Supplementary information

Highly Efficient Non-Enzymatic Glucose Sensor Based on CuO Modified Vertically-Grown ZnO Nanorods on Electrode

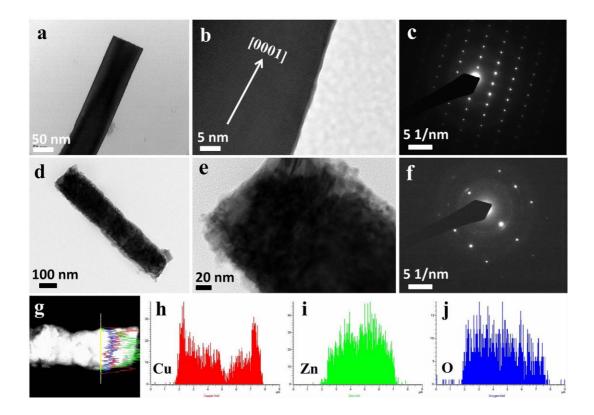
Rafiq Ahmad¹, Nirmalya Tripathy², Min-Sang Ahn¹, Kiesar Sideeq Bhat¹, Tahmineh Mahmoudi¹, Yousheng Wang¹, Jin-Young Yoo¹, Dae-Wook Kwon¹, Hwa-Young Yang¹ & Yoon-Bong Hahn^{1,*}

¹School of Semiconductor and Chemical Engineering, Nanomaterials Processing Research Center, Chonbuk National University, 567 Baekjedaero, Deokjin-gu, Jeonju-si, Jeollabuk-do, 54896, Republic of Korea

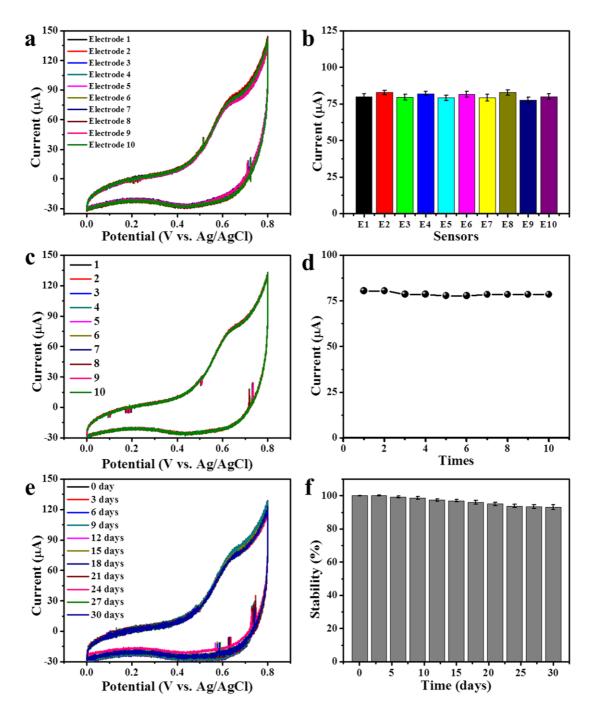
²Department of BIN Fusion Technology, Chonbuk National University, 567 Baekjedaero, Deokjin-gu, Jeonju-si, Jeollabuk-do, 54896, Republic of Korea.

* Corresponding author. Tel.: +82 63 2702439; Fax: +82-63-270-2360.

E-mail: ybhahn@chonbuk.ac.kr (Y.-B. Hahn)



Supplementary Figure S1. TEM images (a and d) and HRTEM images (b and e) of ZnO NR and CuO modified ZnO NR, respectively. SAED pattern of as-synthesized ZnO NR (c) and CuO modified ZnO NR (f), and elemental mapping image of CuO modified ZnO NR (g) showing TEM-EDX-line scan profile of Cu (h), Zn (i) and O (j), respectively.



Supplementary Figure S2. Reproducibility (a-b), reusability (c-d), and stability (e-f) tests. All the tests were performed using CuO-ZnO NRs/FTO electrodes in 0.1 M NaOH solution containing 0.1 mM glucose at the scan rate of 100 mV s⁻¹.