

SUPPLEMENTAL MATERIAL

Table S1. Primers used for qRT-PCR.

Target	Forward primer (5' to 3')	Reverse primer (5' to 3')
<i>Tgfb1</i>	AAATTGCTCGACGCTGTTCT	CAACCGATGGATCAGAAGGT
<i>Tgfb3</i>	CGGAGTACCTTCAACCCAAA	CTCGAGCAGGTCGTATGTCA
<i>Tgfb1</i>	TGAGTGGCTGTCTTTTGACG	AGCCCTGTATTCCGTCTCCT
<i>Tgfb2</i>	CGAGGAGTACTACGCCAAGG	GCGGACGATTCTGAAGTAGG
<i>Tgfb3</i>	GATGAGCACATAGCCAAGCA	TTTCCAGACCCAAGTTGGAC
<i>Myh11</i>	AGCCGAAAGACAGAGAACA	CCAAAGCGAGAGGAGTTGTC
<i>Tagln</i>	GATGGAACAGGTGGCTCAAT	TTCCATCGTTTTTGGTCACA
<i>Smtn</i>	TCAGAGGCTTCTCCAACACTAAGAG	TTGGCTCTCGATTTGGGGTTGGTTG
<i>Ctgf</i>	AGCAGCTGGGAGAACTGTGT	GCTGCTTTGGAAGGACTCAC
<i>Lox</i>	GGGAGTGGCACAGCTGTCA	TCAGCCACTCTCCTCTGTGTGT
<i>Lox1</i>	TGTGCAGCCTGGGAACTACA	TGGTGAAGTCAGACTCCAGAACA
<i>Serpine1</i>	GGGCATGCCTGACATGTTTA	TTGCAGTGCCTGTGCTACAGA
<i>Mmp2</i>	CCTGGACCCTGAAACCGTG	TCCCCATCATGGATTTCGAGAA
<i>Mmp9</i>	GCGTCGTGATCCCCACTTAC	CAGGCCGAATAGGAGCGTC
<i>Mmp12</i>	TGGTACTAGCCCATGCTTT	AGTCCACGTTTCTGCCTCATC
<i>Eln</i>	GCGTCTTGCTGATCCTCTTG	GGGAACTCCACCAGGAAGTC
<i>Fbn1</i>	AAGGGTACATCGGCACTCAC	CGTTGAGACAGCCACTTTCA
<i>18S</i>	GGCGTCCCCCAACTTCTTA	GGGCATCACAGACCTGTTATTG

Supplemental Figure Legends:

Figure S1. Pathologic sequelae of knockdown of TBR11 in aortic SMC of MFS mice.

Representative images of sections of ascending aortas of 16-week-old mice, 10 weeks after treatment with tamoxifen: **A, C, E**, sections from aortas of *Acta2-Cre^{0/0} Fbn1^{+/+}* mice (WT). **B, D, F**, sections from aortas of *Acta2-Cre⁺⁰ Fbn1^{C1039G/+}* mice (MFS-TBR11^{-/-}). All mice were *Tgfb2^{flox/flox}*. Sections were chosen to illustrate specific pathologic features, not to provide a formal comparison among the 3 groups in this experiment. For a formal comparison of all 3 groups of experimental mice (WT, MFS-TBR11^{+/+}, and MFS-TBR11^{-/-}), see Table 1. **B**, Arrow: penetrating aortic ulcer. **D**, Arrowheads: aortic intramural hematomas. **F**, arrowheads: Prussian blue stain. Dashed line indicates the boundary between media and adventitia. **A–F**, scale bars: 100 μ m. **A–D**, Hematoxylin and eosin stain; **E–F**, Prussian blue stain with eosin counterstain. MFS = Marfan syndrome; TBR11 = type II TGF- β receptor.

Figure S2. Abnormal elastic laminae in 16-week-old MFS and MFS-TBR11^{-/-} mice. Representative images of sections of ascending aortas, 10 weeks after treatment with tamoxifen (**A, B**, and **D**) or vehicle (**C**). Hematoxylin and eosin-stained sections were illuminated with fluorescein wavelengths. Sections are from: **A**, an *Acta2-Cre^{0/0} Fbn1^{+/+}* mouse (WT); **B**, an *Acta2-Cre^{0/0} Fbn1^{C1039G/+}* mouse [MFS (T)]; **C**, an *Acta2-Cre⁺⁰ Fbn1^{C1039G/+}* mouse [MFS (V)]; or **D**, an *Acta2-Cre⁺⁰ Fbn1^{C1039G/+}* mouse (MFS-TBR11^{-/-}). All mice were *Tgfb2^{flox/flox}*. Arrows: elastin breaks. **A – D**, scale bars: 100 μ m. MFS = Marfan syndrome; (T) = tamoxifen; (V) = vehicle; TBR11 = type II TGF- β receptor.

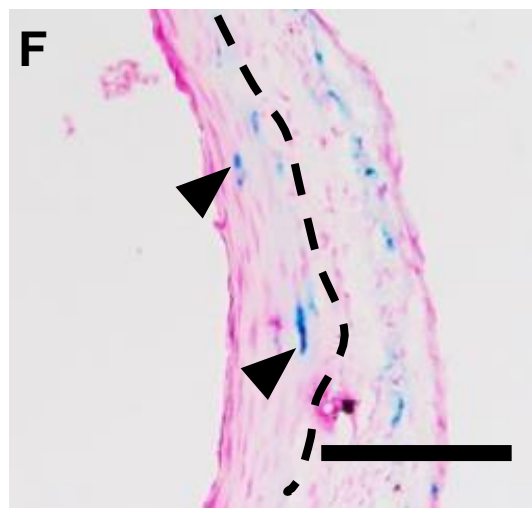
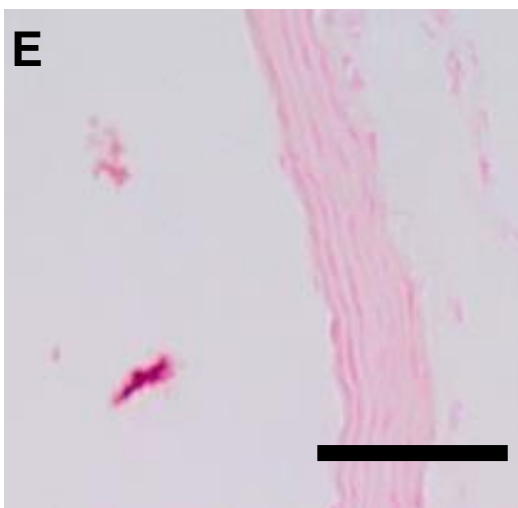
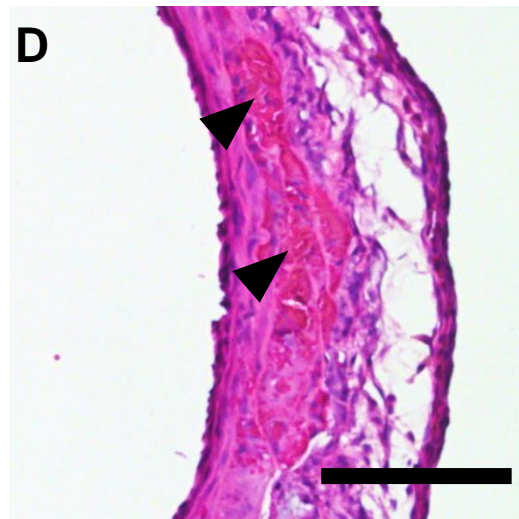
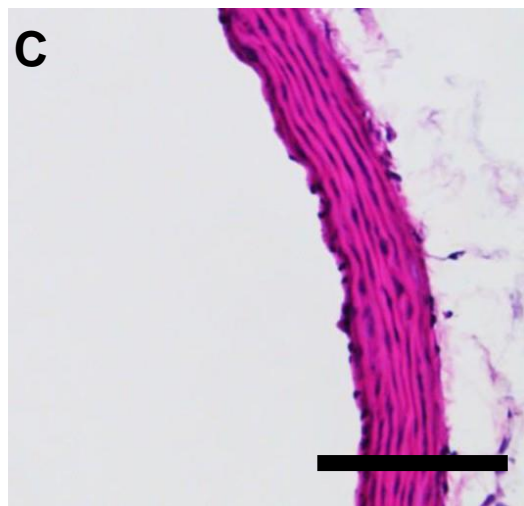
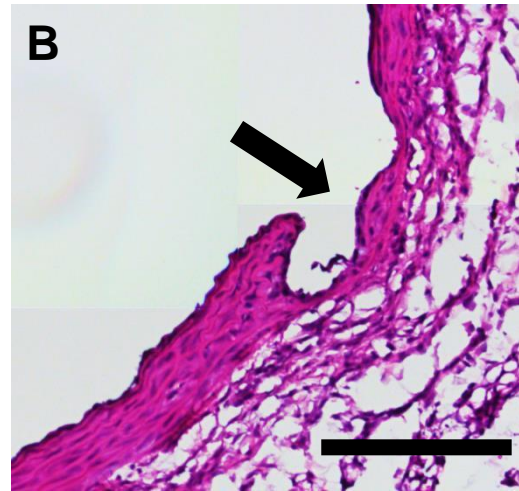
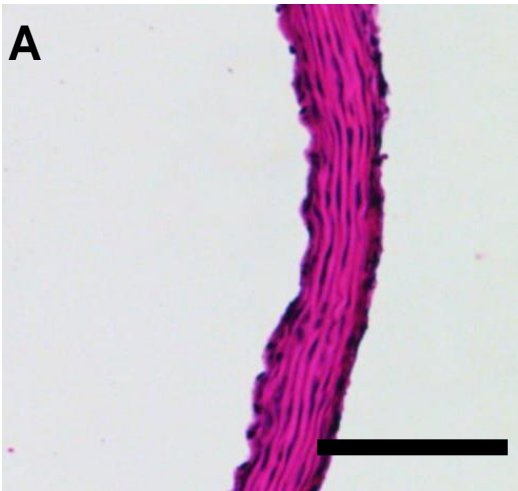
Figure S3. 16-week-old MFS mice develop aortic medial degeneration that is worsened by loss of SMC TBR11. **A–D**, images of representative sections of ascending aortas of 16-week-old mice, 10 weeks after treatment with tamoxifen or vehicle. Hematoxylin and eosin-stained sections were illuminated with fluorescein wavelengths. Sections are from: **A**, an *Acta2-Cre^{0/0} Fbn1^{+/+}* mouse (WT), **B**, a *Acta2-Cre^{0/0} Fbn1^{C1039G/+}* mouse [MFS (T)]; **C**, an *Acta2-Cre⁺⁰ Fbn1^{C1039G/+}* mouse that

received vehicle [MFS (V)]; and **D**, an *Acta2-Cre^{+/-} Fbn1^{C1039G/+}* mouse (MFS-TBRII^{-/-}). All mice were *Tgfb2^{flox/flox}*. Boxed areas in **A**, **B**, **C**, and **D** are enlarged in **E**, **F**, **G**, **H**, and **I**, with corresponding colored frames. **F**, **G**, arrows: moderate elastin damage; **H**, **I**, arrowheads: severe media damage leaving 0–1 elastic laminae intact. Scale bars: 100 μ m. MFS = Marfan syndrome; (T) = tamoxifen; (V) = vehicle; TBRII = type II TGF- β receptor.

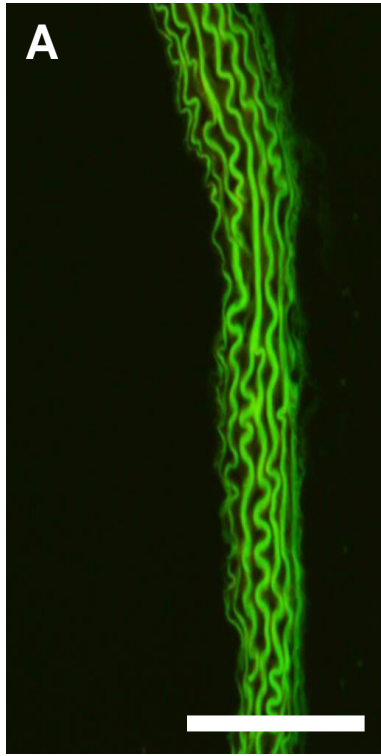
Figure S4. 8-week-old MFS mice do not have alterations in 3 TGF- β signaling pathways in the ascending aortic media. Protein was extracted from aortic media of 8-week-old *Acta2-Cre^{0/0} Fbn1^{+/+}* mice (WT) or *Acta2-Cre^{0/0} Fbn1^{C1039G/+}* mice (MFS). All mice were *Tgfb2^{flox/flox}* and were not injected either with tamoxifen or vehicle. **A**, Western blots were probed with antibodies to phospho-SMAD2, SMAD2, phospho-P38, P38, phospho-ERK1/2, ERK1/2, or β -actin. Each lane is from a single mouse. **B**, Densitometry of western blots shown in **A**. Levels of phosphorylated signaling proteins were normalized to the corresponding unphosphorylated proteins in the same samples. Data are from 3 mice per group; all are shown in **A**. Data are mean \pm SEM; $P > 0.3$ for all three; unpaired t tests. MFS = Marfan syndrome; AU = arbitrary units.

WT

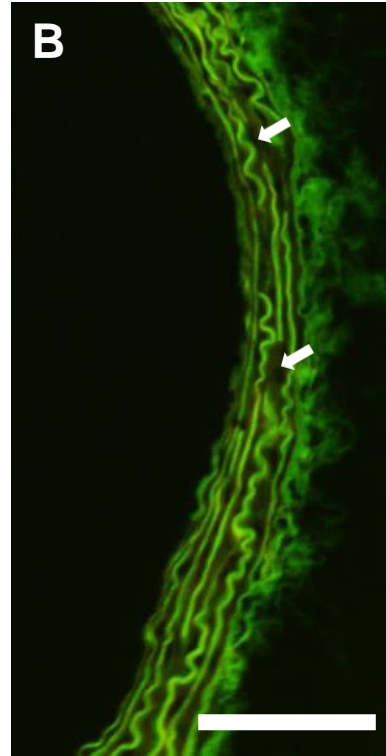
MFS-TBRII^{-/-}



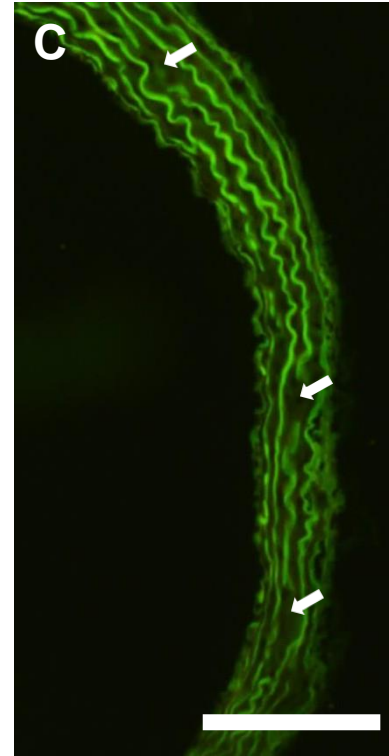
**Figure
S1**



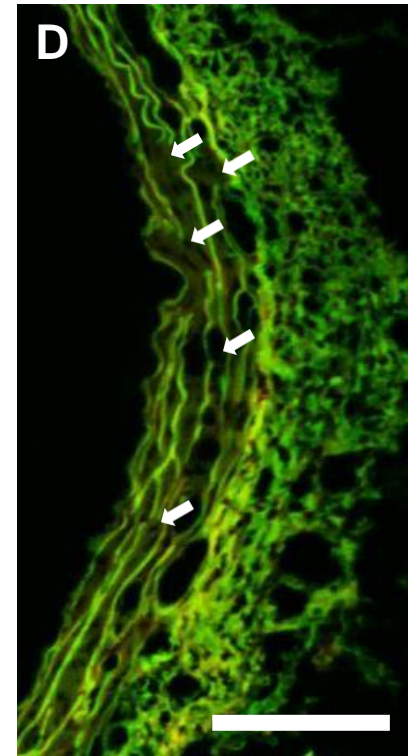
WT



MFS(T)

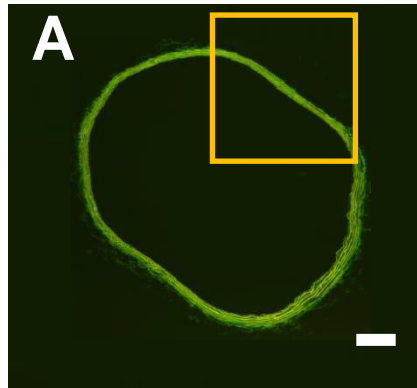


MFS(V)

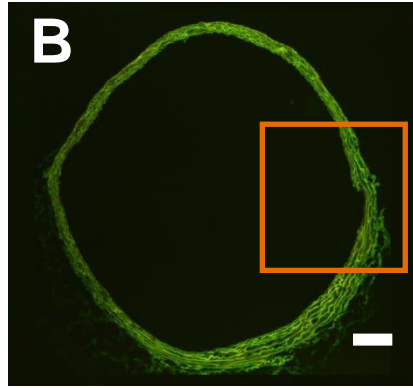


MFS-TBR11^{-/-}

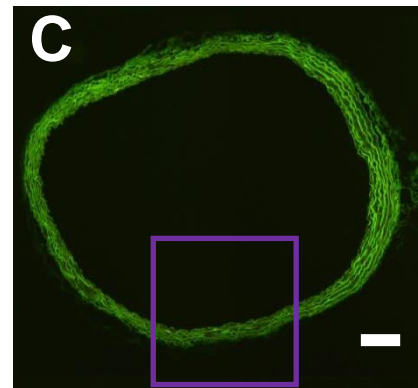
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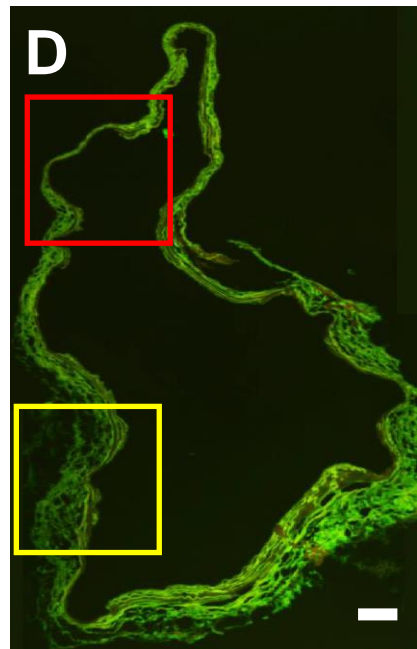
WT



MFS(T)



MFS(V)



MFS-TBR11^{-/-}

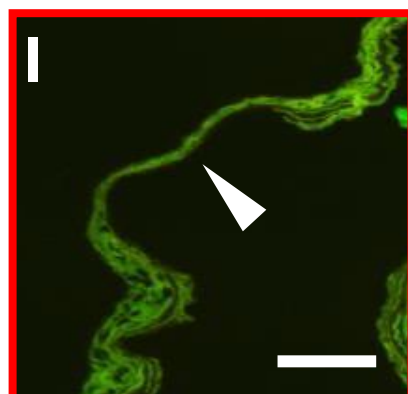
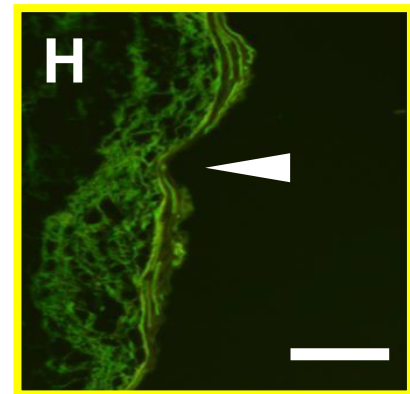
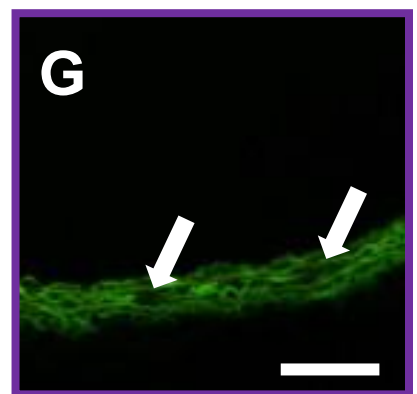
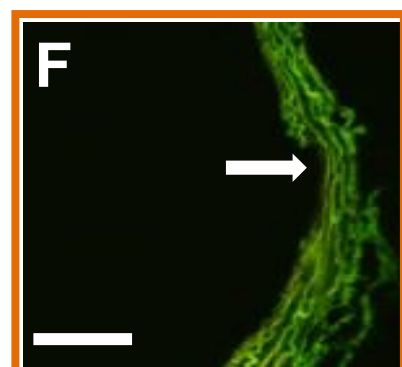
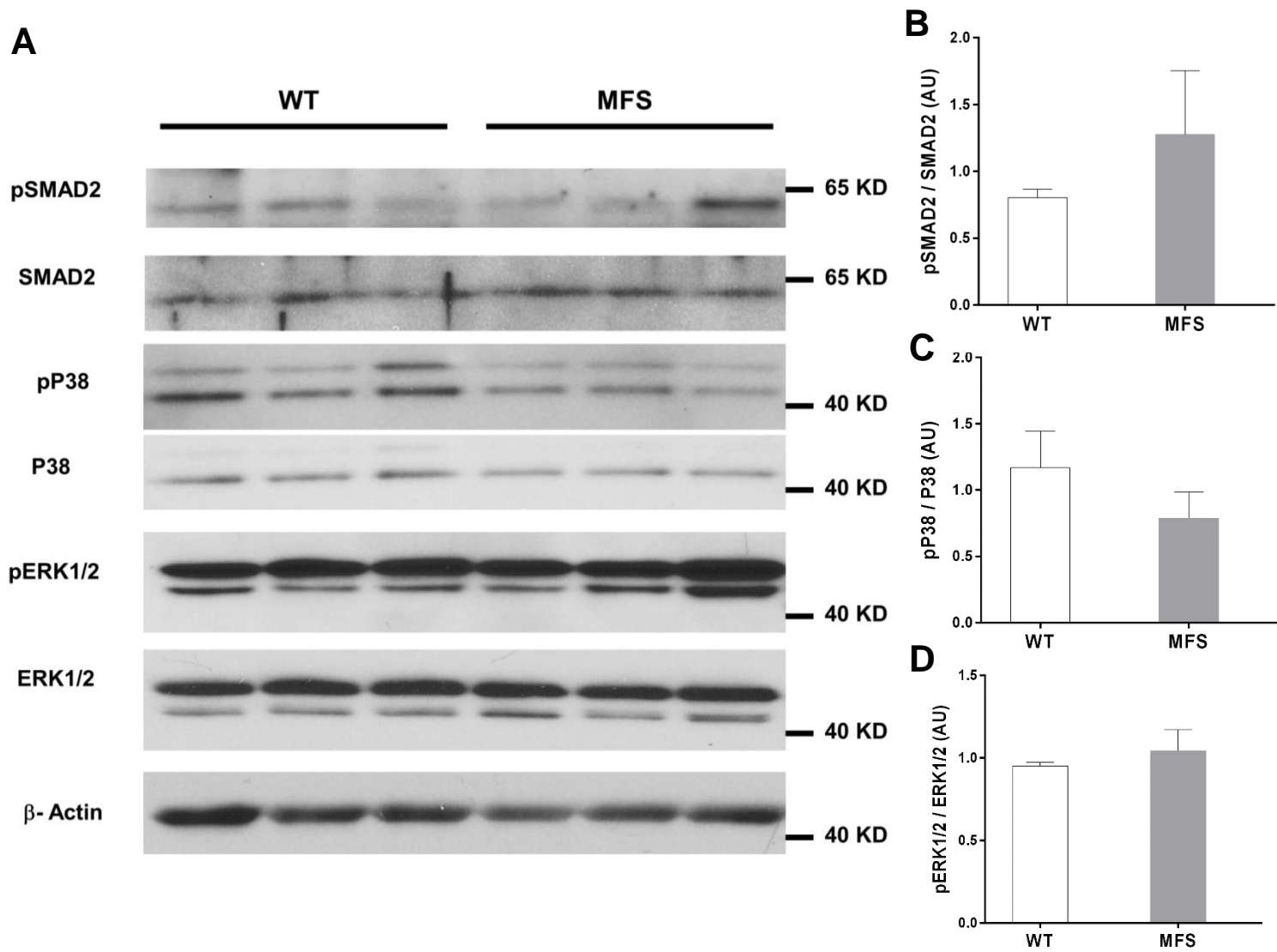


Figure
S3



**Figure
S4**