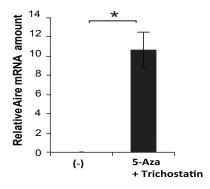
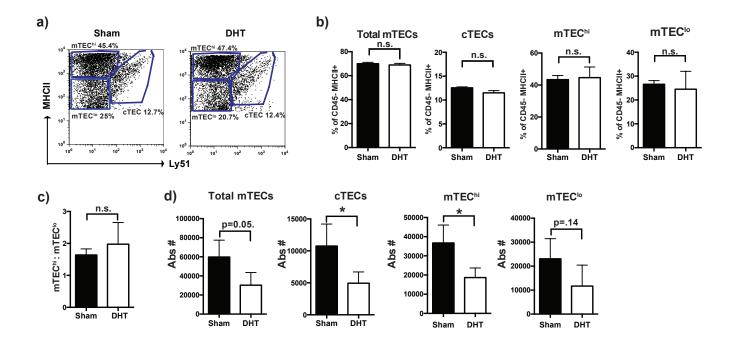


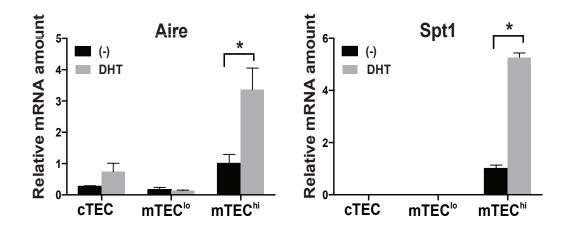
**Supplementary Figure 1: Flutamide blocks DHT mediated increase in Aire expression.** Relative Aire mRNA expression in primary mouse thymic stromal cells after culture with or without 10nM DHT or vehicle control (-) for 6 h. Cells were pretreated with or without 5 uM flutamide for 2 hours prior to DHT incubation. 10% charcoal-stripped serum was used in culture medium. Relative mRNA expression was measured by quantitative RT-PCR. \*p<0.05.



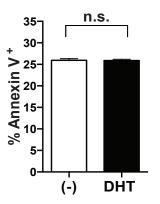
**Supplementary Figure 2: 5 Aza and Trichostatin induce Aire transcription in LnCaP cells.** Relative Aire mRNA expression in LNCaP cells treated for 24 hours with 5 mM 5-Aza, a DNA methyltransferase inhibitor, and 100 ng/mL trichostatin, a deacetylase inhibitor. Relative expression was measured by quantitative RT-PCR. \*p<0.05.



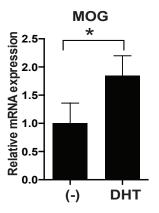
Supplementary Figure 3: DHT does not alter thymic epithelial subset frequencies, but decreases thymic epithelial numbers globally (a)Representative flow cytometric plots of MHCII and Ly51 expression in MHCII<sup>+</sup> CD45<sup>-</sup> thymic stromal cells of male mice subjected to sham treatment or DHT pellet insertion. Gating for mTEC<sup>hi</sup>, mTEC<sup>lo</sup>, and cTECs and corresponding frequencies are shown. (b) Average frequencies of total mTEC (mTEC<sup>hi</sup> + mTEC<sup>lo</sup>), cTEC, mTEC<sup>hi</sup> cells, and mTEC<sup>lo</sup> cells. (c) Average ratio of mTEC<sup>hi</sup> : mTEC<sup>lo</sup> cells. (d) Average absolute numbers of subsets in (b). n= 3-4 per group. n.s.= not significant. \*p<0.05.



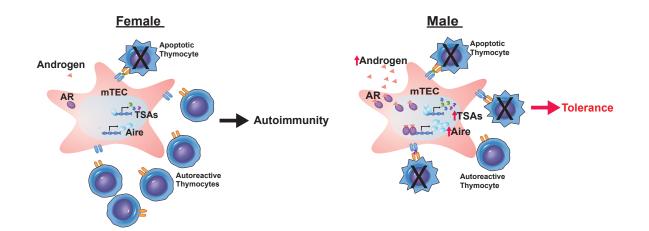
Supplementary Figure 4: DHT increases Aire and TSA expression in MHCII-high mTECs. (A and B) Relative Aire (A) and Spt1 (B) expression in sorted MHCII-high mTECs (mTEC<sup>hi</sup>; CD45<sup>-</sup> Ly51<sup>low</sup>, MHCII<sup>high</sup>), MHCII-low mTECs (mTEC<sup>lo</sup>; CD45<sup>-</sup> Ly51<sup>low</sup>, MHCII<sup>low</sup>), or cTEC (CD45<sup>-</sup> Ly51<sup>high</sup>, MHCII<sup>+</sup>) cells by quantitative RT-PCR. Thymi are from mice treated with placebo (black bars) or 10 mg DHT pellet (gray bars). \*p<0.05.



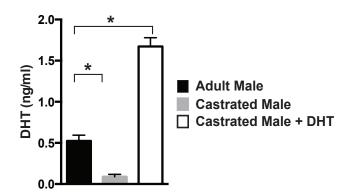
**Supplementary Figure 5: DHT is not directly toxic to thymocytes.** Thymocytes from Tyrp1<sup>B-w</sup> TRP-1 TCR Tg Rag -/- mice, which are rescued from negative selection due to TRP-1 deficiency, were incubated with vehicle control (-) or 10nM DHT for six hours. The frequency of Annexin V<sup>+</sup> thymocytes was determined by flow cytometry.



**Supplementary Figure 6: DHT induces MOG expression in thymic stroma.** Thymic stroma isolated from WT male C57BL/6 mice were incubated with either vehicle control (-) or 10nM DHT. Relative MOG mRNA expression was compared by real time RT-PCR.



**Supplementary Figure 7: Model for male protection from autoimmunity.** A proposed model in which higher circulating androgen levels in males induce higher Aire and TSA expression in the thymus. More robust negative selection of self-reactive T cells protects males from autoimmune diseases.



**Supplementary Figure 8:** Serum DHT levels. Circulating levels of DHT in unmanipulated adult mice, castrated male mice, and castrated male mice implanted with DHT pellet. \*p<0.05.

Aire	Mutations in Androgen Receptor Binding Sites								
promoter	-1032	-994	-970	-943	-391	-339	-260	-236	-52
WT	GCACTGTCC	CTCCTGTCC	GGACACCTT	CTCCTGTCC	GGACAGGGC	TCTCTGTCC	GGACAGCAG	GAAGTGTCC	CCAGTGTCC
	GCACTGTCC	CTCCTGTCC	GGACACCTT	CTCCTGTCC	CGACAAGGA	TCTCAAAAAC	CGCGAACAG	GAAG <b>ACCAA</b>	CCAGTGTCC
Mut2	GCA <b>AAAA</b> C	CTCCT <b>AAA</b> C	<b>CGCA</b> ACCTT	CTCC <b>AAAA</b> C	GGACAGGGC	TCTCTGTCC	GGACAGCAG	GAAGTGTCC	CCAGTGTCC
Mut3	GCA <b>AAAA</b> C	CTCCT <b>AAA</b> C	CGCAACCTT	CTCC <b>AAAA</b> C	CGACAAGGA	TCTCAAAAAC	<b>CGCGAA</b> CAG	GAAG <b>ACCAA</b>	CCAGTGTCC
Del									

**Supplementary Table 1: Sequences of wildtype and mutated AIRE 5' promoter regions in AIRE promoter-luciferase reporter constructs.** Sequences at 9 potential AR binding sites (-1032, -994, -970, -943. -391, -339, -260, -236, and -52 relative to translational start site) in the AIRE 5' promoter region. Wildtype (WT) sequences for AR binding sites are shown at the top. For Mut1-3 constructs, multiple point mutations in the potential AR binding sites are shown in bold. The Del construct contains deletions (-) of all 9 AR binding sites.

	WT+Sham	WT+DHT	GW+Sham	GW+DHT
	n=19	n=15	n=15	n=16
Mean peak disease severity	3.2	2.4	3.7	3.7
Experiment 1	3.0(0.25)	2.2(0.38) <sup>a</sup>	3.5(0.19)	3.4(0.19)
	n=8	n=5	n=5	n=5
Experiment 2	3.6(0.2)	2.6(0.5) <sup>a</sup>	3.8(0.2)	4(0)
	n=5	n=5	n=5	n=5
Experiment 3	3.8(0.4)	3(0.8) <sup>a</sup>	3.8(0.4)	3.3(1.0)
	n=6	n=5	n=5	n=6
Mean day of onset	8.8	10.8	8.6	9.4
Experiment 1	9.6(0.3)	12.5(1.5) <sup>a</sup>	9.0(0.32)	9.2(0.2)
Experiment 2	8.4(0.2)	8.8(0.4) <sup>a</sup>	8.0(0)	8.6(0.3)
Experiment 3	8.5(0.5)	11(2.2) <sup>a</sup>	8.8(0.4)	10.6(1.3)
Cumulative score*	37.5	20.4	43.9	41.9
Experiment 1	32.6(5.7)	15.8(5.3) <sup>a</sup>	42.0(4.0)	39.0(3.0)
Experiment 2	40.4(2.7)	25( 4.0) <sup>a</sup>	45.8(1.4)	44.8(2.4)
Experiment 3	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Death from disease	1/19	0/15	1/15	2/10
Experiment 1	0/8	0/5	0/5	0/5
Experiment 2	1/5	0/5	1/5	2/5
Experiment 3	0/6	0/5	0/5	0/6
Incidence	19/19	14/15	15/15	16/16
Experiment 1	8/8	4/5	5/5	5/5
Experiment 2	5/5	5/5	5/5	5/5
Experiment 3	6/6	5/5	5/5	6/6

**Supplementary Table 2: MOG-induced EAE in male mice treated with DHT.** Clinical EAE scores in DHT or sham treated WT or Aire-deficient Aire<sup>GW/+</sup> male mice. Values in bold are means or sums for three experiments. For each experiment, values are means (SE). <sup>a</sup>Significant difference from genotype-matched sham treated counterpart. \*Sum of scores from Day 0 to 21. Cumulative scores are not available (n/a) for Experiment 3 because mice were sacrificed at Day 14.

	WT female n=15	WT male n=15	GW female n=15	GW male n=16
Mean peak disease severity	3.3	2.3	3.3	3.2
Experiment 1	3.6(0.25)	2.4(0.25) <sup>a</sup>	3.5(0.33)	3.6(0.2)
	n=5	n=5	n=5	n=5
Experiment 2	2.8(0.5)	1.8(0.25) <sup>a</sup>	2.6(0.25)	2.4(0.25)
	n=5	n=5	n=5	n=5
Experiment 3	3.5(0.33)	2.6(0.5) <sup>a</sup>	3.8(0.25)	3.7(0.4)
	n=5	n=5	n=5	n=6
Mean day of onset	14.5	17	13.4	13.5
Experiment 1	12.8(0.6)	13.8(0.8)	11.2(0.8)	12.2(0.4)
Experiment 2	17.4(1.5)	20.8(1.9)	16.2(1.7)	16.2(1.5)
Experiment 3	13.3(0.8)	16.4(1.4) <sup>a</sup>	12.8(0.7)	12.1(1.1)
Cumulative score	19.8	8.9	20.6	19.2
Experiment 1	23.2(3.2)	13.6(2.2) <sup>a</sup>	28.3(4.2)	27.8(3.3)
Experiment 2	16.4(7.5)	4.2(2.2) <sup>a</sup>	12.8(4.0)	10.5(3.9)
Experiment 3	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Death from diease	0/15	0/15	1/15	1/15
Experiment 1	0/5	0/5	0/5	0/5
Experiment 2	0/5	0/5	0/5	0/5
Experiment 3	0/5	0/5	1/5	1/5
Incidence	15/15	15/15	15/15	15/15
Experiment 1	5/5	5/5	5/5	5/5
Experiment 2	5/5	5/5	5/5	5/5
Experiment 3	5/5	5/5	5/5	5/5

**Supplementary Table 3: MOG-induced EAE in male and female mice.** Clinical EAE scores in male and female WT and Aire<sup>GW/+</sup> mice. Values in bold are cumulative means or sums for three experiments. For each experiment, values are means (SE). <sup>a</sup>Significant difference from genotype-matched female counterpart. \*Sum of scores from Day 0 to 21. Cumulative scores are not available (n/a) for Experiment 3 because mice were sacrificed at Day 14.

Region	Primer sequences	Orientation	Ref (PMID)
Aire promoter (-2916 to -2643)	TGGAGAGAAGGTCAGCAGGT	Forward	
	CCTCGTTGCAGTTGAGACAA	Reverse	
Aire promoter (-1130 to -867)	CTTTTCCGGAGCAATCTCAG	Forward	
	GTGGACGAAGGTACCAGGAA	Reverse	
Aire promoter (-383 to -164)	GCCACATTCGGAAGTGAGAG	Forward	
	GACCACGCAAAGAGCAAAG	Reverse	
Positive control 1: PSA enhancer	TGGGACAACTTGCAAACCTG	Forward	16137620
(-4212 to -4127)	CCAGAGTAGGTCTGTTTTCAATCCA	Reverse	
Positive control 2: PSA promotor	CCTAGATGAAGTCTCCATGAGCTACA	Forward	16137620
(-273 to -184)	GGGAGGGAGAGCTAGCACTTG	Reverse	
Negative control 1: -1575 to -1275	ACCTTCCTCCCCAGGTTTG	Forward	
	ATTAGGGCTGAAGGGTGGAC	Reverse	
Negative control 2: Aire exon 11	CTCGGGTTCGGGTTCAGCTA	Forward	
	CCCGCCGACCACGCTCACT	Reverse	

Supplementary Table 4: Primer sequences for ChIP.