

S4 Table. Univariate and multivariate associations with *P. falciparum* infections. For univariate analysis only significant results are shown ($P<0.05$). Association analysis was not attempted for sexual stage infections due to the low number of cases.

Parasite prevalence (univariate)			
Variable	OR	95% CI	<i>P</i>-value^a
Fever, headache or chills	0.31	0.25, 0.38	<0.001
Survey			
Dec-13	1		
Mar-14	1.23	0.86, 1.77	0.256
Jun-14	0.46	0.33, 0.65	<0.001
Sep-14	0.14	0.09, 0.24	<0.001
Dec-14	0.05	0.02, 0.11	<0.001 (<i><0.001</i>)
Parasite prevalence (multivariate model)			
Variable	OR	95% CI	<i>P</i>-value^a
Age category			
≤5y	1		
>5y - 10y	0.70	0.33, 1.51	0.365
>10y - 15y	0.89	0.41, 1.90	0.761
>15y - 25y	0.36	0.15, 0.84	0.018
>25y	0.59	0.30, 1.15	0.122 (<i>0.112</i>)
Fever, headache or chills	0.30	0.24, 0.37	<0.001
Survey			
Dec-13	1		
Mar-14	1.65	1.03, 2.65	0.037
Jun-14	0.50	0.32, 0.78	0.003
Sep-14	0.20	0.10, 0.37	<0.001
Dec-14	0.07	0.03, 0.18	<0.001 (<i><0.001</i>)

^aresult of Wald test shown in brackets. OR, odds ratio ; CI, confidence interval.