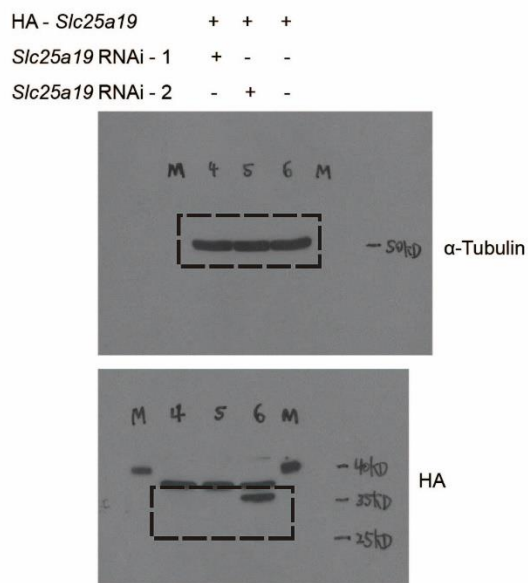


**Supplementary Figure 3. Overexpression of human *SLC19A3* did not rescue the reduction of TDBTN, TDBL and soma size induced by *Tpk1* RNAi.** A. Representative images of DIV10 neurons, conditions as indicated. B. Quantitation of TDBTN: Ctrl ( $1.00 \pm 0.04$ ), *Tpk1* RNAi ( $0.48 \pm 0.02$ ,  $P < 0.001$  vs Ctrl), *Tpk1* RNAi + *SLC19A3* Ovp ( $0.59 \pm 0.02$ ,  $P < 0.001$  vs Ctrl, n.s. vs *Tpk1* RNAi), *SLC19A3* Ovp ( $1.48 \pm 0.07$ ,  $P < 0.001$  vs Ctrl). C. Quantitation of TDBL: Ctrl ( $1.00 \pm 0.03$ ), *Tpk1* RNAi ( $0.51 \pm 0.01$ ,  $P < 0.001$  vs Ctrl), *Tpk1* RNAi + *SLC19A3* Ovp ( $0.60 \pm 0.02$   $P < 0.001$  vs Ctrl, n.s. vs *Tpk1* RNAi), *SLC19A3* Ovp ( $1.24 \pm 0.04$ ,  $P < 0.001$  vs Ctrl). D. Quantitation of soma size: Ctrl ( $1.00 \pm 0.03$ ), *Tpk1* RNAi ( $0.57 \pm 0.02$ ,  $P < 0.001$  vs Ctrl), *Tpk1* RNAi + *SLC19A3* Ovp ( $0.59 \pm 0.02$ ,  $P < 0.001$  vs Ctrl, n.s. vs *Tpk1* RNAi), *SLC19A3* Ovp ( $1.35 \pm 0.05$ ,  $P < 0.001$  vs Ctrl). Data for control and *Tpk1* RNAi neurons are the same as that shown in Supplementary Figure. 2. One-way ANOVA followed by Tukey's post-test. Scale bar: 20  $\mu$ m.

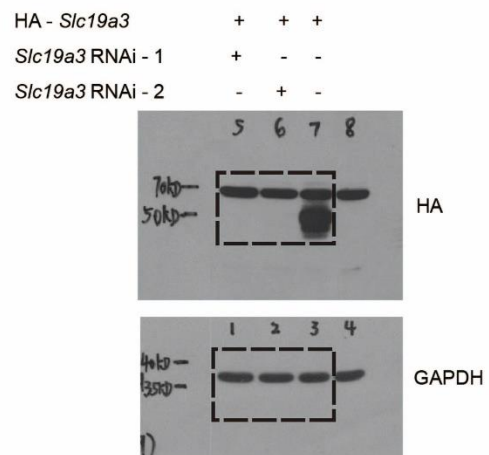
A



B



C



**Supplementary Figure 4. Full-length images of immunoblots presented in supplementary Figure 1. Full-length images of cropped immunoblots presented in Fig. S1A (A), Fig. S1C (B) and Fig. S1D (C) are shown.**